

## The Singapore 2023 World Bank Enterprise Survey Implementation Report

### I. Introduction

This document provides information on the World Bank Enterprise Surveys (WBES) implemented in Singapore between May and October 2023. The WBES collect both objective data based on firms' day-to-day experiences, and perceptions of enterprises regarding the business environment in which they operate. The WBES currently cover over 202,000 firms in 155 countries with a total of 321 surveys since 2006. The WBES are also used to build a panel of enterprise data that will make it possible to track changes in the business environment over time.<sup>1</sup>

This report describes the sampling design of the survey, the data set structure as well as additional information that may be useful when using the data, such as information on survey non-response and the appropriate use of the sampling weights.

### II. Sampling Structure

The WBES use stratified random sampling, where the population of establishments is first separated into non-overlapping groups, called strata, and then respondents are selected through simple random sampling from each stratum. The detailed methodology is provided in the Sampling Note.<sup>2</sup> Stratified random sampling has several advantages over simple random sampling. In particular, it:

- produces unbiased estimates of the whole population or universe of inference, as well as at the levels of stratification
- ensures representativeness by including observations in all of those categories
- produces more precise estimates for a given sample size or budget allocation, and
- may reduce implementation costs by splitting the population into convenient subdivisions.

The WBES typically use three levels of stratification: industry classification, establishment size, and subnational region (used in combination). Starting in 2022, the WBES bases the industry classification on ISIC Rev. 4 (with earlier surveys using ISIC Rev. 3.1).<sup>3</sup> For regional coverage within a country, the WBES has national coverage.

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<sup>1</sup> A “panel interview” refers to an interview with a business that was also interviewed in the previous WBES.

<sup>2</sup> The Sampling Note is available at:

[https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Sampling\\_Note-Consolidated-2-16-22.pdf](https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Sampling_Note-Consolidated-2-16-22.pdf). For further methodological background see, Richard L. Scheaffer; Mendenhall, W.; Lyman, R., “Elementary Survey Sampling”, Fifth Edition, 1996.

<sup>3</sup> The WBES universe includes: all manufacturing (ISIC 4.0 codes 10-33), services (ISIC 4.0 codes 41-43, 45-47, 49-53, 55-56, 58, 61-62, 69-75, 79, 95). Details on sectoral coverage and the WBES universe of inference can be found in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide* (p. 4).

## II.1 Stratification Categories

The Singapore 2023 WBES uses the following stratification categories:

- **Industry: 5 categories:**
  - Within manufacturing: All manufacturing industries aggregated as into one category – Manufacturing.
  - Within services: Construction, Wholesale, Professional Activities, and Other Services
- **Size: 3 categories:** Small (5 to 19 employees), Medium (20 to 99 employees), Large (100 or more employees)
- **Region:** There was no region stratification.

The strata for the services sector were selected by contribution to total number of establishments, using the information provided by Ministry of Trade and Industry. The sectors stratified separately represent 58% of the total number of establishments in the services sector, and 48% of the whole ES universe.

## II.2 Universe

The universe of inference includes all formal (i.e., registered) private sector businesses (with at least 1% private ownership) and with at least five employees. In terms of sectoral criteria, all manufacturing businesses (ISIC Rev 4. codes 10-33) are eligible; for services businesses, those corresponding to the ISIC Rev 4 codes 41-43, 45-47, 49-53, 55-56, 58, 61-62, 69-75, 79, and 95 are included in the Enterprise Surveys. Cooperatives and collectives are excluded from the Enterprise Surveys. All eligible establishments must be registered with the registration agency. In the case of Singapore, registration was with Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA). The universe table is the total number of eligible establishments, and the table is partitioned by the stratification groups (industry classification, establishment size, and subnational region) in a country.

For the Singapore 2023 WBES, the universe table, shown in Table 1 below, was obtained from Singapore Ministry of Trade and Industry.

## II.3 Sampling Frame

The WBES requires the most complete and up-to-date Sampling Frame, the list of eligible establishments with information on industry classification, size, address and other contact information that will be used to randomly select the sample. In countries where a previous round of the WBES exists, the Sampling Frame also includes the Panel Sampling Frame, which provides information about all the establishments that participated in the previous round of the WBES in the country.

The Sampling Frame for the Singapore 2023 WBES was constructed from the following source (see counts of establishments in the frame in Table 2). The Sampling Frame was obtained from Singapore Ministry of Trade and Industry.

For every WBES, necessary measures are taken to ensure the quality of the frame; however, the sample frames are not immune to the typical problems found in establishment surveys: positive rates of non-eligibility, repetition, non-existent units, etc. Given the impact that non-eligible units included in the sample universe may have on the results, eligibility adjustments may be needed when computing the appropriate sampling weights for individual observations (if and only if the weights are computed the sampling frame that is also the universe). Table 4 reports response outcomes.

## **II.4 Sample Design**

The WBES sample design, i.e., target number of interviews in each combination of stratification categories (cells), is generated using the two primary criteria: 1) minimize the difference from the purely proportional sample within each cell; and 2) achieve a sufficient sample size by stratification category to allow for estimates of a given level of precision.<sup>4</sup> Additional information on the criteria for determining the sample size by stratification category is given in the *Sampling Note*, and additional information on the sample design is given in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.<sup>5</sup> The original survey design for the Singapore 2023 WBES is given in Table 3.

## **III. Data Collection**

The detailed information on the WBES methodology and data collection is provided in the Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide. The interviews for the Singapore 2023 WBES were conducted between May and October 2023. The interviews were conducted in English. For monetary variables, the currency was Singapore dollar (SGD).

### **III.1 Questionnaire**

The standard WBES questionnaire covers several topics regarding the business environment and business performance. These topics include general firm characteristics, infrastructure, sales and supplies, management practices, competition, innovation, capacity, land and permits, finance, business-government relations, exposure to bribery, labor, and performance. Information about the general structure of the questionnaire is available in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.

The questionnaire implemented in the Singapore 2023 WBES included additional questions tailored for the Business Ready Report covering infrastructure, trade, government regulations, finance, labor, and other topics.

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<sup>4</sup> Additional constraints are also considered in the design stage. These are generally practical and include, for example, having a sufficient number of available contacts in the sample.

<sup>5</sup> The *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide* is available at:

<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Enterprise-Surveys-Manual-and-Guide.pdf>

### III.2 Contractor

The fieldwork for the Singapore 2023 WBES was implemented by Nexus Link Pte Ltd. The selection for the implementing agency followed the standard World Bank procurement practices that are described in more detail in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.

### III.3 Sampling and screening

Samples are drawn by the Enterprise Surveys team in batches, following the stratification and sample design. The contractor conducted a thorough screening process before scheduling the ES interviews. Results of the screening are provided using the eligibility and status codes as listed in Table 4. In cases of unit non-response (either a refusal or an inability to obtain an interview after exhaustive attempts), the contractor proceeded with the contact that appeared next in the list drawn in the respective cell. The process of sampling and screening is described in more detail in the *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide*.

### III.4 Survey response

In all surveys, including the WBES, some respondents choose not to participate. The Enterprise Analysis team and the contractor take all necessary measures to boost participation, through various methods of recruitment. The proper management of the screening process and sample replacement ensures that the resulting sample remains random.

The main measure of survey participation is the yield, which is the ratio of the total number of achieved interviews to the total number of contacted establishments. There are two main elements that boost yields. First is the survey participation rate, measured as the share of establishments that participated among those that can be assumed to have been eligible. The second element is the quality of frame. If only a small fraction of the contacted establishments is actually eligible to participate in the survey, then the sampling frame is far from ideal. This quality is measured by the ratio of the total number of establishments that can be assumed to be eligible for the WBES with the total number of contacted establishments in the frame. In other words:

$$Yield = Survey\ response\ rate * Rate\ of\ quality\ of\ the\ frame$$

which can be rewritten as follows:

$$\frac{Total\ interviewed}{Total\ contacted} = \frac{Total\ interviewed}{Assumed\ eligible} * \frac{Assumed\ eligible}{Total\ contacted}$$

Table 5 provides these measures for the Singapore 2023 WBES and across its stratification levels.

### III.5 Achieved Sample

Tables 6 and 7 provide count of the WBES interviews collected for each stratification cell, i.e., broken down by industry, establishment size, and region. Table 6 reports full sample, while Table 7 shows counts of only panel interviews.

### III.6 Sampling Weights

Since the WBES uses stratified random sampling, individual observations should be properly weighted when making inferences about the population, since unweighted estimates are biased unless sample sizes are proportional to the size of each stratum. For each WBES, special care is given to correctly compute sampling weights. Whenever the Universe is used to draw the sample (i.e., Sampling Frame is the same as the Universe) it is imperative to accurately adjust the universe within each stratum to account for the presence of ineligible establishments (e.g., the firm discontinued businesses, or is deemed ineligible due to its business activity or having fewer than five employees). Proper treatment of panel establishments is also crucial. Details about how the WBES sampling weights are calculated are given in the *Sampling Note*.

Three versions of sampling weights are calculated, depending on the assumptions that determine eligibility of establishments to be counted towards the WBES universe. These assumptions are called weak, medium, and strong; and are defined as given in the table below. Prevalence of each of these outcomes for the Singapore 2023 WBES is given in Table 4. All indicators and analysis conducted by the Enterprise Surveys team use the sampling weights based on the median assumption. Tables 8-10 report estimated universe based on the respective assumption.

<b>Assumption</b>	<b>Eligibility codes for inclusion in the WBES universe</b>
Strict	1,2,3,4,16
Median	1,2,3,4,16,10,11,13
Weak	1,2,3,4,16,10,11,13,91,92,93,94,12

For descriptions of each eligibility code, see Table 4.

### III.7 Item response rates

Item response rate must be differentiated from survey response rates. The latter refers to participation in the survey itself (see Section III.4) whereas the former refers to the absence of responses to specific survey questions.<sup>6</sup> The WBES, as any survey, suffer from item non-response; and different strategies are used by the data collection team to address this. In particular:

- For sensitive questions, such as on corruption or tax evasion, enumerators were instructed to collect the refusal to respond (-8) as a separate response category from don't know (-9).
- Establishments with incomplete information were re-contacted to fill gaps.

Table 11 provides item response rates for several key variables, broken down across the stratification levels.

<sup>6</sup> The WBES questionnaire is organized so that there is always some entry in the database when the question was posed. An empty entry means that the question was not asked to the corresponding respondent, typically, due to skip patterns, or lack of applicability of that question in general.

### III.8 Database Structure

The WBES datafiles are organized in ways that reflect the corresponding questionnaire. The variables that are standard across countries have the first letter in their name correspond to the questionnaire section where the variable belongs in the questionnaire, i.e., *a1* denotes section A. All variables are numeric with the exception of those variables with an “x” at the end of their names. The suffix “x” denotes that the variable is alpha-numeric. Singapore-specific options used in variable *b1* are stored in variable named *b1\_SG*.

The WBES datafiles contain two establishment identifiers, *idstd* and *id*. The former is a global unique identifier of each establishment, while the latter is unique identifier within each survey. The variable *idstd* can be used to match the WBES establishment one-to-one across databases. The variables *wweak*, *wmedian*, and *wstrong* corresponding to sampling weights based on, respectively, weak, median, and strong assumptions about eligibility (see Section III.6). The variable *strata* corresponds to the stratum of each observation.

Additionally, the WBES datafiles contain many standard variables. The variable *d1a2\_v4* denotes the main activity of the establishment, as obtained during the WBES interview, coded in the four-digit ISIC Rev. 4. Users should note that this activity may differ from the industry classification given in the Sampling Frame, *a4a*. Users are generally advised to use industry categories based on the realized information in *d1a2\_v4*. Additional sampling information is contained in variables *a2* (region) and *a6a* (size). The variable *panel* identifies panel establishments. The combination of *a4a*, *a2*, *a6a*, and *panel* forms stratum of each establishment, which is contained in variable *strata*.

The last complete fiscal year for each establishment is contained in variables *a20m* (last month of last complete fiscal year) and *a20y* (last complete fiscal year).

Note that when an entry in the WBES database is empty, this means that the question was not asked to the corresponding respondent. This happens when the question is deemed inapplicable, due to skip patterns or other reasons. In cases when the question was posed, some entry is provided, including don't know, which is an example of item non-response.

#### IV. Useful Links

The users of the WBES data may find the following links useful:

- *Sampling Note* is available at:  
[https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Sampling\\_Note-Consolidated-2-16-22.pdf](https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Sampling_Note-Consolidated-2-16-22.pdf)
- The *Enterprise Surveys Manual and Guide* is available at:  
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/Enterprise-Surveys-Manual-and-Guide.pdf>
- The WBES global questionnaires are available at:  
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/en/methodology>
- The projects that are currently being implemented by the Enterprise Surveys team are available at: <https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/en/methodology/current-projects>
- The list of all WBES databases and detailed information about each is available here:  
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/methodology/DataDetails.xls>
- The description of the WBES indicators is available at:  
<https://www.enterprisesurveys.org/content/dam/enterprisesurveys/documents/Indicator-Description.pdf>

## Fact Sheet

Source of Universe Table	Singapore Ministry of Trade and Industry
Source of Sampling Frame	Singapore Ministry of Trade and Industry
Stratification sectors	Manufacturing, Construction, Wholesale, Professional Activities, and Other Services
Stratification sizes	Small (5 to 19 employees), Medium (20 to 99 employees), and Large (100 or more employees)
Stratification regions	Singapore
Contractor	Nexus Link Pte Ltd
Fieldwork dates	May – October 2023
Interview languages	English
Survey software	Survey Solution
Currency for nominal variables	Singapore dollar
Reference fiscal year	2023 (233 obs.) and 2022 (390 obs.)
Sample Size	Total: 623      Fresh: 623      Panel: 0
Survey response rates	Yield: 5.2% Response rate: 5.2% Frame quality: 99.4%
Item response rates	d2: 100% n2a: 99.0% I1: 100% all TFP vars.: 92.6%
Additional topics covered in the questionnaire	Questions related to the Business Ready report

## Tables

**Table 1: Singapore 2023 WBES Universe**

		Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale	Professional Activities	Other Services	Grand Total
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	6000	6614	6902	5319	13793	<b>59585</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	3376	4210	2152	1801	6165	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	705	888	340	431	889	
		<b>10,081</b>	<b>11,712</b>	<b>9,394</b>	<b>7,551</b>	<b>20,847</b>	<b>59,585</b>

Source: Singapore Ministry of Trade and Industry

**Table 2: Singapore 2023 WBES Sample Frame**

		Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale	Professional Activities	Other Services	Grand Total
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	6000	6614	6902	5319	13793	<b>59585</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	3376	4210	2152	1801	6165	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	705	888	340	431	889	
		<b>10,081</b>	<b>11,712</b>	<b>9,394</b>	<b>7,551</b>	<b>20,847</b>	<b>59,585</b>

Source: Singapore Ministry of Trade and Industry

**Table 3: Original Survey Design**

		Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale	Professional Activities	Other Services	Grand Total
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	30	31	41	31	67	<b>600</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	45	48	36	38	33	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	45	41	43	51	20	
		<b>120</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>600</b>

**Table 4: Response Outcomes**

		<b>Totals</b>	<b>Rates relative to total contacted</b>
Overall	Contacts available in frame	59,585	
	Issued	12,403	
	Contacted	11,958	
Screening phase	Eligibles	11,521	96.3%
	Screener refusals	364	3.0%
	Assumed eligibles	11,885	99.4%
	Ineligible + out of target	8	0.1%
	Unobtainables	65	0.5%
Interview phase	Interview refusals	10,898	91.1%
(only if eligible)	Complete interviews	623	5.2%

**Table 5: Survey Yield Rates**

<b>Stratification</b>		<b>Yield</b>	<b>Survey response rate</b>	<b>Frame quality</b>
Panel	Fresh	5.2%	5.2%	99.4%
Size	Small (5-19)	7.0%	7.0%	98.9%
	Medium (20-99)	5.1%	5.1%	99.4%
	Large (100+)	3.3%	3.3%	100.0%
Region	Singapore	5.2%	5.2%	99.4%
Sector	Manufacturing	5.7%	5.7%	99.4%
	Construction	5.8%	5.8%	99.5%
	Wholesale	5.4%	5.4%	99.2%
	Professional Activities	4.3%	4.3%	99.5%
	Other Services	5.1%	5.1%	99.4%
Overall	Singapore 2023	5.2%	5.2%	99.4%

Notes: the rates are calculated as defined in Section III.4.

**Table 6: Achieved Total Sample**

		<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>Wholesale</b>	<b>Professional Activities</b>	<b>Other Services</b>	<b>Grand Total</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	60	31	54	48	81	<b>623</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	48	50	41	40	64	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	14	47	6	13	26	
		<b>122</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>623</b>

**Table 7: Weak Universe Estimates**

		<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>Wholesale</b>	<b>Professional Activities</b>	<b>Other Services</b>	<b>Grand Total</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	5992	6606	6892	5315	13784	<b>59531</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	3372	4205	2149	1800	6162	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	705	888	340	431	889	
		<b>10,069</b>	<b>11,699</b>	<b>9,381</b>	<b>7,546</b>	<b>20,836</b>	<b>59,531</b>

**Table 8: Median Universe Estimates**

		<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>Wholesale</b>	<b>Professional Activities</b>	<b>Other Services</b>	<b>Grand Total</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	5932	6546	6814	5266	13645	<b>59050</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	3353	4186	2134	1791	6127	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	705	889	339	431	889	
		<b>9,990</b>	<b>11,621</b>	<b>9,288</b>	<b>7,489</b>	<b>20,662</b>	<b>59,050</b>

**Table 9: Strict Universe Estimates**

		<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>Wholesale</b>	<b>Professional Activities</b>	<b>Other Services</b>	<b>Grand Total</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Small (5-19)	5644	6190	6487	5091	13188	<b>56687</b>
<b>Singapore</b>	Medium (20-99)	3192	3960	2033	1732	5924	
<b>Singapore</b>	Large (100 or more)	700	877	337	435	897	
		<b>9,536</b>	<b>11,027</b>	<b>8,857</b>	<b>7,258</b>	<b>20,008</b>	<b>56,687</b>

**Table 10: Item Response Rates**

	<b> Screener/Interview</b>	<b>d2</b>	<b>l1</b>	<b>n2a</b>	<b>all TFP variables</b>
Panel	Fresh	100.0%	100.0%	98.9%	92.6%
Size	Small (5-19)	100.0%	100.0%	99.6%	96.6%
	Medium (20-99)	100.0%	100.0%	97.6%	85.4%
	Large (100+)	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Region	Singapore	100.0%	100.0%	98.9%	92.6%
Sector	Manufacturing	100.0%	100.0%	96.7%	92.6%
	Construction	100.0%	100.0%	99.2%	0.0%
	Wholesale	100.0%	100.0%	99.0%	N/A
	Professional Activities	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A
	Other Services	100.0%	100.0%	99.4%	N/A
Overall	Singapore 2023	100.0%	100.0%	98.9%	92.6%

Notes: the rates are calculated as follows. The number of responses with informative content in the respective variable (or combination of variables in the case of TFP) is divided by the same number plus the number of responses that are "don't know" (code -9) or refusal (code -8).