

QUESTIONNAIRE

			1	

1
2-5

HUMAN SCIENCES RESEARCH COUNCIL

MARKDATA

ADDRESS OF RESPONDENT.....
.....
.....
TEL. NO.....

SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS.....
.....
.....
TEL. NO.....

FIELDWORK CONTROL

FO CONTROL	YES	NO	REMARKS
PERSONAL			
TELEPHONIC			
NAME	SIGNATURE.....		
.....DATE.....1994		

YES=1/NO=2

6
7

OMNIBUS OCTOBER 1994

	REASON FOR SUBSTITUTION	NUMBER OF TIMES					
		LEFT	RIGHT				
SUBSTITUTIONS	NOBODY HOME AFTER 3 VISITS				8		9
	EMPTY PREMISES				10		11
	REFUSAL				12		13
	NOBODY QUALIFIES				14		15
	OTHER				16		17
	TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBSTITUTES						18-19

Name of interviewer:.....

Number of interviewer							20-23
Fieldwork organiser number							24-26
Checked by							27-29
Team							30-31
Metro (1)/Non metro (2)							32
Extra block							33
Province							34
Magisterial district							35-37
EA number							38-41
Socio-economic category							42-43
Main sample (1) Domestic sample (2)							44
Project number	G	C	O	C	Q	M	45-50

OMNIBUS SURVEY OCTOBER 1994

The Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC) regularly undertakes studies on a wide range of social matters amongst all population groups, for example research on family planning, education, unemployment, the problems of the aged, and intergroup relations.

This questionnaire covers a variety of subjects which are presently being investigated to obtain additional information. Apart from biographical data, subjects being covered are:

1. Political aspects
2. Economic aspects
3. Commuting
4. Aids, orphans and affordable care
5. Environment
6. Prostitution
7. Juvenile offending
8. SAP
9. Crime
10. Company questions

To obtain reliable, scientific information it is necessary that you answer the questions as honestly as you can. Your opinion is important in this research.

The area in which you live, as well as yourself have been selected randomly for the purpose of this survey, thus the fact that you have been chosen is quite coincidental. Your name will not be written anywhere on the questionnaire and you need not sign the questionnaire or any other documents. The information that you provide will be treated as confidential. It will be processed by computer in such a way that no personal identification will be possible.

PARTICULARS OF VISITS

	MONTH	DATE	TIME	RESPONSE	
First visit					51-57
Second visit					58-64
Third visit					65-71
Substitute address					72-78

<u>TIME</u>		<u>RESPONSE</u>	
		Interview completed	=01
		<u>Revisit</u>	
Morning till 12:00	=1	Appointment made	=02
12:00 – 13:59	=2	Selected respondent not at home	=03
14:00 – 14:59	=3	No one home	=04
15:00 – 15:59	=4	<u>Do not qualify</u>	
16:00 – 16:59	=5	Vacant house/flat/stand/not a house or flat	=05
17:00 – 17:59	=6	No person qualifies according to specifications for the survey	=06
18:00 – 18:59	=7	Respondent cannot communicate with interviewer because of language	=07
19:00 – 19:59	=8	Respondent is physically/mentally not fit to be interviewed	=08
20:00 – 20:59	=9	<u>Refusals</u>	
21:00 and later	=0	Contact person refused	=09
		Interview refused by selected respondent	=10
		Interview refused by parent	=11
		<u>Office use</u>	
		Used wrong respondent/address	=12

1

1. INTERVIEWER: Identify number of households on premises 79

2. Number of the selected household 80

3.

		AGE		MALE=1	FEMALE=2	
PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD WHO QUALIFY FOR THIS SURVEY. (PERSONS WHO WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR THE DURATION OF THIS SURVEY).	01					6-8
	02					9-11
	03					12-14
	04					15-17
	05					18-20
	06					21-23
	07					24-26
	08					27-29
	09					30-32
	10					33-35
	11					36-38
	12					39-41
	13					42-44
	14					45-47
	15					48-50

PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD WHO DO NOT QUALIFY FOR THIS SURVEY OR WHO WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THE DURATION OF THE SURVEY.	01					51-53
	02					54-56
	03					57-59
	04					60-62
	05					63-65
	06					66-68
	07					69-71
	08					72-74
	09					75-77
	10					78-80

<p>REASONS WHY PERSONS DO NOT QUALIFY OR ARE NOT AVAILABLE.</p> <p>1.....</p> <p>2.....</p> <p>3.....</p>

4. RESPONDENT NUMBER

7. HOW MANY RESIDENT EMPLOYEES LIVE ON THE PREMISES?

..... 47-48

SECTION A

BIOGRAPHICAL DATA

INTERVIEWER PLEASE MARK		
Black		1
Coloured		2
Asian		3
White		4

49

1. Gender of respondent

Male	1	
Female	2	50

2. What is your age in completed years?

.....Years 51-52

3. What is your current marital status?

Married	Civil (Church or magistrate)	With children	01
		Without children	02
	Traditional (Lobola/bogadi)	With children	03
		Without children	04
	Civil and traditional	With children	05
		Without children	06
Never married	With children		07
	Without children		08
Divorced/Estranged	With children		09
	Without children		10
Live together	With children		11
	Without children		12
Widower/widow	With children		13
	Without children		14
Other (Please describe in the space provided).....			

53-54

4. What is your highest educational qualification?

None	01
Grade 1 and 2 (Sub A and B)	02
Std 1	03
Std 2	04
Std 3	05
Std 4	06
Std 5	07
Std 6 (Form I)	08
Std 7 (Form II)	09
Std 8 (Form III, NTC I)	10
Std 9 (Form IV, NTC II)	11
Std 10 (Form V, NTC III)	12
Std 10 + college diploma	13
Technikon diploma	14
Technikon higher diploma	15
B. Degree/Honours Degree	16
Master's diploma in technology	17
Master's Degree	18
Laureatus in technology	19
Doctor's Degree	20
Other (specify).....	
.....	

55-56

5. What language do you speak mostly at home?

Afrikaans	01	
English	02	
Both Afrikaans and English	03	
European language	04	
Oriental language	05	
Other African language	06	
SOTHO	Southern Sotho	07
	Western Sotho (Tswana)	08
	Northern Sotho (Pedi)	09
NGUNI	Swazi	10
	Ndebele	11
	Xhosa	12
	Zulu	13
Tsonga/Shangaan	14	
Lemba/Venda	15	
Other (specify).....		
.....		

57-58

6. What is the joint income for this household per month (gross income from all sources)?

No income	01
Less than R200	02
R200 – R399	03
R400 – R599	04
R600 – R799	05
R800 – R999	06
R1000 – R1199	07
R1200 – R1399	08
R1400 – R1599	09
R1600 – R1799	10
R1800 – R1999	11
R2000 – R2499	12
R2500 – R2999	13
R3000 – R3499	14
R3500 – R3999	15
R4000 – R4499	16
R4500 – R4999	17
R5000 – R7499	18
R7500 +	19
<i>Refuse to answer</i>	20
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	00

59-60

7. What is your current occupational position (which of the following best describes your present work situation)?

Unemployed, not looking for work	01
Unemployed, looking for work	02
Work in informal sector, not looking for permanent work	03
Work in informal sector, looking for (permanent) work	04
Pensioner (age/retired/sick/disable, etc.)	05
Housewife, not working at all, not looking for work	06
Housewife, looking for work	07
Student/scholar	08
Self-employed – Full time	09
Self-employed – Part time	10
Employed part time (if none of the above)	11
Employed full time	12
Doing national service	13
Other (specify).....	
.....	

61-62

8a. What is your current occupation? (Detail please)

.....

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63-64

3

8b Occupational codes: 0-9

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 65

9. Do you read a daily newspaper regularly, that is, at least four out of six issues a week?

Yes	1
No	2

 66

10. Could you estimate how many hours you spend on an average work day, that is from Monday to Friday, watching TV?

Less than one hour	1
1 – 2 hours	2
2 – 3 hours	3
3 – 4 hours	4
More than 3 hours	5
Never watch TV	6
Don't have TV (No TV transmission in my area)	7

 67

11. Do you have a telephone?

Yes	1
No	2

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12. What church do you belong to or to what faith/religion do you subscribe?

Afrikaanse Protestantse Kerk	01
AME	02
Anglican (Church of the Province of SA)	03
Church of England	04
Apostolic Faith Mission of SA (AFM)	05
Assemblies of God	06
Baptist Church	07
Buddist	08
Ethiopian Churches	09
Full Gospel Church of God in SA	10
Reformed Churches of SA	11
Hindu	12
Islam	13
Jehovah's Witnesses	14
Jewish	15
Lutheran Church and Evangelical Lutheran Church in SA	16
Methodist of SA/Wesleyan	17
Moravian Assemblies of God	18
Nederduitsch Hervormde Kerk	19
Nederduitse Gereformeerde Kerk	20
New Apostolic Church	21
NG Kerk in Africa	22
NG Sendingkerk	23
NGK (Reform) Kerk	24
Old Apostolic Church	25
Orthodox (Greek, Serbian, Russian) Church	26
Presbyterian of SA	27
Reformed Ecumenical Synod	28
Rhema Bible Church	29
Roman Catholic Church	30
Seventh Day Adventist Church	31
Shembe	32
International Fellowship of Christian Churches	33
Traditional African Beliefs	34
Union of Orthodox Synagogues in SA	35
United Congregational Church of SA	36
United Hebrew Congregation of Johannesburg	37
World Alliance of Reformed Churches	38
Zion Christian Church (ZCC)	39
Other Zionist Churches	40
Other Independent Black Churches	41
None	42
Refuse to answer	43
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	00
Other (specify).....	

13. LSM (Living Standard Measure)

Question	Yes	No		
DOES YOUR HOUSEHOLD				
Own a fridge or freezer?	1	2		71
Own a polisher or vacuum cleaner?	1	2		72
Own a TV set?	1	2		73
Own a Hi-Fi or music centre? (Radio excluded)	1	2		74
Own a microwave oven?	1	2		75
Own a washing machine? (Any)	1	2		76
Own a sewing machine? (Any)	1	2		77
Shop at supermarkets?	1	2		78
Live in a metropolitan area?	1	2		79
Live in a rural area?	1	2		80

4 1
2-5

Have electricity or running water in your home?	1	2		6
Have a domestic servant?	1	2		7
Have at least one car in your household?	1	2		8
TOTAL OF RESPONDENT				
ADD CONSTANT				
GRAND TOTAL				

Note: A supermarket shopper is any household who does most of their shopping at Pick 'n Pay, Checkers/Shoprite, Clicks, Diskom, Spar, Woolworths includes both Hypermarkets, OK and Supermarkets.

Note: A metropolitan area is a community with a population of more than 250,000. A rural area is a community with a population of less than 500. (Community sizes in-between these two are not relevant for the determination of LSM's).

Respondent LSM.....				9
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SECTION B

INFORMATION UPDATE

POLITICAL QUESTIONS

I would like to ask how close or distant you feel towards various political parties and organizations. If you feel close to a party, you would support it, if you feel distant you would oppose it. I will name a political party, and would like you to tell me whether you feel very close, close, neutral, distant or very distant towards the political party.

	Very close	Close	Neutral	Distant	Very distant	Uncertain – Don't know	
AZAPO	1	2	3	4	5	0	10
PAC	1	2	3	4	5	0	11
SACP	1	2	3	4	5	0	12
ANC	1	2	3	4	5	0	13
DP	1	2	3	4	5	0	14
NP	1	2	3	4	5	0	15
IFP	1	2	3	4	5	0	16
ACDP	1	2	3	4	5	0	17
FREEDOM FRONT	1	2	3	4	5	0	18
CP	1	2	3	4	5	0	19

ECONOMIC QUESTIONS

4. During the past six months would you say that SA's economy has:

Improved?	1	
Stayed the same?	2	
Worsen	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	20

5. During the next six months? Would you think that the economy will:

Improve?	1	
Stayed the same?	2	
Worsen?	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	21

6. Would you say that your household income is:

“Outstripping” the rate of inflation	1	22
“Keeping pace” with rate of inflation	2	
“Lagging behind” the rate of inflation	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don’t know</i>	0	

7. Would you say that at present buying conditions are:

Favourable	1	23
Unfavourable	2	
Neither favourable nor unfavourable	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don’t know</i>	0	

COMMUTING

1. How far do you live from your place of work or how far do you travel to look for work every day?

Work at home	1	24
0 – 20 km	2	
21 – 50 km	3	
51 – 100 km	4	
More than 100 km	5	
Not working and not looking for work	6	
<i>Not applicable</i>	7	
<i>Uncertain</i>	0	

INTERVIEWER: IF CODE 1, 6 OR 7 ABOVE, SKIP QUESTIONS 2, 3, 4 AND 5

2. How do you usually travel to work or look for work?

Train	01	24-26
Bus	02	
Taxi	03	
In a vehicle with others	04	
In a vehicle on own or with live in partner	05	
Walk or hitch hike	06	
Motorbike	07	
Bicycle	08	
<i>Not applicable</i>	09	
Other (Specify).....		
.....		

3. How much money do you spend on transport to and from work/Looking for work every month?

Less than R100	1
R101 – R250	2
R251 – R500	3
More than R500	4
<i>Not applicable</i>	5
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0

27

4. What is your approximate monthly take home pay?

Less than R400	1
R400 – R800	2
R801 – R1200	3
R1201 – R2000	4
R2001 - R4000	5
R4001 – R6000	6
More than R6000	7
<i>Not applicable</i>	8
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0

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5. How many hours do you spend travelling to work and back every day?

Less than 1 hour	1
1 – 2 hours	2
2 – 3 hours	3
3 – 4 hours	4
More than four hours	5
<i>Not applicable</i>	6
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0

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AIDS, ORPHANS AND AFFORDABLE CARE

1. When parents or other care-givers either die of AIDS or are seriously ill from AIDS, the children they cared for may need special care. Who should take responsibility for these children? (Mark only the most important one.)

Central government	1
Provincial government	2
District health authority	3
Local authority	4
Non-governmental organisation (e.g. a welfare agency)	5
Community-based organisation (stokvel, ratepayers' association, etc.)	6
Neighbours, friends	7
Relatives	8
Other (specify).....	9
I do not have an opinion on the matter	0

30

INTERVIEWER: IF CODE 9, WRITE IN ANSWER AND CIRCLE CODE 9

2. Children like those mentioned above need certain health, welfare and educational services. What type of provision, in your opinion, is most urgently required? (Mark one only.)

Nutritional services	1
Educational services	2
Financial assistance with schooling	3
Special childcare legislation	4
Special healthcare legislation	5
Healthcare services	6
Specialized foster care	7
Other (Single service) (Specify).....	8
.....	8
Other (Combined service) (Specify).....	9
.....	9

31

IF SPECIALIZED CARE BUT NOT FOSTER CARE IS SEEN AS THE MOST URGENTLY NEEDED, MENTION IT UNDER CODE 8 OR 9.

3. Did/do you know of any of the following? (Mark all that apply)

	CODE
A child(ren) with AIDS (or HIV positive)	1
An adult(s) with AIDS (or HIV positive)	2
A child in foster care/In an institution because his/her parent(s) has (have) had AIDS	4
A child in the care of friends or relatives because his/her parent(s) has (have) had AIDS	8
A child who is abandoned/On the streets because his/her parent(s) has (have) had AIDS	16
A person who died of AIDS	32
A person who lost a family member through AIDS	64
A person who cared for or still cares for someone with AIDS	128
A person who gives/gave talks on AIDS (or educates, warns against indiscriminate sex, etc.)	256

32-34

4. **Instruction:** If code(s) 1 and/or 2 were marked at question 3, ask: How many people with AIDS (or who are HIV-positive) do you know about?

Put 0 if not applicable; put 9 for 9 or more than 9.

0-9	
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Instruction: Check the figure by asking how many children (code 1) and how many adults (code 2.)

5. Have you yourself lost a relative through AIDS?

No		1
Yes	A close relative	2
	A distant relative	3

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ENVIRONMENT

1. In your opinion, is the attention paid by the government to environmental issues?

Too little	1
Sufficient	2
Too much	3

37

2. What happens to your household garbage?

Garbage removers take it away	01
We take it to a specific rubbish dump	02
We dump it over the fence	03
We burn it	04
We take it into the veld	05
We throw it outside the house	06
Other (specify).....	
.....	

38-39

3. Would you give in bottles, cans and paper if you could get money for it?

Yes	1
No	2
Not sure	3

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4. Are you involved in any activities in your community aimed at upgrading the environment?

Yes	1
No	2
I do not know of any such projects	3

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5. Which one of the following community activities concerning the environment would you be interested in?

Planting trees	01
Cleaning the streets and open areas	02
Maintenance of buildings	03
Upgrading the street surfaces	04
Gardening	05
Cleaning rivers and spruite	06
Cleaning the veld	07
Other (Specify).....	
.....	

42-43

PROSTITUTION

1. Persons (females but sometimes also males) who sell sex for money currently receive a lot of attention. One of the aspects especially receiving attention is whether prostitution should be legalised or not. What is your opinion in this regard?

Prostitution should not be legalized under <u>any circumstances</u>	1
Prostitution should be legalized or decriminalised provided that rigid measures of control (e.g. regular medical check-ups and licensing) be implemented.	2
Prostitution should be legalized in <u>certain areas</u> only (where it is already prevalent) provided that rigid measures of control (e.g. regular medical check-ups and licensing) be implemented.	3
Prostitution should be legalized without any preconditions.	4
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	

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STREET CHILDREN

1. Some people feel that street children are a problem in our country. To what extent do you feel that street children are a problem in the town/city/area where you live?

It is a serious problem	1
It is somewhat of a problem	2
It is not a problem at all	3
I don't know	0

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JUVENILE OFFENDING

1. Human rights' issues are becoming more prominent in South Africa society giving rise to *inter alia* an increasing demand to keep children out of the criminal justice system. On the other hand, crime figures in South Africa have reached epidemic proportions. This leaves officials of the court with the dilemma of deciding how to deal with juvenile offenders. In your opinion what do you consider to be the best/most appropriate way of dealing with young people who have been found guilty of committing a crime? Would you say they should be:

INTERVIEWER: PLEASE NOTE THAT (A) AND (B) ARE SEPARATE QUESTIONS	When a non-violent offence has been committed	When a violent offence has been committed	
Made to do community service, such as working at a welfare organization?	1	1	
Sent to a prison similar to those we have for adults.	2	2	
Given corporal punishment (that is, a caning)?	3	3	
Sent to a reformatory or industrial school?	4	4	
Left in the care of their parents, on condition that they receive special help and treatment for their problems?	5	5	
Referred to a “family/community court” where family members, community leaders, the probation officer, a lawyer, the police and if possible the victim(s), get together to decide on appropriate action, e.g. the referral of the juvenile to the youth court, dealing with the child in the community (community-based services.)	6	6	

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CRIME

1. From time to time the social problems appear in each community. Which one of the following problems do you think is the most serious one facing your community?

None	0
Moral decline (prostitution, homosexuality, sexual promiscuity) and the suspension of censorship.	1
Crime (e.g. theft, assault, robbery, murder).	2
Excessive drinking (alcoholism) and/or drug abuse.	3
Unemployment including retrenchments	4
Housing shortage and homelessness/informal settlements	5
Lack of municipal services and facilities (e.g. electricity infrastructure, water, roads, clinics)	6
Street children	7
Poverty	8
Other (specify).....	9

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2. In your opinion, how probable do you think it is that you or someone living in this household will be the victim of crime (e.g. assault, robbery or rape) within the next 12 months?

Very probable	1	49
Probable	2	
Improbable	3	
Very improbable	4	
<i>Do not know/Uncertain</i>	5	

3. Do you think that crime in this neighbourhood has increased, decreased or remained about the same over the past year?

N.a. - No crime problem here	1	50
Increased	2	
Decreased	3	
Remained about the same	4	
<i>Do not know/Uncertain</i>	5	

4. Which one of the following measures that could be adopted to prevent crime do you think would be the most effective in your neighbourhood?

<i>Don't know</i>	0	51
More severe punishment/sentences for offenders	1	
Parents should be made more responsible for their children's actions.	2	
More police/better police protection/more effective police.	3	
Stricter laws	4	
Job creation	5	
Better control over firearms/traditional weapons	6	
Establishment of a national peace force to act as a link between the police and the community.	7	
Individual households should become part of the local neighbourhood watch.	8	
Individual households should obtain weapons e.g. rifles and pangas, to defend themselves.	9	

5. To what extent are you willing to become personally involved in community crime prevention actions launched by the South African Police (SAP) e.g. participating in police-community-liaison forums, farm, small-holding and neighbourhood watches and business watches?

Very willing	1	52
Willing	2	
<i>Neither willing nor unwilling</i>	3	
Unwilling	4	
Very unwilling	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

POLITICAL ISSUES

1. How satisfied are you with the general political situation in South Africa at present? Are you

Very satisfied	1	53
Satisfied	2	
<i>Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied</i>	3	
Dissatisfied	4	
Very dissatisfied	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

2. How satisfied are you with the general economic situation in South Africa at present?

Very satisfied	1	54
Satisfied	2	
<i>Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied</i>	3	
Dissatisfied	4	
Very dissatisfied	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

3. How safe do you feel in South Africa today?

Very safe	1	55
Safe	2	
<i>Neither safe nor unsafe</i>	3	
Unsafe	4	
Very unsafe	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

4(a) Do you think that your standard of living under the government of national unity will noticeably rise, stay the same, or fall?

Question 4(b)	Rise	1	56
	Stay the same	2	
	Fall	3	
	<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	4	

(b)

Only for those who said “rise”.

How soon do you think your standard of living will begin to improve noticeably?

In six months	1	
In 1 year	2	
In 3 years	3	
In 5 years	4	
In 10 years	5	
After more than 10 years	6	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	57

5. How would you rate the government of national unity?

(a)

IS THE GOVERNMENT		
Very fair	1	
Fair	2	
<i>Neither fair nor unfair</i>	3	
Unfair	4	
Very unfair	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	58

(b)

IS THE GOVERNMENT		
Very effective	1	
Effective	2	
<i>Neither effective nor ineffective</i>	3	
Ineffective	4	
Very ineffective	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	59

(c)

IS THE GOVERNMENT		
Very transparent	1	
Transparent	2	
<i>Neither transparent nor non-transparent</i>	3	
Non-transparent	4	
Very non-transparent	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	60

(d)

IS THE GOVERNMENT	
Very strong	1
Strong	2
<i>Neither strong nor weak</i>	3
Weak	4
Very weak	5
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

61

(e)

IS THE GOVERNMENT	
Very honourable	1
Honourable	2
<i>Neither honourable nor dishonourable</i>	3
Dishonourable	4
Very dishonourable	5
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

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6. How credible is the government of national unity's communication with the public?

Very credible	1
Mostly credible	2
<i>Neither credible nor not credible</i>	3
Mostly not credible	4
Not at all credible	5
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

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7. In your view, what measure of control does the government of national unity have over the crime that is occurring in South Africa at the present time? Is the government:

In full control	1
In control to a large extent	2
In control to a small extent	3
Not in control at all	4
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

64

8. Has your personal attitude towards other population groups improved or deteriorated in the past year? Have your feelings towards them -

Improved	1
Deteriorated	2
<i>Remained the same</i>	3
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

65

9. To what degree are you in favour of or opposed to the re-introduction of the death penalty in South Africa?

Strictly in favour	1	66
In favour	2	
<i>Neither in favour nor opposed</i>	3	
Opposed	4	
Strictly opposed	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

10. To what extent are you in favour of or opposed to the protest action such as strikes, occupation of buildings and property and marches during the past two months in South Africa?

Strictly in favour	1	67
In favour	2	
<i>Neither in favour nor opposed</i>	3	
Opposed	4	
Strictly opposed	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

11. How would you rate your provincial government?

(a)

IS THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT		
Very effective	1	68
Effective	2	
<i>Neither effective nor ineffective</i>	3	
Ineffective	4	
Very ineffective	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

(b)

IS THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT		
Very transparent	1	69
Transparent	2	
<i>Neither transparent nor not transparent</i>	3	
Non-transparent	4	
Very non-transparent	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

12. Do you support or reject the new constitution of South Africa?

Support the new constitution	1	70
Reject the new constitution	2	
Do not know enough about the new constitution to be able to say	3	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

13. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the way South Africa is being governed at present?

Very satisfied	1	71
Satisfied	2	
<i>Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied</i>	3	
Dissatisfied	4	
Very dissatisfied	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

14. Has there generally been greater reconciliation between different interest groups (e.g. political parties, races, language groups) in South Africa, since the government of national unity came to power in May this year?

Yes	1	72
No	2	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

15. Have your personal life circumstances improved or deteriorated since the government of national unity came to power in May this year?

Improved a lot	1	73
Improved	2	
<i>Stayed the same</i>	3	
Deteriorated	4	
Deteriorated a lot	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

SOUTH AFRICAN POLICE

1. How would you rate the police (SAP) on the following aspects:

(a) Their capability to prevent crime.

Very capable	1	74
Capable	2	
<i>Neither capable nor incapable</i>	3	
Incapable	4	
Very incapable	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

(b) Their capability to solve crime.

Very capable	1	
Capable	2	
<i>Neither capable nor incapable</i>	3	
Incapable	4	
Very incapable	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	75

(c) Their capability to handle public protest.

Very capable	1	
Capable	2	
<i>Neither capable nor incapable</i>	3	
Incapable	4	
Very incapable	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	76

(d) Their capability to handle political violence.

Very capable	1	
Capable	2	
<i>Neither capable nor incapable</i>	3	
Incapable	4	
Very incapable	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	77

(e) Their attitude towards people in your community.

Very positive	1	
Positive	2	
<i>Neither positive nor negative</i>	3	
Negative	4	
Very negative	5	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	78

(f) Their political neutrality.

Definitely biased	1	
Probably biased	2	
Neither biased nor neutral	3	
Probably neutral	4	
Definitely neutral	5	
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	79

5	1
	2-5

2. The attacks on policemen, both while on and off duty, have been in the news a lot lately. Are these attacks justified or not?

The attacks are completely justified	1
The attacks are justified	2
<i>The attacks are neither justified nor unjustified</i>	3
The attacks are unjustified	4
The attacks are completely unjustified	5
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

6

3. Why do you think the police are so often attacked? (Only main reason)

.....

0

 7-8

4. Generally speaking, how well do the members of the SAP execute their duties?

Very satisfactorily	1
Satisfactorily	2
Neither satisfactorily nor unsatisfactorily	3
Unsatisfactorily	4
Very unsatisfactorily	5
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

9

5. Has your view of the police changed since the election in April?

Go to question 5b	Yes	1
	No	2
	<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0

10

5b. If "yes" in what way did your view change?

.....

--

 11-12

6. What are in your opinion the two most important things that can be done to improve your opinion of the police? Indicate them in order of importance.

(1).....

0

 13-14

(2).....

0

 15-16

ILLEGALS, SANDF AND LOCAL AUTHORITY

1. During the past few months there have been many reports on illegal aliens in South Africa (e.g. Mozambicans, Nigerians and Taiwanese). In your opinion should the authorities:

Go to question 1b	Act much more strictly against them	1	17
	Act more strictly against them	2	
	Act less strictly against them	3	
	Act much less strictly against them	4	
	<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

1b.
If more strictly or much more strictly

What is the single most important reason why say the authorities must act more strictly or much more strictly against illegal aliens?

.....

.....

.....

 18-19

2. To what extent are you personally willing at present to perform part-time military service in the citizen force or commandos of the South African National Defence Force?

Go to question 3	Very willing	1	20
	Willing	2	
	<i>Neither willing nor unwilling</i>	3	
	Unwilling	4	
	Very unwilling	5	
	<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

3.
If unwilling or very unwilling

What is the single most important reason why you are not willing to perform part-time military service?

.....

.....

.....

 21-22

4. What is your view on the government’s decision to write off (allow people not to pay) the arrears in municipal rent and service charges in many black areas? Which one of the following is the nearest to your own view?

The arrears should be written off in all black areas only.	01
The arrears should be written off in all black, coloured and Indian areas only.	02
The arrears should be written off in all areas, including white areas, where people are unable to pay.	03
The arrears should not be written off in any areas, whether black, white, coloured or Indian; but people in arrears should not be forced to pay interest on their arrears.	04
The arrears should not be written off in any areas, and the people in arrears should be forced to pay both what they owe and interest on that arrears.	05
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	00
Other (specify).....	

23-24

5. Are you at the present time prepared to pay your local authority for services and/or rent?

Yes, I am prepared to pay for services and/or rent, even if I do not pay a “flat rate”, but the full amount owed, that is the same as what people in the “white” areas pay.	01
Yes I am prepared to pay for services and/or rent, but only if I pay a “flat rate”.	02
No, I am not prepared to pay for service and/or rent, even if I would pay a “flat rate”.	03
<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	00
Other (specify).....	

25-26

6. If you answered “no” to the previous question (that is 03 above) why are you not prepared to pay for your local authority for services and/or rent?

.....

.....

.....

27-28

14. If a general election were held soon, for which of the current political parties would you vote?

ANC	01
SACP	02
PAC	03
AZAPO	04
DP	05
NP	06
IFP	07
FF	08
ACDP	09
CP	10
Refuse to answer	11
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	00
Other (specify).....	
.....	

29-30

COMPANY QUESTIONS

INTRODUCTION: There is a great deal of discussion these days about big companies and their contribution to the new South Africa.

1. Think of large companies in South Africa. In general, do you feel that the activities of large companies are -

Very good for the country	1
Fairly good for the country	2
Fairly bad for the country	3
Very bad for the country	4
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0

31

2a. In your opinion, what is the first and most important duty and responsibility of a large company?

..... 32-33

2b. What would be the second most important duty and responsibility?

..... 34-35

3. Please give me the names of the large companies that you can think of (probe "what else" up to six companies).

1.....	<input type="text"/>	36-37
2.....	<input type="text"/>	38-39
3.....	<input type="text"/>	40-41
4.....	<input type="text"/>	42-43
5.....	<input type="text"/>	44-45
6.....	<input type="text"/>	46-47

4. If the Anglo American Corporation is not mentioned, ask casually: Have you heard of the Anglo American Corporation?

MAY I ADD IT TO THE LIST? (WRITE DOWN COMMENTS)

Yes	1	48
No	2	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

..... 49-50

5. Among the large companies in South Africa, which one is the largest?

..... 51-52

6a. If a particular company is much larger than others, do you admire it:

Go to question 6b	More	1	53
	Less	2	
	Or does it make no difference	3	
	<i>Uncertain/Do not know</i>	0	

6b. (If admires more or less) Why do you feel that way? (Probe for a specific codable answer)

..... 54-55

7. Let us take two of the companies we have spoken about. Take Anglo American and the company you have mentioned first/second in Question 3 (*Mention name – if Anglo was mentioned first, take company mentioned second*)

What are your feelings about each of these two companies?

	Anglo	2 nd company (specify name)	
Very favourable	1	1	56-57
Fairly favourable	2	2	
Fairly unfavourable	3	3	
Very unfavourable	4	4	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	0	58-59

8. What are the activities of these two companies – what do they do in their day to day business? (*Probe “what else” until all activities recorded.*)

Anglo	2 nd company (specify)	
1.....	1.....	
2.....	2.....	
3.....	3.....	
4.....	4.....	
5.....	5.....	

60-63
64-67
68-71
72-75
76-79

6 1
2-5

9. All large companies started as small companies. What do you think the main reasons are for their growth and success? What have they done to grow large? (*Probe “what else” for three major factors*)

1.....		6-7
2.....		8-9
3.....		10-11

10. Think of a large company which makes a great deal of money in its activities. Who benefits from the wealth which is created? (*Prove “who or what else” until at least four categories are identified. Record in order of mention.*)

1st.....		12-13
2nd.....		14-15
3rd.....		16-17
4 th		18-19

11. If a large company like Anglo American is successful and makes a great deal of money, how does this affect the economy of South Africa? What things happen in the country because of a company making money? (*Probe for three answers.*)

1st.....		20-21
2nd.....		22-23
3rd.....		24-25
4 th		26-27

12. (*Emphasise words in bold print*)

I am going to read a number of things which **people say about all kinds of large companies**. For each, tell me whether you feel that what is said is true of the **Anglo American Corporation**. You need not be certain about it – just tell me what you feel to be true for Anglo American. If something is not true of Anglo American just leave it out.

	True	Untrue	Uncertain Don't know	
Supported by the new government	1	2	0	28
Pays high wages with good working conditions	1	2	0	29
It is really an overseas company	1	2	0	30
It is tough and unsympathetic to trade unions	1	2	0	31
Helps the country through the taxes it pays	1	2	0	32
It is anti-Afrikaans in its policies	1	2	0	33
Has opposed apartheid for a long time	1	2	0	34
It serves mainly a rich white elite	1	2	0	35
Is advancing black people into better jobs	1	2	0	36
Has created a create number of jobs for South Africa	1	2	0	37
The new government opposes or criticises it	1	2	0	38
It is really a truly South African company	1	2	0	39
Its products and new techniques help the country to advance	1	2	0	40
It pays lower wages than it can afford	1	2	0	41
Works with and helps local communities	1	2	0	42
It is well known for assisting education	1	2	0	43
It invests a great deal of its money overseas	1	2	0	44
It earns South Africa a great deal of money through its exports	1	2	0	45
It makes it very difficult for smaller companies to succeed.	1	2	0	46
It provides equal opportunities for people of all races	1	2	0	47
It is mainly a mining company	1	2	0	48
It has helped to create hostels and all the problems that they cause	1	2	0	49
Has recently invested in important new factories and businesses	1	2	0	50
It exploits its workers and treats them badly	1	2	0	51

	True	Untrue	Uncertain Don't know	
It is concerned about pollution, nature conservation and the environment	1	2	0	52
It sends most of its profits overseas	1	2	0	53
It is so big that it controls the South African economy to suit itself	1	2	0	54
The money it makes is spent in ways which benefit all South Africans	1	2	0	55
The new government will divide it up into smaller companies	1	2	0	56
Assists many small businesses to develop by giving them work	1	2	0	57
Its mines, forests and factories spoil or harm the environment	1	2	0	58
It has for a long time opposed discrimination against blacks and it has worked for people's rights	1	2	0	59
It is concerned only with profits	1	2	0	60
It weakens and takes over smaller competitors	1	2	0	61
It assists its employees with education, housing and welfare	1	2	0	62
It is not really concerned with South Africa and South Africans	1	2	0	63
It is unfairly criticised by politicians in the new government	1	2	0	64
It is a leader helping to uplift communities	1	2	0	65

13. Some large companies spend a great deal of time and money in helping communities with education, housing and welfare. I will mention some of the ways they help. For each kind of assistance tell me:

- A. Does Anglo American help in this way or not, and if so,
B. Does it give more or less help than other companies you can think of?

	Yes, more than other co's	Yes, but less than other co's	No	Uncertain Don't know	
School bursaries and scholarships	1	2	3	0	66
University/technikon bursaries & scholarships	1	2	3	0	67
Helps to build or support schools	1	2	3	0	68
Helps to train teachers	1	2	3	0	69
Supports schemes to create jobs	1	2	3	0	70
Provides good housing for employees	1	2	3	0	71
Assists small black businesses	1	2	3	0	72
Supports development organizations	1	2	3	0	73
Work with communities and civics for development	1	2	3	0	74
Its leaders have written books and made speeches to promote sound policies	1	2	3	0	75
Restructured its companies to make them more efficient	1	2	3	0	76
Participates in negotiations about future policies	1	2	3	0	77

7	1
	2-5

14A. Think of the leaders of large companies in South Africa – the owners, directors and top managers. What kind of people does one mainly find as leaders of companies? (Probe “who else” – for up to four types).

1.....		6
2.....		7
3.....		8
4.....		9

14B. Think of the Anglo American Corporation. What kind of people are its leaders? (Probe as before)

1.....		10
2.....		11
3.....		12
4.....		13

14C. Do you consider this to be:

A very serious problem	1	
A problem but not serious	2	
Not a problem at all	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	14

15. People say that many large companies invest their money abroad. Think of the Anglo American Corporation. Does it:

Invest very little of its money overseas	1	
Invest some, but not most of its money overseas	2	
Invests about equally in South Africa and overseas	3	
Invests more overseas than in South Africa	4	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	15

16. Some people say that overseas investments take wealth and job opportunities away from South Africa. Others say that overseas investments help us to earn money, help us to export and help us to improve our skills. Which argument would you agree with:

The first	1	
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	16

17. Here are arguments people have about big companies and about business. For each tell me whether you agree with the first, the second or a bit of both.

17.1 Companies must provide jobs, help their employees and help communities even if they make less profit or

Companies must concentrate on making profits, growing and becoming more efficient in order to help the country's economy to grow.

The first	1	17
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.2 Large companies only help communities and education to advertise themselves or
It does not matter why they do it, if large companies assist communities and education they should be praised.

The first	1	18
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.3 Large companies have benefited from apartheid in the past or
Many large companies supported opposition parties and opposed racial discrimination in the past.

The first	1	19
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.4 The government should control and regulate so that they work for the benefit of poorer people or
The economy of South Africa will grow faster and all people will eventually benefit if companies are allowed to grow and develop as they wish to.

The first	1	20
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.5 People who own and manage companies must make the final decision because they have risked their money in an investment or
Managers must share decisions with workers for the sake of justice even if profits are affected.

The first	1	21
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.6 Without trade unions workers would be poorer and weaker, therefore trade unions should become more powerful or
 Trade unions protect people who have work, but cause companies to save on labour, hence fewer people can find work.

The first	1	22
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.7 The solution to unemployment is to encourage companies to make profits, grow, expand and create work or
 The solution to unemployment is government creating special schemes to create work.

The first	1	23
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.8 Companies should not be allowed to grow too big because they become so powerful that they control conditions to suit themselves or if companies are prevented from becoming too large, they will be less interested in working hard to succeed and the economy will suffer.

The first	1	24
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

17.9 Government should not become too big because it uses a great deal of money to employ people and does not produce goods which earn money or private companies can be very successful and produce great wealth but not everyone benefits equally. Therefore government must tax companies to employ more people in government.

The first	1	25
The second	2	
Both	3	
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0	

18. Where do you mainly get your information on Anglo American and other large companies?

Political leaders	01
Informed people in the community	02
Friends and colleagues	03
Newspapers	04
Magazines	05
Radio	06
Television	07
Workers in companies	08
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	00
Other (Please specify).....	
.....	

26-27

19. Think of the Anglo American Corporation and its operations: Are they:

Very good for the country	1
Fairly good for the country	2
Fairly bad for the country	3
Very bad for the country	4
<i>Uncertain/Don't know</i>	0

28

THANK YOU FOR YOUR CO-OPERATION