



Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2006/07

Final Report

**Department of Census and Statistics
Ministry of Finance and Planning
Sri Lanka**

Preface

Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2006/07 was conducted by the Department of Census and Statistics under the National Household Sample Survey Program. This survey is the sixth in the series of Income and Expenditure Surveys conducted once in five years period since 1980.

Data collection of this survey was conducted in twelve monthly rounds from July 2006 to June 2007 and the survey was conducted in all the districts in Sri Lanka, excluding the districts in the Northern Province and Trincomalee district. A sample of equal size was enumerated in each month to capture the seasonal variation of the income, the expenditure and the consumption.

This report is the final report, which is based on the twelve months data and gives information on basic demographic characteristics of the household income, expenditure and assets etc. Information in this report will supersede the information given in previous publications related to this survey.

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2008/08/01
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Acknowledgement

Planning and the execution of the survey were done by staff of the Sample Surveys Division under the supervision of Mr. K. G. Tilakaratne Deputy Director and under the direction of Mr. G.Y. L. Fernando Director (Sample Survey).

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Summary

Income

Mean household income per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 26286
Mean household income per month – Urban sector	Rs. 41928
Mean household income per month – Rural sector	Rs. 24039
Mean household income per month – Estate sector	Rs. 19292
Median household income per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 16735
Median household income per month – Urban sector	Rs. 23642
Median household income per month – Rural sector	Rs. 16379
Median household income per month – Estate sector	Rs. 10480
Share of income to total household income – Poorest 20% - Sri Lanka	4.6 %
Share of income to total household income – Poorest 40% - Sri Lanka	13.2 %
Share of income to total household income – Richest 20% - Sri Lanka	54.7 %
Gini co-efficient of household income – Sri Lanka	0.49
Gini co-efficient of household income – Urban sector	0.54
Gini co-efficient of household income – Rural sector	0.46
Gini co-efficient of household income – Estate sector	0.41
Average household size – Sri Lanka	4.1
Average household size – Urban sector	4.3
Average household size – Rural sector	4.0
Average household size – Estate sector	4.2
Per capita income per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 6463
Per capita income per month – Urban sector	Rs. 9653
Per capita income per month – Rural sector	Rs. 5993
Per capita income per month – Estate sector	Rs. 4589
Income receiver's mean income per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 14457
Income receiver's mean income per month – Urban sector	Rs. 21668
Income receiver's mean income per month – Rural sector	Rs. 13495
Income receiver's mean income per month – Estate sector	Rs. 9407
Number of income receiver's per household – Sri Lanka	1.8
Number of income receiver's per household – Urban sector	1.9
Number of income receiver's per household – Rural sector	1.8
Number of income receiver's per household – Estate sector	2.0
Monetary income per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 22616
Non monetary income per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 3670

Expenditure

Mean household expenditure per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 22952
Mean household expenditure per month – Urban sector	Rs. 35274
Mean household expenditure per month – Rural sector	Rs. 21440
Mean household expenditure per month – Estate sector	Rs. 13456

Median household expenditure per month – Sri Lanka	Rs. 16640
Median household expenditure per month – Urban sector	Rs. 24925
Median household expenditure per month – Rural sector	Rs. 16020
Median household expenditure per month – Estate sector	Rs. 12114
Expenditure on food and drink per month - Sri Lanka	Rs. 6641
Expenditure on non-food items per month - Sri Lanka	Rs. 14311
Food ratio – Sri Lanka	37.6 %
Food ratio – Urban sector	31.2 %
Food ratio – Rural sector	38.7 %
Food ratio – Estate sector	55.8 %
Gini co-efficient of household expenditure – Sri Lanka	0.41
Gini co-efficient of household expenditure – Urban sector	0.42
Gini co-efficient of household expenditure – Rural sector	0.39
Gini co-efficient of household expenditure – Estate sector	0.28
Average monthly consumption of Rice per household – Sri Lanka	36.6 kg
Average monthly consumption of Wheat flour per household – Sri Lanka	2.4 kg
Average monthly consumption of Bread per household – Sri Lanka	6.2 kg
Average monthly consumption of Sugar per household – Sri Lanka	5.2 kg
Average monthly consumption of Potatoes per household – Sri Lanka	1.9 kg
Average monthly consumption of Big onions per household – Sri Lanka	2.3 kg
Average monthly household expenditure on Housing – Sri Lanka	Rs. 2639
Average monthly household expenditure on Fuel and Light – Sri Lanka	Rs. 1042
Average monthly household expenditure on Transport – Sri Lanka	Rs. 1862

Poverty

Head Count Index - Sri Lanka	15.2%
Head Count Index - Urban	6.7%
Head Count Index - Rural	15.7%
Head Count Index - Estate	32.0%
Percentage of poor household - Sri Lanka	12.6%
Percentage of poor household - Urban	5.0%
Percentage of poor household - Rural	13.1%
Percentage of poor household - Estate	25.8%
Poverty Gap Index - Sri Lanka	3.1%
Poverty Gap Index - Urban	1.3%
Poverty Gap Index - Rural	3.2%
Poverty Gap Index - Estate	6.2%
Squared Poverty Gap Index - Sri Lanka	0.9%
Squared Poverty Gap Index - Urban	0.4%
Squared Poverty Gap Index - Rural	1.0%
Squared Poverty Gap Index - Estate	1.8%

Table H1: National level findings by Survey period - Sri Lanka

Variable	Unit	Survey period						
		2006/07	2005	2002	1995/96	1990/91	1985/86	1980/81
Mean household income per month	Rs.	26286	20048	12803	6476	3549	2012	881
Median Household income per month	Rs.	16735	13617	8482	3793	2547	1322	642
Per capita income per month	Rs.	6463	4896	3056	1439	724	395	180
Real income (based year 1980/81)	Rs.	-	1649	1362	1177	1125	1195	881
Income receivers mean income per month	Rs.	14457	10563	6959	3367	1819	941	469
No of income receivers per household	Nos.	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.6
Household size	Nos.	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.9	5.1	4.9
Monetary income per month per household	Rs.	22616	17089	10386	5264	2963	1334	749
Non monetary income per month per household	Rs.	3670	2959	2419	1212	586	678	132
Gini coefficient of household income		0.49	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.43	0.46	0.43
Gini coefficient of household expenditure		0.41	0.40	0.41	0.36	-	-	-
Gini coefficient of income receivers income		0.55	0.55	0.53	0.52	0.52	-	0.43
Mean household expenditure per month	Rs.	22952	19151	13147	6525	3905	2079	1232
Expenditure on food and drink	Rs.	8641	7593	5848	3552	2377	1198	801
Expenditure on non food items (excluding liquor and tobacco)	Rs.	14311	11079	6993	2753	1384	802	377
Expenditure on Liquor & Tobacco	Rs.	492	479	306	219	144	79	54
Food Ratio (as a percentage)	%	37.6	39.6	44.5	54.4	64.6	57.6	65.0

Table H2: Average monthly household expenditure on selected food items by survey period

Food item	2006/07 (Rs.)	2005 (Rs.)	2002 (Rs.)	1995/96 (Rs.)	1990/91 (Rs.)	1985/86 (Rs.)	1980/81 (Rs.)
Rice	1197	1051	1052	752	610	306	252
Wheat flour	97	94	72	39	35	31	19
Bread	303	273	254	158	107	64	37
Condiments	803	687	532	353	252	119	64
Pulses	304	259	185	130	115	44	19
Vegetables	727	617	464	296	235	120	73
Coconuts	473	429	426	244	130	71	66
Meat	366	337	188	156	80	31	14
Fish	744	647	371	233	137	71	40
Dried fish	348	290	218	162	101	48	28
Milk	10	24	8	12	11	11	7
Milk product	744	724	481	242	111	41	20
Eggs	85	78	47	39	26	11	6
Fruit	294	296	212	62	32	15	10
Sugar	315	248	193	184	155	76	62
Other food & drink	1831	1539	1446	490	234	151	80

Table H3: Average monthly household quantity of selected food items by survey period

Food item	Unit	2006/07	2005	2002	1995/96	1990/91	1985/86	1980/81
Rice	kg	36.6	35.6	35.3	38	44.3	45.2	46.7
Wheat flour	kg	2.4	3.1	3.3	3.0	2.6	4.0	3.6
Bread	kg	6.2	7.3	10.2	12.5	9.9	9.3	7.8
Condiments	kg	5.7	5.2	4.8	-	5.6	6.3	5.7
Pulses	kg	3.1	2.9	3.0	-	2.6	1.7	1.4
Coconuts	no.	30	30	30	33	39	38	37
Meat	kg	1.4	1.6	1.3	-	1.2	1.1	0.8
Fish	kg	3.7	3.8	2.9	-	2.4	3.4	3.5
Dried fish	kg	1.4	1.3	1.4	-	1.3	1.4	1.4
Milk	liters	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.7	1.4	2.4	2.7
Eggs	no.	11	10	10	12	11	7	7
Sugar	kg	5.2	5.6	5.3	5.6	5.8	6.0	3.8

Table H4: Household expenditure on different food items as a percentage of total expenditure on food and drink by survey period

Food item	Survey period						
	2006/07 (%)	2005 (%)	2002 (%)	1995/96 (%)	1990/91 (%)	1985/86 (%)	1980/81 (%)
Total food and drink	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Rice	13.9	13.8	17.1	21.2	22.4	25.3	31.5
Wheat flour	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	2.6	2.4
Bread	3.5	3.6	4.2	4.4	4.2	5.3	4.7
Condiments	9.3	9.0	8.6	9.9	9.1	10.4	8.0
Pulses	3.5	3.4	3.0	3.7	4.4	3.6	2.4
Vegetables	8.4	8.1	7.5	8.3	8.8	9.9	7.5
Coconuts	5.5	5.6	7.0	6.9	8.6	5.9	8.2
Meat	4.2	4.4	3.1	4.4	3.1	2.5	1.8
Fish	8.6	8.5	6.0	6.6	5.1	5.8	4.9
Dried fish	4.0	3.6	3.5	4.6	4.0	4.0	3.2
Milk	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.9
Milk products	8.6	9.5	7.8	6.8	4.2	3.4	2.4
Eggs	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8
Fruit	3.4	3.9	3.4	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.2
Sugar	3.6	3.3	3.1	5.2	6.2	6.3	7.8
Other food & drink	21.2	20.3	23.5	13.8	15.4	12.0	12.3

Table H5: Average monthly household expenditure on major non-food expenditure group by survey period

Non food expenditure group	Survey period						
	2006/07 (Rs.)	2005 (Rs.)	2002 (Rs.)	1995/96 (Rs.)	1990/91 (Rs.)	1985/86 (Rs.)	1980/81 (Rs.)
Housing	2639	2054	1661	825	340	148	66
Fuel and light	1042	811	552	294	180	104	67
Clothing and personal effects	694	588	388	282	159	95	53
Personal care and health	980	1106	581	309	148	80	36
Transport and communication	2401	1733	929	382	192	105	62
Education	632	473	315	128	66	29	17
Cultural & entertainment	260	255	149	69	33	-	10
Non-durable household goods	301	315	142	87	59	-	19
Consumer durables	786	713	318	121	53	39	25
Other non consumer expenditure	4083	3033	1957	256	153	202	22
Liquor & Tobacco	492	479	306	219	144	79	54

Table H6: Percentage distribution of average monthly household expenditure on non- food expenditure group by survey period

Non food expenditure group	Survey period						
	2006/07 (%)	2005 (%)	2002 (%)	1995/96 (%)	1990/91 (%)	1985/86 (%)	1980/81 (%)
Total non food expenditure	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Housing	18.4	17.8	22.8	27.8	22.3	18.5	15.3
Fuel and light	7.3	7.0	7.6	9.9	11.8	13.0	15.5
Clothing and personal effects	4.9	5.1	5.3	9.5	10.4	11.8	12.3
Personal care and health	6.9	9.6	8.0	10.4	9.7	10.0	8.4
Transport and communication	16.8	15.0	12.7	12.9	12.6	13.1	14.4
Education	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.6	3.9
Cultural & entertainment	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.2	-	2.3
Non-durable household goods	2.1	2.7	1.9	2.9	3.9	-	4.4
Consumer durables	5.5	6.2	4.4	4.1	3.5	4.9	5.8
Other non consumer expenditure	28.5	26.2	26.8	8.6	10.0	25.2	5.1
Liquor & Tobacco	3.4	4.1	4.2	7.4	9.4	9.9	12.5

1. Introduction

1.1 History

The Department of Census and Statistics (DCS) under the National Household Survey Programme conducts Household Income and Expenditure Survey (HIES) once in every five years time.

The first survey was done in 1980/81 namely Labour force & Socio- Economic survey and it was continued again in 1985/86. This survey provides comprehensive information on labour force characteristics, income and expenditure patterns and also included background information on demographic characteristics of the household population. In 1990 Socio- Economic Survey was separated into 2 individual surveys.

- (1) Labour Force Survey
- (2) Household Income & Expenditure survey

Therefore Household Income & Expenditure Survey has been continued, since 1990 as a separate survey. This survey provides information on household income and expenditure, to measure the levels and changes in the living condition of the people, to observe the consumption patterns, to compute various other indicators such as poverty etc. Generally 25000 housing units are taken as a sample from whole country for the survey to facilitate the estimates to be given at the district level. The data collection in the field is done in twelve monthly rounds to capture the seasonal variation of income and expenditure patterns of households. The data was collected through direct personal interviews using a schedule, which consisted of three sections as follows.

- (1) Demographic characteristics
- (2) Household expenditure (Food and Non-food items)
- (3) Household income (Monetary and Non-monetary income)

The last survey was the fifth in the series and was conducted during the period from January 2002 to December 2002 in all provinces other than Northern and Eastern provinces in Sri Lanka. In 2005 the survey was planned to be conducted throughout the year but unfortunately some coastal areas in Sri Lanka were hit by Tsunami catastrophe in December 2004, which caused several damages, hence the survey was not conducted. Anyway In 2005, a special small scale household income and expenditure survey was conducted to take into account income and expenditure patterns of the country after Tsunami disaster happened in December 2004. The sample size of this survey was 5000 housing units distributed among all 25 districts in Sri Lanka. Data was collected within three months period from September to November 2005.

HIES 2006/2007 is the sixth in the series and the field work of the survey was done during the period from July 2006 to June 2007 throughout the island excluding Northern province and Trincomalee district in Eastern province. For this survey (HIES 2006/07), the questionnaire was expanded and it consists of 9 sections to collect more

information on poverty. In general the survey gathers information related to demographic characteristics of the members of the household, expenditure on food and non-food items and income received through different sources. Apart from the above topics, the following additional areas are also covered in 2006/07 survey.

- (1) School education (aged 5-20 years)
- (2) Information related to health
- (3) Inventory of durable goods
- (4) Access to facilities in the area
- (5) Debts of the household
- (6) Information about housing
- (7) Agriculture holdings and livestock

1.2 Decentralized data entry

On experimental basis, activities related to data entry and cleaning of HIES 2006/7 were decentralized for six districts from January 2007 to June 2007. Those districts were Gampaha, Kandy, Matale, Matara, Badulla and Ratnapura. Main objective of decentralization of such activities are

1. To improve the quality of the data
2. To minimize the time taken for data entry and cleaning
3. To enhance the knowledge and capabilities of the district statistical staff

(World Bank provided technical support in selection areas for the above decentralization activities of HIES 2006/07.)

1.3 Limitation of data

This report provides the estimated values based on 12 months period from July 2006 to June 2007. (Excludes Northern Province and Trincomalee district in Eastern province) The tables in this report are presented at national level, sectoral level, province level and district level along with comparing with the information and findings of the previous surveys. The results give in this publication will supersede all previous results of the survey so far published.

1.4 Survey methodology

A two stage stratified random sample design was used in the survey. Urban, rural and estate sectors of the district are the domains for stratification. The sample frame is the list of buildings that were prepared for the Census of Population and Housing 2001.

Selection of Primary Sampling Units (PSU's)

Primary sampling units are the census blocks prepared for the Census of Population and Housing - 2001. The sample frame, which is a collection of all census blocks in the domain, was used for the selection of primary sampling units. A sample of 2200 primary sampling units was selected from the sampling frame for the survey. Each selected block was updated to include newly built housing units and exclude demolished housing units, which are no longer to existence. This updating operation was also carried out over a period of 12 months, starting from June 2006 to May 2007. For each PSU, updating was done about one month prior to the scheduled interviewing.

Selection of Secondary Sampling Units (SSU's)

Secondary Sampling Units are the housing units in the selected 2200 primary sampling units (census blocks). From each primary sampling unit 10 housing units (SSU) were selected for the survey. The total sample size of 22000 housing units was selected and distributed among districts in Sri Lanka.

Sample allocation

Allocation of the number of Primary Sampling Units for the districts and sectors were done proportionately to the number of housing units and the standard deviation of the expenditure values reported in the respective domains in the Household Income and Expenditure survey 2002 (Neymann Allocation). The district sample was equally distributed among the 12 monthly rounds. Table 1.1 and Table 1.2 give the sample distributions by district and by sector respectively.

Table 1.1: Sample allocation (for 12 months) among districts

District	Housing units	District	Housing units
Sri Lanka	21790	Batticaloa	870
Colombo	3000	Ampara	900
Gampaha	2030	Kurunegala	1220
Kalutara	1670	Puttlam	870
Kandy	1220	Anuradhapura	840
Matale	630	Polonnaruwa	600
Nuwara Eliya	810	Badulla	810
Galle	1630	Moneragala	600
Matara	1370	Ratnapura	950
Hambantota	930	Kegalle	840

Table 1.2: Sample allocation (for 12 months) among sectors

Sector	Housing unit
Sri Lanka	21790
Urban	5800
Rural	13930
Estate	2060

1.5 Estimation procedure

\hat{X}_{jk} Let be the estimate of any given characteristic for j^{th} district for the k^{th} month.

This could be given by,

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{X}_{jk} = & \frac{1}{m_{jk(u)}} \sum_{h(u)=1}^{m_{jk(u)}} \frac{1}{P_{h(u)}} \frac{N_{h(u)}}{n_{h(u)}} \sum_{i(u)=1}^{n_{h(u)}} X_{hi(u)} \\ & + \frac{1}{m_{jk(r)}} \sum_{h(r)=1}^{m_{jk(r)}} \frac{1}{P_{h(r)}} \frac{N_{h(r)}}{n_{h(r)}} \sum_{i(r)=1}^{n_{h(r)}} X_{hi(r)} \\ & + \frac{1}{m_{jk(e)}} \sum_{h(e)=1}^{m_{jk(e)}} \frac{1}{P_{h(e)}} \frac{N_{h(e)}}{n_{h(e)}} \sum_{i(e)=1}^{n_{h(e)}} X_{hi(e)}\end{aligned}$$

Where

$m_{jk(u)}$ = Number of census blocks selected from the urban sector of the j^{th} district for the k^{th} survey month.

$P_{h(u)}$ = Selection probability of the h^{th} census block in the urban sector.

$$P_{h(u)} = \frac{S_{jh(u)}}{\sum_{h=1}^{M_{jh(u)}} S_{jh(u)}}$$

$S_{jh(u)}$ = Measure of size (number of housing units) of the h^{th} census block in the urban sector of the j^{th} district.

$M_{jh(u)}$ = Total number of census blocks in urban sector of the j^{th} district.

$N_{h(u)}$ = Total number of housing units listed in the h^{th} census block in the urban sector.

$n_{h(u)}$ = Number of housing units selected from the h^{th} census block in the urban sector.

$X_{hi(u)}$ = The observed value for the i^{th} sample household in the h^{th} census block in the urban sector.

$m_{jk(r)}$, $Ph_{(r)}$, $S_{jh(r)}$, $M_{jh(r)}$, $N_{h(r)}$, $nh_{(r)}$, and $X_{hi(r)}$ are corresponding terms for the rural sector and $m_{jk(e)}$, $Ph_{(e)}$, $S_{jh(e)}$, $M_{jh(e)}$, $N_{h(e)}$, $nh_{(e)}$, and $X_{hi(e)}$ are corresponding terms for the estate sector.

The estimate for the total value of a characteristic for the country for month k ,

$$\hat{X}_k = \sum_{j=1}^{19} \hat{X}_{jk} \text{ ————— } \textcircled{1}$$

The estimate for the total value of a characteristic for the j^{th} district, based on all 12 rounds.

$$\hat{X}_j = \frac{1}{12} \sum_{k=1}^{12} \hat{X}_{jk} \text{ ————— } \textcircled{2}$$

The total estimate for the total value of a characteristic for the urban sector for the country, based on all 12 rounds,

$$\hat{X}_u = \frac{1}{12} \sum_{k=1}^{12} \sum_{j=1}^{19} \hat{X}_{jk(u)} \text{ ————— } \textcircled{3}$$

Where

$$\hat{X}_{jk(u)} = \frac{1}{m_{jk(u)}} \sum_{h(u)=1}^{m_{jk(u)}} \frac{1}{P_{h(u)}} \frac{N_{h(u)}}{n_{h(u)}} \sum_{i(u)=1}^{n_{h(u)}} X_{hi(u)}$$

Similar \hat{X}_r , \hat{X}_e and Rural and Estate sector estimates for the country can be obtained.

Adjustment for unit non-response

The occurrence of unit non-response was determined by examining the final result code recorded under control data section of the schedule. Based on the final result codes the households were grouped into the following categories, which were used as a basis for adjusting for the unit non-response.

Category and description	Result code
1. Schedule completed	1
2. Housing unit demolished or vacant	6
3. Unable to complete schedule, refusal, temporarily away etc.	2,3,4,5,9

Category 1 and 2

These were considered as fully accounted for as a schedule was completed to the extent required by the situation at the time of interview and therefore no adjustment was necessary.

Category 3

This is incomplete therefore; a non-response adjustment was made for this category. The assumption made here for the adjustment of non-response was the proportion of households in category 3 is the same as the corresponding proportion for sample households in category 1. This assumption is applied on a block-by-block basis separately for urban, rural and estate sectors. The block weight before adjusting for unit non-response was

$$W'_h = \frac{1}{m_j} \sum_{h=1}^{m_j} \frac{1}{P_h} \frac{N_h}{n_h}$$

Where

N_h = Total number of housing units listed in block h

n_h = Number of housing units selected in block h

The revised weight should take the form

$$W_h = W'_h \cdot \left(\frac{n'_{h1} - n_{h2}}{n_{h1}} \right)$$

Where

n_{h1} = Number of sample households in category 1

n_{h2} = Number of sample households in category 2

n'_h = Total number of households in all categories (category 1, 2 and 3)

1.6 Definitions and Concepts

Readers should be aware of the definitions of the survey terms prior to interpreting or comparing the data. The definitions of the terms frequently used in this report are given below.

Household

A household may be a one-person household or a multi person household. A one-person household is a unit where a person lives by himself and makes separate provision for his food (either cooking the food himself or purchasing). A multi person household is a group of two or more persons who live together and has a common arrangement for cooking and partaking food. Boarders and servants who share the meals and housing facilities with other members of the household are also considered as members of that household.

Head of the household

Head of a household is a person who usually resides in the household and is acknowledged by the other members of the household as a head.

Urban sector

Area governed by either Municipal Council or Urban Council is considered as Urban Sector.

Estate sector

Plantation areas, which are more than 20 acres of extent and having not less than 10 residential labourers, are considered as estate sector.

Rural sector

Residential areas, which do not belong to urban sector or estate sector, are considered as rural sector.

Marital status

The marital status recorded was the current status at the time of the survey. A person whose marriage was registered is classified as married (registered). If the marriage has not been registered according to the law but the person claimed to be married according to the custom or repute then it is also classified as married (customary).

A person is regarded as divorced only if a divorce has been obtained in a court of law. A person who has obtained a judicial or legal separation in a court of law is classified as separated (legally). On the other hand if a person had been voluntarily

separated without obtaining a court order then such person fall into the same category classified as separated (not legally)

Share of income

$$\text{Share of income} = \frac{\text{Total income of the households or person belong to the group}}{\text{Total income of all households or persons in all groups}}$$

Household size

Number of persons usually living in the household including boarders and servants etc. is defined as household size.

Household income deciles

Income deciles are income groups whose boundaries are defined as to get 10 percent of the total number of households fallen into each group.

Household expenditure deciles

Expenditure deciles are defined similarly as income deciles, but expenditure values are used instead of income values.

Gini Co-efficient

Gini Co-efficient of a distribution is defined as the ratio of the area between the diagonal and the Lorenz curve to the triangular region underneath the diagonal.

Income receiver / obtainer

A person who is 10 or more years old and his or her calculated total monthly income received from any source is more than or equal to Rs.150 then he or she is defined as an income receiver/obtainer in this survey.

Food ratio

$$\text{Food ratio (\%)} = \frac{\text{Household expenditure on food and drink}}{\text{Total household expenditure (food \& drink and non-food)}} \times 100$$

2. Income

Household income is defined as the income received by all the members of the household from various sources, either in cash (monetary income) or in kind (non-monetary income). The main income sources used in this survey are wages and salaries, income from agricultural activities (seasonal and non seasonal crops), income from non agricultural activities, other cash income (Samurdi, dividends, interests, current remittance and transfers, windfall income etc.) and income in kind (consumed quantities of home grown fruit and vegetables, firewood, estimated rental value of owner occupied housing unit etc.).

Obtaining income information from individuals and households is a difficult task. People do not prefer to give complete and real information on income. Therefore to gather more accurate and reliable data, income information declared by the household members were collected in six separate sections. Apart from that an extra column was added in the expenditure section to gather more information on consumed items such as freely received, home grown products etc. Using this information, average monthly household income (mean income), median income, per capita income, income receiver's income, Gini coefficient of household income etc. were estimated.

2.1 Household income

According to Table 2.1 the survey results reveal that the mean household income per month for Sri Lanka is Rs. 26286 in 2006/07. The highest mean income per month is reported from urban sector (Rs. 41928), Western province (Rs. 34282) and Colombo district (Rs. 42825), which compared to other sectors, provinces and districts respectively. It also shows that the lowest household income is reported from estate sector among all other sectors and Sabaragamuwa province shows the lowest household income compared to the other provinces.

Median household income is a better indicator than the mean household income to compare the household income in Sri Lanka. The survey results reveal the median household income per month for Sri Lanka is Rs. 16735, which means half of the households in Sri Lanka have received less than Rs. 16735 per month per household in the year 2006/07. District variation of median household income shows that half of the numbers of households in Colombo district receive less than Rs. 24711 per month, while half of the number of households in Nuwara Eliya district receives less than Rs. 11914 per month per household. The values of median income of all provinces, other than Western province and Southern province are less than, that of the national level figure of Rs.16735.

Table 2.1: Median household income and mean household income by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Median household income (Rs.)	Mean household income (Rs.)
Sri Lanka	16735	26286
Urban	23642	41928
Rural	16379	24039
Estate	10480	19292
Province		
Western	21686	34282
Central	14187	23875
Southern	16837	24059
Eastern	14828	20811
North Western	14824	22565
North Central	16064	24759
Uva	14152	21371
Sabaragamuwa	13943	20712
District		
Colombo	24711	42825
Gampaha	20564	29038
Kalutara	18500	27721
Kandy	16203	24444
Matale	14119	19678
Nuwara Eliya	11914	25621
Galle	17517	24907
Matara	16229	22914
Hambantota	16784	24076
Batticaloa	15593	21032
Ampara	14556	20676
Kurunegala	14500	22870
Puttlam	15612	21939
Anuradhapura	16133	21995
Polonnaruwa	15913	30530
Badulla	14804	22035
Moneragala	12320	20118
Ratnapura	14356	22741
Kegalle	13114	18062

Figure 2.1: Mean household income and median household income by sector - 2006/07

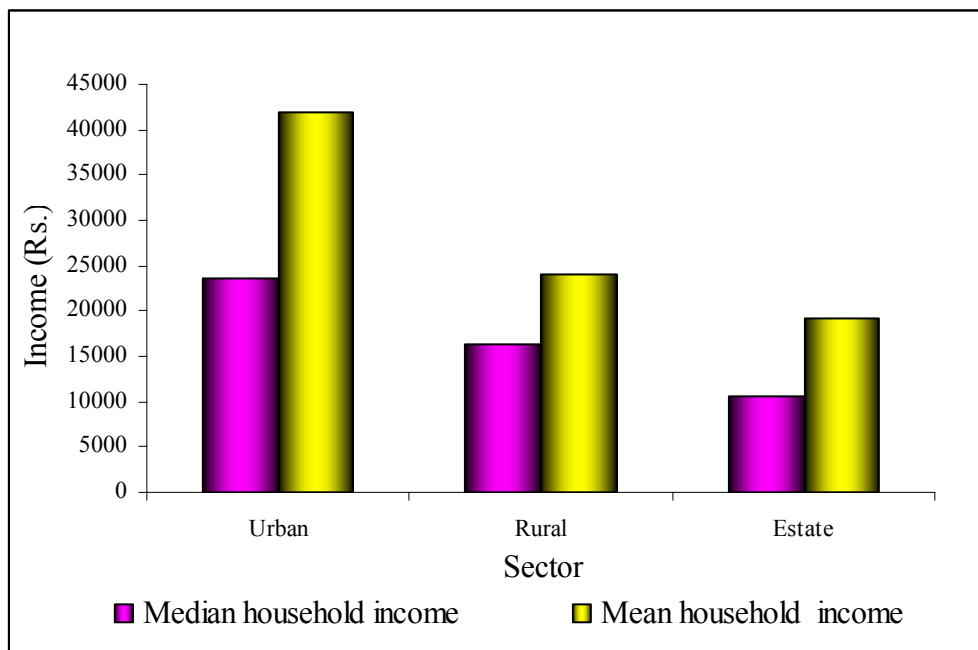


Figure 2.2: Median and mean household income by province – 2006/07

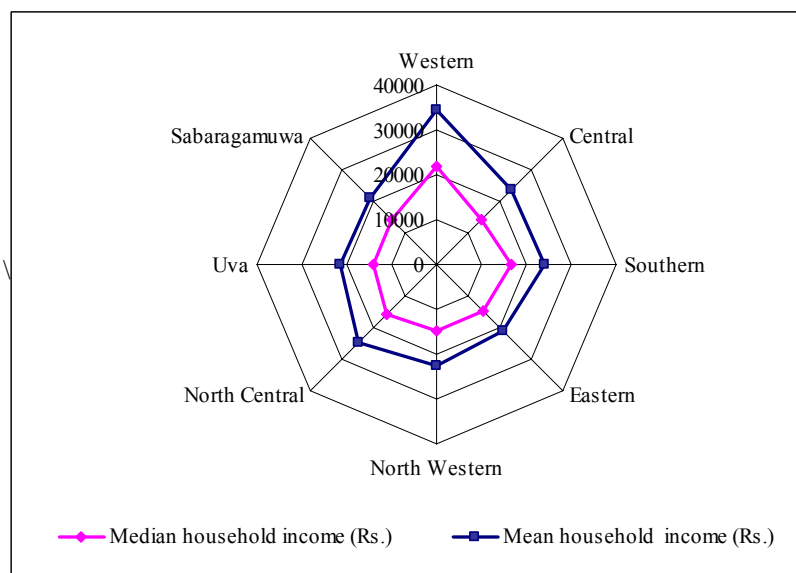
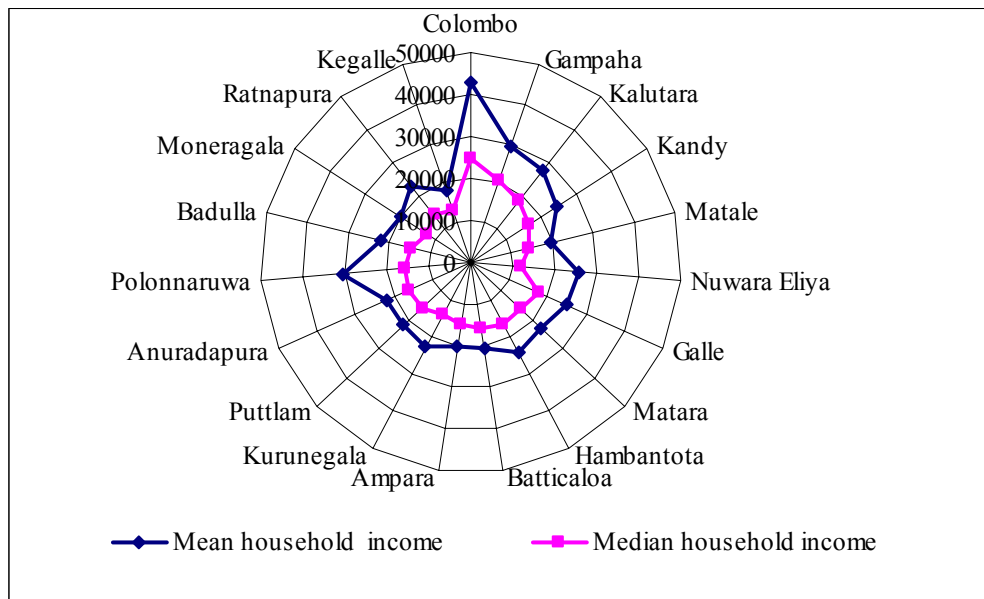


Figure 2.3: Median and mean household income by district – 2006/07



A decile group normally holds 10 percent of the total households. To obtain the decile group, all the households are arranged in ascending order to the household income and divided them into 10 groups. Table 2.2 shows median household income and mean household income by national household income decile.

Table 2.2: Median and mean household income by national household income decile – 2006/07

Decile group	Household income group(Rs.)	Median income (Rs.)	Mean income(Rs.)
All groups		16735	26286
1	Less than 6283	4501	4288
2	6283-8983	7689	7680
3	8984 - 11290	10159	10170
4	11291- 13838	12547	12540
5	13839- 16735	15164	15225
6	16736 - 20229	18316	18404
7	20230 - 24946	22330	22450
8	24947 - 32405	28101	28290
9	32406 - 46452	38005	38467
10	More than 46452	66500	105438

Table 2.3: Share of income to total household income by national household income decile by sector - 2006/07

Decile group	Sri Lanka		Urban		Rural		Estate	
	Income group (Rs)	Share of income (%)	Income group (Rs.)	Share of income (%)	Income group (Rs.)	Share of income (%)	Income group (Rs.)	Share of income (%)
All groups		100		100		100		100
1	Less than- 6283	1.6	Less than 9340	1.5	Less than 6163	1.7	Less than 4534	1.7
2	6283-8983	2.9	9341- 12803	2.7	6164 - 8843	3.1	4535 - 6350	2.9
3	8984 - 11290	3.9	12804 - 16000	3.5	8844 - 11088	4.2	6351 - 7876	3.7
4	11291- 13838	4.8	16001 - 19804	4.2	11089 - 13543	5.1	7877 - 9152	4.4
5	13839- 16735	5.8	19805 - 23642	5.1	13544 - 16379	6.2	9153 - 10480	5.1
6	16736 - 20229	7.0	23643 - 28500	6.3	16380 - 19757	7.5	10481 - 11991	5.8
7	20230 - 24946	8.5	28501 - 35286	7.4	19758 - 24156	9.1	11992 - 13950	6.8
8	24947 - 32405	10.8	35287 - 45955	9.7	24157 - 31007	11.3	13951 - 16750	7.9
9	32406 - 46452	14.6	45956 - 67483	13.2	31008 - 44022	15.2	16751 - 22070	9.7
10	More than 46452	40.1	More than 67483	46.2	More than 44022	36.5	More than 22070	52.0

The share of income to total household income shows the similar pattern for decile groups in Sri Lanka as well as in all sectors. For example 10th decile group has recorded the highest share of income to total household income in all sectors. The corresponding figures for urban, rural and estate sectors are 46 percent, 37 percent and 52 percent respectively.

Further it can be seen that the richest 20 percent (9th and 10th group) receives nearly 55 percent of the total income in Sri Lanka while the poorest 20 percent (1st and 2nd group) receives only 5 percent of the total income. When the poorest 40 percent is considered, the corresponding figure is reported as 13 percent for Sri Lanka. (Table 2.4) This pattern remains unchanged for last 20 years period.

Figure 2.4: Share of mean household income to total income – 2006/07

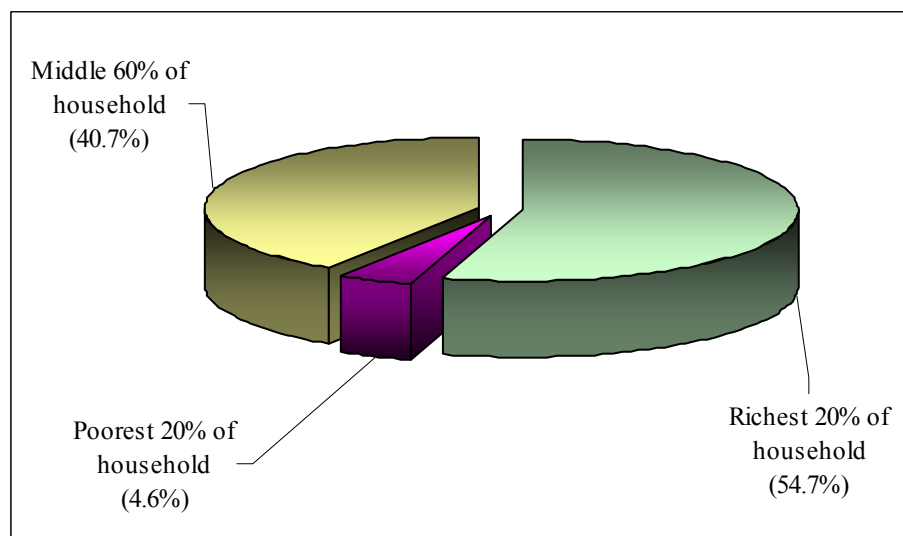


Table 2.4: Percentage of income received by richest 20% poorest 20%, middle 60% and poorest 40% of household by sector, province and district – 2006/07

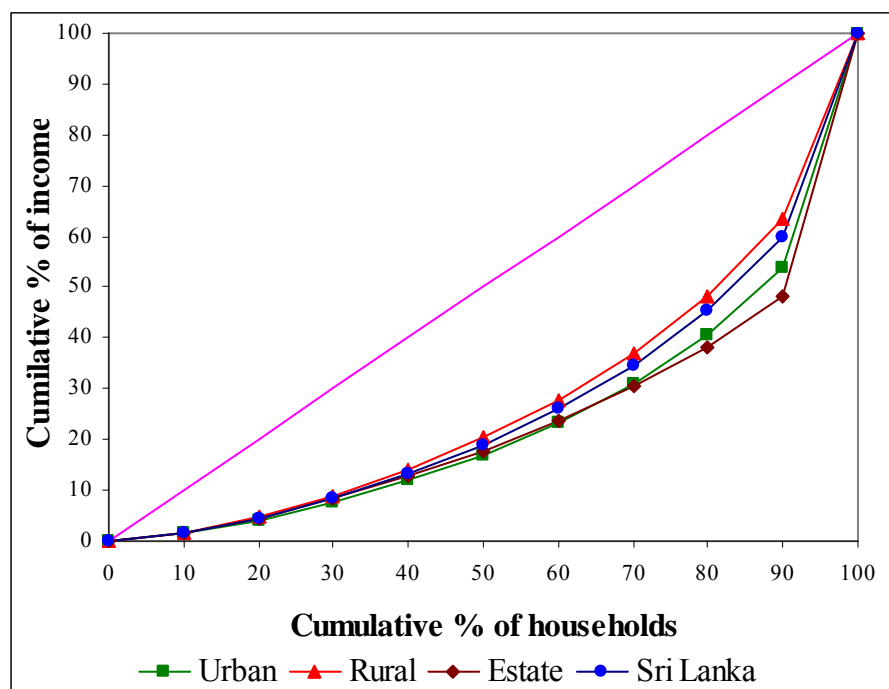
Sector, Province and District	Richest 20%	Poorest 20%	Middle 60%	Poorest 40%
Sri Lanka	54.7	4.6	40.7	13.2
Sector				
Urban	59.5	4.2	36.3	11.9
Rural	51.8	4.8	43.3	14.2
Estate	61.7	4.5	33.8	12.6
Province				
Western	54.8	4.8	40.4	8.6
Central	57.3	4.3	38.4	12.6
Southern	49.7	5.4	44.9	15.1
Eastern	49.4	4.9	45.7	14.8
North Western	53.5	4.5	42.0	13.6
North Central	54.6	4.9	40.5	13.8
Uva	53.3	4.6	42.1	13.6
Sabaragamuwa	53.3	5.0	41.8	13.9
District				
Colombo	58.1	4.5	37.3	12.7
Gampaha	49.8	5.6	44.6	15.3
Kalutara	52.8	4.8	42.4	13.6
Kandy	53.4	4.4	42.2	13.4
Matale	48.5	5.0	46.6	14.7
Nuwara Eliya	66.5	3.9	29.6	10.8
Galle	49.9	5.4	44.7	15.0
Matara	48.7	5.6	45.7	15.6
Hambantota	50.3	5.2	44.4	14.9
Batticaloa	48.6	5.2	46.2	15.6
Ampara	50.1	4.8	45.1	14.5
Kurunegala	55.1	4.4	40.4	13.2
Puttlam	50.0	4.8	45.2	14.7
Anuradhapura	49.0	5.4	45.7	15.3
Polonnaruwa	63.0	4.2	32.8	11.6
Badulla	52.2	5.1	42.7	14.6
Moneragala	55.6	4.1	40.3	12.0
Ratnapura	56.4	4.6	39.0	13.0
Kegalle	48.1	5.5	46.4	15.5

Table 2.5: Gini coefficient of mean household income, per capita income and income receiver's income by sector, province and district – 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Gini coefficient of		
	Mean income	Per capita income	income receivers income
Sri Lanka	0.49	0.49	0.55
Sector			
Urban	0.54	0.55	0.60
Rural	0.46	0.46	0.52
Estate	0.57	0.57	0.46
Province			
Western	0.49	0.49	0.56
Central	0.48	0.48	0.54
Southern	0.44	0.43	0.50
Eastern	0.44	0.42	0.49
North Western	0.48	0.47	0.54
North Central	0.44	0.44	0.50
Uva	0.48	0.47	0.54
Sabaragamuwa	0.48	0.47	0.53
District			
Colombo	0.53	0.53	0.60
Gampaha	0.44	0.43	0.51
Kalutara	0.48	0.48	0.54
Kandy	0.48	0.49	0.54
Matale	0.43	0.42	0.50
Nuwara Eliya	0.48	0.47	0.53
Galle	0.44	0.43	0.51
Matara	0.43	0.42	0.48
Hambantota	0.45	0.44	0.50
Batticaloa	0.43	0.41	0.48
Ampara	0.45	0.42	0.50
Kurunegala	0.50	0.49	0.56
Puttlam	0.45	0.44	0.51
Anuradhapura	0.43	0.42	0.50
Polonnaruwa	0.46	0.46	0.51
Badulla	0.46	0.46	0.54
Moneragala	0.50	0.49	0.56
Ratnapura	0.51	0.50	0.57
Kegalle	0.42	0.40	0.46

Gini coefficient is one of the most important indicators to measure income inequality of a society. It can take values between zero and one. If the value of Gini coefficient is zero then it indicates the perfect equal distribution of income in that domain. The high extreme values highly influence the Gini coefficient. For the small domains, the extreme values which were reported from estate sector, Nuwara Eliya and Polonnaruwa districts were removed when calculating Gini coefficients. In 2006/07 data set. In 2006/07 survey results reveal that Gini coefficient of mean household income is 0.49 in Sri Lanka. Gini coefficient for urban, rural and estate sectors is reported as 0.54, 0.46 and 0.41 respectively. This implies the highest inequality in mean household income distribution is shown in urban sector while the lowest income disparity shows in estate sector. When consider the provinces, western province shows the highest inequality in mean household income distribution and within districts, Colombo reported the highest inequality in mean household income distribution.

Figure 2.5: Lorenz curve for household income distribution – 2006/07



2.2 Per capita income

Per capita income usually depends on the household size and the total household income. Per capita income is estimated by dividing the income of all households by the estimated number of household population. Per capita income is also used to measure the wealth of a population of a nation. According to the Table 2.6 mean per capita income is Rs. 6463 per month for Sri Lanka in 2006/07. The median per capita income is reported as Rs. 4043.

Table 2.6: Mean monthly per capita income and median per capita income by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Mean per capita income	Median per capita income
Sri Lanka	6463	4043
Sector		
Urban	9653	5240
Rural	5993	4007
Estate	4589	2400
Province		
Western	8235	5056
Central	5874	3377
Southern	5806	4024
Eastern	4919	3531
North Western	5782	3723
North Central	6585	4249
Uva	5220	3318
Sabaragamuwa	5153	3466
District		
Colombo	10165	5750
Gampaha	7065	4836
Kalutara	6650	4213
Kandy	5928	3679
Matale	5069	3681
Nuwara Eliya	6281	2902
Galle	6068	4217
Matara	5475	3819
Hambantota	5789	4114
Batticaloa	5211	3765
Ampara	4754	3400
Kurunegala	5960	3723
Puttlam	5436	3731
Anuradhapura	5913	4405
Polonnaruwa	7943	4074
Badulla	5428	3425
Moneragala	4837	3087
Rathnapura	5626	3499
Kegalle	4527	3432

Table 2.7: Monthly median per capita income, mean per capita income, household size and share of income by national per capita income decile – 2006/07

Decile group	Mean per capita income group (Rs.)	Median per capita income (Rs.)	Mean per capita income (Rs.)	Share of income (%)	Household size
All groups		4043	6463	100	4.1
1	Less than 1679	1288	1231	1.9	4.6
2	1679 - 2283	1992	1987	3.1	4.6
3	2284 - 2815	2553	2554	4.0	4.4
4	2816 - 3379	3096	3095	4.8	4.3
5	3380 - 4043	3684	3699	5.7	4.2
6	4044 - 4893	4458	4460	6.9	4.1
7	4894 - 5967	5387	5399	8.4	3.9
8	5968 - 7771	6740	6792	10.5	3.8
9	7772 - 11545	9132	9346	14.5	3.7
10	More than 11545	16494	26068	40.3	3.4

Table 2.7 shows the distribution of mean per capita income and median per capita income, share of income and household size by per capita income decile. According to the Table 2.7, median per capita income in Sri Lanka is reported as Rs. 4043.

Number of persons usually live in a household including boarders, servants etc. is defined as household size. According to the survey the mean household size in Sri Lanka is reported as 4.1 persons per household. However, according to the Table 2.7 it can be observed that per capita income is relatively high in smaller households. For example the largest household size (4.6 persons) is reported in the first and second decile which reported the low mean per capita income Rs. 1231 and 1987 per month respectively while the smallest household size (3.4 persons) is reported in the 10th decile and its corresponding figure for average per capita income per month is Rs. 26068.

With respect to the above Table 2.7, about 55 percent of income has shared among richest 20 percent of households in Sri Lanka.

2.3 Income receiver's income

Income received by each person from all the sources is recorded in the relevant section of the survey schedule. Using these income values, the total monthly income was calculated for each person in that household. If the person's age is less than 10 years or his or her total income is less than Rs. 150 then he or she is not considered as an income receiver or obtainer and such incomes (including Samurdi relief payment) were added to the income of head of the household.

Table 2.8: Average number of income receivers and household size by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	No. of income receivers	Household size
Sri Lanka	1.8	4.1
Sector		
Urban	1.9	4.3
Rural	1.8	4.0
Estate	2.0	4.2
Province		
Western	2.0	4.2
Central	1.8	4.1
Southern	1.8	4.1
Eastern	1.5	4.2
North Western	1.7	3.9
North Central	1.6	3.8
Uva	1.7	4.1
Sabaragamuwa	1.8	4.0
District		
Colombo	2.0	4.2
Gampaha	1.9	4.1
Kalutara	1.9	4.2
Kandy	1.7	4.1
Matale	1.7	3.9
Nuwara Eliya	1.9	4.1
Galle	1.8	4.1
Matara	1.9	4.2
Hambantota	1.8	4.2
Batticaloa	1.5	4.0
Ampara	1.5	4.4
Kurunegala	1.8	3.8
Puttlam	1.7	4.0
Anuradhapura	1.6	3.7
Polonnaruwa	1.6	3.8
Badulla	1.7	4.1
Moneragala	1.6	4.2
Ratnapura	1.8	4.0
Kegalle	1.8	4.0

The lowest mean number of income receivers is reported from eastern province (1.5) when the provinces are considered. When regarding the districts, Colombo district records the highest mean number of income receivers, which is reported as 2.0.

Table 2.8 shows that the mean number of income receivers /obtainers per household is 1 .8 in Sri Lanka. The corresponding figure for estate sector is 2.0, which is reported as the highest among sectors and the corresponding figure for Eastern province 1.5, which is reported as the lowest among provinces. Colombo district is reported 2.0, which is reported as the highest number of income receiver's among districts.

In 2006/07 the average monthly income receiver's income is reported as Rs. 14457 for Sri Lanka. When sectors are compared an income receiver in the urban sector earns almost two times of income than that an income receiver in the estate sector earns for a month. The reported figures for urban sector and estate sector are Rs. 21668 and Rs. 9407 respectively. (Table 2.9) .The lowest income receiver's mean income Rs. 11376, is reported from Sabaragamuwa province among the provinces and Rs. 9761 is reported from Kegalle district as the lowest income receiver's mean income among the districts.

Figure 2.6: Income receiver's mean income and median income by district – 2006/07

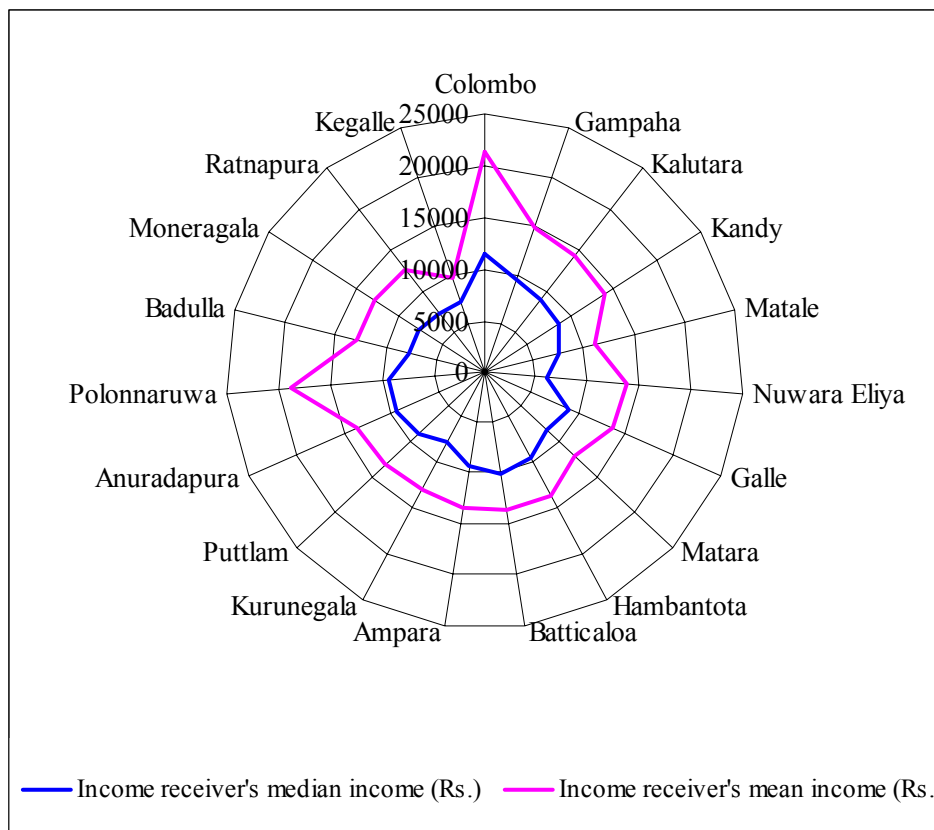


Table 2.9: Income receiver's mean income and median income by sector, province and district – 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Income receiver's median income (Rs.)	Income receiver's mean income (Rs.)
Sri Lanka	8693	14457
Sector		
Urban	11500	21668
Rural	8750	13495
Estate	4900	9407
Province		
Western	10000	17344
Central	7407	13359
Southern	8900	12984
Eastern	9686	13483
North Western	8000	13005
North Central	9347	15324
Uva	7579	12773
Sabaragamuwa	7151	11376
District		
Colombo	11500	21355
Gampaha	9500	14825
Kalutara	8833	14220
Kandy	8547	14005
Matale	7372	11112
Nuwara Eliya	6060	13685
Galle	9000	13528
Matara	8129	11943
Hambantota	9500	13474
Batticaloa	10073	13641
Ampara	9271	13387
Kurunegala	7701	12957
Puttlam	8800	13107
Anuradhapura	9317	13662
Polonnaruwa	9367	18763
Badulla	7564	12781
Moneragala	7614	12756
Ratnapura	7167	12627
Kegalle	7122	9761

According to the Table 2.10 it can be noticed that both average household size and number of income receivers per household increase with household income. In the first decile group the average household size is reported as 2.8 persons and number of income receivers per household is reported as 1.3. The corresponding figures for last decile group are reported as 4.6 and 2.3 respectively.

Table 2.10: Average household income, average household size and average number of income receiver's per household by national household income decile - 2006/07

Decile group	National Income group	Mean Household income (Rs.)	Household size	No of income receivers per household
All groups		26286	4.1	1.8
1	Less than 6283	4288	2.8	1.3
2	6283 - 8983	7680	3.6	1.5
3	8984 - 11290	10170	3.8	1.6
4	11291 - 13838	12540	4.0	1.6
5	13839 - 16735	15225	4.2	1.8
6	16736 - 20229	18404	4.2	1.9
7	20230 - 24946	22450	4.4	1.9
8	24947 - 32405	28290	4.4	2.0
9	32406 - 46452	38467	4.6	2.2
10	More than 46452	105438	4.6	2.3

Table 2.11: Income receiver's median income and mean income by income receiver's income decile - 2006/07

Decile group	Income receiver's income group (Rs.)	Income receiver's median income (Rs.)	Income receiver's mean income (Rs.)
All groups		8693	14457
1	Less than 2083	1171	1158
2	2083 - 3750	3000	2954
3	3751 - 5221	4500	4520
4	5222 - 6920	6000	6048
5	6921 - 8693	7860	7772
6	8694 - 10806	9834	9725
7	10807 - 13917	12169	12280
8	13918 - 17967	15500	15700
9	17967 - 26250	21000	21345
10	More than 26250	37279	63094

The distribution of income receiver's mean income, median income by income

receiver's income decile and mean household income, median household income by household income decile shows the similar patterns in Sri Lanka.

Table 2.11 shows the income receiver's mean income is Rs. 14457 in Sri Lanka. When consider the income receiver's income groups in Sri Lanka, an income receiver's in the lowest decile receive less than Rs.2083, while an income receiver's in the highest decile receives more than Rs. 26250. According to the Table 2.11, it reveals that, the 80 percent of income receiver's in Sri Lanka receive less than the mean income (Rs.26286) in Sri Lanka.

Figure 2.7: Income receiver's median income by income receiver's income group - 2006/07

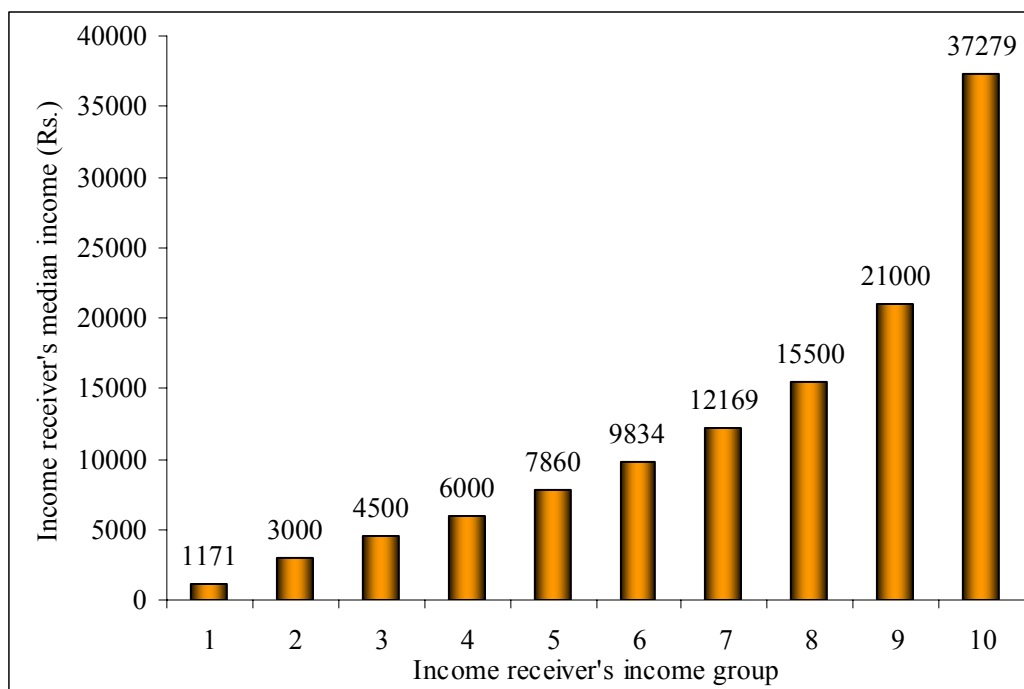


Table 2.12: Gini coefficient of income receiver's mean income by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Gini coefficient of Income receivers mean income	% of income received by poorest 40% of income receivers in total income	% of income received by richest 20% of income receivers in total income
Sri Lanka	0.55	10.1	58.4
Sector			
Urban	0.60	9.3	63.9
Rural	0.52	11.3	55.5
Estate	0.46	10.7	64.5
Province			
Western	0.56	10.4	59.5
Central	0.54	9.1	61.3
Southern	0.50	10.9	53.3
Eastern	0.49	9.7	55.4
North Western	0.54	9.8	58.0
North Central	0.50	10.4	59.2
Uva	0.54	9.1	58.5
Sabaragamuwa	0.53	10.0	57.1
District			
Colombo	0.60	9.7	62.8
Gampaha	0.51	11.2	54.9
Kalutara	0.54	10.5	56.9
Kandy	0.54	9.4	56.2
Matale	0.50	9.9	54.5
Nuwara Eliya	0.53	9.0	70.0
Galle	0.51	11.2	54.5
Matara	0.48	11.2	51.5
Hambantota	0.50	10.7	53.1
Batticaloa	0.48	9.6	53.8
Ampara	0.50	9.5	57.3
Kurunegala	0.56	9.3	58.6
Puttlam	0.51	10.1	56.6
Anuradhapura	0.50	11.4	54.6
Polonnaruwa	0.51	9.0	66.1
Badulla	0.54	9.4	57.6
Moneragala	0.56	8.4	60.8
Ratnapura	0.57	9.5	60.4
Kegalle	0.46	11.3	50.9

2.4 Source of income

As mentioned earlier, income is received in two main ways, either in cash or in kind. The first is identified as monetary and the second is identified as non monetary. Income from wages and salaries, agricultural activities (seasonal and non seasonal crops), non agricultural activities, and other cash income (which includes pension payments, disability payments, Samurdi, local and foreign transfers, windfall income such as lottery wins, compensations etc.) are identified as monetary income. The non monetary income is the estimated value of good and services received in kind and consumed within the survey reference period. This value is formed by home grown fruits and vegetables, firewood, home consumed quantities of the product of agricultural activities, and other goods or concession values received from employer or other parties. Estimated rental value of owner occupied housing units or freely occupied housing units are also included under non monetary income.

The mean household income per month for Sri Lanka is Rs. 26286 at national level, out of the total household income, Rs. 22616 or 86 percent of the income is received as monetary income in 2007. As usual major part of the monetary income is recorded from wages and salaries and it is about 36 percent of the total household income. (Table 2.13)

Table 2.13: Average monthly household income by main source of income - 2006/07

Source of income	Sri Lanka	
	(Rs.)	(%)
Total income	26286	100
Monetary income	22616	86.0
Wages/Salaries	9418	35.8
Agricultural activities	3170	12.1
Non agricultural activities	4507	17.1
Other cash income	3128	11.9
Income by chance/adhoc gains	2392	9.1
Non monetary Income	3670	14.0
Income in kind	1201	4.6
Estimated value of own occupied housing income	2469	9.4

Table 2.14: Average monthly household income by main source of income by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Mean household income	Total monetary income	Wages/Salaries	Agricultural activities	Non agricultural activities	Other cash income	Income by chance/ adhoc gains	Non monetary income
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sri Lanka	26286	22616	9418	3170	4507	3128	2392	3671
Sector								
Urban	41928	35349	15056	1395	8497	6038	4363	6579
Rural	24039	20737	8556	3256	4056	2723	2146	3302
Estate	19292	17674	7705	6577	816	1643	933	1618
Province								
Western	34282	28907	13855	1548	6140	4274	3090	5377
Central	23875	20900	8076	4513	3313	3399	1599	2973
Southern	24059	20597	8294	3772	3367	2588	2576	3462
Eastern	20811	18459	8262	1102	2828	2375	3892	2352
North Western	22565	19720	7393	3321	4538	2309	2159	2845
North Central	24759	21994	6103	3363	5983	3500	3045	2765
Uva	21371	18550	6179	5122	2914	2482	1853	2822
Sabaragamuwa	20712	17953	7245	4647	3612	1709	740	2760
District								
Colombo	42825	35346	16673	1550	8035	5486	3602	7479
Gampaha	29038	24899	12761	872	4827	3467	2972	4138
Kalutara	27721	24062	10426	2887	4979	3464	2306	3658
Kandy	24444	20856	8983	2582	3366	4021	1904	3588
Matale	19678	16869	6599	3053	2664	2830	1723	2809
Nuwara Eliya	25621	23628	7440	8892	3646	2673	977	1993
Galle	24907	21336	8911	4206	3284	2850	2085	3571
Matara	22914	19408	7964	2853	3058	2210	3323	3506
Hambantota	24076	20878	7595	4250	3957	2628	2448	3198
Batticaloa	21032	18977	8294	1187	2646	2563	4287	2057
Ampara	20676	18144	8243	1051	2939	2260	3651	2533
Kurunegala	22870	19945	7026	3927	4586	2187	2219	2924
Puttlam	21939	19259	8146	2078	4438	2560	2037	2682
Anuradhapura	21995	19103	6061	3869	3607	3275	2291	2891
Polonnaruwa	30530	28031	6190	2307	10945	3969	4620	2500
Badulla	22035	19081	6840	3463	2832	3315	2631	2954
Moneragala	20118	17546	4931	8252	3070	909	384	2572
Ratnapura	22741	19749	6746	6509	4356	1224	914	2992
Kegalle	18062	15604	7898	2214	2638	2342	512	2458

Table 2.15: Percentage of average monthly household income by main source of income by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total income	Total monetary income	Wages/Salaries	Agricultural activities	Non agricultural activities	Other cash income	Income by chance/ adhoc gains	Non monetary income
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Sri Lanka	100	86.0	35.8	12.1	17.1	11.9	9.1	14.0
Sector								
Urban	100	84.3	35.9	3.3	20.3	14.4	10.4	15.7
Rural	100	86.3	35.6	13.5	16.9	11.3	8.9	13.7
Estate	100	91.6	39.9	34.1	4.2	8.5	4.8	8.4
Province								
Western	100	84.3	40.4	4.5	17.9	12.5	9.0	15.7
Central	100	87.5	33.8	18.9	13.9	14.2	6.7	12.5
Southern	100	85.6	34.5	15.7	14.0	10.8	10.7	14.4
Eastern	100	88.7	39.7	5.3	13.6	11.4	18.7	11.3
North Western	100	87.4	32.8	14.7	20.1	10.2	9.6	12.6
North Central	100	88.8	24.6	13.6	24.2	14.1	12.3	11.2
Uva	100	86.8	28.9	24.0	13.6	11.6	8.7	13.2
Sabaragamuwa	100	86.7	35.0	22.4	17.4	8.3	3.6	13.3
District								
Colombo	100	82.5	38.9	3.6	18.8	12.8	8.4	17.5
Gampaha	100	85.7	43.9	3.0	16.6	11.9	10.2	14.3
Kalutara	100	86.8	37.6	10.4	18.0	12.5	8.3	13.2
Kandy	100	85.3	36.7	10.6	13.8	16.4	7.8	14.7
Matale	100	85.7	33.5	15.5	13.5	14.4	8.8	14.3
Nuwara Eliya	100	92.2	29.0	34.7	14.2	10.4	3.8	7.8
Galle	100	85.7	35.8	16.9	13.2	11.4	8.4	14.3
Matara	100	84.7	34.8	12.5	13.3	9.6	14.5	15.3
Hambantota	100	86.7	31.5	17.7	16.4	10.9	10.2	13.3
Batticaloa	100	90.2	39.4	5.6	12.6	12.2	20.4	9.8
Ampara	100	87.8	39.9	5.1	14.2	10.9	17.7	12.3
Kurunegala	100	87.2	30.7	17.2	20.1	9.6	9.7	12.8
Puttlam	100	87.8	37.1	9.5	20.2	11.7	9.3	12.2
Anuradhapura	100	86.9	27.6	17.6	16.4	14.9	10.4	13.1
Polonnaruwa	100	91.8	20.3	7.6	35.8	13.0	15.1	8.2
Badulla	100	86.6	31.0	15.7	12.9	15.0	11.9	13.4
Moneragala	100	87.2	24.5	41.0	15.3	4.5	1.9	12.8
Ratnapura	100	86.8	29.7	28.6	19.2	5.4	4.0	13.2
Kegalle	100	86.4	43.7	12.3	14.6	13.0	2.8	13.6

3. Expenditure

Household expenditure data were collected in three major groups in the schedule.

- Expenditure on food.
- Expenditure on non food.
- Expenditure incurred by boarders and domestic servants.

Under food expenditure, all the food items consumed by the household during the reference period (one week) were collected. For non food expenditure, all non food items and services purchased by the household during the given reference period were collected. Personal expenditure of boarders and domestic servants who live in the household is reported according to the related expenditure group in a separate section of the schedule.

To obtain more accurate data, the first two sections are divided into 34 sub groups. Of that total 19 sub groups are included under the section of expenditure on food such as cereals, prepared food, vegetables, fish, meat etc. and the rest of 16 sub groups are included under the section of non food expenditure i.e. housing, fuel and light, health, durable goods etc.

To gather more reliable information on expenditure, food expenditure was collected for 7 consecutive days from each household selected in the sample. But non food expenditure was collected for different reference periods varying from one month to twelve months.

3.1 Household expenditure

According to the Table 3.1 the average household expenditure is Rs.22952 per month for Sri Lanka in 2006/07. When residential sectors (Urban, Rural and Estate) are compared, households in urban sector have spent Rs. 35274 per month and households in rural sector have spent Rs. 21440 per month. Households in Estate sector have spent Rs.13456 per month which is the lowest value among sectors.

Table 3.1 also shows the average monthly household expenditure on food and drink, and non food items by province and by district. It is reported that households in Western province have spent Rs. 31437 per month and households in Uva province have spent Rs.15886 per month. When districts are compared the highest mean household expenditure is reported from Colombo district (Rs.37011 per month) while the lowest mean household expenditure is reported from Moneragala district (Rs.13155 per month).

Table 3.1: Average monthly household expenditure on food & drink & non-food items by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total expenditure (Rs)	Expenditure on food & drink (Rs)	Food ratio (%)	Expenditure on non food items (Rs)	Non-food ratio (%)
Sri Lanka	22952	8641	37.6	14311	62.4
Sector					
Urban	35274	11015	31.2	24259	68.8
Rural	21440	8305	38.7	13135	61.3
Estate	13456	7503	55.8	5953	44.2
Province					
Western	31437	10009	31.8	21428	68.2
Central	19045	8130	42.7	10915	57.3
Southern	21927	8601	39.2	13326	60.8
Eastern	22038	10394	47.2	11644	52.8
North Western	19396	8059	41.6	11336	58.4
North Central	20585	7326	35.6	13259	64.4
Uva	15886	7024	44.2	8863	55.8
Sabaragamuwa	16141	7302	45.2	8840	54.8
District					
Colombo	37011	10795	29.2	26216	70.8
Gampaha	29145	9487	32.6	19658	67.4
Kalutara	24911	9484	38.1	15427	61.9
Kandy	21762	8709	40.0	13053	60.0
Matale	19066	7277	38.2	11789	61.8
Nuwara Eliya	14220	7665	53.9	6555	46.1
Galle	23079	8935	38.7	14144	61.3
Matara	21348	8372	39.2	12977	60.8
Hambantota	20568	8293	40.3	12275	59.7
Batticaloa	21592	10499	48.6	11093	51.4
Ampara	22311	10330	46.3	11980	53.7
Kurunegala	18452	7478	40.5	10975	59.5
Puttalam	21332	9254	43.4	12079	56.6
Anuradhapura	20290	7254	35.8	13036	64.2
Polonnaruwa	21202	7477	35.3	13725	64.7
Badulla	17335	7132	41.1	10202	58.9
Moneragala	13155	6820	51.8	6335	48.2
Rathnapura	16423	7279	44.3	9145	55.7
Kegalle	15773	7332	46.5	8441	53.5

Table 3.2: Gini coefficients of household expenditure and per-capita expenditure by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Gini coefficient of	
	Mean household expenditure	Per capita expenditure
Sri Lanka	0.41	0.40
Sector		
Urban	0.42	0.43
Rural	0.39	0.39
Estate	0.28	0.26
Province		
Western	0.41	0.41
Central	0.38	0.38
Southern	0.38	0.37
Eastern	0.35	0.33
North Western	0.38	0.36
North Central	0.41	0.40
Uva	0.37	0.35
Sabaragamuwa	0.35	0.34
District		
Colombo	0.40	0.41
Gampaha	0.40	0.40
Kalutara	0.38	0.38
Kandy	0.39	0.39
Matale	0.40	0.39
Nuwara Eliya	0.31	0.29
Galle	0.39	0.39
Matara	0.38	0.37
Hambantota	0.36	0.34
Batticaloa	0.34	0.32
Ampara	0.36	0.34
Kurunegala	0.37	0.36
Puttlam	0.38	0.37
Anuradhapura	0.41	0.40
Polonnaruwa	0.39	0.39
Badulla	0.38	0.36
Moneragala	0.33	0.31
Rathnapura	0.36	0.36
Kegalle	0.33	0.31

Figure 3.1: Average monthly household expenditure on food & non- food items by sector
- 2006/07

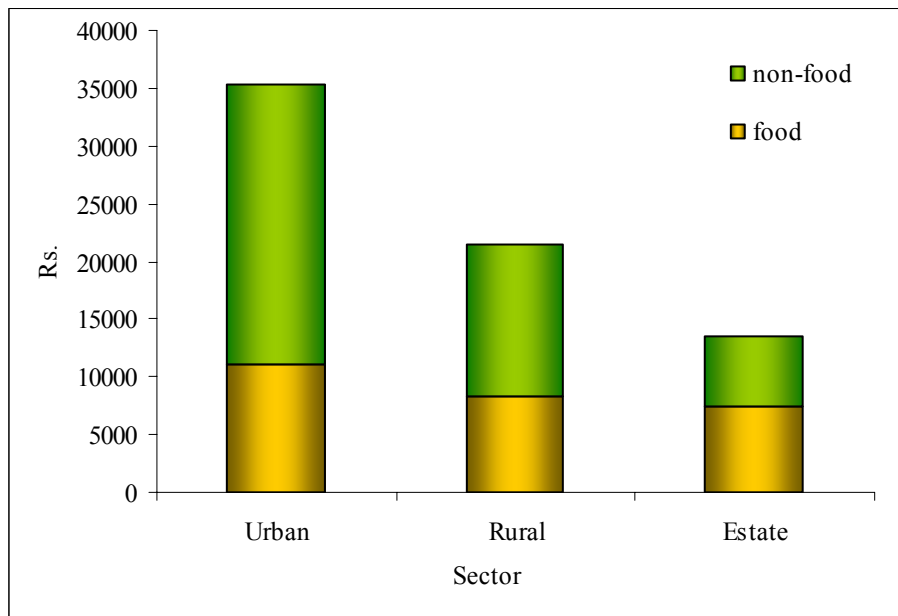
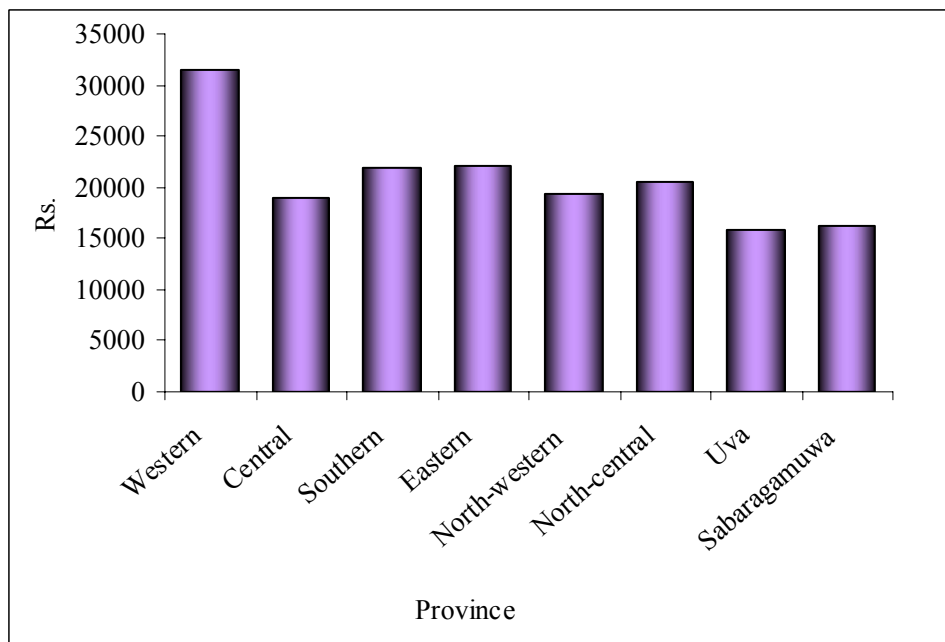


Figure 3.2: Average monthly household expenditure by province - 2006/07



3.2. Food ratio

The ratio of expenditure on food and drink to total expenditure is called the food ratio and it is generally presented as a percentage.

$$\text{Food ratio (\%)} = \frac{\text{Household expenditure on food and drink}}{\text{Total household expenditure (food \& drink and non food)}} \times 100$$

The expenditure on liquor, and tobacco etc. is not considered as a part of food and drink expenditure where as it is a part of the total expenditure in this calculation.

Food ratio indirectly indicates the development of the area with the better living conditions and is also a very useful indicator. Average monthly household expenditure for Sri Lanka is Rs.22952. Of this value, Rs. 8641 is spent on food and drink, which is about 37.6 percent of the total expenditure and it is defined as food ratio.

Table 3.1 shows the food ratio by sector, by province, and by district. When comparing food ratio by districts the lowest food ratio is reported from Colombo district (29.2 percent) while the highest food ratio is reported from Nuwara Eliya district (53.9 percent) in 2006/07. It is clear that those who live in Colombo district spend more on housing, education, transport, electricity, and health etc, compared with those who live in Nuwara Eliya district. This does not imply that the households in Colombo district spend fewer amounts on food than the household in Nuwara Eliya district. The absolute expenditure values for food and drink in Colombo and Nuwara Eliya district are Rs.10795 and Rs. 7665 respectively.

3.2.1 Consumption of food

Cereals (rice, wheat flour, etc.) and prepared food are the two major groups which are consumed in large quantities rather than other major food groups in Sri Lanka. The household consumption and expenditure for major food groups by sector and province and by district are shown in Table 3.3 A and Table 3.3 B.

According to the Table 3.3A when comparing the cereals consumption pattern among the sectors, the highest consumption of cereals is reported from Estate sector (Rs.2234) and the lowest consumption of cereals is reported from urban sector. (Rs.1231) But it is very clear that the households in urban sector have spent more money (Rs.1894) for prepared foods than the households in Rural and Estate sector. The corresponding figures are Rs.919 and Rs.479 respectively.

Table 3.3A: Average monthly household expenditure on major food item by sector and province - 2006/07

Sector and Province	All food items	Cereals	Prepared food	Pulses	Vegetables	Meat	Fish	Dried fish	Coconuts	Condiments	Milk & milk food	Fat & oil	Sugar, Juggery & Treacle	Fruits	Other food items
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Sri Lanka	8641	1389	1032	304	727	366	744	348	473	803	754	186	325	294	897
Sector															
Urban	11015	1231	1894	300	753	676	1250	279	491	971	1061	216	347	436	1111
Rural	8305	1361	919	300	727	320	686	369	476	780	710	179	325	281	872
Estate	7503	2234	479	367	659	251	299	210	371	710	615	219	268	118	702
Province															
Western	10009	1259	1551	327	773	481	1013	393	505	866	983	195	339	359	964
Central	8130	1618	854	321	695	311	384	302	427	741	772	221	315	250	917
Southern	8601	1363	940	311	698	164	824	334	528	909	819	136	358	309	906
Eastern	10394	1415	1005	175	802	869	1503	222	489	975	734	208	433	404	1160
North Western	8059	1302	730	261	714	418	735	421	446	841	551	164	335	272	869
North Central	7326	1359	749	273	663	307	657	320	442	670	488	190	264	225	721
Uva	7024	1559	638	315	758	211	328	252	353	585	571	219	251	226	760
Sabaragamuwa	7302	1496	726	330	677	202	347	348	497	679	551	173	279	212	784

Table 3.3B: Average monthly household expenditure on major food item by district - 2006/07

District	All food items	Cereals	Prepared food	Pulses	Vegetables	Meat	Fish	Dried fish	Coconuts	Condiments	Milk & milk food	Fat & oil	Sugar, jaggery & Treacle	Fruits	Other food items
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Sri Lanka	8641	1389	1032	304	727	366	744	348	473	803	754	186	325	294	897
Colombo	10795	1221	1808	324	836	546	1147	350	515	949	1095	213	324	413	1053
Gampaha	9487	1232	1519	313	729	485	955	416	485	764	895	181	339	295	878
Kalutara	9484	1387	1105	361	736	343	863	434	525	905	934	185	371	380	957
Kandy	8709	1468	1086	322	717	353	425	345	459	756	865	230	339	323	1022
Matale	7277	1308	760	303	684	238	367	301	465	630	653	182	301	245	840
Nuwara Eliya	7665	2089	507	332	664	286	321	226	344	787	686	232	282	124	784
Galle	8935	1312	1098	353	661	190	845	442	452	910	856	156	335	327	1000
Matara	8372	1324	866	299	718	161	776	289	567	810	871	126	404	282	879
Hambantota	8293	1517	746	248	740	121	855	195	614	1048	676	115	336	316	766
Batticaloa	10499	1320	1112	123	803	833	1849	146	547	973	747	197	407	314	1128
Ampara	10330	1472	939	207	802	891	1293	269	453	977	726	215	448	459	1180
Kurunegala	7478	1294	588	270	729	321	522	455	451	792	500	145	321	249	840
Puttalam	9254	1318	1023	242	683	617	1172	350	436	942	655	203	365	320	927
Anuradhapura	7254	1321	784	265	643	313	645	299	403	670	468	201	265	239	740
Polonnaruwa	7477	1437	677	290	705	294	682	364	524	671	530	167	262	195	681
Badulla	7132	1575	753	322	766	201	284	270	302	534	632	229	220	224	820
Moneragala	6820	1528	421	302	742	229	412	217	450	680	455	199	310	228	646
Rathnapura	7279	1579	797	355	658	157	316	312	527	715	470	170	250	218	756
Kegalle	7332	1388	632	298	701	261	389	396	459	633	656	176	317	204	821

Table 3.4A: Percentage distribution of average monthly household expenditure on major food item by sector and province
- 2006/07

Sector and Province	All food items	Cereals	Prepared food	Pulses	Vegetables	Meat	Fish	Dried fish	Coconuts	Condiments	Milk & milk food	Fats & oil	Sugar, juggery Treacle	Fruits	Other food items
Sri Lanka	100	16.1	11.9	3.5	8.4	4.2	8.6	4.0	5.5	9.3	8.7	2.2	3.8	3.4	10.4
Sector															
Urban	100	11.2	17.2	2.7	6.8	6.1	11.3	2.5	4.5	8.8	9.6	2.0	3.1	4.0	10.1
Rural	100	16.4	11.1	3.6	8.8	3.8	8.3	4.4	5.7	9.4	8.5	2.2	3.9	3.4	10.5
Estate	100	29.8	6.4	4.9	8.8	3.3	4.0	2.8	5.0	9.5	8.2	2.9	3.6	1.6	9.4
Province															
Western	100	12.6	15.5	3.3	7.7	4.8	10.1	3.9	5.0	8.7	9.8	1.9	3.4	3.6	9.6
Central	100	19.9	10.5	4.0	8.5	3.8	4.7	3.7	5.3	9.1	9.5	2.7	3.9	3.1	11.3
Southern	100	15.9	10.9	3.6	8.1	1.9	9.6	3.9	6.1	10.6	9.5	1.6	4.2	3.6	10.5
Eastern	100	13.6	9.7	1.7	7.7	8.4	14.5	2.1	4.7	9.4	7.1	2.0	4.2	3.9	11.2
North Western	100	16.2	9.1	3.2	8.9	5.2	9.1	5.2	5.5	10.4	6.8	2.0	4.2	3.4	10.8
North Central	100	18.5	10.2	3.7	9.0	4.2	9.0	4.4	6.0	9.1	6.7	2.6	3.6	3.1	9.8
Uva	100	22.2	9.1	4.5	10.8	3.0	4.7	3.6	5.0	8.3	8.1	3.1	3.6	3.2	10.8
Sabaragamuwa	100	20.5	9.9	4.5	9.3	2.8	4.8	4.8	6.8	9.3	7.5	2.4	3.8	2.9	10.7

Table 3.4B: Percentage distribution of average monthly household expenditure on major food items by district - 2006/07

District	All food items	Cereals	Prepared food	Pulses	Vegetables	Meat	Fish	Dried fish	Coconuts	Condiments	Milk & milk foods	Fats & oil	Sugar, jaggery & treacle	Fruits	Other food items
Sri Lanka	100.0	16.1	11.9	3.5	8.4	4.2	8.6	4.0	5.5	9.3	8.7	2.2	3.8	3.4	10.4
Colombo	100	11.3	16.7	3.0	7.7	5.1	10.6	3.2	4.8	8.8	10.1	2.0	3.0	3.8	9.8
Gampaha	100	13.0	16.0	3.3	7.7	5.1	10.1	4.4	5.1	8.0	9.4	1.9	3.6	3.1	9.3
Kalutara	100	14.6	11.6	3.8	7.8	3.6	9.1	4.6	5.5	9.5	9.8	1.9	3.9	4.0	10.1
Kandy	100	16.9	12.5	3.7	8.2	4.1	4.9	4.0	5.3	8.7	9.9	2.6	3.9	3.7	11.7
Matale	100	18.0	10.4	4.2	9.4	3.3	5.0	4.1	6.4	8.7	9.0	2.5	4.1	3.4	11.5
Nuwara Eliya	100	27.2	6.6	4.3	8.7	3.7	4.2	2.9	4.5	10.3	9.0	3.0	3.7	1.6	10.2
Galle	100	14.7	12.3	3.9	7.4	2.1	9.5	4.9	5.1	10.2	9.6	1.7	3.8	3.7	11.2
Matara	100	15.8	10.3	3.6	8.6	1.9	9.3	3.5	6.8	9.7	10.4	1.5	4.8	3.4	10.5
Hambantota	100	18.3	9.0	3.0	8.9	1.5	10.3	2.3	7.4	12.6	8.2	1.4	4.1	3.8	9.2
Batticaloa	100	12.6	10.6	1.2	7.6	7.9	17.6	1.4	5.2	9.3	7.1	1.9	3.9	3.0	10.7
Ampara	100	14.3	9.1	2.0	7.8	8.6	12.5	2.6	4.4	9.5	7.0	2.1	4.3	4.4	11.4
Kurunegala	100	17.3	7.9	3.6	9.7	4.3	7.0	6.1	6.0	10.6	6.7	1.9	4.3	3.3	11.2
Puttalam	100	14.2	11.1	2.6	7.4	6.7	12.7	3.8	4.7	10.2	7.1	2.2	3.9	3.5	10.0
Anuradhapura	100	18.2	10.8	3.6	8.9	4.3	8.9	4.1	5.6	9.2	6.5	2.8	3.7	3.3	10.2
Polonnaruwa	100	19.2	9.1	3.9	9.4	3.9	9.1	4.9	7.0	9.0	7.1	2.2	3.5	2.6	9.1
Badulla	100	22.1	10.6	4.5	10.7	2.8	4.0	3.8	4.2	7.5	8.9	3.2	3.1	3.1	11.5
Moneragala	100	22.4	6.2	4.4	10.9	3.4	6.0	3.2	6.6	10.0	6.7	2.9	4.5	3.3	9.5
Rathnapura	100	21.7	11.0	4.9	9.0	2.2	4.3	4.3	7.2	9.8	6.5	2.3	3.4	3.0	10.4
Kegalle	100	18.9	8.6	4.1	9.6	3.6	5.3	5.4	6.3	8.6	8.9	2.4	4.3	2.8	11.2

Table 3.4A and 3.4B shows the percentage distribution of average monthly household expenditure on major food groups given in Table 3.3A and 3.3B respectively. The households in the Nuwara Eliya district have spent 27 percent of total food expenditure on cereal. On the other hand Colombo district shows the highest percentage of expenditure on prepared foods (17 percent of total the food expenditure)

3.2.2 Selected food items

Rice, wheat flour and bread etc. are major food items consumed in Sri Lanka. Table 3.5 shows the expenditure values of some selected food items by national household expenditure deciles. Table 3.6 gives the consumption quantities for those selected food items.

Table 3.5 shows food items like Samba rice, bread, chicken, Kelavalla, eggs, milk powder, banana, etc. the households in the 10th decile group have significantly spent more than households in the first decile group.

Table 3.6 shows the consumption quantities for selected food items like chicken, Kelavalla, and milk powder etc. has increased from first decile to 10th decile when household expenditure deciles are considered.

Figure 3.3: Average monthly household consumption of rice by sector - 2006/07

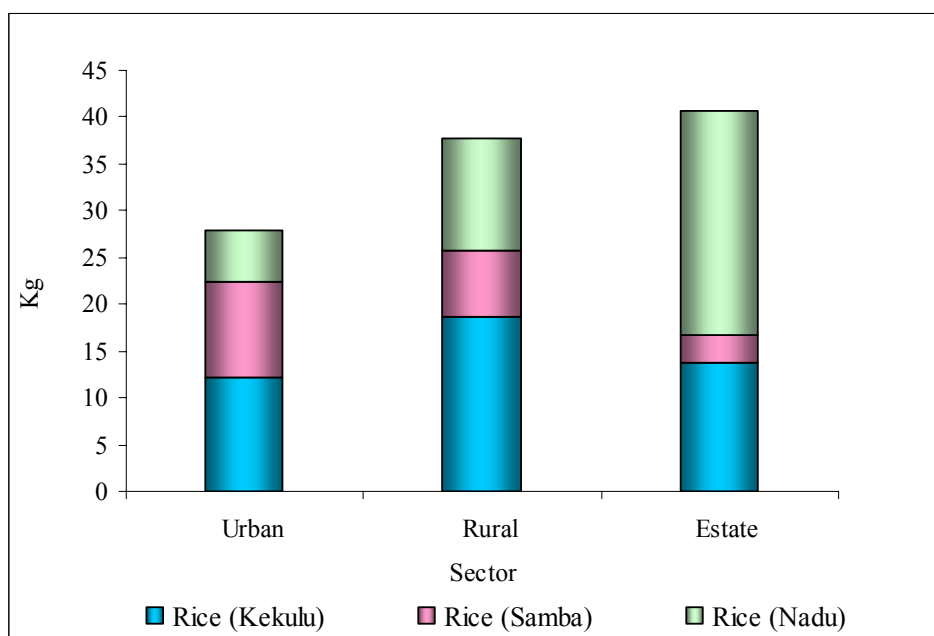


Table 3.5: Average monthly household expenditure on selected food items by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07

Food Item	Sri Lanka (Rs.)	National Household expenditure decile									
		1 (Rs)	2 (Rs)	3 (Rs)	4 (Rs)	5 (Rs)	6 (Rs)	7 (Rs)	8 (Rs)	9 (Rs)	10 (Rs)
Rice - (Kekulu)	542	339	517	546	533	587	572	577	569	597	581
Rice - (Samba)	271	49	94	151	182	204	308	340	400	446	539
Rice - (Nadu)	372	277	402	431	487	453	416	440	322	285	206
Wheat flour	97	56	101	108	131	124	118	112	84	66	67
Bread (Normal)	303	113	166	236	262	291	336	347	389	433	456
Dhal	197	104	153	178	194	204	218	216	217	243	248
Chicken	255	16	44	77	126	156	201	317	401	509	707
Beef	78	6	14	31	51	70	108	134	125	116	129
Balaya	89	11	31	55	69	93	98	104	116	168	148
Kelavalla	113	8	15	28	41	50	88	127	168	250	358
Balaya (dry)	50	23	46	47	55	60	56	60	52	51	44
Sprats (dry)	128	72	105	125	135	138	139	143	144	145	131
Eggs(hen)	85	20	39	59	67	85	91	109	113	122	145
Coconut	472	267	359	414	450	480	513	525	534	569	607
Chilly powder	41	66	91	101	98	109	113	114	118	121	128
Big onions	127	58	83	103	111	126	130	142	152	167	195
Cow milk	10	3	4	9	6	9	8	9	12	13	26
Milk powder	584	121	283	381	480	536	627	715	778	881	1040
Sugar	315	159	232	267	300	321	346	359	374	394	401
Banana	120	21	36	56	74	86	117	148	165	208	285
Tea dust/ leaves	145	87	112	125	136	142	151	158	164	176	196

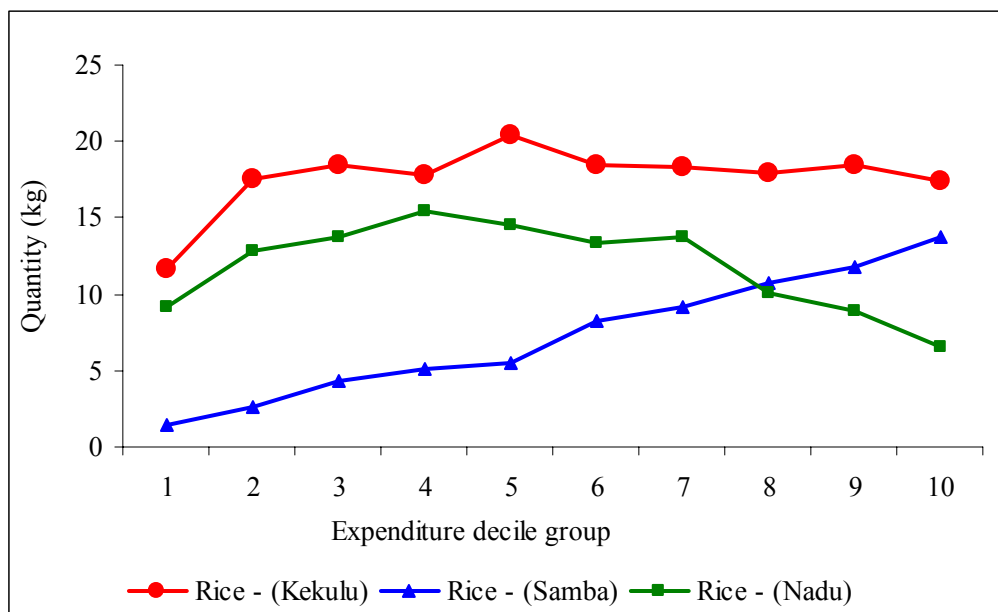
Table 3.6: Average monthly household consumption quantities of selected food items by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07

Food Item	Unit	Sri Lanka	National Household expenditure decile									
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rice - (Kekulu)	kg.	17.5	11.6	17.5	18.5	17.8	19.3	18.5	18.3	17.9	18.5	17.5
Rice - (Samba)	kg.	7.2	1.4	2.6	4.3	5.1	5.5	8.3	9.1	10.7	11.7	13.7
Rice - (Nadu)	kg.	11.8	9.1	12.9	13.8	15.4	14.5	13.3	13.7	10.1	8.8	6.5
Wheat flour	kg.	2.4	1.4	2.5	2.7	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.6
Bread (Normal)	kg.	6.2	2.4	3.5	4.9	5.4	6.1	7.0	7.2	7.9	8.9	9.3
Dhal	kg.	2.3	1.2	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.9
Chicken	kg.	1.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.7
Beef	grams	305.8	25	59	119	201	274	425	521	486	439	509
Balaya	grams	357.3	54	140	229	297	394	384	411	462	628	574
Kelavalla	grams	355.6	30	58	93	136	176	284	418	539	749	1074
Balaya (dry)	grams	176.4	85	167	171	199	213	199	212	182	183	153
Sprats (dry)	grams	578.6	330	478	558	602	628	633	648	663	660	585
Eggs(hen)	number	10.8	3	5	7	8	11	11	14	15	16	19
Coconut (Nuts)	number	30.2	18	24	28	30	31	33	33	34	35	36
Chilly	grams	198.6	253	353	392	373	418	431	428	453	461	490
Big onions	kg.	2.3	1.1	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.6
Cow milk	ml	260.4	76	131	318	168	273	271	273	290	365	439
Milk powder	kg.	1.4	0.3	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.6
Sugar	kg.	5.2	2.6	3.8	4.4	4.9	5.3	5.7	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.6
Banana	number	43.1	10	17	24	32	36	47	53	58	70	85
Tea dust/ leaves	grams	461.7	298	387	423	451	465	483	502	500	526	581

3.2.3 Consumption of rice

When comparing the rice consumption pattern among the sectors, households in rural sector show the highest consumption of Kekulu rice and household in urban sector consume the lowest quantity of Kekulu rice. According to table 3.7A the highest consumption of Nadu rice is reported from estate sector (24kg) and households in urban sector consume the lowest quantity of Nadu rice (5.6kg).

Figure 3.4: Average monthly household consumption of rice varieties by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07



3.2.4 Consumption of wheat flour

The average monthly consumption of wheat flour is reported as 2.4kg per month per household in Sri Lanka. (Table 3.7A) The highest consumption of wheat flour per household per month is reported from Estate sector and Nuwara Eliya district when sectors and districts are compared. It can be noticed that the household in Estate sector consume relatively large quantity of wheat flour, which is 10 times higher than that of the other two sectors.

3.2.5 Consumption of bread

Table 3.7A shows that the average monthly household consumption quantities of bread are 6.2kg per month in Sri Lanka. When sectors are compared it can be noticed that the households in urban sector consumed large quantity of bread which is reported as 10.2kg per month.

3.2.6 Consumption of coconuts

Average monthly household consumption of coconuts is 30 nuts per month in Sri Lanka. The households in rural sector consume more coconuts than those in other two sectors. It is reported as 31 nuts per month.

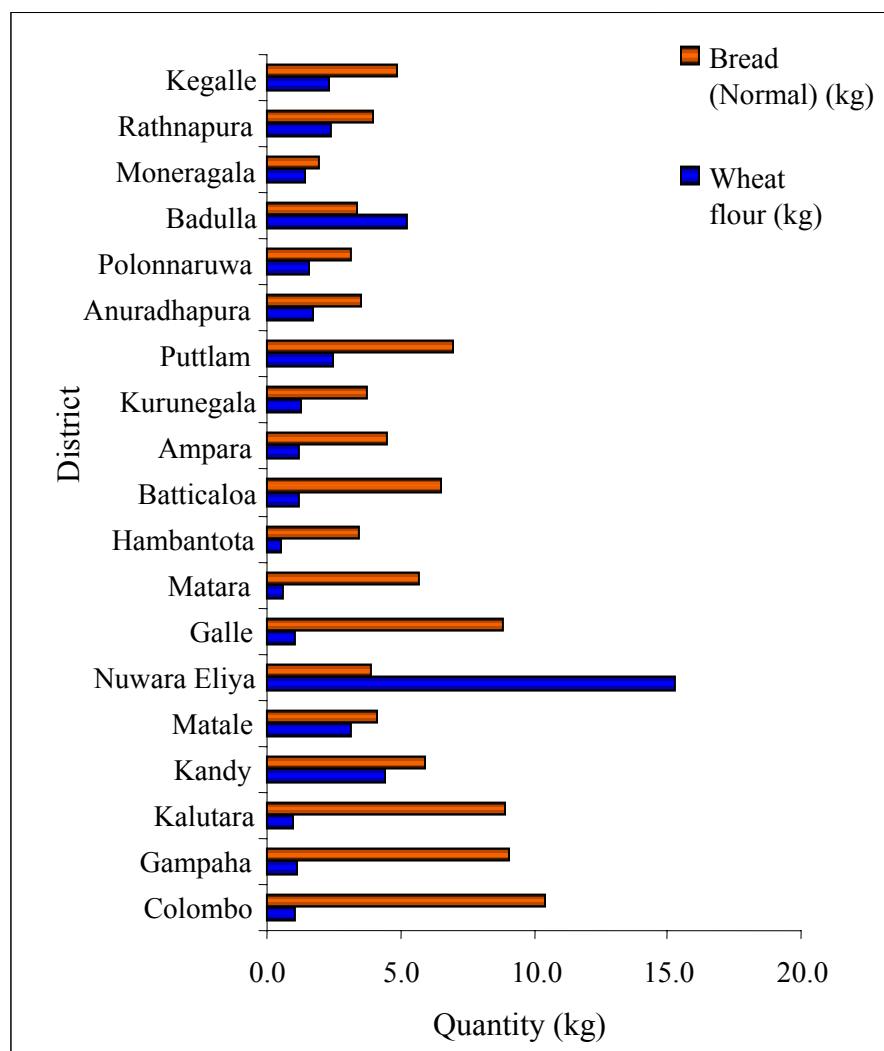
Table 3.7A: Average monthly household consumption quantities of selected food items by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Rice (Kekulu)	Rice (Samba)	Rice (Nadu)	Wheat flour	Bread (Normal)	Chicken	Balaya	Kelavalla	Coconut	Milk powder
	(kg.)	(kg.)	(kg.)	(kg.)	(kg.)	(kg.)	(grams)	(grams)	(number)	(grams)
Sri Lanka	17.5	7.2	11.8	2.4	6.2	1.0	357	356	30	1.4
Sector										
Urban	12.2	10.2	5.6	1.7	10.2	1.7	445	653	26	2.0
Rural	18.7	7.0	12.1	1.5	5.7	0.9	357	320	31	1.4
Estate	13.7	3.0	24.1	17.4	3.7	0.9	124	116	22	1.3
Province										
Western	12.3	12.1	6.0	1.1	9.6	1.4	295	622	29	1.9
Central	12.5	4.9	19.3	7.3	5.0	0.9	169	150	26	1.5
Southern	37.4	1.5	1.5	0.8	6.6	0.6	1065	556	32	1.4
Eastern	11.0	4.9	24.6	1.2	5.2	1.3	450	320	26	1.4
North Western	3.2	10.6	22.5	1.7	4.8	1.0	186	228	38	1.1
North Central	11.7	8.0	19.3	1.7	3.4	0.9	254	68	33	1.0
Uva	42.8	0.9	2.0	3.9	2.9	0.6	177	94	22	1.1
Sabaragamuwa	22.9	4.0	13.5	2.4	4.3	0.6	267	153	34	1.1
District										
Colombo	13.0	10.8	3.9	1.0	10.4	1.6	289	709	27	2.1
Gampaha	6.7	16.3	7.7	1.2	9.0	1.4	111	592	30	1.7
Kalutara	21.9	6.5	7.2	1.0	8.9	1.1	671	507	29	1.6
Kandy	12.2	5.3	18.0	4.4	5.9	0.9	174	215	27	1.7
Matale	7.4	5.5	23.2	3.1	4.1	0.7	209	31	32	1.3
Nuwara Eliya	16.1	3.8	19.1	15.3	3.9	0.9	134	114	20	1.4
Galle	30.3	2.5	2.8	1.1	8.9	0.7	1028	561	28	1.4
Matara	40.2	0.9	0.1	0.6	5.7	0.5	1112	584	34	1.6
Hambantota	46.7	0.4	0.9	0.6	3.4	0.3	1068	509	37	1.2
Batticaloa	0.7	2.4	32.3	1.2	6.5	1.5	463	268	27	1.4
Ampara	17.3	6.4	19.8	1.2	4.5	1.2	442	352	25	1.4
Kurunegala	3.5	8.6	25.3	1.3	3.8	0.8	115	185	40	1.0
Puttlam	2.7	14.8	16.7	2.5	6.9	1.3	332	318	33	1.3
Anuradhapura	13.7	8.4	15.3	1.7	3.5	0.8	152	66	30	0.9
Polonnaruwa	7.3	7.2	27.8	1.6	3.1	1.0	466	71	38	1.1
Badulla	40.3	0.8	2.8	5.2	3.4	0.6	100	115	17	1.2
Moneragala	47.6	1.0	0.5	1.4	2.0	0.5	322	54	31	0.9
Rathnapura	36.9	2.0	5.5	2.4	4.0	0.5	289	153	33	0.9
Kegalle	4.6	6.7	23.9	2.3	4.8	0.7	237	153	35	1.3

Table 3.7B: Average monthly household expenditure on selected food items by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector/ Province/ District	Rice (Kekulu) (Rs.)	Rice (Samba) (Rs.)	Rice (Nadu) (Rs.)	Wheat flour (Rs.)	Bread (Normal) (Rs.)	Chicken (Rs.)	Balaya (Rs.)	Kelavalla (Rs.)	Coconut (Rs.)	Milk powder (Rs.)
Sri Lanka	542	271	372	97	303	255	89	113	472	584
Sector										
Urban	420	408	191	69	509	470	127	220	489	788
Rural	570	258	372	62	275	221	87	100	475	553
Estate	435	121	847	705	181	217	30	36	371	515
Province										
Western	427	467	202	45	469	378	86	207	503	752
Central	385	185	624	300	242	219	39	46	426	622
Southern	1134	59	46	32	287	133	251	172	528	588
Eastern	301	172	792	50	272	384	99	96	489	555
North Western	97	376	663	69	242	251	44	67	446	454
North Central	336	277	568	68	171	204	61	19	442	390
Uva	1211	31	68	154	144	143	43	29	352	450
Sabaragamuwa	709	156	442	95	209	156	63	45	497	440
District										
Colombo	468	437	137	44	515	442	85	245	512	829
Gampaha	228	600	246	47	456	370	31	185	483	713
Kalutara	742	263	245	42	404	268	200	174	523	676
Kandy	381	202	568	180	283	230	41	64	459	683
Matale	219	185	679	125	201	176	44	11	463	544
Nuwara Eliya	502	155	686	627	195	226	34	38	344	565
Galle	969	99	90	43	390	168	238	160	452	596
Matara	1178	37	1	25	243	125	279	198	567	654
Hambantota	1382	15	27	22	154	78	237	156	613	479
Batticaloa	24	94	1015	52	359	428	98	81	547	564
Ampara	470	219	656	49	220	358	100	105	453	550
Kurunegala	104	300	747	52	190	204	30	60	451	416
Puttlam	83	533	489	105	350	347	74	83	436	532
Anuradhapura	394	285	452	70	183	191	33	19	403	371
Polonnaruwa	216	261	810	63	148	231	120	21	524	429
Badulla	1160	29	97	206	172	153	27	37	300	505
Moneragala	1307	35	14	56	92	125	71	13	450	347
Rathnapura	1139	76	179	96	194	137	63	44	527	384
Kegalle	148	260	785	94	227	182	62	46	459	513

Figure 3.5: Average monthly household consumption quantities of wheat flour and bread by district - 2006/07



3.3 Non food expenditure

Housing, fuel and light, clothing, health, education, transport, communication etc are the major non food groups in this survey. Table 3.8 and Table 3.9 shows the average monthly household expenditure on major non food expenditure group and their percentage values to total non food expenditure by sector province and district respectively.

According to the Table 3.8 average monthly non food expenditure per household is Rs 14311 (included the expenditure on liquor, tobacco etc.) the lowest total non food expenditure values are reported from Moneragala district and Sabaragamuwa province when districts and provinces are compared. The highest non food expenditure value is reported from urban sector and that value is nearly four times as the non food expenditure in estate sector.

Table 3.8: Average monthly household expenditure on major non food expenditure group by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector province & District	Total non food expenditure (Rs.)	Housing (Rs.)	Fuel & light (Rs.)	Personal care & health expenses (Rs.)	Transport (Rs.)	Communication (Rs.)	Education (Rs.)	Cultural activities & entertainments (Rs.)	Household non durable goods & hh services (Rs.)	Clothing textiles & foot wear (Rs.)	Household durable goods (Rs.)	Other miscellaneous expenses (Rs.)	Other ad hoc (rarely) expenses (Rs.)	Liquor & tobacco etc. (Rs.)
Sri Lanka Sector	14311	2639	1042	980	1862	539	632	260	301	694	786	2292	1791	492
Urban	24259	5931	1796	1385	3059	1060	1069	497	486	931	1013	3824	2712	497
Rural	13135	2188	935	935	1744	472	581	230	279	665	783	2124	1728	472
Estate	5953	841	683	602	500	176	254	82	151	519	228	800	320	797
Province														
Western	21428	4575	1517	1325	2958	896	967	408	454	785	959	3360	2755	470
Central	10915	2083	878	651	1321	436	486	201	230	631	577	1672	1251	499
Southern	13326	2141	871	1007	1624	453	617	228	200	681	887	2362	1754	501
Eastern	11644	1366	1090	1170	917	350	451	137	281	845	750	2232	1406	649
North Western	11336	1692	783	910	1490	390	460	223	241	595	783	1846	1462	461
North Central	13259	1558	875	770	1607	377	407	213	341	742	1257	2393	2290	428
Uva	8863	1509	701	634	1080	275	387	186	215	636	463	1305	860	612
Sabaragamuwa	8840	1666	744	762	1312	309	492	135	196	594	368	1132	660	470
District														
Colombo	26216	6874	1875	1354	3875	1151	1233	528	508	915	1265	3536	2611	491
Gampaha	19658	3270	1326	1356	2474	796	925	393	504	710	813	3588	3090	412
Kalutara	15427	2600	1182	1207	2097	587	519	197	246	676	639	2558	2376	543
Kandy	13053	2643	992	699	1728	577	610	282	254	688	393	2121	1633	434
Matale	11790	1713	697	609	1480	361	357	200	331	614	1613	1723	1570	522
Nuwara Eliya	6555	1335	794	594	495	235	352	58	121	542	223	842	367	598
Galle	14144	2345	952	1032	1727	477	673	238	207	713	935	2816	1630	400
Matara	12977	2154	810	1073	1405	456	586	233	187	590	841	2182	1949	511
Hambantota	12275	1739	807	868	1739	402	556	200	204	750	863	1757	1714	676
Batticaloa	11093	1064	1247	1110	942	394	458	110	297	870	890	1938	1365	409
Ampara	11980	1550	994	1207	902	324	447	154	270	829	665	2411	1431	796
Kurunegala	10975	1680	722	803	1548	357	444	227	242	586	842	1722	1384	417
Puttlam	12079	1717	908	1129	1371	456	492	216	239	615	661	2100	1624	552
Anuradhapura	13036	1652	840	633	1471	365	388	218	286	773	1292	2284	2416	417
Polonnaruwa	13725	1363	949	1055	1891	402	448	203	456	677	1183	2622	2026	450
Badulla	10202	1683	795	664	1185	333	434	263	229	734	509	1522	1231	621
Moneragala	6335	1182	523	578	883	164	298	41	188	451	375	895	159	597
Rathnapura	9145	1725	750	755	1272	277	482	143	184	597	364	1349	651	596
Kegalle	8441	1588	737	771	1363	350	505	125	212	591	373	850	672	306

Table 3.9: Percentage distribution of average monthly household expenditure on major non food expenditure group by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector province & District	Total	Housing	Fuel & light	Personal care & health expenses	Transport	Communication	Education	Cultural activities & Entertainments	Household non durable goods & hh services	Clothing, textiles & footwear	household durable goods	Other miscellaneous expenses	Other adhoc(rarely) expenses	Liquor & tobacco etc.
Sri Lanka	100	18.4	7.3	6.9	13.0	3.8	4.4	1.8	2.1	4.9	5.5	16.0	12.5	3.4
Sector														
Urban	100	24.4	7.4	5.7	12.6	4.4	4.4	2.0	2.0	3.8	4.2	15.8	11.2	2.1
Rural	100	16.7	7.1	7.1	13.3	3.6	4.4	1.8	2.1	5.1	6.0	16.2	13.2	3.6
Estate	100	14.1	11.5	10.1	8.4	3.0	4.3	1.4	2.5	8.7	3.8	13.4	5.4	13.4
Province														
Western	100	21.4	7.1	6.2	13.8	4.2	4.5	1.9	2.1	3.7	4.5	15.7	12.9	2.2
Central	100	19.1	8.0	6.0	12.1	4.0	4.5	1.8	2.1	5.8	5.3	15.3	11.5	4.6
Southern	100	16.1	6.5	7.6	12.2	3.4	4.6	1.7	1.5	5.1	6.7	17.7	13.2	3.8
Eastern	100	11.7	9.4	10.0	7.9	3.0	3.9	1.2	2.4	7.3	6.4	19.2	12.1	5.6
North Western	100	14.9	6.9	8.0	13.1	3.4	4.1	2.0	2.1	5.3	6.9	16.3	12.9	4.1
North Central	100	11.8	6.6	5.8	12.1	2.8	3.1	1.6	2.6	5.6	9.5	18.1	17.3	3.2
Uva	100	17.0	7.9	7.2	12.2	3.1	4.4	2.1	2.4	7.2	5.2	14.7	9.7	6.9
Sabaragamuwa	100	18.8	8.4	8.6	14.8	3.5	5.6	1.5	2.2	6.7	4.2	12.8	7.5	5.3
District														
Colombo	100	26.2	7.2	5.2	14.8	4.4	4.7	2.0	1.9	3.5	4.8	13.5	10.0	1.9
Gampaha	100	16.6	6.7	6.9	12.6	4.1	4.7	2.0	2.6	3.6	4.1	18.3	15.7	2.1
Kalutara	100	16.9	7.7	7.8	13.6	3.8	3.4	1.3	1.6	4.4	4.1	16.6	15.4	3.5
Kandy	100	20.2	7.6	5.4	13.2	4.4	4.7	2.2	1.9	5.3	3.0	16.2	12.5	3.3
Matale	100	14.5	5.9	5.2	12.6	3.1	3.0	1.7	2.8	5.2	13.7	14.6	13.3	4.4
Nuwara Eliya	100	20.4	12.1	9.1	7.6	3.6	5.4	0.9	1.8	8.3	3.4	12.8	5.6	9.1
Galle	100	16.6	6.7	7.3	12.2	3.4	4.8	1.7	1.5	5.0	6.6	19.9	11.5	2.8
Matara	100	16.6	6.2	8.3	10.8	3.5	4.5	1.8	1.4	4.5	6.5	16.8	15.0	3.9
Hambantota	100	14.2	6.6	7.1	14.2	3.3	4.5	1.6	1.7	6.1	7.0	14.3	14.0	5.5
Batticaloa	100	9.6	11.2	10.0	8.5	3.6	4.1	1.0	2.7	7.8	8.0	17.5	12.3	3.7
Ampara	100	12.9	8.3	10.1	7.5	2.7	3.7	1.3	2.3	6.9	5.6	20.1	11.9	6.6
Kurunegala	100	15.3	6.6	7.3	14.1	3.3	4.0	2.1	2.2	5.3	7.7	15.7	12.6	3.8
Puttlam	100	14.2	7.5	9.3	11.3	3.8	4.1	1.8	2.0	5.1	5.5	17.4	13.4	4.6
Anuradhapura	100	12.7	6.4	4.9	11.3	2.8	3.0	1.7	2.2	5.9	9.9	17.5	18.5	3.2
Polonnaruwa	100	9.9	6.9	7.7	13.8	2.9	3.3	1.5	3.3	4.9	8.6	19.1	14.8	3.3
Badulla	100	16.5	7.8	6.5	11.6	3.3	4.3	2.6	2.2	7.2	5.0	14.9	12.1	6.1
Moneragala	100	18.7	8.3	9.1	13.9	2.6	4.7	0.7	3.0	7.1	5.9	14.1	2.5	9.4
Rathnapura	100	18.9	8.2	8.3	13.9	3.0	5.3	1.6	2.0	6.5	4.0	14.7	7.1	6.5
Kegalle	100	18.8	8.7	9.1	16.1	4.1	6.0	1.5	2.5	7.0	4.4	10.1	8.0	3.6

Figure 3.6: Total expenditure on non-food by district - 2006/07

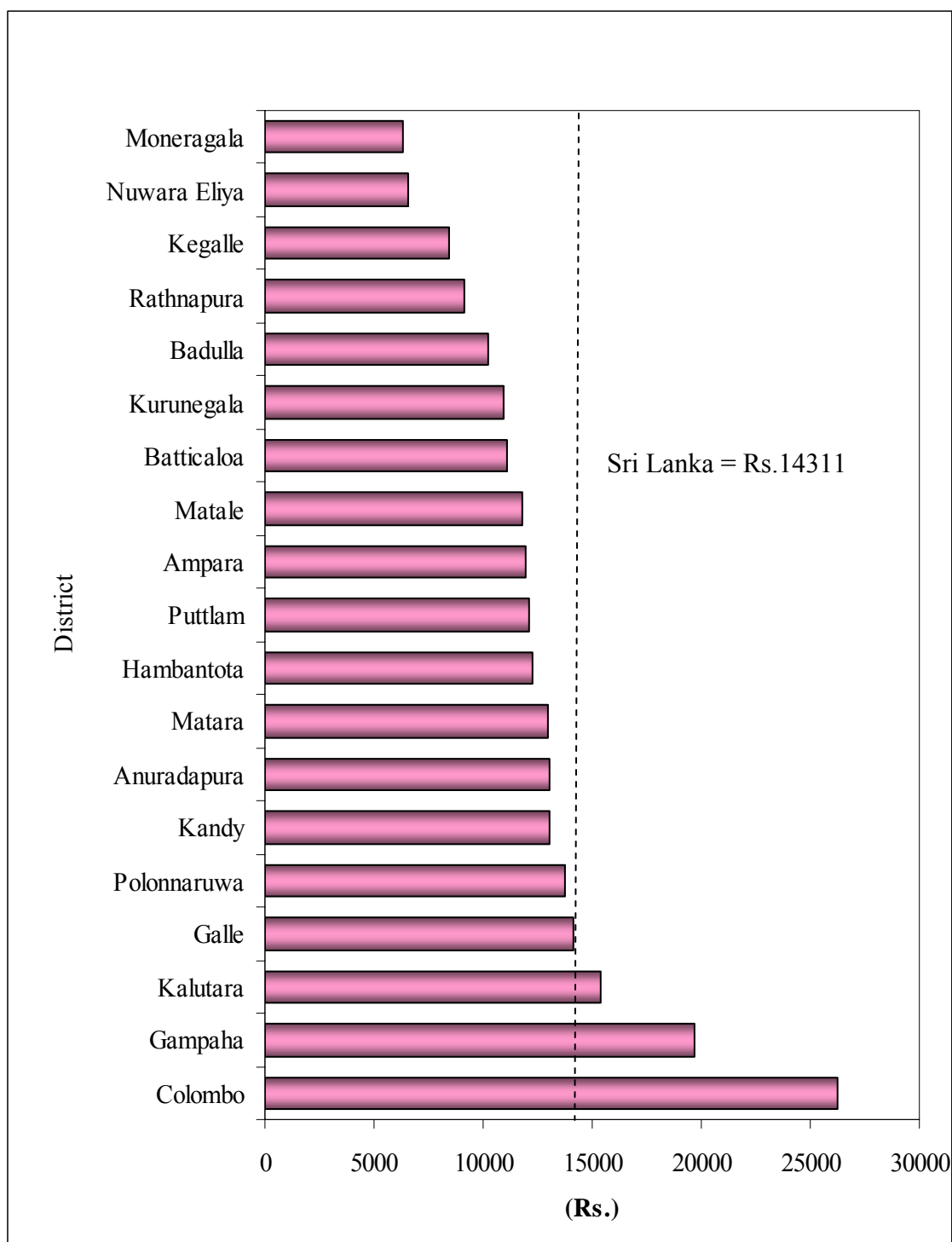


Table 3.10 shows the average monthly household expenditure on major non food expenditure group and by national household expenditure decile. Households in the 1st decile group have spent Rs. 2103 per month for non food items and the corresponding figure for the 10th decile group is Rs.59969. It is very clear a high variation can be observed between the lowest decile group and the highest decile group for expenditure on non food items.

Table 3.12 gives the per capita expenditure value s of the non food expenditure on major groups. When comparing per capita expenditure on non food items; it shows that a person in the 1st decile group has spent Rs.584 per month while a person in the 10th decile group has spent Rs 14865 per month.

Figure 3.7: Average monthly total non-food expenditure by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07

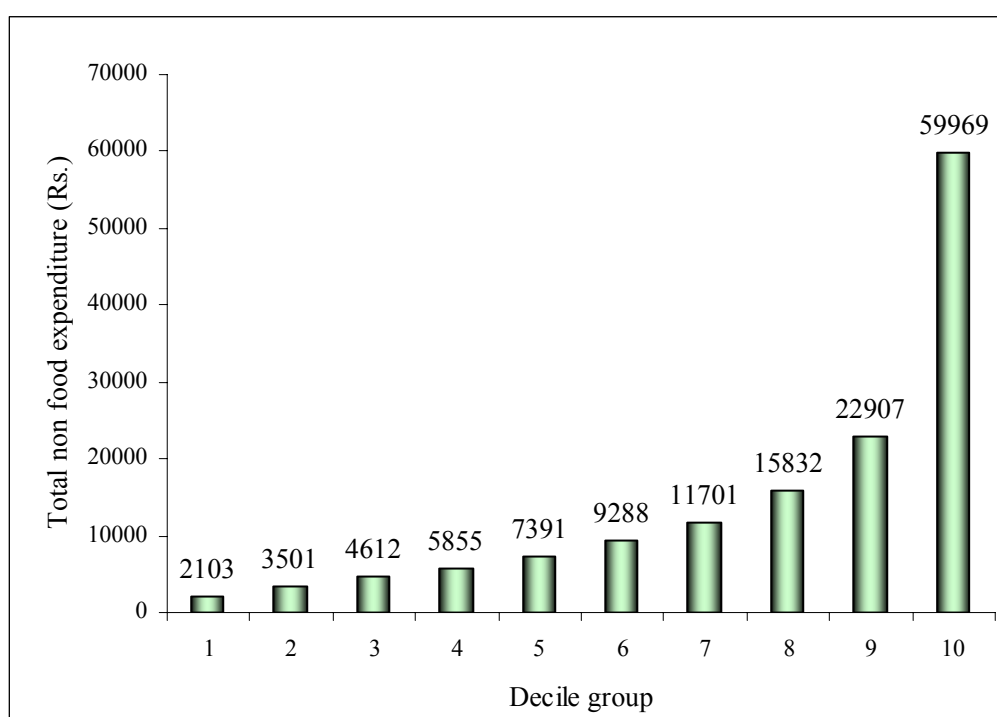


Table 3.10: Average monthly household expenditure on major non food expenditure group by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07

National household expenditure decile	Total	Housing	Fuel & light	Personal care & health expenses	Transport	Communication	Education	Cultural , activities & entertainments	Household non durable goods	Clothing , textiles & foot wear	Household durable goods	Other miscellaneous expenses	Liquor, & tobacco etc.	Other adhoc (rarely) expenses
	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)
All group	14311	2639	1042	980	1862	539	632	260	301	694	786	2292	492	1791
Less than 7470	2103	641	390	231	164	20	39	18	94	151	30	92	186	47
7470 - 9841	3501	961	532	370	306	67	118	41	130	275	71	178	323	129
9842 - 11980	4612	1179	621	462	428	117	180	62	155	360	125	346	396	181
11981 - 14180	5855	1463	728	564	595	172	286	74	170	444	173	499	419	268
14181 - 16640	7391	1767	843	713	822	251	331	100	194	537	266	730	495	341
16641 - 19716	9288	2218	953	802	1058	361	433	131	212	633	390	1062	504	531
19717 - 23835	11701	2628	1099	962	1418	538	560	205	230	758	560	1464	516	763
23836 - 29835	15832	3393	1315	1208	2010	779	734	253	272	894	916	2363	550	1144
29836 - 42253	22907	4337	1594	1565	3162	1039	1051	480	353	1150	1389	3852	718	2217
More than 42253	59969	7811	2344	2929	8664	2042	2591	1234	1198	1741	3947	12344	818	12303

Table 3.11: Percentage distribution of average monthly household expenditure on major non-food items of major non-food expenditure group by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07

National household expenditure decile	Total	Housing	Fuel & light	Personal care & health expenses	Transport	Communication	Education	Cultural activities & entertainments	household non durable goods	Clothing , textiles & foot wear	household durable goods	Other miscellaneous expenses	Liquor, & tobacco etc.	Other adhoc(rarely) expenses
All group	100	18.4	7.3	6.9	13.0	3.8	4.4	1.8	2.1	4.9	5.5	16.0	3.4	12.5
Less than 7470	100.0	30.5	18.5	11.0	7.8	0.9	1.8	0.9	4.5	7.2	1.4	4.4	8.9	2.2
7470 - 9841	100.0	27.4	15.2	10.6	8.7	1.9	3.4	1.2	3.7	7.8	2.0	5.1	9.2	3.7
9842 - 11980	100.0	25.6	13.5	10.0	9.3	2.5	3.9	1.4	3.4	7.8	2.7	7.5	8.6	3.9
11981 - 14180	100.0	25.0	12.4	9.6	10.2	2.9	4.9	1.3	2.9	7.6	3.0	8.5	7.2	4.6
14181 - 16640	100.0	23.9	11.4	9.6	11.1	3.4	4.5	1.4	2.6	7.3	3.6	9.9	6.7	4.6
16641 - 19716	100.0	23.9	10.3	8.6	11.4	3.9	4.7	1.4	2.3	6.8	4.2	11.4	5.4	5.7
19717 - 23835	100.0	22.5	9.4	8.2	12.1	4.6	4.8	1.7	2.0	6.5	4.8	12.5	4.4	6.5
23836 - 29835	100.0	21.4	8.3	7.6	12.7	4.9	4.6	1.6	1.7	5.6	5.8	14.9	3.5	7.2
29836 - 42253	100.0	18.9	7.0	6.8	13.8	4.5	4.6	2.1	1.5	5.0	6.1	16.8	3.1	9.7
More than 42253	100.0	13.0	3.9	4.9	14.4	3.4	4.3	2.1	2.0	2.9	6.6	20.6	1.4	20.5

Table 3.12: Average per capita expenditure on major non-food expenditure group by national household expenditure decile - 2006/07

National household expenditure decile	Total	Housing	Fuel & light	Personal care & health expenses	Transport	Communication	Education	Cultural activities & entertainments	Household non durable goods	Clothing, textiles & foot wear	Household durable goods	Other miscellaneous expenses	Liquor, & tobacco etc.	Other adhoc(rarely) expenses
	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)
All group	3395	648	256	241	458	132	155	64	74	144	27	193	563	440
Less than 7470	584	142	104	62	50	7	28	5	28	51	10	29	57	11
7470 - 9841	891	225	134	96	81	19	43	9	33	72	17	57	78	26
9842 - 11980	1166	276	151	118	118	27	63	16	39	97	27	91	97	47
11981 - 14180	1441	348	175	139	162	39	73	19	43	108	43	129	104	59
14181 - 16640	1781	410	197	160	205	70	89	26	48	133	73	173	111	85
16641 - 19716	2216	523	233	198	264	84	103	37	49	152	90	250	115	118
19717 - 23835	2841	630	272	232	371	122	135	45	57	174	144	373	119	168
23836 - 29835	3798	788	317	284	483	180	163	64	62	218	192	578	159	310
29836 - 42253	5608	1055	388	388	793	254	245	107	78	265	348	953	153	582
More than 42253	14865	2092	591	735	2052	523	612	310	302	436	990	3004	218	3000

4. Poverty

4.1 Head count index and poverty status

Head count Index is the percentage of population below the poverty line and it is widely used to measure poverty in Sri Lanka.

$$\text{Head Count Index} = \frac{\text{Number of poor people in the population}}{\text{Total population}} \times 100$$

Table 4.1 shows that headcount index is 15.2 percent (percentage of population below the poverty line) at national level.

Estate sector reports the highest head count index (32.0 percent) than that of the other two sectors.

When districts are compared the highest head count index (33.8 percent) is reported from Nuwara Eliya district and the lowest (5.4 percent) is reported from Colombo district.

Table 4.1 also shows the percentage of poor households at sector, province and district level under the poverty definition. According to the Table 4.1, 12.6 percent of households are identified as poor households in Sri Lanka in 2006/07 survey period. The highest percentage of poor households (29.2 percent) is reported from Moneragala district while the lowest percentage is reported from Colombo district as 3.9 percent.

Table 4.1: Poverty head count index and poverty status by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Head Count Index	Percentage of poor household
	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	15.2	12.6
Sector		
Urban	6.7	5.0
Rural	15.7	13.1
Estate	32.0	25.8
Province		
Western	8.2	6.5
Central	22.3	18.2
Southern	13.8	11.0
Eastern	10.8	9.0
North Western	14.6	12.2
North Central	14.2	11.8
Uva	27.0	23.8
Sabaragamuwa	24.2	20.2
District		
Colombo	5.4	3.9
Gampaha	8.7	7.2
Kalutara	13.0	10.3
Kandy	17.0	13.9
Matale	18.9	15.7
Nuwara Eliya	33.8	27.5
Galle	13.7	10.7
Matara	14.7	11.7
Hambantota	12.7	10.5
Batticaloa	10.7	9.5
Ampara	10.9	8.7
Kurunegala	15.4	12.9
Puttlam	13.1	10.6
Anuradhapura	14.9	12.7
Polonnaruwa	12.7	10.0
Badulla	23.7	21.0
Moneragala	33.2	29.2
Rathnapura	26.6	21.5
Kegalle	21.0	18.4

4.2 Poverty Gap Index

Poverty gap index is a better measure to study the depth of poverty and the mean proportionate poverty gap in the population (poverty gap is zero for non poor population)

The following formula is used to compute the poverty gap index. (PGI)

$$PGI = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{Z - X_i}{Z} \right)$$

Where,

N = Total number of persons

Z = poverty line

X_i = Expenditure of the ith person

X_k = Expenditure for non poor persons

(Z-X_k) = 0; for non poor persons per month

For Table 4.2 shows poverty gap index in year 2006/07 survey period. This is a better measure of poverty. Survey results reveal that the PGI for Sri Lanka is 3.1%. Among the sectors the highest index value (6.2 percent) is reported from Estate sector. Among the districts the highest index value (7.8 percent) is reported from Moneragala district and lowest (1.0 percent) is reported from Colombo district. Squared poverty gap index (SPGI) is also shown in the Table 4.2. It gives the severity of the poverty by giving more weight to the poorest of the poor. SPGI for Sri Lanka is 0.9% for the survey period.

Table 4.2: Poverty gap index and squared poverty index by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Poverty gap index (%)	Squared poverty gap index (%)
Sri Lanka	3.1	0.9
Sector		
Urban	1.3	0.4
Rural	3.2	1.0
Estate	6.2	1.8
Province		
Western	1.5	0.4
Central	4.6	1.4
Southern	2.6	0.8
Eastern	2.1	0.6
North Western	2.9	0.9
North Central	2.8	0.8
Uva	6.2	2.1
Sabaragamuwa	4.9	1.5
District		
Colombo	1.0	0.3
Gampaha	1.4	0.4
Kalutara	2.7	0.8
Kandy	3.8	1.2
Matale	3.7	1.0
Nuwara Eliya	6.8	2.0
Galle	2.9	0.9
Matara	2.4	0.6
Hambantota	2.5	0.7
Batticaloa	1.5	0.4
Ampara	2.4	0.7
Kurunegala	3.1	1.0
Puttlam	2.3	0.7
Anuradhapura	2.8	0.8
Polonnaruwa	2.8	1.0
Badulla	5.3	1.7
Moneragala	7.8	2.8
Rathnapura	5.3	1.6
Kegalle	4.3	1.3

4.3: Dietary Energy Consumption

Table 4.3 shows the average per capita energy consumption for poor households and all households.

The average per capita energy consumption for all households is 2118 kilo calories per person per day in 2006/07 survey period. The corresponding figure for the poor households is 1696 kilo calories per person per day while non poor figure shows 2194 kilo calories.

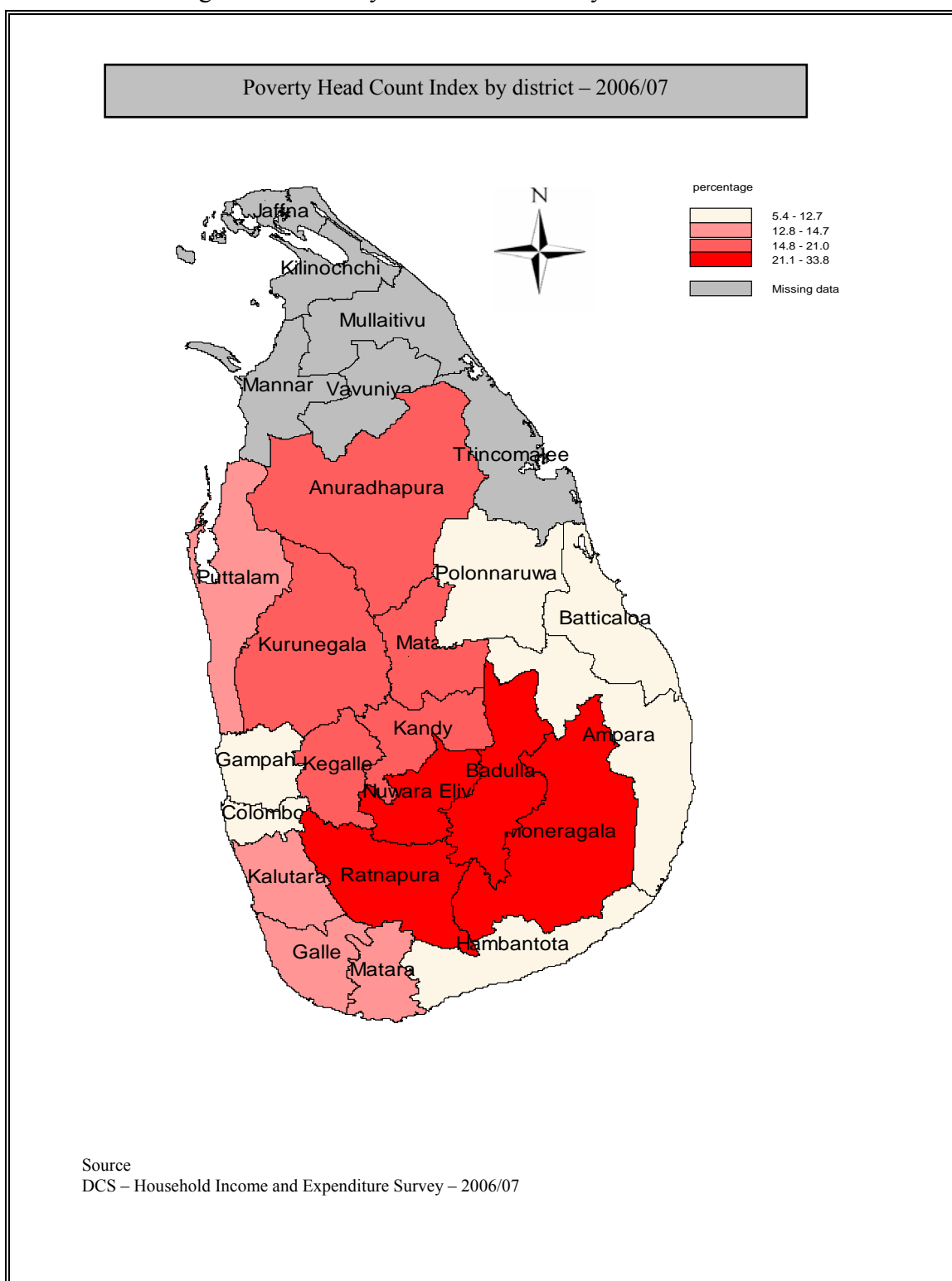
According to the survey results the energy consumption per person per day in urban sector households show a lower value (1316 kilo calories) than the other sectors, when poor households are compared.

Among the districts, Nuwara Eliya, Hambantota and Moneragala districts are at the top of the high dietary energy consumptions and the respective figures are 2383, 2309 and 2313 kilo calories per day per capita on average while poor households in Colombo district reported the lowest average per capita energy consumption. (1301 kilo calories) and the poor households in Nuwara Eliya district reported the highest average per capita energy consumption (1962 kilo calories). The next highest average per capita energy consumption reported in Moneragala district (1934 kilo calories).

Table 4.3: Average dietary energy consumption person per day for poor households and all households by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Poor households 2006/07 Kilocalories	Non poor households 2006/07 Kilocalories	All households 2006/07 Kilocalories
Sri Lanka	1696	2194	2118
Sector			
Urban	1316	1949	1906
Rural	1686	2222	2138
Estate	1984	2626	2420
Province			
Western	1471	2022	1977
Central	1808	2325	2210
Southern	1669	2228	2151
Eastern	1686	2242	2182
North Western	1574	2254	2154
North Central	1746	2300	2221
Uva	1886	2406	2266
Sabaragamuwa	1734	2267	2138
District			
Colombo	1301	1955	1920
Gampaha	1503	2031	1985
Kalutara	1573	2150	2075
Kandy	1675	2231	2137
Matale	1710	2245	2144
Nuwara Eliya	1962	2598	2383
Galle	1533	2163	2077
Matara	1710	2211	2137
Hambantota	1877	2372	2309
Batticaloa	1709	2157	2109
Ampara	1673	2290	2223
Kurunegala	1584	2267	2162
Puttlam	1549	2229	2140
Anuradhapura	1719	2293	2207
Polonnaruwa	1809	2313	2249
Badulla	1850	2362	2240
Moneragala	1934	2500	2313
Rathnapura	1791	2399	2238
Kegalle	1639	2103	2006

Figure 3.8: Poverty head count index by district - 2006/07



5: Supplementary Tables

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
All items			2244.12
Cereals		9841.78	341.25
Rice - (Kekulu)	grams	4307.12	133.15
Rice - (Samba)	grams	1780.51	66.67
Rice - (Nadu)	grams	2903.23	91.37
Rice - (Basmathi)	grams	4.28	0.37
Rice flour	grams	82.83	4.55
Wheat flour	grams	584.17	23.78
Kurakkan flour	grams	25.60	1.71
Ulundu flour	grams	4.91	0.57
Maize	grams	14.02	0.60
Samaposha	grams	10.72	1.95
Noodles	grams	72.85	7.74
Papadam	grams	38.42	6.61
Infants cereal foods (Nestum)	grams	2.57	1.10
Barley	grams	0.17	0.03
Sago	grams	1.33	0.18
Corn flakes	grams	0.27	0.10
Other cereals	grams	8.80	0.76
Prepared foods			253.50
Bread (Normal)	grams	1533.28	74.45
Bread (Special)			2.30
Roasted Bread	Number	0.17	1.13
Buns/ Spunchi	Number	1.37	14.79
Hoppers	Number	1.69	7.82
String hoppers	Number	18.72	21.68
Pittu	Number	0.25	2.34
Roty	Number	0.61	4.86
Thosai/ Itly	Number	0.36	2.84
Rice with meat & vegetables	Number	0.37	27.57
Rice with fish & vegetables	Number	0.89	49.35
Rice with only vegetables	Number	0.56	24.06
meat Curry			1.53
fish Curry			3.00
vegetables Curry			1.75
Other prepared foods			12.87
Food purchased Outside by borders & servants			1.18

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Pulses		754.91	74.62
Dhal	grams	565.66	48.51
Green gram	grams	50.18	5.64
Gram	grams	47.64	6.24
Cowpea	grams	25.29	2.33
Soya	grams	7.45	1.24
Soya meat	grams	44.69	9.49
Other pulses	grams	14.01	1.18
Vegetables and leaves			178.63
Ash plantain	grams	69.90	3.46
Brinjal	grams	234.68	11.86
Lady's fingers	grams	103.25	5.14
Bitter gourd	grams	67.92	4.35
Long beans	grams	161.50	7.85
Snake gourd	grams	74.74	3.34
Ridge gourd	grams	84.77	4.22
Sweet pumpkin	grams	221.09	8.45
Beans	grams	332.21	25.36
Carrot	grams	141.48	10.76
Beetroot	grams	113.31	7.39
Cabbage	grams	157.26	9.08
Tomatoes	grams	61.83	4.43
Leeks	grams	97.92	6.91
Knol khol	grams	30.30	1.46
Capsicum	grams	48.45	3.83
Dambala	grams	39.57	2.45
Radish	grams	68.02	2.75
Drumstick	grams	53.10	2.68
Cucumber	grams	48.09	1.78
Kekiri	grams	58.90	1.69
Ash pumpkin	grams	7.14	0.26
Elabattu	grams	50.89	2.68
Kohila yams	grams	26.95	1.37
Lotus stems	grams	5.08	0.38
Plantain flower	grams	57.82	1.72
Ambarella	grams	22.60	0.87
Cadju nuts (raw)	grams	6.30	1.26
Mushrooms	grams	9.22	1.17
Polos			3.61
Other vegetables			3.65
Mukunuwenna	bundles	1.10	10.74
Gotukola	bundles	0.82	7.05
Kankun	bundles	0.28	3.13

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Katurumurunga	bundles	0.20	2.09
Nivithi	grams	27.05	1.16
Thampala	bundles	0.04	0.49
Sarana	bundles	0.04	0.53
Kohila leaves	bundles	0.10	1.14
Onion leaves	grams	12.04	0.64
Cabbage leaves	grams	21.68	0.97
Other leaves			4.48
Yams and other similar foods			51.35
Jak and jak seeds			7.04
Bread fruit	number	0.21	3.61
Potatoes	grams	465.53	34.28
Sweet Potatoes	grams	49.96	1.60
Mannioc	grams	139.54	3.20
Kiriala	grams	15.99	0.73
Innala	grams	7.39	0.43
Other yams and similar foods	grams	10.60	0.46
Meat		343.40	89.84
Chicken	grams	242.67	62.72
Beef	grams	75.12	19.26
Mutton	grams	3.13	1.58
Pork	grams	13.89	3.14
Sausages / Meat balls	grams	3.91	1.72
Other meat	grams	4.69	1.42
Fish(fresh)		812.98	182.91
Balaya	grams	87.78	21.92
Seer	grams	7.45	3.37
Mora	grams	8.64	2.49
Paraw	grams	29.93	9.92
Thalapath	grams	32.36	13.17
Kelavalla	grams	87.36	27.83
Other large fish	grams	71.79	17.46
Sprats	grams	11.80	2.33
Hurulla	grams	74.48	13.00
Karalla/Katuwalla	grams	7.45	1.18
Kumbalawa/ Angila	grams	18.70	4.11
Salaya/ Sudaya	grams	87.51	11.02
Other small fish	grams	78.19	14.01
Lula	grams	5.34	0.96
Teppili/ Tilapiya/ Korali	grams	102.71	13.69
Other fresh water fish	grams	27.23	4.21
Prawns	grams	10.57	4.19

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Crabs	grams	2.63	0.60
Cuttlefish	grams	2.51	0.71
Canned fish (Salmon)	grams	58.54	16.75
Dried fish		325.49	85.62
Sprats (dry)	grams	142.16	31.36
Keerameen (dry)	grams	18.18	5.05
Salaya (dry)	grams	12.78	2.54
Hurulla (dry)	grams	8.05	1.69
Seer (dry)	grams	2.43	0.99
Katta (dry)	grams	18.77	7.88
Koduwa (dry)	grams	0.38	0.11
Anjila (dry)	grams	0.17	0.05
Balaya (dry)	grams	43.34	12.16
Mora/Keelan (dry)	grams	23.79	7.99
Paraw (dry)	grams	1.62	0.60
Anguluwa (dry)	grams	15.10	3.87
Prawns (dry)	grams	1.18	0.40
Cattle fish (dry)	grams	0.22	0.09
Fresh water dried fishes	grams	5.14	1.52
Jadi	grams	0.09	0.03
Other dried fishes	grams	32.09	9.31
Eggs			20.91
Hen	number	2.65	20.88
Other eggs	number	-	0.03
Coconuts(nuts and powder)			116.17
Coconut (Nuts)	number	7.41	115.93
Coconut milk powder	grams	1.31	0.24
Condiments			197.35
Dried chilies	grams	48.78	10.17
Chilly powder	grams	99.54	25.98
Red onions	grams	222.55	16.14
Bombay onions	grams	569.79	31.12
Garlic	grams	70.89	10.57
Maldives fish	grams	28.05	16.45
Pepper	grams	22.51	6.67
Turmeric/ Turmeric powder	grams	30.43	6.82
Curry powder (Saraku)	grams	65.02	15.27
Green chilies	grams	117.83	13.73
Limes	Number	3.11	7.10
Cumin seeds			2.02
Panel seeds			1.38

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Coriander			2.44
Mathe seeds			2.70
Mustard			2.09
Goraka			4.51
Tamarind			2.64
Cinnamon			2.78
Salt			8.89
Curry leaves			5.62
Ginger			1.69
Vinegar			0.35
Other condiments			0.23
Other packed,tinned or bottled foods			6.36
Sauce			1.14
Marmite/ Vegemite			2.81
Soup cubes			1.29
Lime pickle			0.27
Chutney			0.09
Canned fruits			0.24
Other packed, tinned or bottled foods			0.53
Milk and milk foods			185.19
Cow milk	ml	63.99	2.43
Goat milk	ml	0.75	0.06
strilized milk	ml	4.18	0.23
Curd			6.65
Yoghurt/ Moru			6.60
Condensed milk	grams	1.62	0.71
Milk powder	grams	354.39	143.50
Infant milk powder	grams	23.40	12.48
Butter	grams	6.15	3.10
Margarine	grams	12.67	3.85
Cheese	grams	2.25	2.51
Milk packets (liquid)	Number	0.05	0.94
Other milk and milk products			2.11
Fats and oils		369.70	45.78
Coconut oil	ml	349.47	42.26
Vegetable oil	ml	15.20	2.72
Gingerly oil	ml	0.47	0.18
Ghee	ml	0.17	0.03
Other oils and fats	ml	4.39	0.59

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Sugar, Juggery and treacle			79.75
Sugar	grams	1275.48	77.42
Juggery	grams	10.12	1.39
Treacle	ml	4.29	0.81
Bee honey			0.10
Other sweeteners			0.03
Fruits (fresh and dried)			72.21
Banana	number	10.58	29.38
Pineapple	number	0.08	2.73
Papaw	number	0.54	14.97
Mangoes	number	0.91	6.56
Apple	number	0.24	5.01
Avocado	number	0.24	2.09
Wood apple	number	0.15	0.71
Oranges	number	0.11	1.56
King coconut/ Kurumba	number	0.12	1.36
Grapes	grams	3.75	1.61
Other fruits			3.07
Dates	grams	9.79	1.18
Cadju nuts	grams	1.07	0.51
Groundnuts	grams	7.04	1.00
Plums	grams	1.52	0.42
Other dried fruits	grams	0.13	0.04
confectioneries and other short eats			75.04
Jam	grams	6.16	1.73
Ice-cream			9.30
Chocolates	grams	4.13	2.83
Toffees	number	0.85	1.05
Biscuits	grams	172.74	33.08
Jelly			0.49
Snacks packets	grams	6.13	1.31
Cake	grams	26.56	6.25
Kawum/ Kokis etc.	number	0.61	2.71
Muskets/ Kaludodol etc.	grams	3.61	0.76
Talabola/ Rulan etc.	number	0.26	0.76
Cutlets/ Patties/ Wadei/ Pastries etc.	number	1.18	10.36
palmyrah products	number	0.03	0.09
Other confectioneries and short eats			4.31
Beverages(non alcoholic)			66.64

Table 5.1 : All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person) - Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Tea dust/ leaves	grams	113.45	35.57
Coffee powder/ seeds	grams	5.71	2.34
Soft drinks			3.18
Fruit drinks/ Cordials			1.86
Saruwath	number	0.01	0.16
Milk Tea	number	0.68	8.19
Plain Tea	number	2.10	12.28
Milk Coffee	number	0.02	0.28
Coffee	number	0.02	0.18
Drink packets/ Ice packets	number	0.14	0.50
Gruel	number	0.09	1.07
Bottled water	number	0.01	0.35
Other non alcoholic beverages			0.68
Liquor,Narcotic drugs and Tobacco			120.99
Toddy			2.94
Arrack			41.06
Kassippu			9.80
Beer/ Stout			2.03
Whiskey/ Brandy			1.94
Gin			0.02
Wine			0.05
Other liquors			0.42
Drugs (Ganja, Heroin etc.)			0.18
Cigarettes	number	2.66	28.06
Cigars	number	0.29	0.73
Beedi	number	2.99	3.91
Pipe tobacco			0.07
Beetle leaves	number	13.55	9.72
Areca nuts	number	5.94	7.83
Tobacco (chewing)			4.71
Chunam			0.94
Bulathwita/ Sarawita	number	0.94	6.59

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
All items			9092.18
Cereals		40056.56	1388.87
Rice - (Kekulu)	grams	17529.98	541.93
Rice - (Samba)	grams	7246.67	271.36
Rice - (Nadu)	grams	11816.13	371.89
Rice - (Basmathi)	grams	17.41	1.52
Rice flour	grams	337.13	18.52
Wheat flour	grams	2377.57	96.78
Kurakkan flour	grams	104.20	6.95
Ulundu flour	grams	19.97	2.30
Maize	grams	57.05	2.46
Samaposha	grams	43.64	7.94
Noodles	grams	296.48	31.49
Papadam	grams	156.35	26.90
Infants cereal foods (Nestum)	grams	10.44	4.48
Barley	grams	0.68	0.14
Sago	grams	5.41	0.72
Corn flakes	grams	1.11	0.40
Other cereals	grams	35.83	3.09
Prepared foods			1031.75
Bread (Normal)	grams	6240.44	303.00
Bread (Special)			9.38
Roasted Bread	Number	0.68	4.59
Buns/ Spunchi	Number	5.57	60.21
Hoppers	Number	6.86	31.83
String hoppers	Number	76.18	88.22
Pittu	Number	1.03	9.51
Roty	Number	2.48	19.76
Thosai/ Itly	Number	1.47	11.54
Rice with meat & vegetables	Number	1.52	112.22
Rice with fish & vegetables	Number	3.64	200.86
Rice with only vegetables	Number	2.26	97.93
meat Curry			6.21
fish Curry			12.21
vegetables Curry			7.11
Other prepared foods			52.38
Food purchased Outside by borders & servants			4.79
Pulses		3072.50	303.72
Dhal	grams	2302.22	197.44
Green gram	grams	204.23	22.94

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Gram	grams	193.88	25.38
Cowpea	grams	102.94	9.47
Soya	grams	30.33	5.06
Soya meat	grams	181.87	38.63
Other pulses	grams	57.03	4.80
Vegetables and leaves			727.01
Ash plantain	grams	284.48	14.08
Brinjal	grams	955.15	48.25
Lady's fingers	grams	420.21	20.93
Bitter gourd	grams	276.45	17.71
Long beans	grams	657.31	31.96
Snake gourd	grams	304.19	13.60
Ridge gourd	grams	345.02	17.17
Sweet pumpkin	grams	899.83	34.41
Beans	grams	1352.09	103.21
Carrot	grams	575.84	43.78
Beetroot	grams	461.17	30.09
Cabbage	grams	640.03	36.94
Tomatoes	grams	251.65	18.05
Leeks	grams	398.53	28.11
Knol khol	grams	123.32	5.94
Capsicum	grams	197.19	15.58
Dambala	grams	161.05	9.99
Radish	grams	276.85	11.21
Drumstick	grams	216.13	10.90
Cucumber	grams	195.73	7.23
Kekiri	grams	239.74	6.87
Ash pumpkin	grams	29.06	1.04
Elabattu	grams	207.11	10.90
Kohila yams	grams	109.67	5.57
Lotus stems	grams	20.66	1.53
Plantain flower	grams	235.31	7.02
Ambarella	grams	91.97	3.54
Cadju nuts (raw)	grams	25.64	5.11
Mushrooms	grams	37.53	4.78
Polos			14.70
Other vegetables			14.85
Mukunuwenna	bundles	4.48	43.73
Gotukola	bundles	3.33	28.69
Kankun	bundles	1.14	12.75
Katurumurunga	bundles	0.83	8.51
Nivithi	grams	110.08	4.72
Thampala	bundles	0.18	1.98

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Sarana	bundles	0.15	2.14
Kohila leaves	bundles	0.39	4.65
Onion leaves	grams	49.02	2.62
Cabbage leaves	grams	88.25	3.94
Other leaves			18.23
Yams and other similar foods			208.99
Jak and jak seeds			28.67
Bread fruit	number	0.84	14.69
Potatoes	grams	1894.70	139.53
Sweet Potatoes	grams	203.32	6.52
Mannioc	grams	567.93	13.02
Kiriala	grams	65.09	2.96
Innala	grams	30.09	1.74
Other yams and similar foods	grams	43.14	1.86
Meat		1397.63	365.66
Chicken	grams	987.65	255.29
Beef	grams	305.75	78.38
Mutton	grams	12.72	6.42
Pork	grams	56.52	12.78
Sausages / Meat balls	grams	15.91	7.01
Other meat	grams	19.08	5.78
Fish(fresh)		3308.83	744.43
Balaya	grams	357.27	89.20
Seer	grams	30.31	13.72
Mora	grams	35.15	10.14
Paraw	grams	121.83	40.38
Thalapath	grams	131.70	53.59
Kelavalla	grams	355.57	113.26
Other large fish	grams	292.17	71.05
Sprats	grams	48.03	9.47
Hurulla	grams	303.14	52.91
Karalla/Katuwalla	grams	30.34	4.79
Kumbalawa/ Angila	grams	76.11	16.73
Salaya/ Sudaya	grams	356.18	44.84
Other small fish	grams	318.24	57.03
Lula	grams	21.75	3.90
Teppili/ Tilapiya/ Korali	grams	418.04	55.72
Other fresh water fish	grams	110.81	17.12
Prawns	grams	43.00	17.07
Crabs	grams	10.70	2.45

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Cuttlefish	grams	10.23	2.89
Canned fish (Salmon)	grams	238.26	68.17
Dried fish		1324.73	348.49
Sprats (dry)	grams	578.58	127.64
Keerameen (dry)	grams	74.01	20.55
Salaya (dry)	grams	52.01	10.35
Hurulla (dry)	grams	32.75	6.87
Seer (dry)	grams	9.89	4.01
Katta (dry)	grams	76.38	32.07
Koduwa (dry)	grams	1.55	0.44
Anjila (dry)	grams	0.68	0.19
Balaya (dry)	grams	176.39	49.50
Mora/Keelan (dry)	grams	96.84	32.51
Paraw (dry)	grams	6.60	2.43
Anguluwa (dry)	grams	61.45	15.75
Prawns (dry)	grams	4.82	1.61
Cattle fish (dry)	grams	0.88	0.36
Fresh water dried fishes	grams	20.93	6.18
Jadi	grams	0.36	0.13
Other dried fishes	grams	130.61	37.90
Eggs			85.12
Hen	number	10.80	84.99
Other eggs	number	0.01	0.13
Coconuts(nuts and powder)			472.81
Coconut (Nuts)	number	30.16	471.84
Coconut milk powder	grams	5.33	0.97
Condiments			761.83
Dried chilies	grams	198.55	41.39
Chilly powder	grams	405.14	105.75
Red onions	grams	905.77	65.67
Bombay onions	grams	2319.03	126.66
Garlic	grams	288.53	43.02
Maldives fish	grams	114.16	66.95
Pepper	grams	91.60	27.16
Turmeric/ Turmeric powder	grams	123.87	27.77
Curry powder (Sarakku)	grams	264.63	62.14
Green chilies	grams	479.58	55.90
Limes	Number	12.67	28.88
Cumin seeds			8.21
Panel seeds			5.60

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Coriander			9.94
Mathe seeds			10.97
Mustard			8.49
Goraka			18.36
Tamarind			10.74
Cinnamon			11.31
Salt			36.20
Curry leaves			22.88
Ginger			6.86
Vinegar			1.43
Other condiments			0.94
Other packed, tinned or bottled foods			25.89
Sauce			4.63
Marmite/ Vegemite			11.43
Soup cubes			5.24
Lime pickle			1.08
Chutney			0.37
Canned fruits			0.99
Other packed, tinned or bottled foods			2.15
Milk and milk foods			753.73
Cow milk	ml	260.42	9.88
Goat milk	ml	3.07	0.24
sterilized milk	ml	17.03	0.93
Curd			27.08
Yoghurt/ Moru			26.86
Condensed milk	grams	6.61	2.91
Milk powder	grams	1442.38	584.04
Infant milk powder	grams	95.22	50.81
Butter	grams	25.02	12.63
Margarine	grams	51.58	15.68
Cheese	grams	9.15	10.23
Milk packets (liquid)	Number	0.22	3.84
Other milk and milk products			8.60
Fats and oils		1504.69	186.34
Coconut oil	ml	1422.33	171.98
Vegetable oil	ml	61.86	11.07
Gingerly oil	ml	1.93	0.73
Ghee	ml	0.71	0.14
Other oils and fats	ml	17.86	2.42

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Sugar, Juggery and treacle			324.60
Sugar	grams	5191.21	315.10
Juggery	grams	41.20	5.66
Treacle	ml	17.44	3.30
Bee honey			0.40
Other sweeteners			0.14
Fruits (fresh and dried)			293.88
Banana	number	43.05	119.59
Pineapple	number	0.34	11.11
Papaw	number	2.19	60.91
Mangoes	number	3.72	26.69
Apple	number	0.98	20.38
Avocado	number	0.99	8.52
Wood apple	number	0.62	2.89
Oranges	number	0.44	6.36
King coconut/ Kurumba	number	0.47	5.53
Grapes	grams	15.26	6.55
Other fruits			12.51
Dates	grams	39.86	4.80
Cadju nuts	grams	4.37	2.09
Groundnuts	grams	28.64	4.07
Plums	grams	6.18	1.71
Other dried fruits	grams	0.51	0.17
confectioneries and other short eats			305.40
Jam	grams	25.08	7.06
Ice-cream			37.86
Chocolates	grams	16.81	11.50
Toffees	number	3.45	4.27
Biscuits	grams	703.04	134.64
Jelly			2.00
Snack packets	grams	24.93	5.32
Cake	grams	108.09	25.44
Kawum/ Kokis etc.	number	2.48	11.04
Muskets/ Kaludodol etc.	grams	14.70	3.08
Talabola/ Rulan etc.	number	1.04	3.10
Cutlets/ Patties/ Wadei/ Pastries etc.	number	4.80	42.16
palmyrah products	number	0.13	0.37
Other confectioneries and short eats			17.56
Beverages(non alcoholic)			271.24
Tea dust/ leaves	grams	461.73	144.75
Coffee powder/ seeds	grams	23.22	9.53

Table 5.2: All food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)- Sri Lanka
- 2006/07

Food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Soft drinks			12.95
Fruit drinks/ Cordials			7.57
Saruwath	number	0.04	0.65
Milk Tea	number	2.76	33.35
Plain Tea	number	8.56	49.98
Milk Coffee	number	0.10	1.12
Coffee	number	0.08	0.72
Drink packets/ Ice packets	number	0.57	2.05
Gruel	number	0.38	4.35
Bottled water	number	0.04	1.44
Other non alcoholic beverages			2.78
Liquor, Narcotic drugs and Tobacco			492.42
Toddy			11.95
Arrack			167.10
Kassippu			39.88
Beer/ Stout			8.28
Whiskey/ Brandy			7.90
Gin			0.10
Wine			0.21
Other liquors			1.70
Drugs (Ganja, Heroin etc.)			0.72
Cigarettes	number	10.84	114.21
Cigars	number	1.18	2.96
Beedi	number	12.16	15.91
Pipe tobacco			0.27
Beetle leaves	number	55.14	39.57
Areca nuts	number	24.19	31.88
Tobacco (chewing)			19.15
Chunam			3.82
Bulathwita/ Sarawita	number	3.83	26.81

Table 5.3: All non food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)-Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Housing			2634.77
Housing rent			2565.56
Taxes			9.91
Water bills			59.30
Fuel and light			1041.79
Electricity (monthly average)			472.30
Solar power			10.90
Kerosene oil (monthly average)	ml	1490.96	85.20
Fire wood purchased (monthly average)	kg	20.52	66.96
Fire wood free			167.67
L. P. Gas (monthly average)	kg	1966.89	156.76
Normal Bulbs (last month)	number	0.42	17.10
Energy saving bulbs	number	0.12	26.42
Matches boxes (last month)	number	4.32	11.14
Candles (last month)	number	0.62	2.24
Dry cell batteries (last month)	number	0.65	21.58
Fuel and light by borders/servants			0.75
Other expenses for fuel and light			2.77
Personal care expenses			287.81
Toilet soap			88.77
Tooth paste			40.31
Tooth brushes			14.44
Powder			10.79
Perfumes			15.09
Face cream and lotions			17.79
Hair oils, creams			9.46
Lipstick and nail polish			1.98
Shaving goods and creams			27.65
Hair dressing and shaving charges			57.60
Personal effects of borders/servants			2.39
Other personal care expenses			1.54
Health expenses			692.51
Fees to private medical practices			369.93
Fees to Ayurvedic practitioners			19.15
Consultation fees to specialists			42.05
Payments. to medical laboratories			43.84
Payments to private hospitals/ nursing homes			67.24
Purchase of medical/ pharmacy products			123.92
spectacles			10.40
Other health expenses			15.98

Table 5.3: All non food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)-Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Transport			1862.14
Train/ bus (other than schooling)			459.17
Van (other than schooling)			28.38
Taxi/three wheelers (other than schooling)			98.90
Transport charges for schooling			152.71
Ships and Air lines			77.76
Other transport expenses			13.65
Petrol and other fuel			599.66
Lubricating oil			23.18
Tyres, tubes and spare parts			91.75
Cost of servicing of vehicles			181.83
License and insurance fees			121.18
Other vehicle maintenance expenses			13.97
Communication			538.50
Postal and Telegraph charges			8.50
Telephone charges (land phone/mobile)			496.10
Telephone charges (taken outside)			26.75
Telephone charges (Email/internet)			3.10
Other communication charges			0.12
Exp on transport and comm. of borders/servants			3.93
Education			632.12
Exercise books and stationeries.			137.52
Educational newspapers and magazines			15.53
School text books			8.16
School facility fees (government)			13.22
School fees (private)			33.59
Tuition fees			268.51
Boarding fees			16.89
Course fees (Higher education)			51.59
Course fees vocational training			49.74
Other education expenses			37.37
Recreations, Entertainments & Cultural activities			259.78
Cinemas/ Drama/ Video films			7.79
Books/ News papers/ Magazines			36.45
Lotteries/ Betting			49.87
Excursions and Pilgrimages			104.65
Arts/ Music/ Dancing			2.73
Sports			4.06
Pets/ Aquariums			9.94
Toys			20.18
Maintenance of Radio/ TV/ Video decks			13.72

Table 5.3: All non food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)-Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Other			9.12
Entertainment, cultural etc. of borders/servants			1.27
Household cleaning and sanitary goods			189.34
Washing soap			131.49
Washing powder			38.45
Mosquito coils			10.15
Detergents/ Disinfectants			7.97
Insecticides			0.97
Other			0.31
Household services			111.43
Laundry charges			4.56
Grinding charges			12.12
Wages to servants and drivers			80.45
Payments/ expenses for other household services			13.91
Household services by borders/servants			0.39
Clothing and Textiles			585.27
Trousers	number	0.14	80.43
Shirts	number	0.16	69.86
Saris	number	0.05	51.48
T-shirts	number	0.12	39.32
Sarongs/ Vetties	number	0.12	36.06
Frocks	number	0.09	39.28
Skirts/ Blouses	number	0.17	63.53
Banyans	number	0.07	7.82
Men's under wears	number	0.11	9.93
Women's under wears	number	0.17	15.71
Housecoats/ Kimonas/ Night dress	number	0.04	9.97
Brassieres	number	0.09	13.11
Socks/ Stockings	number	0.07	4.96
Ties	number	0.01	1.35
Handkerchiefs	number	0.18	2.74
Children's dresses	number	0.15	36.14
School uniforms	number	0.04	10.88
Towels	number	0.05	8.75
Bed sheets	number	0.04	12.92
Pillow cases	number	0.08	4.56
Mosquito nets	number	0.02	11.28
Other clothing	number	0.02	8.50
Materials for Clothing	cm	10.23	9.70
Material for school uniforms	cm	6.47	6.67
For curtains/ Furnishing material	cm	8.70	14.03
Other materials and textiles	cm	2.60	3.00

Table 5.3: All non food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)-Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Clothing and textiles by borders/servants			2.01
Tailoring charges for clothing			5.64
Tailoring for school uniforms			5.64
Foot-wear and other personal effects			109.03
Shoes	number	0.09	58.80
Sandals/ Slippers	number	0.12	31.42
Umbrellas	number	0.03	6.16
Hand bags/ Traveling bags	number	0.03	10.19
Head wears	number	0.01	1.13
Rain coats	number		0.30
Charges for repairs of shoes, bags etc.			0.76
Other personal effects	number		0.27
Durable household goods			65.05
Glass ware	number	0.07	7.39
Plastic ware	number	0.06	6.94
Aluminum ware	number	0.03	6.97
Clay ware, pots and pans	number	0.12	5.22
Cane/ Rush products (watti, kulu)	number		0.54
Cutlery	number	0.02	0.92
Lamps/ Lamp shades	number		0.59
Brooms/ Brushes/Ekle	number	0.21	12.11
Mats and Pillows	number	0.01	1.55
Rugs/ Carpets	number	0.01	2.78
Mattress	number		12.67
Torches	number	0.01	1.46
Thermos flasks	number	0.01	2.90
Twines/ Ropes/ Strings	number	0.04	1.03
Other durable household goods	Number	0.01	1.98
Long durable household goods			721.16
Chairs (plastic/ wood/ steel)	number	0.02	17.31
Tables	number		4.79
Settees	number		24.02
Almyrahs	number		26.68
Beds	number		12.90
Other furniture	number		14.39
Clocks/ Watches	number	0.01	3.20
Cookers (Kerosene/ Gas/ Electric)	number		4.07
Mixers, Grinders, Beaters etc.	number		2.68
Irons	number		2.01
Refrigerators	number		31.08
Fans	number		5.72
Sewing machines	number		6.48

Table 5.3: All non food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per household)-Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Radio, Record players, Tape rec.	number		14.18
Television/Video decks	number		47.39
Washing machines	number		7.04
Musical instruments	number		0.74
Bicycles	number		6.24
Motor cycles/ Scooters	number		104.87
Motor cars/ Vans	number		144.67
Prams/ Go-carts/ Tricycles	number		2.40
Gardening tools	number		1.48
Cameras and Projectors	number		2.22
Personal computers	number		24.22
Jewelries	number	0.01	59.27
Telephones	number		39.89
Kitchen equipments (heaters etc)	number		6.53
Other	number		24.86
Goods purchased on easy payments system.			79.38
Durable goods by borders/servants			0.45
Other non consumption and miscellaneous expenses			2291.99
EPFs/ W.&O.P.			297.15
Contribution to unions, societies			49.70
Insurance/ Agrahara			159.94
Other savings (including Seettu)			362.01
Payments of debts			1299.77
Income taxes			37.35
Other miscellaneous expenses			75.35
Savings etc. by borders/servants			8.47
Miscellaneous exp by borders/servants			2.25
Other windfall expenses			1796.06
Expenses. on weddings, funerals			366.08
Social activities/ceremonies			121.32
Litigation			10.01
Gifts/Donation/Transfers			66.38
Maintenance/ Reconstruction			632.63
Purchasing of properties			490.91
Loans provided			26.25
Other random expenses			75.98
Sent to family by borders/servants			1.71
Boarding fees by borders			4.51
Non-durable goods by borders/servants			0.28

Table 5.4 : All non- food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person)- Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
All non food items			3395.27
Housing			647.36
Housing rent			630.36
Taxes			2.43
Water bills			14.57
Fuel and light			255.97
Electricity (monthly average)			116.04
Solar power			2.68
Kerosene oil (monthly average)	ml	366.33	20.93
Fire wood purchased (monthly average)	kg	5.04	16.45
Fire wood free			41.20
L. P. Gas (monthly average)	kg	483.27	38.52
Normal Bulbs (last month)	number	0.10	4.20
Energy saving bulbs	number	0.03	6.49
Matches boxes (last month)	number	1.06	2.74
Candles (last month)	number	0.15	0.55
Dry cell batteries (last month)	number	0.16	5.30
Fuel and light by borders/servants			0.18
Other expenses for fuel and light			0.68
Personal care expenses			70.71
Toilet soap			21.81
Tooth paste			9.90
Tooth brushes			3.55
Powder			2.65
Perfumes			3.71
Face cream and lotions			4.37
Hair oils, creams			2.32
Lipstick and nail polish			0.49
Shaving goods and creams			6.79
Hair dressing and shaving charges			14.15
Personal effects of borders/servants			0.59
Other personal care expenses			0.38
Health expenses			170.15
Fees to private medical practices			90.89
Fees to Ayurvedic practitioners			4.71
Consultation fees to specialists			10.33
Payments. to medical laboratories			10.77
Payments to private hospitals/ nursing homes			16.52
Purchase of medical/ pharmacy products			30.45
spectacles			2.56
Other health expenses			3.93

Table 5.4 : All non- food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person)- Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Transport			457.53
Train/ bus (other than schooling)			112.82
Van (other than schooling)			6.97
Taxi/three wheelers (other than schooling)			24.30
Transport charges for schooling			37.52
Ships and Air lines			19.11
Other transport expenses			3.35
Petrol and other fuel			147.34
Lubricating oil			5.70
Tyres, tubes and spare parts			22.54
Cost of servicing of vehicles			44.68
License and insurance fees			29.77
Other vehicle maintenance expenses			3.43
Communication			132.31
Postal and Telegraph charges			2.09
Telephone charges (land phone/mobile)			121.89
Telephone charges (taken outside)			6.57
Telephone charges (Email/internet)			0.76
Other communication charges			0.03
Exp on transport and comm. of borders/servants			0.97
Education			155.31
Exercise books and stationeries.			33.79
Educational newspapers and magazines			3.82
School text books			2.00
School facility fees (government)			3.25
School fees (private)			8.25
Tuition fees			65.97
Boarding fees			4.15
Course fees (Higher education)			12.68
Course fees vocational training			12.22
Other education expenses			9.18
Recreations, Entertainments & Cultural activities			63.83
Cinemas/ Drama/ Video films			1.91
Books/ News papers/ Magazines			8.96
Lotteries/ Betting			12.25
Excursions and Pilgrimages			25.71
Arts/ Music/ Dancing			0.67
Sports			1.00
Pets/ Aquariums			2.44
Toys			4.96

Table 5.4 : All non- food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person)- Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Maintenance of Radio/ TV/ Video decks			3.37
Other			2.24
Entertainment, cultural etc. of borders/servants			0.31
Household cleaning and sanitary goods			46.52
Washing soap			32.31
Washing powder			9.45
Mosquito coils			2.49
Detergents/ Disinfectants			1.96
Insecticides			0.24
Other			0.08
			0.00
Household services			27.38
Laundry charges			1.12
Grinding charges			2.98
Wages to servants and drivers			19.77
Payments/ expenses for other household services			3.42
Household services by borders/servants			0.10
Clothing and Textiles			143.80
Trousers	number	0.03	19.76
Shirts	number	0.04	17.16
Sarees	number	0.01	12.65
T-shirts	number	0.03	9.66
Sarongs/ Vetties	number	0.03	8.86
Frocks	number	0.02	9.65
Skirts/ Blouses	number	0.04	15.61
Banyans	number	0.02	1.92
Men's under wears	number	0.03	2.44
Women's under wears	number	0.04	3.86
Housecoats/ Kimonas/ Night dress	number	0.01	2.45
Brassieres	number	0.02	3.22
Socks/ Stockings	number	0.02	1.22
Ties	number		0.33
Handkerchiefs	number	0.04	0.67
Children's dresses	number	0.04	8.88
School uniforms	number	0.01	2.67
Towels	number	0.01	2.15
Bed sheets	number	0.01	3.17
Pillow cases	number	0.02	1.12
Mosquito nets	number		2.77
Other clothing	number		2.09
Materials for Clothing	cm	2.51	2.38
Material for school uniforms	cm	1.59	1.64

Table 5.4 : All non- food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person)- Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
For curtains/ Furnishing material	cm	2.14	3.45
Other materials and textiles	cm	0.64	0.74
Clothing and textiles by borders/servants			0.49
Tailoring charges for clothing			1.39
Tailoring for school uniforms			1.39
Foot-wear and other personal effects			26.79
Shoes	number	0.02	14.45
Sandals/ Slippers	number	0.03	7.72
Umbrellas	number	0.01	1.51
Hand bags/ Traveling bags	number	0.01	2.50
Head wears	number		0.28
Rain coats	number		0.07
Charges for repairs of shoes, bags etc.			0.19
Other personal effects	number		0.07
Durable household goods			15.98
Glass ware	number	0.02	1.82
Plastic ware	number	0.01	1.71
Aluminum ware	number	0.01	1.71
Clay ware, pots and pans	number	0.03	1.28
Cane/ Rush products (watti, kulu)	number		0.13
Cutlery	number		0.23
Lamps/ Lamp shades	number		0.14
Brooms/ Brushes/Ekels	number	0.05	2.98
Mats and Pillows	number		0.38
Rugs/ Carpets	number		0.68
Mattress	number		3.11
Torches	number		0.36
Thermos flasks	number		0.71
Twines/ Ropes/ Strings	number	0.01	0.25
Other durable household goods	Number		0.49
Long durable household goods			177.19
Chairs (plastic/ wood/ steel)	number		4.25
Tables	number		1.18
Settees	number		5.90
Almyrahs	number		6.56
Beds	number		3.17
Other furniture	number		3.54
Clocks/ Watches	number		0.79
Cookers (Kerosene/ Gas/ Electric)	number		1.00
Mixers, Grinders, Beaters etc.	number		0.66
Irons	number		0.49

Table 5.4 : All non- food items consumption and expenditure (average monthly per person)- Sri Lanka
-2006/07

Non- food items/group	Unit	Quantity	Value (Rs.)
Refrigerators	number		7.64
Fans	number		1.41
Sewing machines	number		1.59
Radio, Record players, Tape rec.	number		3.48
Television/Video decks	number		11.64
Washing machines	number		1.73
Musical instruments	number		0.18
Bicycles	number		1.53
Motor cycles/ Scooters	number		25.77
Motor cars/ Vans	number		35.55
Prams/ Go-carts/ Tricycles	number		0.59
Gardening tools	number		0.36
Cameras and Projectors	number		0.55
Personal computers	number		5.95
Jewelries	number		14.56
Telephones	number		9.80
Kitchen equipments (heaters etc)	number		1.60
Other	number		6.11
Goods purchased on easy payments system.			19.50
Durable goods by borders/servants			0.11
Other non consumption and miscellaneous expenses			563.14
EPFs/ W.&O.P.			73.01
Contribution to unions, societies			12.21
Insurance/ Agrahara			39.30
Other savings (including Seettu)			88.95
Payments of debts			319.35
Income taxes			9.18
Other miscellaneous expenses			18.51
Savings etc. by borders/servants			2.08
Miscellaneous exp by borders/servants			0.55
Other windfall expenses			441.29
Expenses. on weddings, funerals			89.95
Social activities/ceremonies			29.81
Litigation			2.46
Gifts/Donation/Transfers			16.31
Maintenance/ Reconstruction			155.44
Purchasing of properties			120.62
Loans provided			6.45
Other random expenses			18.67
Sent to family by borders/servants			0.42
Boarding fees by borders			1.11
Non-durable goods by borders/servants			0.07

Additional Tables

Population

Table A1: Household population by sex and by sector, province and district – 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Population (in million)			Percentage (%)		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Sri Lanka	18.4	8.8	9.6	100	47.9	52.1
Sector						
Urban	2.7	1.3	1.4	100	47.6	52.4
Rural	14.7	7.0	7.6	100	48.0	52.0
Estate	1.0	0.5	0.5	100	47.9	52.1
Province						
Western	5.7	2.7	3.0	100	47.8	52.2
Central	2.6	1.2	1.4	100	46.6	53.4
Southern	2.5	1.2	1.3	100	48.5	51.5
Eastern	0.9	0.5	0.5	100	48.6	51.4
North Western	2.3	1.1	1.2	100	49.0	51.0
North Central	1.2	0.6	0.6	100	48.1	51.9
Uva	1.3	0.6	0.7	100	47.5	52.5
Sabaragamuwa	1.9	0.9	1.0	100	47.9	52.1
District						
Colombo	2.3	1.1	1.2	100	48.1	51.9
Gampaha	2.3	1.1	1.2	100	47.6	52.4
Kalutara	1.2	0.5	0.6	100	47.6	52.4
Kandy	1.3	0.6	0.7	100	46.0	54.0
Matale	0.5	0.2	0.2	100	47.6	52.4
Nuwara Eliya	0.8	0.4	0.4	100	47.0	53.0
Galle	1.1	0.5	0.6	100	47.7	52.3
Matara	0.8	0.4	0.4	100	48.3	51.7
Hambantota	0.6	0.3	0.3	100	50.4	49.6
Batticaloa	0.3	0.2	0.2	100	48.4	51.6
Ampara	0.6	0.3	0.3	100	48.7	51.3
Kurunegala	1.5	0.8	0.8	100	48.8	51.2
Puttlam	0.8	0.4	0.4	100	49.3	50.7
Anuradhapura	0.8	0.4	0.4	100	47.9	52.1
Polonnaruwa	0.4	0.2	0.2	100	48.5	51.5
Badulla	0.8	0.4	0.4	100	46.7	53.3
Moneragala	0.5	0.2	0.2	100	49.1	50.9
Ratnapura	1.1	0.5	0.6	100	48.4	51.6
Kegalle	0.8	0.4	0.4	100	47.2	52.8

Table A2: Household population of head of the household by sex and by sector, province and district -2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Heads (in thousands)			Percentage (%)		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Sri Lanka	4524	3467	1057	100	76.6	23.4
Sector						
Urban	631	470	161	100	74.5	25.5
Rural	3657	2815	842	100	77.0	23.0
Estate	236	182	54	100	77.1	22.9
Province						
Western	1372	1067	305	100	77.8	22.2
Central	633	468	165	100	73.9	26.1
Southern	593	447	145	100	75.4	24.6
Eastern	219	170	49	100	77.5	22.5
North Western	598	459	140	100	76.7	23.3
North Central	317	244	73	100	76.9	23.1
Uva	313	245	68	100	78.2	21.8
Sabaragamuwa	480	369	112	100	76.8	23.2
District						
Colombo	548	421	127	100	76.9	23.1
Gampaha	548	428	120	100	78.1	21.9
Kalutara	276	218	58	100	78.9	21.1
Kandy	327	240	87	100	73.3	26.7
Matale	121	91	30	100	75.0	25.0
Nuwara Eliya	185	137	47	100	74.3	25.7
Galle	260	197	63	100	75.9	24.1
Matara	195	145	49	100	74.6	25.4
Hambantota	138	104	33	100	75.8	24.2
Batticaloa	83	62	21	100	75.0	25.0
Ampara	136	107	29	100	78.9	21.1
Kurunegala	402	306	97	100	76.0	24.0
Puttlam	196	153	43	100	78.1	21.9
Anuradhapura	214	168	46	100	78.5	21.5
Polonnaruwa	103	76	27	100	73.7	26.3
Badulla	205	153	51	100	75.0	25.0
Moneragala	108	91	17	100	84.2	15.8
Ratnapura	272	215	57	100	78.9	21.1
Kegalle	208	154	54	100	74.0	26.0

Age composition

Table A3: Percentage distribution of population by selected age groups and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Age group(Years)			
	Total (%)	0 -14 (%)	15 -59 (%)	60 and above (%)
Sri Lanka	100	25.6	63.2	11.3
Sector				
Urban	100	24.6	64.4	11.0
Rural	100	25.5	63.1	11.4
Estate	100	29.2	61.0	9.8
Province				
Western	100	23.2	64.5	12.3
Central	100	27.0	61.1	11.9
Southern	100	25.1	61.7	13.2
Eastern	100	32.0	61.7	6.3
North Western	100	26.4	63.6	10.0
North Central	100	27.6	64.6	7.8
Uva	100	28.7	62.2	9.1
Sabaragamuwa	100	23.9	63.9	12.3
District				
Colombo	100	22.8	65.4	11.8
Gampaha	100	23.9	64.4	11.7
Kalutara	100	22.5	63.0	14.5
Kandy	100	26.8	60.7	12.5
Matale	100	26.3	61.8	11.9
Nuwara Eliya	100	27.7	61.5	10.8
Galle	100	25.4	60.5	14.2
Matara	100	24.8	61.7	13.5
Hambantota	100	25.0	64.1	10.9
Batticaloa	100	31.4	61.9	6.7
Ampara	100	32.4	61.5	6.1
Kurunegala	100	24.9	63.9	11.2
Puttlam	100	29.4	63.0	7.7
Anuradhapura	100	27.8	64.8	7.3
Polonnaruwa	100	27.2	64.1	8.8
Badulla	100	27.9	61.9	10.1
Moneragala	100	30.0	62.7	7.3
Ratnapura	100	25.2	64.1	10.7
Kegalle	100	22.0	63.5	14.4

Table.A4: Percentage distribution of head of the household by age group and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Age group (Years)				
	Total (%)	12 - 24 (%)	25 - 39 (%)	40 - 59 (%)	60 and above (%)
Sri Lanka	100	1.3	21.6	51.1	26.1
Sector					
Urban	100	1.0	20.9	52.3	25.7
Rural	100	1.2	21.6	50.8	26.4
Estate	100	2.5	22.1	53.0	22.4
Province					
Western	100	0.8	20.5	51.0	27.7
Central	100	1.0	19.7	50.9	28.3
Southern	100	1.4	18.9	48.0	31.7
Eastern	100	3.3	35.3	46.0	15.3
North Western	100	1.6	24.5	52.4	21.5
North Central	100	1.6	26.7	53.8	17.9
Uva	100	1.0	23.4	52.6	23.0
Sabaragamuwa	100	1.4	15.7	53.2	29.7
District					
Colombo	100	0.7	20.4	52.6	26.2
Gampaha	100	0.8	21.7	52.1	25.4
Kalutara	100	0.8	18.4	45.6	35.2
Kandy	100	0.7	18.8	50.4	30.1
Matale	100	1.7	21.2	50.1	27.0
Nuwara Eliya	100	1.2	20.2	52.4	26.2
Galle	100	2.2	19.9	45.5	32.4
Matara	100	0.9	17.1	48.9	33.1
Hambantota	100	0.7	19.6	51.5	28.2
Batticaloa	100	4.8	35.1	44.2	15.9
Ampara	100	2.5	35.4	47.1	15.0
Kurunegala	100	1.0	21.4	53.6	24.0
Puttlam	100	2.8	31.0	49.9	16.3
Anuradhapura	100	1.2	26.9	55.4	16.5
Polonnaruwa	100	2.3	26.3	50.7	20.8
Badulla	100	0.6	22.6	50.8	26.0
Moneragala	100	1.5	24.9	56.1	17.5
Ratnapura	100	1.7	16.7	55.5	26.0
Kegalle	100	0.9	14.4	50.2	34.5

Education

Table A5: Percentage distribution of population by level of education and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Educational attainment					
	Total	No schooling	Up to grade 5	Passed grade 6 - 10	Passed G.C.E.(O/L)	Passed G.C.E. (A/L) and above
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	4.9	26.1	43.1	15.1	10.6
Sector						
Urban	100	3.2	21.2	40.2	20.2	15.2
Rural	100	4.6	25.9	44.2	15.0	10.4
Estate	100	15.8	43.5	35.6	3.4	1.7
Province						
Western	100	2.7	20.2	41.7	20.7	14.6
Central	100	7.1	29.4	43.0	11.3	9.3
Southern	100	5.4	27.2	42.6	14.7	10.2
Eastern	100	6.2	36.5	39.3	10.7	7.3
North Western	100	4.4	27.9	45.7	13.1	8.9
North Central	100	3.9	27.9	48.4	11.8	8.0
Uva	100	8.1	32.2	42.2	10.5	7.0
Sabaragamuwa	100	6.4	26.3	44.5	13.9	8.9
District						
Colombo	100	2.8	19.1	39.1	23.1	15.9
Gampaha	100	2.4	20.4	43.9	19.6	13.7
Kalutara	100	3.3	22.0	42.7	18.3	13.7
Kandy	100	5.5	26.1	42.8	13.1	12.5
Matale	100	5.9	28.2	44.6	12.3	9.0
Nuwara Eliya	100	10.7	36.0	42.3	7.4	3.6
Galle	100	4.3	26.9	43.8	15.3	9.8
Matara	100	6.9	27.5	40.5	13.8	11.4
Hambantota	100	5.4	27.5	42.8	15.2	9.1
Batticaloa	100	6.7	35.5	38.4	10.9	8.6
Ampara	100	6.1	36.9	39.8	10.6	6.6
Kurunegala	100	4.1	25.9	45.3	13.9	10.8
Puttlam	100	4.9	31.9	46.6	11.2	5.4
Anuradhapura	100	3.9	28.4	48.2	12.3	7.3
Polonnaruwa	100	4.1	26.9	48.8	10.8	9.3
Badulla	100	8.9	31.1	40.8	11.4	7.8
Moneragala	100	6.7	34.1	45.0	8.8	5.6
Ratnapura	100	8.2	28.8	45.2	10.5	7.4
Kegalle	100	4.2	22.9	43.4	18.5	11.1

Table A6: Percentage distribution of head of the household by level of education and by sector, province and district – 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Level of education of head of the household					
	Total	No schooling	Up to grade 5	Passed grade 6 - 10	Passed G.C.E.(O/L)	Passed G.C.E. (A/L) and above
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	5.5	27.2	42.3	15.1	9.9
Sector						
Urban	100	3.1	17.4	40.5	21.7	17.2
Rural	100	5.1	27.3	43.7	14.7	9.2
Estate	100	18.8	51.3	25.4	2.6	1.8
Province						
Western	100	2.3	17.5	43.1	22.4	14.8
Central	100	8.7	31.6	38.8	11.3	9.6
Southern	100	6.7	30.8	40.9	14.1	7.5
Eastern	100	7.9	39.0	35.7	10.5	6.9
North Western	100	4.3	29.4	46.6	11.5	8.2
North Central	100	4.6	28.0	46.9	12.7	7.8
Uva	100	9.8	36.1	37.6	9.7	6.7
Sabaragamuwa	100	7.8	29.8	44.4	11.8	6.3
District						
Colombo	100	2.5	14.8	39.7	24.9	18.2
Gampaha	100	1.5	17.6	46.8	21.8	12.3
Kalutara	100	3.4	22.5	42.7	18.5	12.9
Kandy	100	6.2	26.5	39.2	14.7	13.3
Matale	100	7.2	31.4	42.3	10.8	8.3
Nuwara Eliya	100	13.9	41.0	35.6	5.7	3.8
Galle	100	4.7	26.1	45.4	16.1	7.8
Matara	100	8.4	32.6	37.8	11.8	9.5
Hambantota	100	8.0	37.3	37.1	13.6	4.0
Batticaloa	100	9.1	35.6	36.5	11.7	7.0
Ampara	100	7.1	41.0	35.2	9.8	6.8
Kurunegala	100	3.7	27.7	45.9	13.3	9.5
Puttlam	100	5.5	32.8	48.1	8.1	5.5
Anuradhapura	100	4.3	28.3	46.1	14.1	7.3
Polonnaruwa	100	5.2	27.4	48.6	9.9	8.9
Badulla	100	10.3	35.2	35.8	10.7	7.9
Moneragala	100	9.1	37.6	40.8	8.1	4.5
Ratnapura	100	10.2	33.6	40.6	10.1	5.6
Kegalle	100	4.8	24.9	49.2	14.0	7.2

Marital status

Table A7: Percentage distribution of population by marital status and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Marital status				
	Total	Never married	Married	Widowed	Divorced/ Separated
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	34.9	56.4	7.6	1.1
Sector					
Urban	100	36.9	54.2	7.7	1.3
Rural	100	34.5	56.9	7.5	1.1
Estate	100	34.6	55.0	9.5	0.9
Province					
Western	100	33.9	56.9	8.0	1.2
Central	100	34.7	55.4	9.0	0.9
Southern	100	36.2	56.1	6.7	1.0
Eastern	100	39.5	52.9	6.1	1.5
North Western	100	33.1	57.9	7.3	1.6
North Central	100	33.2	59.1	6.6	1.1
Uva	100	36.9	55.8	6.6	0.7
Sabaragamuwa	100	36.0	54.6	8.3	1.0
District					
Colombo	100	34.6	55.7	8.2	1.5
Gampaha	100	33.5	57.3	7.9	1.2
Kalutara	100	33.0	58.5	7.9	0.7
Kandy	100	35.8	54.1	9.2	0.9
Matale	100	33.0	57.0	8.8	1.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	33.6	57.0	8.7	0.8
Galle	100	35.2	56.0	7.5	1.4
Matara	100	36.5	55.3	7.5	0.7
Hambantota	100	37.5	57.3	4.3	0.9
Batticaloa	100	38.3	52.8	7.1	1.7
Ampara	100	40.2	53.0	5.5	1.3
Kurunegala	100	32.6	58.1	7.7	1.6
Puttlam	100	34.2	57.6	6.5	1.7
Anuradhapura	100	34.1	58.9	5.9	1.1
Polonnaruwa	100	31.4	59.6	7.9	1.1
Badulla	100	37.0	54.4	7.8	0.7
Moneragala	100	36.8	58.5	4.2	0.5
Ratnapura	100	37.8	53.5	7.6	1.0
Kegalle	100	33.7	56.1	9.3	0.9

Table A8: Percentage distribution of head of household by marital status and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Marital status of head of the household				
	Total	Never married	Married	Widowed	Divorced/ Separated
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	2.2	79.4	16.6	1.8
Sector					
Urban	100	2.7	78.0	17.0	2.2
Rural	100	2.0	79.8	16.4	1.8
Estate	100	2.9	76.5	19.3	1.3
Province					
Western	100	2.3	78.5	17.3	1.9
Central	100	2.4	77.4	18.7	1.6
Southern	100	2.5	80.4	15.5	1.5
Eastern	100	1.9	82.7	12.5	2.9
North Western	100	1.7	81.0	15.1	2.3
North Central	100	1.2	83.0	14.2	1.6
Uva	100	1.5	82.3	15.1	1.1
Sabaragamuwa	100	3.0	75.5	19.8	1.7
District					
Colombo	100	2.5	77.2	17.6	2.7
Gampaha	100	1.8	80.1	16.2	1.8
Kalutara	100	2.7	77.6	19.0	0.7
Kandy	100	2.6	77.0	18.7	1.8
Matale	100	1.8	77.7	19.1	1.4
Nuwara Eliya	100	2.4	77.8	18.5	1.3
Galle	100	3.0	78.1	16.4	2.5
Matara	100	2.3	78.6	18.4	0.7
Hambantota	100	1.7	87.5	9.9	1.0
Batticaloa	100	1.7	80.9	13.7	3.7
Ampara	100	2.1	83.7	11.8	2.4
Kurunegala	100	1.7	79.5	16.4	2.4
Puttlam	100	1.5	84.0	12.4	2.0
Anuradhapura	100	1.4	84.9	12.4	1.4
Polonnaruwa	100	0.8	79.2	18.1	1.9
Badulla	100	1.7	79.1	18.0	1.2
Moneragala	100	1.0	88.4	9.7	0.9
Ratnapura	100	3.1	76.9	18.0	2.1
Kegalle	100	2.9	73.6	22.2	1.3

Female - headed households

Table A9: Percentage distribution of female headed households by age group and by sector ,province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Age group (years)			
	Total (%)	Less than 25 (%)	25 - 39 (%)	40 and above (%)
Sri Lanka	100	1.7	17.0	81.3
Sector				
Urban	100	1.0	15.1	84.0
Rural	100	1.7	17.6	80.7
Estate	100	3.4	13.8	82.8
Province				
Western	100	0.7	13.2	86.1
Central	100	2.6	16.3	81.1
Southern	100	1.7	14.8	83.5
Eastern	100	4.8	31.8	63.4
North Western	100	1.5	17.7	80.8
North Central	100	3.0	29.8	67.2
Uva	100	0.7	24.3	75.0
Sabaragamuwa	100	1.3	11.0	87.7
District				
Colombo	100	0.1	11.3	88.5
Gampaha	100	1.2	16.0	82.8
Kalutara	100	1.2	11.4	87.4
Kandy	100	1.9	16.5	81.6
Matale	100	5.5	18.9	75.7
Nuwara Eliya	100	2.0	14.4	83.6
Galle	100	2.9	16.0	81.1
Matara	100	0.1	13.2	86.8
Hambantota	100	2.0	14.8	83.2
Batticaloa	100	4.0	33.9	62.1
Ampara	100	5.4	30.4	64.2
Kurunegala	100	1.3	16.5	82.1
Puttlam	100	1.9	20.4	77.7
Anuradhapura	100	2.6	33.4	64.0
Polonnaruwa	100	3.7	23.6	72.7
Badulla	100	0.5	25.4	74.1
Moneragala	100	1.2	20.8	78.0
Ratnapura	100	1.9	10.6	87.5
Kegalle	100	0.7	11.4	88.0

Table A10: Percentage distribution of female headed household by marital status and by sector, province and district- 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Marital status of female headed household			
	Total (%)	Never married (%)	Married (%)	Widowed/Separated Divorced (%)
Sri Lanka	100	4.0	31.8	64.2
Urban	100	5.4	32.5	62.1
Rural	100	3.7	31.6	64.7
Estate	100	3.6	33.3	63.2
Province				
Western	100	4.5	25.6	70.0
Central	100	4.1	34.3	61.6
Southern	100	4.7	38.8	56.5
Eastern	100	3.4	35.0	61.5
North Western	100	2.5	36.3	61.2
North Central	100	4.0	40.5	55.5
Uva	100	0.8	36.5	62.7
Sabaragamuwa	100	5.5	20.2	74.2
District				
Colombo	100	4.2	22.8	73.0
Gampaha	100	4.8	27.1	68.1
Kalutara	100	4.4	28.6	67.1
Kandy	100	5.3	31.7	63.1
Matale	100	2.6	33.4	64.0
Nuwara Eliya	100	2.9	39.8	57.3
Galle	100	6.3	29.5	64.2
Matara	100	4.7	33.8	61.6
Hambantota	100	1.9	63.8	34.3
Batticaloa	100	4.8	32.8	62.4
Ampara	100	2.4	36.7	60.9
Kurunegala	100	2.5	33.2	64.3
Puttlam	100	2.7	43.0	54.3
Anuradhapura	100	5.5	43.6	50.9
Polonnaruwa	100	1.3	35.2	63.4
Badulla	100	1.0	34.6	64.4
Moneragala	100	0.2	42.2	57.6
Ratnapura	100	7.3	18.3	74.4
Kegalle	100	3.6	22.3	74.1

Table A11: Percentage distribution of female headed households by level of education and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Level of education of female headed household			
	Total (%)	No Schooling (%)	Up to grade 10 (%)	Passed G.C.E.(O/L) and above (%)
Sri Lanka	100	12.5	66.7	20.8
Sector				
Urban	100	7.0	63.4	29.6
Rural	100	11.5	68.2	20.2
Estate	100	44.4	52.5	3.1
Province				
Western	100	6.4	66.8	26.8
Central	100	20.8	59.4	19.8
Southern	100	12.5	65.8	21.7
Eastern	100	16.9	68.9	14.2
North Western	100	8.5	74.6	16.9
North Central	100	10.4	68.0	21.7
Uva	100	21.2	63.7	15.2
Sabaragamuwa	100	15.8	68.7	15.5
District				
Colombo	100	7.2	60.9	31.9
Gampaha	100	4.2	71.5	24.3
Kalutara	100	9.3	69.9	20.8
Kandy	100	13.3	60.8	25.9
Matale	100	18.4	62.5	19.1
Nuwara Eliya	100	36.2	54.8	9.0
Galle	100	8.9	67.2	23.9
Matara	100	13.9	63.0	23.1
Hambantota	100	17.1	67.3	15.6
Batticaloa	100	14.4	71.8	13.7
Ampara	100	18.7	66.8	14.5
Kurunegala	100	8.4	72.9	18.6
Puttlam	100	8.7	78.4	12.9
Anuradapura	100	9.4	67.0	23.6
Polonnaruwa	100	12.0	69.6	18.4
Badulla	100	19.9	63.8	16.2
Moneragala	100	24.9	63.2	11.9
Ratnapura	100	18.1	69.4	12.5
Kegalle	100	13.4	67.9	18.6

School attendance

Table A12: Percentage distribution of population (aged 5-20 years) by school attendance and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	School attendance			
	Total (%)	Currently attending school (%)	Never attended school (%)	Attended school in the past (%)
Sri Lanka	100	81.4	3.8	14.7
Sector				
Urban	100	81.7	3.2	15.1
Rural	100	81.9	3.6	14.5
Estate	100	74.5	8.1	17.4
Province				
Western	100	81.8	3.4	14.8
Central	100	81.9	4.3	13.8
Southern	100	81.5	3.8	14.7
Eastern	100	82.6	3.2	14.2
North Western	100	79.2	4.4	16.4
North Central	100	84.0	3.2	12.8
Uva	100	82.9	3.7	13.4
Sabaragamuwa	100	79.1	4.6	16.3
District				
Colombo	100	81.9	3.4	14.8
Gampaha	100	82.5	3.5	14.0
Kalutara	100	80.2	3.1	16.7
Kandy	100	82.0	3.8	14.2
Matale	100	82.5	3.5	14.0
Nuwara Eliya	100	81.4	5.7	12.9
Galle	100	80.5	3.3	16.2
Matara	100	82.4	4.0	13.5
Hambantota	100	82.2	4.3	13.5
Batticaloa	100	80.0	2.9	17.1
Ampara	100	84.1	3.4	12.5
Kurunegala	100	80.5	4.3	15.1
Puttlam	100	77.0	4.6	18.4
Anuradapura	100	82.7	3.3	14.0
Polonnaruwa	100	86.7	3.0	10.4
Badulla	100	81.3	4.2	14.5
Moneragala	100	85.7	2.7	11.5
Ratnapura	100	78.7	5.6	15.6
Kegalle	100	79.6	2.9	17.5

Table A13: Percentage distribution of population (aged 5-14 years) by school attendance and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	School attendance			
	Total (%)	Currently attending school (%)	Never attended school (%)	Attended school in the past (%)
Sri Lanka	100	97.8	1.2	1.0
Sector				
Urban	100	97.8	1.1	1.1
Rural	100	98.2	0.9	0.9
Estate	100	91.8	5.6	2.6
Province				
Western	100	98.4	0.8	0.8
Central	100	98.0	1.3	0.8
Southern	100	98.1	1.2	0.7
Eastern	100	97.0	1.4	1.6
North Western	100	97.4	0.9	1.7
North Central	100	99.0	0.6	0.4
Uva	100	97.7	1.2	1.1
Sabaragamuwa	100	95.8	2.6	1.5
District				
Colombo	100	98.0	1.0	1.0
Gampaha	100	99.0	0.4	0.6
Kalutara	100	97.9	1.3	0.8
Kandy	100	98.8	0.5	0.6
Matale	100	98.7	0.4	0.9
Nuwara Eliya	100	96.0	3.1	1.0
Galle	100	98.3	0.5	1.2
Matara	100	98.8	1.1	0.1
Hambantota	100	96.9	2.7	0.3
Batticaloa	100	97.4	0.9	1.8
Ampara	100	96.8	1.7	1.5
Kurunegala	100	98.6	0.6	0.8
Puttlam	100	95.4	1.6	3.1
Anuradapura	100	98.8	0.9	0.3
Polonnaruwa	100	99.4	0.0	0.6
Badulla	100	97.0	1.7	1.3
Moneragala	100	99.0	0.3	0.7
Ratnapura	100	94.4	3.5	2.1
Kegalle	100	98.3	1.1	0.6

Table A14: Percentage distribution of distance to school from house for persons
(age 5-20 years) who are currently attending school by sector, province
and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Distance					
	Total	Less than 1km	1km to less than 3 km	3km to less than 5 km	5km to less than 10 km	10 km or more than 10km
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	27.9	36.0	14.0	12.7	9.3
Sector						
Urban	100	33.7	37.0	14.9	9.4	4.9
Rural	100	26.5	35.7	13.9	13.5	10.3
Estate	100	34.1	37.5	11.7	9.5	7.2
Province						
Western	100	21.6	33.6	14.8	16.2	13.8
Central	100	31.2	36.2	14.1	9.9	8.7
Southern	100	28.1	38.5	12.0	13.0	8.3
Eastern	100	60.7	24.7	7.6	4.2	2.8
North Western	100	28.3	38.5	13.7	11.5	8.0
North Central	100	28.6	37.0	16.2	11.6	6.6
Uva	100	25.5	45.0	13.0	9.7	6.9
Sabaragamuwa	100	21.6	34.7	18.0	16.6	9.1
District						
Colombo	100	18.6	33.4	18.8	17.8	11.4
Gampaha	100	23.7	33.5	11.8	14.3	16.8
Kalutara	100	23.4	34.3	12.5	17.1	12.7
Kandy	100	30.5	36.9	10.4	11.0	11.1
Matale	100	31.5	39.2	13.0	8.9	7.4
Nuwara Eliya	100	32.3	33.0	21.5	8.4	4.9
Galle	100	28.1	34.2	13.2	13.4	11.2
Matara	100	29.2	38.0	11.1	14.2	7.4
Hambantota	100	26.6	46.8	11.2	11.2	4.3
Batticaloa	100	68.9	21.8	5.3	2.9	1.1
Ampara	100	56.2	26.3	8.8	4.9	3.7
Kurunegala	100	25.4	36.8	15.6	13.1	9.1
Puttlam	100	33.4	41.4	10.3	8.8	6.0
Anuradapura	100	23.9	37.2	18.5	12.4	7.9
Polonnaruwa	100	38.1	36.7	11.4	10.0	3.7
Badulla	100	26.8	43.1	12.8	9.4	7.9
Moneragala	100	23.2	48.2	13.3	10.3	5.0
Ratnapura	100	20.2	36.2	20.6	14.2	8.7
Kegalle	100	23.8	32.3	13.7	20.4	9.7

Table A15: Percentage distribution of main mode of travel for person (age 5 - 20 years) who are currently attending school by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Mode of travel					
	Total	Walking	Bicycle/ Motor Bicycle/Three Wheel/Car	School van	Bus/ Train	Other
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	49.6	14.1	12.4	23.4	0.4
Urban	100	42.1	20.8	15.8	20.7	0.6
Rural	100	49.0	13.7	12.5	24.4	0.3
Estate	100	80.7	1.0	2.1	15.8	0.4
Province						
Western	100	33.7	14.1	23.8	28.0	0.5
Central	100	65.1	4.3	8.1	21.7	0.8
Southern	100	53.5	13.2	12.5	20.2	0.6
Eastern	100	75.0	17.1	1.6	6.0	0.2
North Western	100	43.5	22.8	9.8	23.7	0.2
North Central	100	41.9	34.0	4.4	19.4	0.3
Uva	100	66.7	7.9	3.7	21.5	0.2
Sabaragamuwa	100	49.8	7.3	9.7	32.3	0.9
District						
Colombo	100	29.4	15.1	22.9	31.8	0.7
Gampaha	100	33.2	13.1	27.1	26.2	0.4
Kalutara	100	43.4	14.2	18.7	23.6	0.1
Kandy	100	59.8	4.7	10.7	24.5	0.3
Matale	100	61.6	8.6	8.6	20.9	0.3
Nuwara Eliya	100	76.9	1.0	3.1	16.9	2.1
Galle	100	50.8	13.8	15.7	19.2	0.5
Matara	100	55.4	12.6	10.2	21.0	0.8
Hambantota	100	56.0	13.1	9.7	20.8	0.4
Batticaloa	100	78.1	17.5	0.6	3.2	0.7
Ampara	100	73.3	17.0	2.2	7.6	0.0
Kurunegala	100	39.5	23.1	11.7	25.7	0.0
Puttlam	100	50.2	22.4	6.5	20.4	0.5
Anuradhapura	100	36.6	36.7	5.5	20.8	0.4
Polonnaruwa	100	52.7	28.5	2.2	16.6	0.0
Badulla	100	71.3	4.0	4.3	20.1	0.3
Moneragala	100	58.9	14.5	2.7	23.8	0.0
Ratnapura	100	53.1	7.9	8.9	29.7	0.3
Kegalle	100	44.4	6.2	11.1	36.5	1.8

Table A16: Percentage distribution of time taken to school from house for persons
(age 5-20 years) who are currently attending school by sector, province and
district- 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Time taken to school from house				
	Total (%)	15 minutes or less than 15 minutes (%)	16-30 minutes (%)	31-60 minutes (%)	More than 60 minutes (%)
Sri Lanka	100	30.2	52.6	14.1	2.7
Sector					
Urban	100	37.8	50.8	9.5	1.2
Rural	100	28.8	53.1	14.8	3.0
Estate	100	30.7	49.3	16.2	3.1
Province					
Western	100	26.4	53.1	16.5	4.0
Central	100	28.7	51.2	16.4	3.7
Southern	100	32.0	51.9	14.1	2.0
Eastern	100	58.3	34.0	5.9	1.8
North Western	100	31.2	58.8	9.1	0.8
North Central	100	37.0	54.0	8.2	0.8
Uva	100	26.5	55.5	14.6	3.3
Sabaragamuwa	100	20.8	55.3	20.8	3.2
District					
Colombo	100	23.7	55.4	17.8	3.0
Gampaha	100	29.3	50.3	16.0	4.3
Kalutara	100	26.3	53.6	14.7	5.4
Kandy	100	26.8	50.6	18.7	3.9
Matale	100	32.0	50.3	14.5	3.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	30.0	52.7	13.2	4.0
Galle	100	32.2	48.8	16.2	2.8
Matara	100	29.1	53.3	15.6	2.0
Hambantota	100	35.7	55.6	7.8	0.9
Batticaloa	100	62.5	35.2	2.3	0.0
Ampara	100	56.1	33.3	7.8	2.8
Kurunegala	100	27.6	61.3	10.1	1.1
Puttlam	100	37.4	54.5	7.5	0.6
Anuradapura	100	38.3	53.3	7.5	0.9
Polonnaruwa	100	34.4	55.3	9.8	0.4
Badulla	100	28.3	52.5	15.9	3.3
Moneragala	100	23.5	60.7	12.5	3.4
Ratnapura	100	22.9	52.2	20.7	4.3
Kegalle	100	17.3	60.4	20.7	1.7

Health

Table A17: Percentage distribution of health status of household population by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Health status of household population		
	Obtained out patient health care (One month) (%)	Stayed at a hospital as an in patient (12 month) (%)	Suffering from chronic illness/ disability (%)
Sri Lanka	30.3	10.5	14.4
Sector			
Urban	29.2	9.2	14.6
Rural	30.8	10.7	14.6
Estate	25.3	10.9	10.9
Province			
Western	30.5	10.3	15.7
Central	28.5	10.7	13.1
Southern	31.8	9.1	14.8
Eastern	32.9	14.8	11.8
North Western	32.1	11.0	15.3
North Central	33.5	13.4	14.6
Uva	29.6	10.2	13.0
Sabaragamuwa	25.3	8.3	12.6
District			
Colombo	28.8	8.9	15.4
Gampaha	33.3	10.2	17.7
Kalutara	28.2	13.1	12.5
Kandy	28.2	10.2	13.7
Matale	31.3	11.2	14.1
Nuwara Eliya	27.2	11.2	11.3
Galle	30.0	8.4	15.1
Matara	29.2	7.1	12.7
Hambantota	38.7	13.4	17.1
Batticaloa	27.1	12.7	11.7
Ampara	36.2	16.0	11.8
Kurunegala	34.4	11.6	16.3
Puttlam	27.4	9.9	13.2
Anuradapura	33.3	13.4	13.4
Polonnaruwa	33.8	13.5	17.1
Badulla	32.9	10.5	14.0
Moneragala	23.4	9.6	11.1
Ratnapura	27.3	9.0	12.6
Kegalle	22.7	7.4	12.6

Table A18: Percentage distribution of household population by reason for visiting hospitals to obtain treatment as an out patient and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total (%)	Treatment for illness (%)	Treatment for injury (%)	Immunization/ Treatment for infectious diseases (%)	Other (%)
Sri Lanka	100	89.1	3.4	1.5	6.0
Sector					
Urban	100	89.6	2.3	1.9	6.2
Rural	100	88.9	3.5	1.4	6.1
Estate	100	91.8	4.2	1.4	2.7
Province					
Western	100	89.9	2.5	0.9	6.7
Central	100	90.3	3.7	1.5	4.5
Southern	100	89.5	3.7	1.1	5.6
Eastern	100	86.3	2.8	4.8	6.1
North Western	100	88.5	4.2	0.6	6.7
North Central	100	87.1	4.0	2.1	6.8
Uva	100	87.0	3.4	3.0	6.6
Sabaragamuwa	100	90.1	3.8	1.8	4.4
District					
Colombo	100	91.5	1.9	1.1	5.5
Gampaha	100	87.6	3.1	0.8	8.5
Kalutara	100	92.0	2.2	1.1	4.8
Kandy	100	89.1	4.2	1.6	5.1
Matale	100	90.5	2.9	1.0	5.6
Nuwara Eliya	100	92.3	3.5	1.6	2.6
Galle	100	86.8	4.4	1.3	7.5
Matara	100	93.4	2.6	0.5	3.6
Hambantota	100	89.3	4.1	1.7	4.9
Batticaloa	100	85.5	3.3	4.4	6.8
Ampara	100	86.6	2.6	5.0	5.7
Kurunegala	100	88.7	3.9	0.6	6.8
Puttlam	100	88.0	4.9	0.8	6.3
Anuradhapura	100	85.1	5.1	2.4	7.4
Polonnaruwa	100	91.2	1.9	1.4	5.5
Badulla	100	87.1	3.2	3.1	6.6
Moneragala	100	86.6	3.9	2.9	6.5
Ratnapura	100	91.1	3.0	1.5	4.3
Kegalle	100	88.5	4.9	2.1	4.5

Table A19: Percentage distribution of household population those who had treatment during last 12 months by reason for staying at hospital as an in patient and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total (%)	Treatment for illness (%)	Treatment for injury/accidents (%)	Operation/Surgery (%)	Other (Child delivery, Treatment for infectious diseases etc.) (%)
Sri Lanka	100	60.2	11.4	10.9	17.6
Sector					
Urban	100	58.5	8.8	12.2	20.5
Rural	100	60.1	11.7	11.1	17.1
Estate	100	64.9	12.5	5.6	17.1
Province					
Western	100	58.4	9.2	14.4	17.9
Central	100	61.5	12.1	8.5	17.9
Southern	100	58.5	13.5	10.4	17.6
Eastern	100	67.6	9.0	7.8	15.6
North Western	100	59.3	14.8	9.5	16.4
North Central	100	60.0	11.3	8.1	20.6
Uva	100	60.1	11.3	11.3	17.3
Sabaragamuwa	100	61.7	11.9	10.3	16.2
District					
Colombo	100	55.5	9.7	14.5	20.2
Gampaha	100	48.4	10.2	18.7	22.6
Kalutara	100	77.6	7.1	7.7	7.6
Kandy	100	61.0	11.9	9.5	17.6
Matale	100	56.4	13.0	13.2	17.4
Nuwara Eliya	100	65.6	11.7	4.1	18.6
Galle	100	52.2	15.8	13.6	18.3
Matara	100	57.7	10.2	11.7	20.5
Hambantota	100	66.6	13.3	5.5	14.6
Batticaloa	100	64.0	12.1	5.3	18.5
Ampara	100	69.2	7.6	8.9	14.3
Kurunegala	100	59.1	15.0	8.8	17.0
Puttlam	100	59.6	14.2	11.3	14.9
Anuradhapura	100	56.0	12.7	9.9	21.5
Polonnaruwa	100	68.2	8.3	4.6	18.9
Badulla	100	57.6	11.6	13.1	17.7
Moneragala	100	65.1	10.7	7.8	16.4
Ratnapura	100	63.8	13.4	10.8	12.1
Kegalle	100	58.3	9.5	9.4	22.8

Table A20: Percentage distribution of head of the household suffering from chronic illness or disability by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total	Male	Female
Sri Lanka	25.9	22.8	35.8
Sector			
Urban	30.3	27.2	39.5
Rural	25.3	22.3	35.7
Estate	22.0	20.3	27.8
Province			
Western	29.2	25.8	41.1
Central	25.2	22.3	33.5
Southern	26.3	22.6	37.5
Eastern	21.3	19.3	28.0
North Western	26.3	22.8	37.9
North Central	23.7	20.5	34.7
Uva	23.2	21.3	30.0
Sabaragamuwa	21.3	19.3	28.0
District			
Colombo	29.6	26.5	40.0
Gampaha	30.1	26.2	44.2
Kalutara	26.5	23.6	37.1
Kandy	25.2	22.0	34.0
Matale	25.5	21.6	37.0
Nuwara Eliya	25.1	23.3	30.5
Galle	25.4	21.4	38.0
Matara	24.3	21.3	33.3
Hambantota	30.7	26.9	42.6
Batticaloa	20.2	18.6	25.0
Ampara	21.9	19.7	30.2
Kurunegala	28.1	23.9	41.1
Puttlam	22.8	20.7	30.5
Anuradhapura	21.0	19.6	26.0
Polonnaruwa	29.6	22.5	49.4
Badulla	25.2	23.4	30.7
Moneragala	19.5	17.9	28.0
Ratnapura	18.7	17.2	24.3
Kegalle	24.8	22.3	32.0

Inventory of durable goods

Table A21 : Percentage distribution of households own telephone by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total (%)	Fixed only (%)	Mobile only (%)	Fixed and mobile (%)	No telephone (%)
Sri Lanka	100	16.4	15.3	14.8	53.5
Sector					
Urban	100	19.0	18.5	29.5	33.0
Rural	100	16.5	15.2	13.1	55.1
Estate	100	7.6	7.6	2.1	82.7
Province					
Western	100	18.7	18.1	26.2	37.0
Central	100	14.5	14.0	12.1	59.4
Southern	100	18.8	16.0	11.7	53.5
Eastern	100	8.5	14.7	9.3	67.5
North Western	100	14.1	19.4	10.2	56.4
North Central	100	20.6	10.5	9.0	59.9
Uva	100	15.6	8.0	5.5	70.9
Sabaragamuwa	100	13.7	11.0	8.2	67.2
District					
Colombo	100	18.5	18.5	32.8	30.2
Gampaha	100	18.3	19.3	24.3	38.1
Kalutara	100	19.9	14.9	16.8	48.4
Kandy	100	16.3	16.3	16.9	50.5
Matale	100	12.5	15.6	10.9	60.9
Nuwara Eliya	100	12.7	8.8	4.3	74.2
Galle	100	17.5	16.3	13.5	52.6
Matara	100	23.2	13.7	9.7	53.4
Hambantota	100	15.3	18.4	11.1	55.1
Batticaloa	100	7.6	15.4	10.5	66.5
Ampara	100	9.1	14.2	8.6	68.1
Kurunegala	100	15.5	17.1	8.6	58.8
Puttlam	100	11.0	24.0	13.5	51.5
Anuradhapura	100	20.9	11.1	9.0	59.0
Polonnaruwa	100	19.9	9.2	9.0	61.9
Badulla	100	16.1	9.1	7.0	67.8
Moneragala	100	14.7	6.0	2.6	76.7
Ratnapura	100	11.7	9.9	7.3	71.1
Kegalle	100	16.3	12.3	9.3	62.0

Table A22: Percentage distribution of households own radio, television, V.C.D and, D.V.D. players, personal computers by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Radio/ Cassette players (%)	Televisions (%)	V.C.D./D.V. D players (%)	Personal Computers (%)	Not using any of these (%)
Sri Lanka	81.3	77.3	27.8	7.0	9.4
Sector					
Urban	83.8	86.5	43.5	16.6	6.0
Rural	81.7	76.7	25.4	5.7	9.2
Estate	69.3	61.8	23.1	1.4	20.4
Province					
Western	83.2	87.2	39.1	13.5	5.9
Central	80.8	76.0	26.8	6.4	10.6
Southern	82.0	74.7	23.5	4.5	8.5
Eastern	68.1	60.2	17.8	2.3	21.9
North Western	79.3	74.4	20.6	3.9	11.1
North Central	80.5	72.7	19.4	3.4	10.2
Uva	83.3	70.2	25.0	3.3	11.3
Sabaragamuwa	83.4	73.3	22.9	2.8	9.1
District					
Colombo	86.8	90.8	46.5	18.3	3.8
Gampaha	81.6	87.2	36.6	11.2	6.8
Kalutara	79.3	79.7	29.4	8.8	8.1
Kandy	84.9	79.3	28.9	9.4	8.6
Matale	78.4	72.1	22.2	4.7	11.3
Nuwara Eliya	75.1	72.9	26.3	2.2	13.7
Galle	81.2	76.4	26.3	5.6	8.5
Matara	82.4	75.8	21.9	3.3	8.4
Hambantota	83.1	70.0	20.4	4.2	8.8
Batticaloa	69.8	56.4	25.2	2.4	22.5
Ampara	67.2	62.5	13.3	2.2	21.6
Kurunegala	79.7	75.3	18.9	3.4	10.9
Puttlam	78.7	72.5	24.1	4.9	11.7
Anuradhapura	81.8	70.9	18.4	3.3	10.8
Polonnaruwa	77.9	76.6	21.7	3.5	8.9
Badulla	81.6	74.4	32.8	4.5	12.4
Moneragala	86.4	62.3	10.3	0.9	9.4
Ratnapura	80.0	70.7	22.1	2.4	9.9
Kegalle	88.0	76.6	23.9	3.4	8.0

Table A23: Percentage distribution of households own selected domestic electrical items by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Sewing machines (%)	Washing machines (%)	Refrigerators (%)	Cookers (gas, electric, kerosene) (%)	Electric fans (%)	Not use any of these (%)
Sri Lanka	43.4	10.8	35.1	36.4	45.6	36.1
Sector						
Urban	52.5	27.0	58.3	73.7	78.2	11.0
Rural	43.7	8.7	32.9	31.6	42.5	37.8
Estate	14.1	1.4	5.8	10.7	6.6	76.5
Province						
Western	54.5	20.5	55.2	62.5	71.3	16.2
Central	39.7	9.5	28.1	30.4	26.5	46.5
Southern	44.6	7.4	31.8	31.4	44.0	36.0
Eastern	24.7	7.3	19.6	32.1	54.9	39.6
North Western	39.6	7.3	28.7	23.4	36.1	42.6
North Central	36.6	3.5	26.4	18.9	38.0	45.1
Uva	33.8	2.9	15.5	14.8	17.0	58.4
Sabaragamuwa	38.7	4.9	23.9	19.7	30.6	49.2
District						
Colombo	56.4	27.2	63.9	74.6	81.8	9.3
Gampaha	54.2	17.9	52.6	58.4	65.6	18.2
Kalutara	51.4	12.5	43.2	46.3	61.7	26.0
Kandy	45.9	13.9	37.9	36.7	35.7	38.8
Matale	39.9	6.6	24.0	23.1	29.8	46.7
Nuwara Eliya	28.6	3.8	13.3	24.2	8.1	60.0
Galle	42.7	9.1	33.4	39.0	45.7	34.6
Matara	47.6	7.1	32.4	28.1	42.0	36.0
Hambantota	43.8	4.7	28.2	21.6	43.7	38.5
Batticaloa	20.8	8.1	24.4	43.1	59.0	36.0
Ampara	27.1	6.9	16.7	25.3	52.4	41.9
Kurunegala	43.6	6.7	27.1	21.0	34.0	41.8
Puttlam	31.4	8.5	32.1	28.4	40.5	44.2
Anuradapura	34.9	3.2	24.6	17.8	35.7	47.3
Polonnaruwa	40.2	4.0	30.2	21.1	42.9	40.3
Badulla	34.5	4.2	17.9	19.7	17.6	56.9
Moneragala	32.4	0.6	11.0	5.7	15.7	61.4
Ratnapura	36.0	4.2	18.5	17.2	26.2	52.2
Kegalle	42.1	5.9	31.0	22.9	36.3	45.2

Table A24: Percentage distribution of households who own a vehicle or a bicycle for transport by sector, province and district -2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Bicycles	Motor cycles/ Scooters	Three Wheelers	Motor cars/ Vans	Buses/ Lorries	No vehicle
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	41.0	20.0	5.0	6.0	2.0	44.0
Sector						
Urban	34.7	16.2	5.5	11.5	1.5	46.6
Rural	44.4	22.0	4.6	5.1	1.7	41.0
Estate	6.2	2.9	1.1	1.1	0.5	90.1
Province						
Western	35.0	22.5	6.4	10.4	2.0	42.3
Central	15.2	7.0	2.5	4.5	1.5	75.0
Southern	53.1	22.4	5.3	4.1	1.2	35.4
Eastern	74.7	23.8	1.5	1.3	0.3	18.4
North Western	62.4	31.1	4.4	4.3	2.3	24.8
North Central	77.3	31.7	3.6	3.2	1.8	13.8
Uva	31.0	9.9	2.8	2.7	0.8	59.7
Sabaragamuwa	18.7	12.4	4.5	3.8	1.1	67.2
District						
Colombo	25.1	18.3	7.3	12.2	1.5	50.0
Gampaha	41.7	26.8	6.6	10.2	2.1	35.5
Kalutara	41.4	22.3	4.2	7.4	2.6	40.5
Kandy	13.2	7.0	2.7	6.0	2.2	74.6
Matale	35.3	14.9	4.1	4.6	0.8	52.0
Nuwara Eliya	5.6	1.8	1.2	1.8	0.9	90.8
Galle	54.7	23.4	4.2	4.9	1.2	33.6
Matara	44.8	20.2	6.6	4.4	1.0	41.8
Hambantota	61.8	23.4	5.4	2.0	1.4	29.4
Batticaloa	76.3	22.4	1.1	0.7	0.4	18.6
Ampara	73.7	24.6	1.7	1.7	0.2	18.4
Kurunegala	58.4	29.8	4.6	4.4	2.3	27.5
Puttlam	70.5	33.6	4.0	4.2	2.3	19.2
Anuradhapura	78.3	33.2	3.9	2.5	1.5	13.0
Polonnaruwa	75.0	28.5	3.0	4.6	2.3	15.5
Badulla	14.4	7.0	2.2	3.9	1.1	75.3
Moneragala	62.3	15.3	4.0	0.5	0.3	30.3
Ratnapura	24.5	13.7	3.4	3.9	0.8	61.3
Kegalle	11.1	10.8	5.9	3.7	1.6	74.8

Housing Characteristics

Availability of bed rooms

Table A25: Percentage distribution of number of sleeping rooms in housing unit by sector province and district -2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Availability of bed rooms					
	Total (%)	No rooms (%)	1 room (%)	2 rooms (%)	3 rooms (%)	4 rooms or more (%)
Sri Lanka	100	2.3	22.9	34.1	27.0	13.7
Sector						
Urban	100	3.5	27.8	35.1	21.3	12.3
Rural	100	2.0	20.3	34.1	29.2	14.3
Estate	100	4.8	49.4	30.8	7.3	7.7
Province						
Western	100	2.6	21.9	36.5	26.7	12.3
Central	100	1.5	25.4	30.1	24.8	18.3
Southern	100	1.5	16.7	35.3	31.9	14.5
Eastern	100	6.8	40.4	36.3	13.5	3.0
North Western	100	2.2	20.3	31.8	30.0	15.6
North Central	100	0.6	22.7	34.2	29.7	12.8
Uva	100	1.9	25.7	32.8	24.9	14.7
Sabaragamuwa	100	3.4	23.5	33.5	26.7	13.0
District						
Colombo	100	3.5	24.5	37.0	23.3	11.7
Gampaha	100	2.6	20.5	36.6	29.4	10.9
Kalutara	100	0.7	19.5	35.3	28.0	16.5
Kandy	100	1.5	21.9	27.2	28.9	20.5
Matale	100	2.2	23.2	31.2	25.1	18.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	1.0	32.9	34.6	17.2	14.3
Galle	100	1.4	19.5	36.9	29.4	12.8
Matara	100	2.7	15.0	32.4	32.4	17.4
Hambantota	100	0.0	13.9	36.5	35.8	13.8
Batticaloa	100	6.8	42.1	41.9	7.6	1.6
Ampara	100	6.8	39.4	32.8	17.1	3.9
Kurunegala	100	1.4	17.1	29.0	34.5	18.0
Puttlam	100	3.9	26.8	37.7	20.8	10.8
Anuradapura	100	0.7	22.9	34.1	30.2	12.1
Polonnaruwa	100	0.4	22.2	34.5	28.6	14.3
Badulla	100	2.3	26.0	32.3	25.8	13.5
Moneragala	100	1.2	25.1	33.8	23.2	16.8
Ratnapura	100	5.1	27.3	33.2	24.0	10.3
Kegalle	100	1.1	18.6	33.8	30.1	16.4

Floor area

Table A26: Percentage distribution of housing units by total floor area and by sector, province and district- 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Floor area					
	Total	Less than 100 sq. ft	100 - <250 sq. ft	250 - <500 sq ft	500 - <750 sq ft	750 or more than 750 sq ft
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	3.7	13.7	22.4	24.1	36.1
Sector						
Urban	100	2.3	12.4	20.3	25.7	39.3
Rural	100	3.7	12.7	21.5	24.5	37.5
Estate	100	7.2	31.1	42.1	13.5	6.1
Province						
Western	100	1.8	8.5	16.2	25.4	48.0
Central	100	3.3	18.6	28.6	20.3	29.1
Southern	100	4.9	14.0	23.0	26.9	31.2
Eastern	100	7.1	17.7	32.8	25.9	16.6
North Western	100	4.5	17.0	23.9	22.6	32.0
North Central	100	4.0	11.8	20.4	25.0	38.9
Uva	100	3.1	13.1	21.1	25.1	37.6
Sabaragamuwa	100	5.3	16.9	26.8	22.2	28.8
District						
Colombo	100	1.7	8.6	14.5	25.7	49.5
Gampaha	100	1.9	8.7	16.7	23.1	49.6
Kalutara	100	2.0	8.2	18.5	29.3	42.1
Kandy	100	2.5	14.9	21.8	21.9	38.9
Matale	100	4.8	16.1	21.1	21.3	36.7
Nuwara Eliya	100	3.8	26.9	45.7	16.8	6.9
Galle	100	7.6	15.6	23.7	26.2	26.9
Matara	100	2.3	11.3	18.0	29.1	39.4
Hambantota	100	3.6	14.7	28.8	25.1	27.8
Batticaloa	100	9.2	20.1	34.4	24.8	11.5
Ampara	100	5.8	16.2	31.8	26.5	19.7
Kurunegala	100	3.4	15.7	21.5	21.6	37.8
Puttlam	100	6.7	19.6	28.8	24.7	20.2
Anuradapura	100	5.2	14.4	21.9	24.2	34.2
Polonnaruwa	100	1.4	6.2	17.1	26.6	48.7
Badulla	100	3.8	10.1	19.9	23.6	42.5
Moneragala	100	1.9	18.6	23.4	27.7	28.5
Ratnapura	100	3.0	15.2	27.6	25.2	29.0
Kegalle	100	8.3	19.2	25.7	18.3	28.6

Table A27: Percentage distribution of housing units by principal materials of construction
by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Principal materials of wall, floor and roof								
	Wall			Floor			Roof		
	Total (%)	Permanent (%)	Semi permanent (%)	Total (%)	Permanent (%)	Semi permanent (%)	Total (%)	Permanent (%)	Semi permanent (%)
Sri Lanka Sector	100	88.9	11.1	100	87.0	13.0	100	82.9	17.1
Urban	100	92.5	7.5	100	97.5	2.5	100	89.1	10.9
Rural	100	88.6	11.4	100	85.9	14.1	100	85.7	14.3
Estate	100	84.0	16.0	100	77.2	22.8	100	22.7	77.3
Province									
Western	100	92.3	7.7	100	96.2	3.8	100	90.9	9.1
Central	100	85.0	15.0	100	79.7	20.3	100	63.1	36.9
Southern	100	90.0	10.0	100	88.8	11.2	100	92.4	7.6
Eastern	100	84.8	15.2	100	88.9	11.1	100	81.6	18.4
North Western	100	85.7	14.3	100	85.6	14.4	100	79.6	20.4
North Central	100	88.1	11.9	100	76.9	23.1	100	85.3	14.7
Uva	100	90.5	9.5	100	74.9	25.1	100	76.1	23.9
Sabaragamuwa	100	88.1	11.9	100	83.8	16.2	100	81.9	18.1
District									
Colombo	100	93.4	6.6	100	97.8	2.2	100	90.3	9.7
Gampaha	100	91.7	8.3	100	95.3	4.7	100	90.8	9.2
Kalutara	100	91.4	8.6	100	94.6	5.4	100	92.3	7.7
Kandy	100	86.4	13.6	100	81.5	18.5	100	72.4	27.6
Matale	100	82.5	17.5	100	75.1	24.9	100	70.2	29.8
Nuwara Eliya	100	84.2	15.8	100	79.5	20.5	100	41.9	58.1
Galle	100	89.2	10.8	100	91.0	9.0	100	93.3	6.7
Matara	100	90.0	10.0	100	89.5	10.5	100	92.8	7.2
Hambantota	100	91.7	8.3	100	83.7	16.3	100	90.0	10.0
Batticaloa	100	85.5	14.5	100	90.0	10.0	100	86.2	13.8
Ampara	100	84.3	15.7	100	88.2	11.8	100	78.8	21.2
Kurunegala	100	87.9	12.1	100	83.8	16.2	100	81.0	19.0
Puttlam	100	81.2	18.8	100	89.5	10.5	100	76.5	23.5
Anuradapura	100	87.6	12.4	100	74.7	25.3	100	84.9	15.1
Polonnaruwa	100	89.2	10.8	100	81.5	18.5	100	86.0	14.0
Badulla	100	94.1	5.9	100	78.3	21.7	100	70.3	29.7
Moneragala	100	83.5	16.5	100	68.6	31.4	100	87.1	12.9
Ratnapura	100	86.0	14.0	100	81.0	19.0	100	80.3	19.7
Kegalle	100	90.9	9.1	100	87.5	12.5	100	83.9	16.1

Drinking water

Table A28: Percentage distribution of households by main source of drinking water (safe or unsafe) by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Drinking water		
	Total (%)	Safe (%)	Not safe (%)
Sri Lanka	100	84.8	15.2
Sector			
Urban	100	97.7	2.3
Rural	100	85.0	15.0
Estate	100	46.2	53.8
Province			
Western	100	94.3	5.7
Central	100	70.6	29.4
Southern	100	84.4	15.6
Eastern	100	92.2	7.8
North Western	100	90.5	9.5
North Central	100	86.4	13.6
Uva	100	81.4	18.6
Sabaragamuwa	100	67.2	32.8
District			
Colombo	100	97.8	2.2
Gampaha	100	95.0	5.0
Kalutara	100	86.2	13.8
Kandy	100	78.2	21.8
Matale	100	79.6	20.4
Nuwara Eliya	100	51.4	48.6
Galle	100	87.5	12.5
Matara	100	76.3	23.7
Hambantota	100	89.9	10.1
Batticaloa	100	96.5	3.5
Ampara	100	89.5	10.5
Kurunegala	100	89.4	10.6
Puttalam	100	92.8	7.2
Anuradapura	100	85.3	14.7
Polonnaruwa	100	88.6	11.4
Badulla	100	79.3	20.7
Moneragala	100	85.4	14.6
Ratnapura	100	61.9	38.1
Kegalle	100	74.2	25.8

Table A29: Percentage distribution of households by distance to travel to get drinking water by sector, province and district -2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Total	Within premises	Outside premises	Distance			
				100 or less than 100 meters	101 - 200 meters	201 - 500 meters	More than 500 meters
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	71.7	28.3	18.7	3.8	4.1	1.7
Sector							
Urban	100	88.1	11.9	10.0	0.8	0.5	0.7
Rural	100	69.1	30.9	19.8	4.3	4.8	2.0
Estate	100	68.5	31.5	24.4	3.4	3.2	0.5
Province							
Western	100	86.3	13.7	11.7	0.9	0.5	0.4
Central	100	62.9	37.1	26.0	4.6	5.8	0.7
Southern	100	74.7	25.3	17.2	3.3	3.4	1.5
Eastern	100	69.2	30.8	17.8	4.6	6.3	2.2
North Western	100	62.2	37.8	20.6	6.0	7.1	4.0
North Central	100	53.7	46.3	25.7	7.9	9.1	3.5
Uva	100	62.4	37.6	26.1	5.7	4.8	1.0
Sabaragamuwa	100	69.0	31.0	19.0	4.1	4.8	3.1
District							
Colombo	100	89.9	10.1	9.5	0.2	0.2	0.2
Gampaha	100	87.4	12.6	10.7	1.1	0.4	0.4
Kalutara	100	77.2	22.8	18.1	2.0	1.6	1.1
Kandy	100	64.2	35.8	23.7	4.6	6.7	0.9
Matale	100	51.8	48.2	33.9	6.2	7.4	0.8
Nuwara Eliya	100	68.0	32.0	24.8	3.8	3.3	0.2
Galle	100	71.5	28.5	19.8	3.6	3.4	1.6
Matara	100	80.4	19.6	14.0	2.1	2.4	1.1
Hambantota	100	72.6	27.4	16.7	4.4	4.7	1.6
Batticaloa	100	80.9	19.1	15.3	2.0	1.2	0.5
Ampara	100	62.0	38.0	19.3	6.2	9.4	3.2
Kurunegala	100	64.3	35.7	20.9	6.4	6.4	1.9
Puttlam	100	57.9	42.1	20.0	5.1	8.6	8.4
Anuradhapura	100	49.3	50.7	25.1	9.4	11.3	4.9
Polonnaruwa	100	62.9	37.1	27.1	4.8	4.5	0.8
Badulla	100	65.0	35.0	27.3	3.3	3.9	0.5
Moneragala	100	57.4	42.6	23.8	10.2	6.6	1.9
Ratnapura	100	64.4	35.6	19.9	5.4	6.1	4.1
Kegalle	100	74.9	25.1	17.9	2.3	3.2	1.7

Table A30: Percentage distribution of households by availability of sufficient water for drinking, bathing and washing by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	For drinking			For bathing/washing		
	Total (%)	Sufficient (%)	Not sufficient (%)	Total (%)	Sufficient (%)	Not sufficient (%)
Sri Lanka	100	90.6	9.4	100	83.4	16.6
Sector						
Urban	100	96.6	3.4	100	94.8	5.2
Rural	100	89.5	10.5	100	81.6	18.4
Estate	100	91.1	8.9	100	80.4	19.6
Province						
Western	100	97.8	2.2	100	94.4	5.6
Central	100	85.4	14.6	100	75.6	24.4
Southern	100	90.8	9.2	100	85.5	14.5
Eastern	100	87.0	13.0	100	84.8	15.2
North Western	100	84.5	15.5	100	75.6	24.4
North Central	100	87.4	12.6	100	77.6	22.4
Uva	100	84.0	16.0	100	66.2	33.8
Sabaragamuwa	100	92.6	7.4	100	83.7	16.3
District						
Colombo	100	99.0	1.0	100	96.2	3.8
Gampaha	100	97.6	2.4	100	93.2	6.8
Kalutara	100	95.5	4.5	100	93.2	6.8
Kandy	100	82.7	17.3	100	72.5	27.5
Matale	100	86.1	13.9	100	73.8	26.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	89.8	10.2	100	82.1	17.9
Galle	100	88.9	11.1	100	85.7	14.3
Matara	100	96.6	3.4	100	87.7	12.3
Hambantota	100	85.9	14.1	100	82.0	18.0
Batticaloa	100	92.1	7.9	100	96.5	3.5
Ampara	100	83.8	16.2	100	77.6	22.4
Kurunegala	100	83.3	16.7	100	72.4	27.6
Puttlam	100	87.0	13.0	100	82.3	17.7
Anuradapura	100	84.1	15.9	100	73.3	26.7
Polonnaruwa	100	94.2	5.8	100	86.5	13.5
Badulla	100	86.0	14.0	100	68.9	31.1
Moneragala	100	80.2	19.8	100	61.2	38.8
Ratnapura	100	88.4	11.6	100	82.5	17.5
Kegalle	100	98.0	2.0	100	85.2	14.8

Toilet facilities

Table A31: Percentage distribution of households by availability of toilet by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Toilet facilities			
	Total (%)	Exclusive for the household (%)	Sharing with another household (%)	No toilet facilities (%)
Sri Lanka	100	89.1	7.3	3.6
Sector				
Urban	100	86.5	9.7	3.8
Rural	100	90.9	6.0	3.0
Estate	100	67.7	20.5	11.8
Province				
Western	100	91.0	7.1	1.8
Central	100	86.5	8.3	5.3
Southern	100	91.6	6.5	1.9
Eastern	100	82.4	3.7	13.9
North Western	100	87.1	7.3	5.6
North Central	100	90.7	6.1	3.2
Uva	100	88.8	8.7	2.5
Sabaragamuwa	100	88.7	9.0	2.4
District				
Colombo	100	88.2	8.8	3.1
Gampaha	100	92.0	7.1	1.0
Kalutara	100	94.8	4.1	1.1
Kandy	100	89.8	7.4	2.8
Matale	100	88.7	8.1	3.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	79.0	10.0	11.0
Galle	100	89.5	8.2	2.3
Matara	100	93.2	5.1	1.7
Hambantota	100	93.3	5.4	1.2
Batticaloa	100	72.7	2.8	24.4
Ampara	100	88.3	4.2	7.6
Kurunegala	100	90.1	6.2	3.8
Puttalam	100	81.0	9.6	9.4
Anuradapura	100	90.0	6.2	3.7
Polonnaruwa	100	92.1	5.8	2.1
Badulla	100	87.3	10.7	1.9
Moneragala	100	91.7	4.7	3.6
Ratnapura	100	86.1	10.2	3.7
Kegalle	100	91.9	7.4	0.7

Disposal of garbage

Table A32: Percentage distribution of households by disposal of garbage by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Disposal of garbage						
	Total	Collected by garbage truck	Buried/ burned	Process for fertilizer	Dumped within premises	Thrown away outside premises	Other
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	13.1	54.9	4.6	19.4	6.9	1.0
Sector							
Urban	100	65.9	21.2	1.7	2.8	6.4	2.0
Rural	100	4.9	62.3	5.1	22.2	4.9	0.6
Estate	100	0.5	28.9	4.6	21.3	40.0	4.7
Province							
Western	100	27.2	53.8	3.3	9.2	5.0	1.4
Central	100	9.6	52.2	6.8	17.4	11.2	2.8
Southern	100	9.7	49.2	4.6	30.4	5.7	0.4
Eastern	100	16.8	63.8	1.8	9.5	7.9	0.1
North Western	100	4.4	68.9	6.2	18.0	2.0	0.6
North Central	100	3.1	77.8	4.4	14.1	0.5	0.2
Uva	100	3.3	31.1	2.6	45.6	17.1	0.3
Sabaragamuwa	100	4.2	47.0	5.9	30.7	11.5	0.6
District							
Colombo	100	47.5	40.0	2.5	2.1	6.4	1.6
Gampaha	100	17.3	66.4	4.4	7.0	3.4	1.5
Kalutara	100	6.7	56.3	3.0	27.7	5.6	0.7
Kandy	100	12.7	55.6	5.8	19.7	5.9	0.3
Matale	100	8.0	66.9	4.5	16.5	3.9	0.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	4.9	36.7	10.2	13.8	25.2	9.1
Galle	100	7.4	60.2	6.6	18.6	6.7	0.4
Matara	100	10.1	33.3	2.0	49.8	4.3	0.5
Hambantota	100	13.7	50.6	4.5	25.4	5.7	0.2
Batticaloa	100	22.8	60.8	0.4	1.7	14.3	0.1
Ampara	100	13.1	65.7	2.7	14.3	4.1	0.1
Kurunegala	100	2.2	71.0	8.7	16.4	1.0	0.7
Puttlam	100	8.9	64.8	0.9	21.2	4.0	0.2
Anuradapura	100	3.3	72.4	4.0	19.5	0.7	0.2
Polonnaruwa	100	2.7	89.0	5.2	2.9	0.0	0.2
Badulla	100	4.3	25.4	3.3	43.9	23.0	0.2
Moneragala	100	1.3	41.8	1.4	48.8	6.0	0.6
Ratnapura	100	2.9	43.5	2.7	38.2	12.1	0.5
Kegalle	100	5.9	51.6	10.0	20.9	10.7	0.8

Lighting

Table A33: Percentage distribution of households by principal type of lighting by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Lighting				
	Total (%)	Electricity (%)	Kerosene (%)	Solar energy (%)	Other (%)
Sri Lanka	100	80.0	17.8	2.1	0.1
Sector					
Urban	100	94.9	4.9	0.0	0.1
Rural	100	78.5	18.9	2.5	0.1
Estate	100	62.3	36.6	1.1	0.0
Province					
Western	100	92.8	6.9	0.1	0.2
Central	100	78.2	20.6	1.0	0.1
Southern	100	84.4	14.5	1.1	0.0
Eastern	100	68.0	26.1	5.9	0.0
North Western	100	70.7	25.5	3.6	0.1
North Central	100	69.1	26.9	3.9	0.1
Uva	100	69.2	25.7	5.2	0.0
Sabaragamuwa	100	71.3	24.9	3.6	0.2
District					
Colombo	100	94.5	5.3	0.0	0.1
Gampaha	100	94.0	5.8	0.0	0.3
Kalutara	100	87.1	12.4	0.5	0.0
Kandy	100	81.7	18.1	0.2	0.0
Matale	100	72.8	26.1	0.9	0.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	75.8	21.5	2.7	0.0
Galle	100	87.2	11.1	1.7	0.0
Matara	100	88.1	11.7	0.2	0.0
Hambantota	100	73.8	24.9	1.3	0.0
Batticaloa	100	70.8	28.9	0.2	0.0
Ampara	100	66.3	24.3	9.4	0.0
Kurunegala	100	71.6	23.5	4.8	0.1
Puttlam	100	69.0	29.7	1.1	0.2
Anuradapura	100	66.6	28.7	4.6	0.2
Polonnaruwa	100	74.4	23.1	2.6	0.0
Badulla	100	77.9	18.8	3.3	0.0
Moneragala	100	52.7	38.6	8.7	0.0
Ratnapura	100	62.7	31.0	6.0	0.3
Kegalle	100	82.5	17.0	0.5	0.0

Cooking fuel

Table A34: Percentage distribution of households by principal type of cooking fuel by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Cooking fuel				
	Total (%)	Firewood (%)	Gas (%)	Kerosene (%)	Other (%)
Sri Lanka	100	79.5	17.1	2.4	1.0
Sector					
Urban	100	37.6	50.6	10.5	1.3
Rural	100	85.6	12.4	1.1	0.9
Estate	100	97.0	1.7	0.2	1.1
Province					
Western	100	56.9	36.3	5.7	1.2
Central	100	87.1	11.9	0.5	0.5
Southern	100	86.4	12.6	0.6	0.3
Eastern	100	73.1	16.1	5.8	5.1
North Western	100	92.4	6.1	1.1	0.4
North Central	100	93.6	5.6	0.2	0.6
Uva	100	94.8	4.0	0.4	0.8
Sabaragamuwa	100	93.3	5.4	0.3	1.0
District					
Colombo	100	36.9	52.8	9.1	1.3
Gampaha	100	66.9	27.6	4.3	1.3
Kalutara	100	76.6	20.7	1.6	1.1
Kandy	100	82.5	16.4	0.6	0.5
Matale	100	94.7	4.2	0.6	0.5
Nuwara Eliya	100	90.2	9.0	0.4	0.3
Galle	100	83.9	15.1	0.6	0.4
Matara	100	85.9	13.2	0.5	0.4
Hambantota	100	92.1	7.0	0.8	0.1
Batticaloa	100	66.6	23.8	7.8	1.8
Ampara	100	77.0	11.4	4.6	7.0
Kurunegala	100	96.2	3.3	0.4	0.1
Puttlam	100	84.5	11.8	2.7	1.0
Anuradapura	100	93.7	5.5	0.2	0.6
Polonnaruwa	100	93.3	5.8	0.2	0.7
Badulla	100	92.4	5.9	0.7	1.1
Moneragala	100	99.2	0.5	0.0	0.3
Ratnapura	100	93.5	5.2	0.3	1.0
Kegalle	100	93.0	5.7	0.3	1.0

Table A35: Percentage distribution of households which use firewood as cooking fuel by whether they collect firewood by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Firewood		
	Total	Collected	Not collected
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	69.9	30.1
Sector			
Urban	100	18.2	81.8
Rural	100	77.1	22.9
Estate	100	96.4	3.6
Province			
Western	100	43.9	56.1
Central	100	77.2	22.8
Southern	100	79.8	20.2
Eastern	100	53.1	46.9
North Western	100	82.4	17.6
North Central	100	88.4	11.6
Uva	100	91.4	8.6
Sabaragamuwa	100	88.1	11.9
District			
Colombo	100	26.6	73.4
Gampaha	100	51.8	48.2
Kalutara	100	62.6	37.4
Kandy	100	66.8	33.2
Matale	100	86.8	13.2
Nuwara Eliya	100	89.2	10.8
Galle	100	76.6	23.4
Matara	100	80.5	19.5
Hambantota	100	84.8	15.2
Batticaloa	100	44.6	55.4
Ampara	100	58.3	41.7
Kurunegala	100	88.4	11.6
Puttlam	100	70.0	30.0
Anuradapura	100	88.5	11.5
Polonnaruwa	100	88.2	11.8
Badulla	100	87.5	12.5
Moneragala	100	98.8	1.2
Ratnapura	100	88.9	11.1
Kegalle	100	87.1	12.9

Table A36: Percentage distribution of households which collect firewood by distance
place of collecting firewood and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Sri Lanka	Place and distance (meters)										
		Own land	Forest (meters)					Other land (meters)				
			Total	≤200	201- 500	501- 1000	more than 1000	Total	≤200	201- 500	501- 1000	more than 1000
Sri Lanka	100	57.2	20.8	5.7	6.1	4.3	4.7	21.9	11.3	6.6	2.7	1.3
Sector												
Urban	100	59.0	9.3	3.9	1.4	2.4	1.6	31.7	22.4	4.5	3.1	1.7
Rural	100	60.5	19.0	5.5	5.4	4.1	4.0	20.4	10.5	6.0	2.6	1.4
Estate	100	15.2	49.1	9.6	17.2	8.5	13.8	35.7	16.1	14.7	3.8	1.0
Province												
Western	100	64.1	7.7	4.3	2.1	0.7	0.6	28.1	19.5	6.1	1.8	0.6
Central	100	44.4	34.0	5.4	11.1	8.2	9.4	21.6	10.0	8.8	1.8	0.9
Southern	100	62.5	12.6	5.1	3.7	2.4	1.4	24.8	13.8	6.5	3.0	1.6
Eastern	100	42.6	36.0	12.1	4.9	7.1	11.5	21.4	5.0	6.7	5.9	3.5
North-western	100	59.2	19.4	5.7	5.9	4.0	3.7	21.4	10.5	7.0	2.5	1.5
North-central	100	55.2	35.8	6.5	9.5	6.9	12.9	9.0	2.5	4.2	1.3	0.9
Uva	100	64.9	24.3	8.7	6.5	4.1	4.8	10.8	4.2	3.0	2.7	0.8
Sabaragamuwa	100	54.0	18.8	4.6	6.6	5.2	2.4	27.2	11.7	8.0	5.0	2.5
District												
Colombo	100	67.2	9.4	4.0	2.7	1.2	1.3	23.3	17.9	3.2	1.8	0.3
Gampaha	100	69.7	4.0	2.7	1.0	0.2	0.1	26.3	17.5	5.9	1.9	0.9
Kalutara	100	52.4	12.4	7.0	3.5	1.2	0.7	35.2	24.1	9.0	1.8	0.4
Kandy	100	55.5	25.2	4.8	4.9	4.7	10.8	19.3	9.3	8.2	1.3	0.5
Matale	100	59.8	20.3	4.9	3.9	6.6	4.8	19.9	12.1	1.8	3.5	2.5
Nuwara Eliya	100	19.8	54.6	6.4	23.9	13.8	10.5	25.6	9.7	14.1	1.3	0.5
Galle	100	54.9	15.5	8.5	4.1	2.8	0.2	29.5	15.9	8.3	3.5	1.8
Matara	100	65.4	6.1	1.9	1.8	2.1	0.3	28.5	16.1	6.9	3.8	1.7
Hambantota	100	71.7	16.4	3.8	5.6	2.2	4.7	11.9	7.0	3.0	1.0	0.9
Batticaloa	100	35.2	38.7	11.2	5.7	10.0	10.6	26.1	5.2	11.1	6.6	1.9
Ampara	100	46.0	34.7	12.5	4.5	5.8	11.9	19.3	4.9	4.6	5.6	4.2
Kurunegala	100	62.1	18.3	5.2	6.1	3.0	4.0	19.6	9.1	6.4	2.4	1.7
Puttlam	100	51.6	22.3	7.1	5.6	6.7	2.9	26.1	13.9	8.6	2.6	1.0
Anuradapura	100	46.4	42.2	4.8	11.6	9.1	16.7	11.5	3.1	5.4	1.6	1.4
Polonnaruwa	100	73.8	22.5	9.9	5.1	2.5	4.9	3.7	1.1	1.8	0.8	0.0
Badulla	100	54.4	32.8	12.4	8.4	5.2	6.8	12.8	4.7	3.2	4.1	0.8
Moneragala	100	82.4	10.1	2.5	3.5	2.4	1.5	7.5	3.5	2.6	0.4	0.8
Rathnapura	100	48.0	22.1	2.5	8.5	7.6	3.5	29.8	11.7	10.7	5.5	2.0
Kegalle	100	61.9	14.3	7.4	4.1	2.0	0.9	23.8	11.8	4.5	4.2	3.2

Table A37: Percentage distribution of households by tenure and by sector, province and district - 2006/07

Sector, Province and District	Tenure				
	Total	Constructed/ purchased/inherited	Rent free	Rent/lease	Other
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sri Lanka	100	82.7	6.1	4.0	7.2
Sector					
Urban	100	75.8	4.3	11.4	8.6
Rural	100	88.6	2.7	2.9	5.8
Estate	100	9.6	63.5	1.7	25.2
Province					
Western	100	82.2	3.7	8.5	5.6
Central	100	70.5	16.9	3.1	9.5
Southern	100	88.5	4.3	1.5	5.7
Eastern	100	77.6	3.9	2.5	16.0
North Western	100	89.1	2.8	2.1	5.9
North Central	100	88.7	1.9	2.8	6.7
Uva	100	79.0	8.0	1.2	11.8
Sabaragamuwa	100	85.8	7.3	1.3	5.5
District					
Colombo	100	78.9	3.7	10.6	6.9
Gampaha	100	83.0	2.7	8.5	5.8
Kalutara	100	86.9	6.0	4.5	2.6
Kandy	100	79.4	7.7	3.5	9.3
Matale	100	82.4	6.9	2.2	8.6
Nuwara Eliya	100	47.0	39.7	2.8	10.4
Galle	100	85.9	5.1	2.3	6.7
Matara	100	89.1	5.0	1.1	4.8
Hambantota	100	92.5	1.6	0.8	5.1
Batticaloa	100	76.8	5.0	3.0	15.3
Ampara	100	78.1	3.2	2.3	16.4
Kurunegala	100	91.4	2.0	1.8	4.8
Puttlam	100	84.3	4.6	2.7	8.3
Anuradhapura	100	89.8	1.9	2.8	5.6
Polonnaruwa	100	86.4	1.8	2.7	9.1
Badulla	100	72.3	10.6	1.5	15.5
Moneragala	100	91.6	3.0	0.7	4.7
Ratnapura	100	84.4	8.2	1.1	6.3
Kegalle	100	87.7	6.3	1.6	4.5

Annexure

Survey Schedule