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Quarterly Labour Force Survey

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1. Introduction

The Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) is a household-based sample survey conducted by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). It collects data on the labour market activities of individuals aged 15 years and above who live in South Africa. However, this report only covers labour market activities of persons aged 15–64 years.

This report presents the key findings of the QLFS conducted from April to June 2016 (Q2: 2016). The report also contains comparisons with previous quarters of the survey. Please note that correction was made on population estimates which are used as benchmarks and the figures for January-March 2016 (Q1:2016) were revised.

2. Highlights of the results

Table A: Key labour market indicators

	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand					Per cent	
Population aged 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	20 887	21 398	21 179	- 219	292	-1,0	1,4
Employed	15 657	15 675	15 545	- 129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	10 835	10 983	10 917	- 66	82	-0,6	0,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2 661	2 565	2 507	- 58	-154	-2,3	-5,8
Agriculture	869	869	825	- 44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Private households	1 292	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3
Unemployed	5 230	5 723	5 634	- 90	403	-1,6	7,7
Not economically active	15 068	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Discouraged work-seekers	2 434	2 434	2 526	92	92	3,8	3,8
Other (not economically active)	12 633	12 599	12 886	287	253	2,3	2,0
Rates (%)							
Unemployment rate	25,0	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6		
Employment/population ratio (absorption rate)	43,5	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	58,1	58,7	57,9	-0,8	-0,2		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

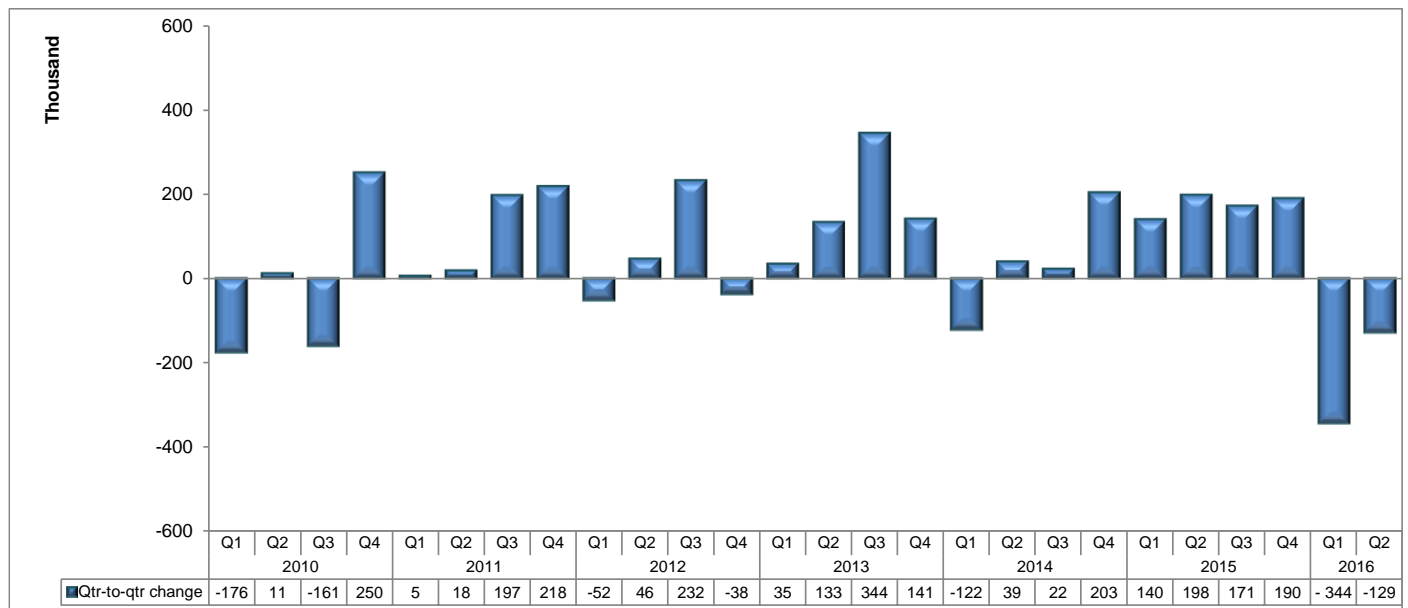
Between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016, the working age population increased by 160 000 persons to approximately 36,6 million. During this period, the number of employed and unemployed persons declined by 129 000 and 90 000 respectively, thus reducing the labour force by 219 000 to approximately 21,2 million. The number of employed persons decreased in both the formal and informal sectors as well as in Agriculture. A quarterly increase of 39 000 was observed in Private households. Discouraged work-seekers accounted for a quarter of the increase among the not economically active population.

The decline in employment followed by an increase in inactivity rather than in unemployment led to a 0,1 of a percentage point decline in unemployment rate to 26,6%. The declining of both employment and unemployment led to a decline in the labour force participation rate by 0,8 of a percentage point to 57,9%. Absorption rate declined by 0,5 of a percentage point to 42,5% due to a decrease in employment.

Compared to Q2: 2015, employment decreased by 112 000, while unemployment increased by 403 000 and the not economically active population increased by 344 000. During this period, employment declined in the informal sector (154 000) and in Agriculture (44 000), while employment gains were recorded in the formal sector (82 000) and Private households (4 000).

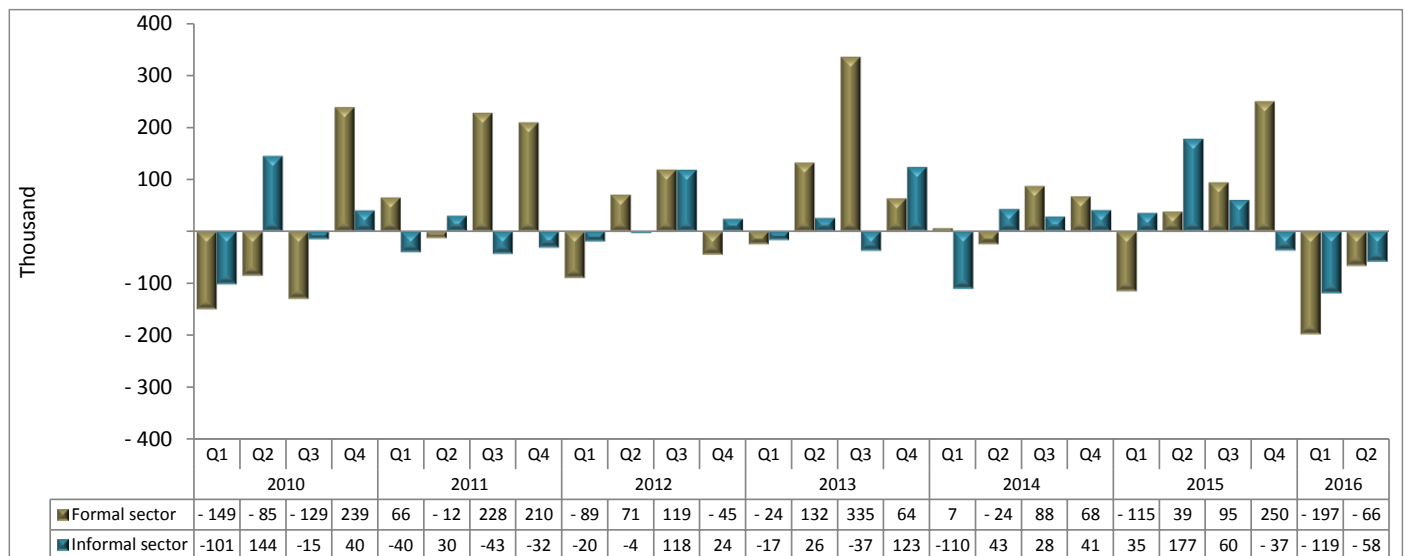
3. Employment

Figure 1: Quarter-to-quarter changes in employment, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016

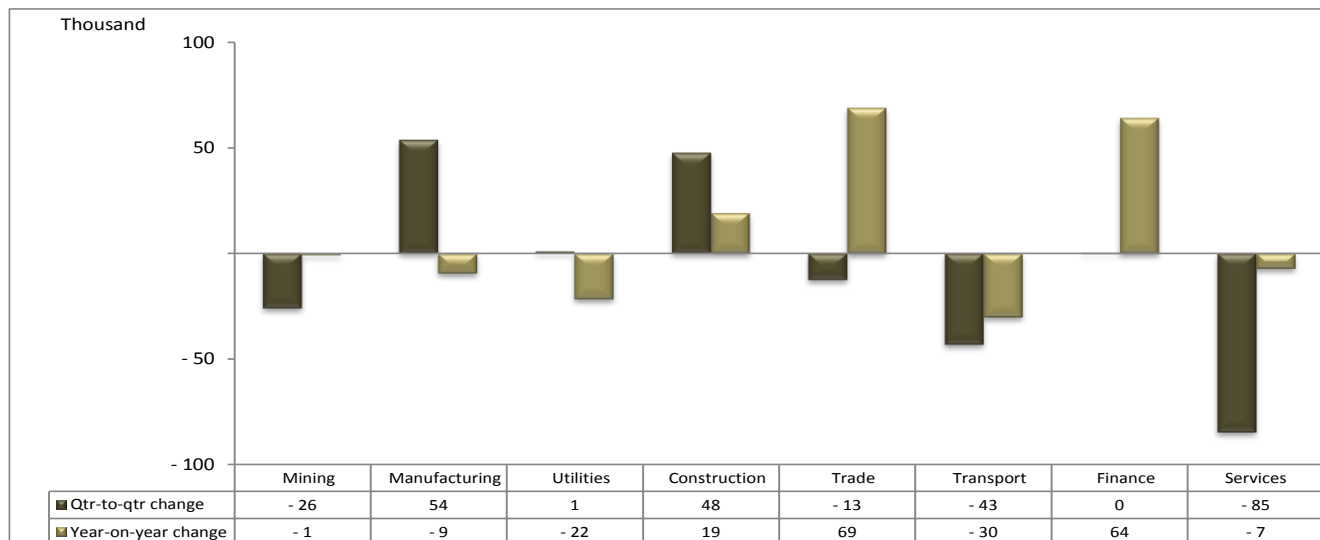


The number of employed persons grew for seven successive quarters (Q2: 2014 to Q4: 2015). Employment decreases of 344 000 and 129 000 were observed in Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016 respectively.

Figure 2: Quarter-to-quarter changes in employment by sector, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016

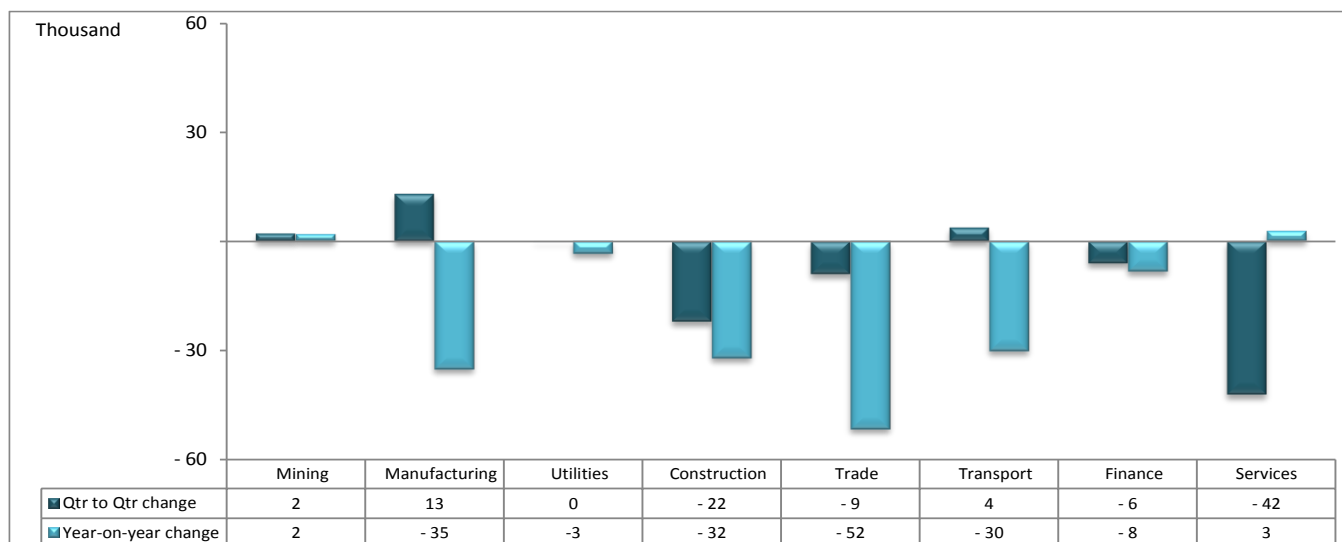


The informal sector recorded employment decreases from Q4: 2015 to Q2: 2016. The largest decrease was recorded in Q1: 2016 at 119 000, followed by a decrease of 58 000 in Q2: 2016. The formal sector shed 197 000 jobs in Q1: 2016 and 66 000 jobs in Q2: 2016.

Figure 3: Quarter-to-quarter and year-on-year changes in the formal sector by industry

Between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016, the number of employed persons in the formal sector decreased in four industries. Community & social services shed 85 000 jobs, followed by Transport (43 000), Mining (26 000) and Trade (13 000). During the same period the formal sector recorded employment gains in Manufacturing (54 000), Construction (48 000) and Utilities (1 000) industries. The number of employed persons in Finance & other business services remained unchanged between the two quarters.

Year-on-year changes reflect employment gains in Trade (69 000), Finance & other business services (64 000) and Construction (19 000). During this period, job losses were observed in five industries, with the largest declines in Transport (30 000) and Utilities (22 000) industries.

Figure 4: Quarter-to-quarter and year-on-year changes in the informal sector by industry

Between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016, the informal sector recorded employment decreases in Community & social service (42 000), Construction (22 000), Trade (9 000) and Finance & other business services (6 000). The informal sector however recorded quarterly employment gains in Manufacturing (13 000), Transport (4 000) and Mining (2 000) industries; while the number of employed persons in Utilities remained unchanged.

Compared to Q2: 2015, the informal sector shed jobs in six industries in Q2: 2016; with the largest decreases in Trade (52 000), Manufacturing (35 000), Construction (32 000) and Transport (30 000) industries. Annual employment gains were recorded in Community & social services (3 000) and Mining industries (2 000).

Table B: Employment by industry

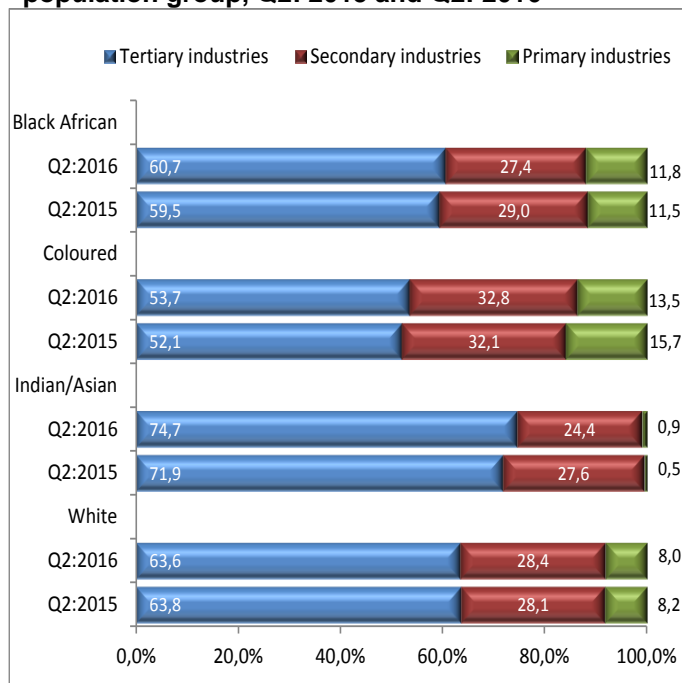
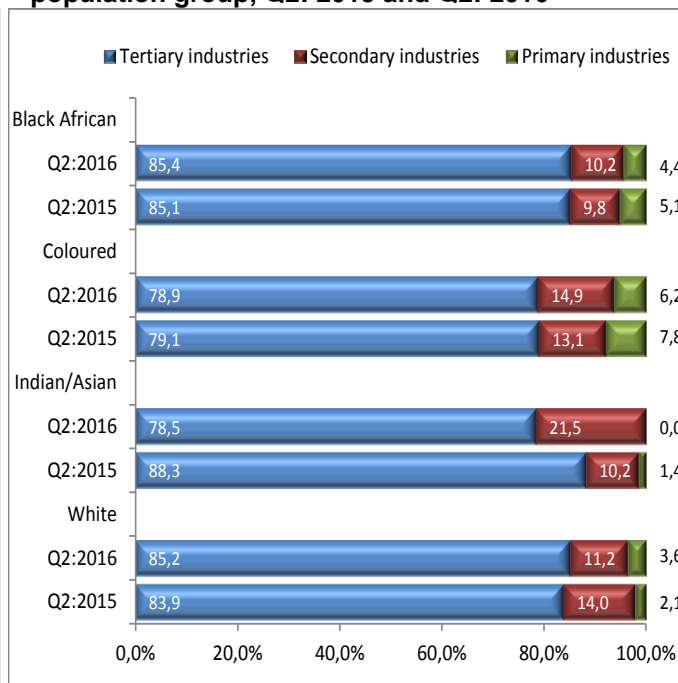
Industry	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand					Per cent	
Total*	15 657	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Agriculture	869	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Mining	446	471	447	-24	1	-5,1	0,3
Manufacturing	1 756	1 645	1 712	67	-45	4,1	-2,5
Utilities	136	110	111	1	-25	0,6	-18,4
Construction	1 401	1 362	1 388	25	-3	1,9	-0,9
Trade	3 119	3 158	3 136	-22	18	-0,7	0,6
Transport	922	901	862	-39	-60	-4,4	-6,5
Finance and other business services	2 164	2 227	2 220	-6	56	-0,3	2,6
Community and social services	3 548	3 671	3 544	-127	-4	-3,5	-0,1
Private households	1 292	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3

*Note: Total includes 'other' industry.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table B shows that the quarterly employment decline of 129 000 in Q2: 2016 was accounted for by decreases in six industries. The largest decreases were recorded in Community & social services (127 000), Agriculture (44 000) and Transport (39 000) industries. During this period, the number of employed persons increased in four industries, with large increases in Manufacturing, Private households and Construction industries (67 000, 39 000 and 25 000 respectively).

Compared to the same period last year, total employment decreased by 112 000 in Q2: 2016, where six of the ten industries recorded decreases in employment. The largest decreases were observed in the Transport (60 000), Manufacturing (45 000) and Agriculture (44 000) industries. During this period, the number of employed persons increased in four industries, with the largest increase in Finance & other business services at 56 000 jobs.

Figure 5: Share of employed men by industry and population group, Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016**Figure 6: Share of employed women by industry and population group, Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016**

Note: 'Primary industries' include Agriculture and Mining; 'Secondary industries' include Manufacturing, Utilities and Construction; 'Tertiary industries' include Trade, Transport, Finance and other business services, Community and social services and Private households. Shares are calculated from a total which excludes 'other' industry.

On average, tertiary industries employed more people compared to primary and secondary industries. However the greatest share of those in tertiary industries was among women irrespective of population group. In contrast, the share of men in secondary and primary industries was higher than that of their female counterparts for all the population groups. Compared to the other population groups, the Indian/Asian population is less pronounced in primary industries.

In Q2: 2016, the share of Indian/Asian men in primary industries was less than one per cent, while there were no Indian/Asian women in these industries.

Over the Q2: 2015 to Q2: 2016, the share of Indian/Asian women in tertiary industries had decreased in favour of those in secondary industry. The share of Indian/Asian women in the secondary industries had increased by 11,3 percentage points over this period.

Table C: Employment by occupation

Occupation	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand					Per cent	
Total	15 657	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Manager	1 246	1 337	1 314	-23	68	-1,7	5,5
Professional	750	880	857	-23	107	-2,6	14,3
Technician	1 479	1 439	1 495	56	16	3,9	1,1
Clerk	1 638	1 616	1 621	4	-17	0,3	-1,0
Sales and services	2 469	2 530	2 437	-93	-31	-3,7	-1,3
Skilled agriculture	99	68	66	-2	-33	-2,4	-33,2
Craft and related trade	1 921	1 896	1 890	-6	-30	-0,3	-1,6
Plant and machine operator	1 370	1 288	1 218	-70	-153	-5,4	-11,2
Elementary	3 679	3 631	3 634	3	-45	0,1	-1,2
Domestic worker	1 006	989	1 013	24	7	2,4	0,7

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

On a quarterly basis, employment decreased in six of the ten occupations in Q2: 2016. The largest decreases were recorded in Sales & services (93 000) and Plant & machine operator (70 000) occupations. Over the same period, employment increased in four of the ten occupations; with the largest increases in Technician and Domestic worker occupations (56 000 and 24 000 respectively).

Year on year changes reflect employment decreases in six occupations, the largest decrease being recorded in Plant & machine operator (153 000) occupations. In Q2: 2016, annual employment gains were recorded in four occupations, namely; Professional (107 000), Manager (68 000), Technician (16 000) and Domestic worker (7 000).

Figure 7: Share of employed men by occupation and population group, Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016

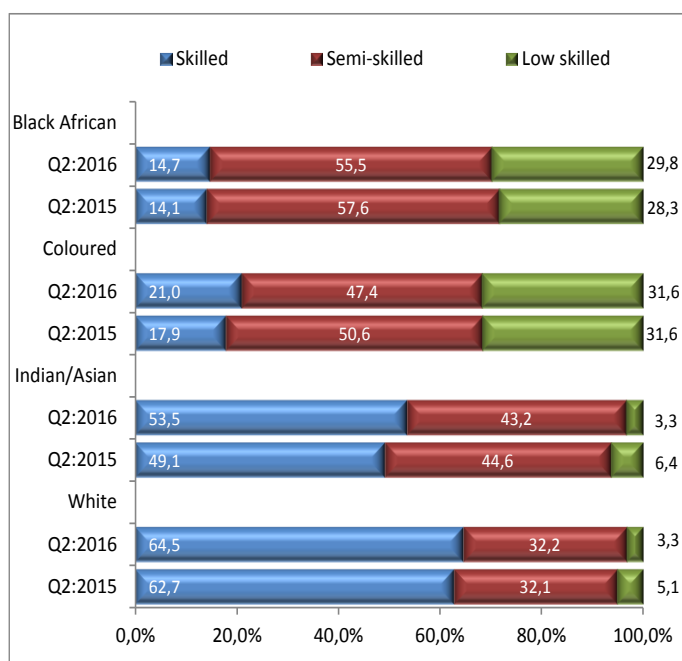
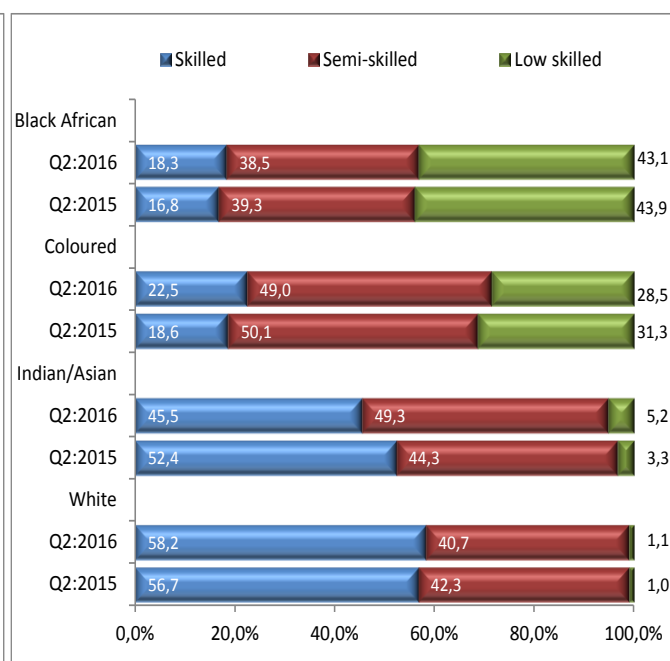


Figure 8: Share of employed women by occupation and population group, Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016

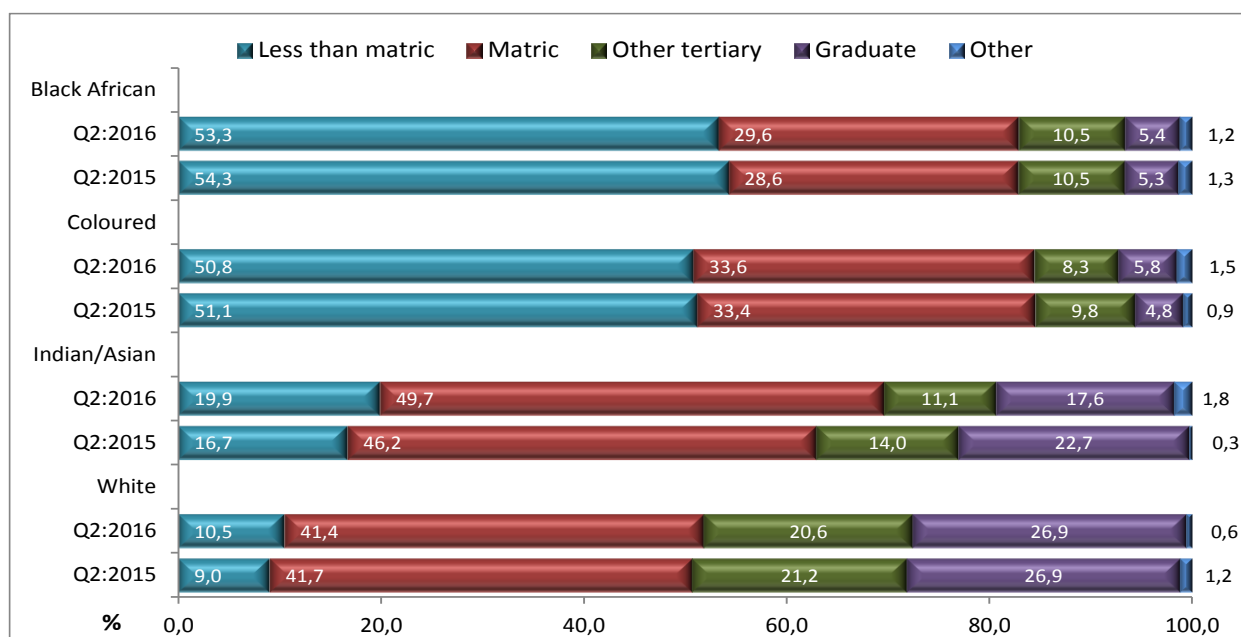


Note: The 'Skilled' category includes Manager, Professional and Technician occupations; 'Semi-skilled' includes Clerk, Sales and services, Skilled agriculture, Craft and related trade and Plant and machine operator occupations; 'Low-skilled' includes Elementary and Domestic worker occupations.

According to the above figures, white and Indian/Asian population groups (both men and women) dominate employment in skilled occupations; while the majority of black African and coloured men were employed in semi-skilled occupations. However both black African and coloured men recorded decreases in semi-skilled occupations over the periods Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016. Over the same periods, the share of Indian/Asian and white men in skilled occupations had increased (Figure 7).

Black African women are more vulnerable in the labour market, with larger shares being in low-skilled occupations. The share of black African women in low-skilled occupations was around 43% in both Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016. Conversely the share of white women in low-skilled occupations was around one per cent and that of Indian/Asian women increased from 3,3% to 5,2%. The share of white women who were employed in skilled occupations in Q2: 2016 was 58,2% compared to 18,3% of black African women (Figure 8).

Figure 9: Share of employed persons by education and population group, Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016



Note: 'Graduate' includes post-higher diploma, bachelor's degree, post-graduate diploma, honours degree and higher degree. Values for 'Other' are not shown on the graph.

Figure 9 portrays the existence of racial disparities in education. The biggest share of the employed population with tertiary qualifications (graduates and other tertiary) is among the white and Indian population groups. In Q2: 2016, 47,5% of employed white persons and 28,7% of employed Indians had a tertiary qualification. During the same period the share of employed black African and coloured population with tertiary qualification was 15,9% and 14,1% respectively.

Table D: Employment by province

Province	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand				Per cent		
South Africa	15 657	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Western Cape	2 257	2 356	2 266	-90	9	-3,8	0,4
Eastern Cape	1 366	1 366	1 350	-16	-16	-1,2	-1,2
Northern Cape	297	313	303	-10	6	-3,2	2,0
Free State	798	790	797	7	-1	0,9	-0,2
KwaZulu-Natal	2 556	2 515	2 479	-36	-77	-1,4	-3,0
North West	940	924	915	-9	-25	-1,0	-2,7
Gauteng	4 969	4 895	4 942	46	-28	0,9	-0,6
Mpumalanga	1 180	1 160	1 171	10	-9	0,9	-0,8
Limpopo	1 293	1 355	1 324	-31	31	-2,3	2,4

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

The number of employed people decreased in six of the nine provinces between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016. The largest decreases were recorded in Western Cape (90 000), KwaZulu-Natal (36 000) and Limpopo (31 000). Quarterly employment gains were observed in Gauteng, Mpumalanga and Free State (46 000, 10 000 and 7 000 respectively).

For the year ended June 2016, employment levels decreased in six of the nine provinces. KwaZulu-Natal, Gauteng and North West recorded the largest decreases at 77 000, 28 000 and 25 000 respectively. During this period employment gains were recorded in Limpopo, Western Cape and Northern Cape (31 000, 9 000 and 6 000 respectively).

Table E: Employment by province and municipality

Province and municipality	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand					Per cent	
South Africa	15 657	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Western Cape	2 257	2 356	2 266	-90	9	-3,8	0,4
Non-metro	833	839	798	-41	-35	-4,9	-4,2
City of Cape Town	1 425	1 516	1 468	-49	43	-3,2	3,0
Eastern Cape	1 366	1 366	1 350	-16	-16	-1,2	-1,2
Non-metro	784	787	794	7	10	0,9	1,3
Buffalo City	233	232	230	-2	-3	-0,9	-1,4
Nelson Mandela Bay	349	347	326	-21	-23	-6,1	-6,6
Free State	798	790	797	7	-1	0,9	-0,2
Non-metro	568	540	547	8	-21	1,4	-3,6
Mangaung	231	251	250	-1	19	-0,3	8,4
KwaZulu-Natal	2 556	2 515	2 479	-36	-77	-1,4	-3,0
Non-metro	1 455	1 413	1 353	-60	-102	-4,3	-7,0
eThekweni	1 101	1 102	1 126	24	25	2,2	2,2
Gauteng	4 969	4 895	4 942	46	-28	0,9	-0,6
Non-metro	617	594	587	-7	-31	-1,3	-5,0
Ekurhuleni	1 190	1 145	1 161	16	-29	1,4	-2,5
City of Johannesburg	1 959	1 926	1 963	37	4	1,9	0,2
City of Tshwane	1 203	1 231	1 231	0	28	0,0	2,3
Other	3 710	3 752	3 712	-40	2	-1,1	0,0

Note: 'Other' includes Northern Cape, North West, Mpumalanga and Limpopo. These provinces do not have metropolitan municipalities.

Between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016, employment declined in four metropolitan municipalities – City of Cape Town (49 000), Nelson Mandela Bay (21 000), Buffalo City (2 000) and Mangaung (1 000). During this period, employment increased in three metropolitans (City of Johannesburg, eThekweni and Ekurhuleni), while the number of employed people in the City of Tshwane remained unchanged.

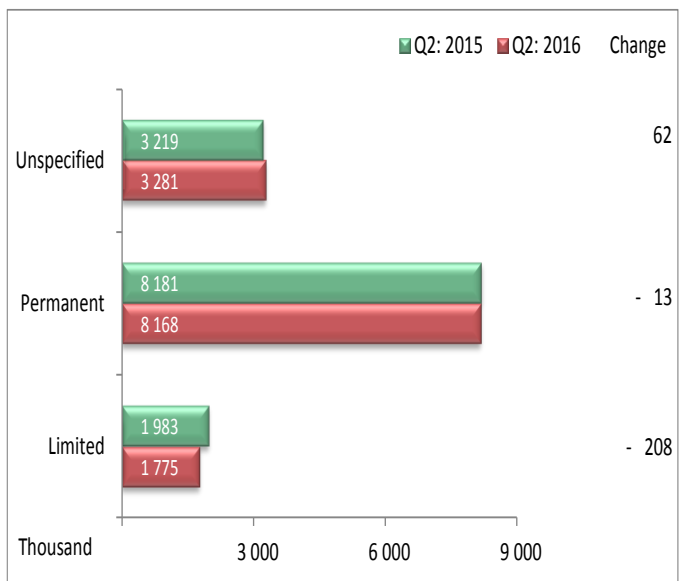
Compared to a year ago, employment decreases were recorded in three metropolitan municipalities. These were: Ekurhuleni metropolitan which recorded the largest decrease at 29 000, followed by Nelson Mandela Bay (23 000) and Buffalo City (3 000). Annual employment gains were recorded in five metropolitans, with the largest increase in the City of Cape Town at 43 000.

3.1 Conditions of employment for employees

Figure 10: Quarter-to-quarter changes in nature of employment contract



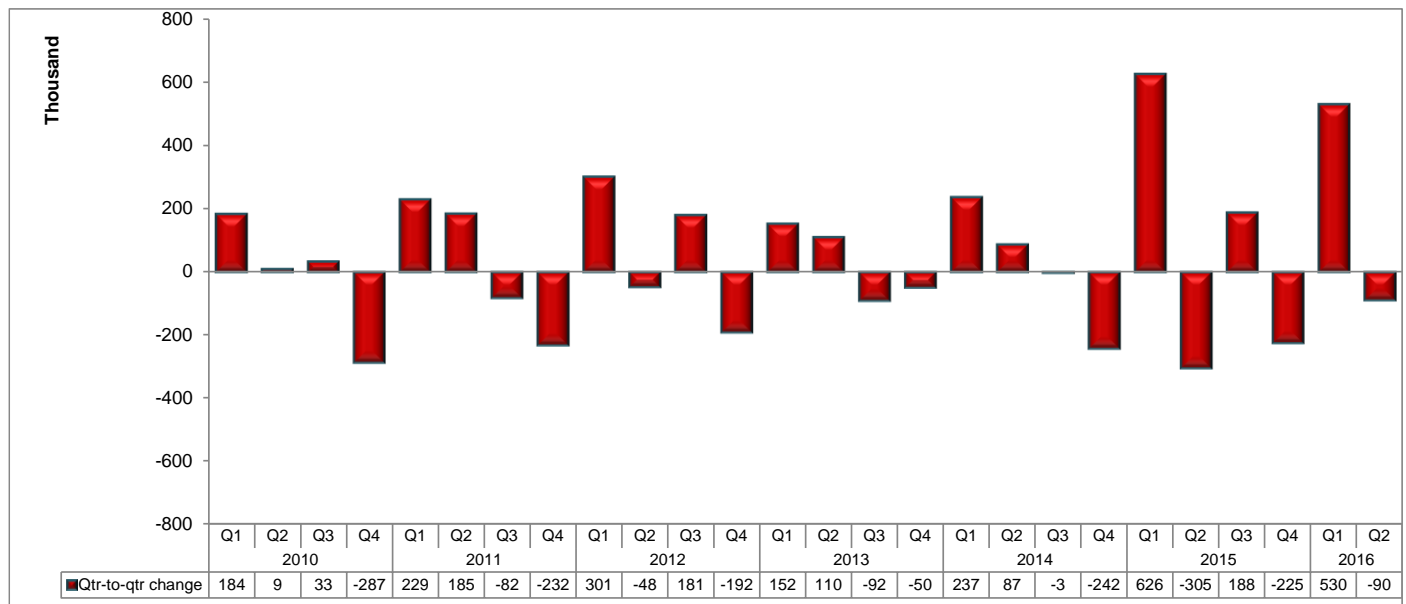
Figure 11: Year-on-year changes in nature of employment contract



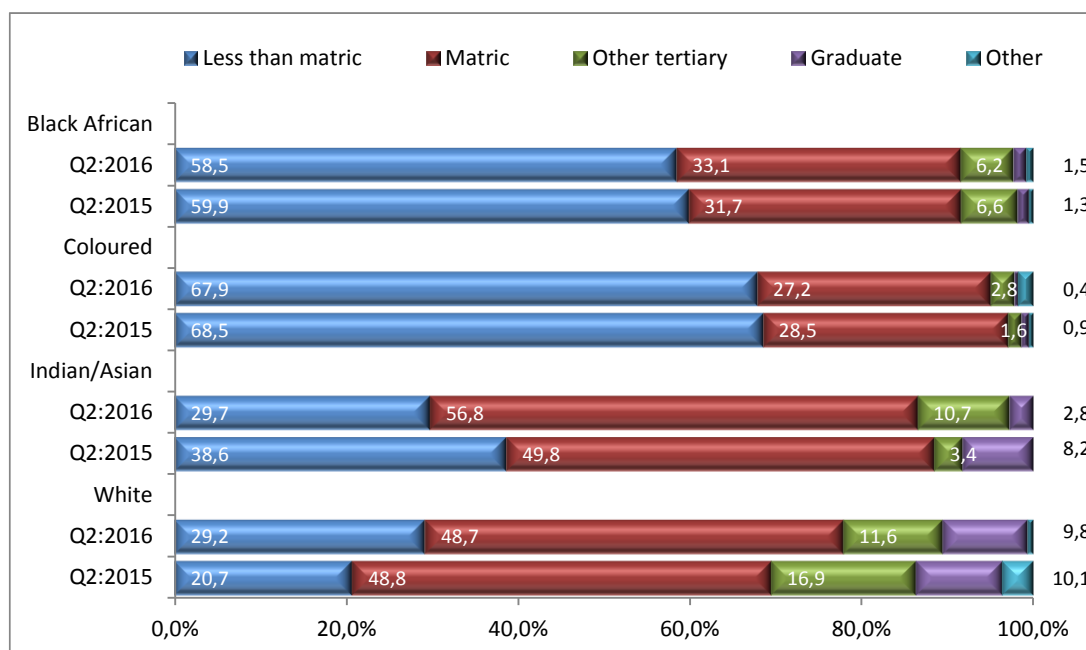
In Q2: 2016 the number of employees decreased by 235 000 quarter-to-quarter and by 160 000 year-on-year (see Table 3.6 in the Appendix). The number of employees with employment contracts of permanent duration decreased by 212 000 quarter-to-quarter and by 13 000 year-on-year. Employees with employment contracts of limited duration (temporary) saw a quarterly decrease of 84 000 and an annual decrease of 208 000.

4. Unemployment

Figure 12: Quarter-to-quarter change in unemployment, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016



Unemployment declined by 90 000 quarter-to-quarter in Q2:2016, following an increase of 530 000 observed in Q1: 2016.

Figure 13: Share of unemployed persons by education level and population group, Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016

Note: 'Graduate' includes post-higher diploma, bachelor's degree, post-graduate diploma, honours degree and higher degree. Values for 'Other' are not shown on the graph.

Those without matric constituted more than 58% of the unemployed among the black Africans and coloured population while among the white and Indian population those with matric constituted the biggest proportion of the unemployed.

Over the period Q2: 2015 and Q2: 2016, the share of the unemployment by educational categories showed minimal changes among black African and coloured population groups. During this period, noticeable changes were observed among Indians/Asians and the white populations.

Table F: Unemployment rate by province

	Official unemployment rate					Expanded unemployment rate				
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Per cent		Percentage points			Per cent		Percentage points		
South Africa	25,0	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6	34,9	36,3	36,4	0,1	1,5
Western Cape	21,7	20,9	22,2	1,3	0,5	24,1	23,0	24,6	1,6	0,5
Eastern Cape	29,1	28,6	28,6	0,0	-0,5	42,5	44,6	43,8	-0,8	1,3
Northern Cape	32,7	27,8	27,4	-0,4	-5,3	41,1	38,7	39,8	1,1	-1,3
Free State	31,4	33,9	32,2	-1,7	0,8	38,9	39,4	38,1	-1,3	-0,8
KwaZulu-Natal	20,4	23,1	22,6	-0,5	2,2	36,3	38,8	39,7	0,9	3,4
North West	25,2	28,1	27,3	-0,8	2,1	40,1	43,1	42,6	-0,5	2,5
Gauteng	26,8	30,2	29,5	-0,7	2,7	31,3	33,3	33,0	-0,3	1,7
Mpumalanga	27,2	29,8	28,8	-1,0	1,6	39,1	41,2	41,0	-0,2	1,9
Limpopo	18,9	18,3	20,6	2,3	1,7	39,0	38,5	38,6	0,1	-0,4

The official unemployment rate decreased by 0,1 of a percentage point in Q2: 2016 compared to Q1: 2016. Quarterly decreases in the official unemployment rate were observed in six provinces, with the largest decreases in Free State (1,7 percentage points) and Mpumalanga (1,0 percentage point). In comparison to the same period last year, the unemployment rate increased by 1,6 percentage points. During this period, the official unemployment rate recorded large increases in Gauteng (2,7 percentage points), KwaZulu-Natal (2,2 percentage points) and in North West (2,1 percentage points).

Between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016, the expanded unemployment rate increased by 0,1 of a percentage point to 36,4%. During this period, five of the nine provinces recorded increases in the expanded unemployment rate. The largest

increase was recorded in Western Cape (1,6 percentage points), Northern Cape (1,1 percentage points) and KwaZulu-Natal (0,9 of a percentage point). Annual changes reflected an increase of 1,5 percentage points in the expanded unemployment rate. Six provinces recorded increases in the expanded unemployment rate during this period.

Table G: Unemployment rate by metropolitan municipality

	Official unemployment rate					Expanded unemployment rate				
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Apr-Jun 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Per cent		Percentage points			Per cent		Percentage points		
South Africa	25,0	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6	34,9	36,3	36,4	0,1	1,5
Western Cape										
City of Cape town	22,6	21,1	23,0	1,9	0,4	23,9	21,8	24,0	2,2	0,1
Non-metro	20,2	20,5	20,7	0,2	0,5	24,4	25,1	25,8	0,7	1,4
Eastern Cape										
Buffalo City	28,8	24,1	29,8	5,7	1,0	33,2	31,8	32,5	0,7	-0,7
Nelson Mandela Bay	33,2	33,3	32,0	-1,3	-1,2	33,2	33,3	32,9	-0,4	-0,3
Non-metro	27,2	27,6	26,8	-0,8	-0,4	48,0	50,9	49,6	-1,3	1,6
Free State										
Mangaung	29,0	28,2	28,8	0,6	-0,2	36,7	33,5	34,1	0,6	-2,6
Non-metro	32,4	36,2	33,7	-2,5	1,3	39,7	41,8	39,7	-2,1	0,0
KwaZulu-Natal										
eThekwin	16,5	18,9	19,7	0,8	3,2	26,3	27,3	28,0	0,7	1,7
Non-metro	23,1	26,1	25,0	-1,1	1,9	42,3	45,6	46,9	1,3	4,6
Gauteng										
City of Johannesburg	26,2	29,9	28,4	-1,5	2,2	28,7	31,2	29,9	-1,3	1,2
City of Tshwane	24,6	26,0	25,1	-0,9	0,5	29,6	29,6	28,9	-0,7	-0,7
Ekurhuleni	29,4	34,5	34,6	0,1	5,2	34,4	37,4	38,2	0,8	3,8
Non-metro	27,4	30,3	30,8	0,5	3,4	35,9	38,5	39,3	0,8	3,4

Note: South Africa includes all nine provinces, i.e. even those without metropolitan municipalities (Northern Cape, North West, Mpumalanga and Limpopo).

Quarterly decreases in official unemployment rate were observed in three metropolitans (City of Johannesburg, Nelson Mandela Bay and City of Tshwane). Official unemployment rate increased in five metropolitans, with the largest increase in Buffalo City at 5,7 percentage points. Compared to a year ago, official unemployment rate increased in six metropolitans with the largest increase in Ekurhuleni at 5,2 percentage points. Unemployment rate decreased in Nelson Mandela Bay and Mangaung on an annual basis.

Between Q1: 2016 and Q2: 2016, the expanded unemployment rate increased in five metropolitans. The largest increase was observed in City of Cape Town at 2,2 percentage points. During this period, City of Johannesburg recorded the largest decrease in expanded unemployment rate at 1,3 percentage points. Expanded unemployment rate increased in Ekurhuleni, eThekwin, City of Johannesburg and City of Cape Town metropolitans on an annual basis, while it decreased in the other metropolitans.

5. Youth labour market

Table H: South African youth by age group, Q2:2008 and Q2:2016

Age groups	Employed	Unemployed	Discouraged	Other NEA	Total
	Thousand				
Q2:2008					
15-19 years	235	238	85	4 446	5 004
20-24 years	1 438	1 114	259	1 904	4 715
25-29 years	2 324	1 024	227	884	4 460
30-34 years	2 520	701	184	672	4 077
15-34 years	6 517	3 076	756	7 907	18 256
Q2:2016					
15-19 years	110	206	113	4 688	5 117
20-24 years	1 119	1 222	573	2 279	5 192
25-29 years	2 238	1 260	525	954	4 977
30-34 years	2 587	948	437	677	4 649
15-34 years	6 053	3 636	1 648	8 598	19 936

Table H highlights the number of youth by their labour market status between quarter 2 of 2008 and quarter 2 of 2016. The table shows that employment for youth increases with age. The total number of employed youth (15 to 34 years) declined between Q2: 2008 and Q2: 2016. The largest decrease was observed among youth aged 20 to 24 years.

During the same period, the number of unemployed and inactive youth increased. Increases in the number of unemployed youth were observed in all the age groups, except for those aged 15 to 19 years.

Figure 14: Youth labour market rates by age group, Q2: 2008

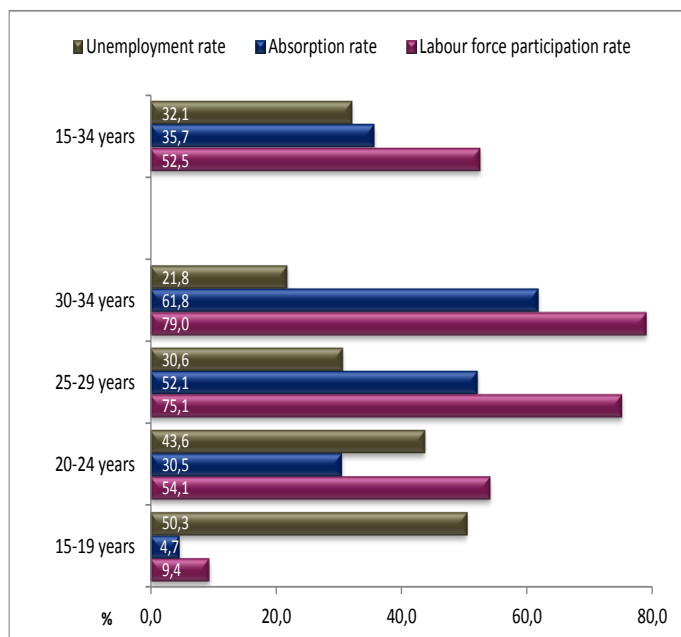


Figure 15: Youth labour market rates by age group, Q2: 2016

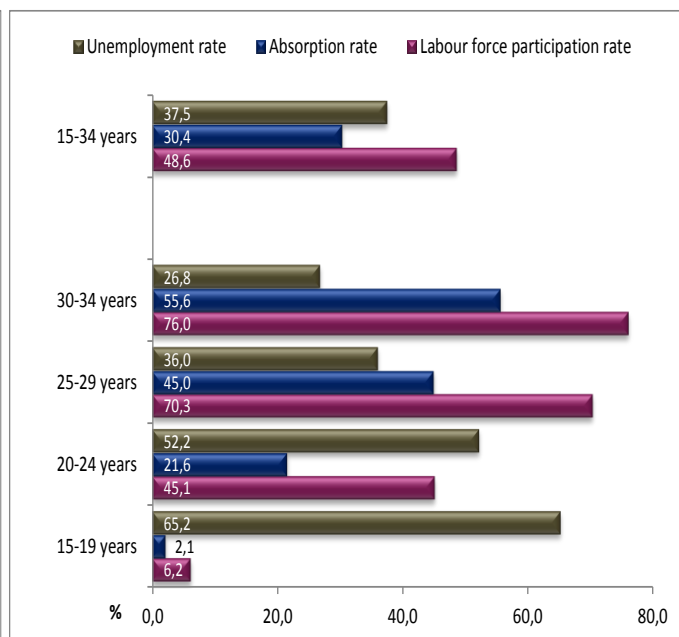


Figure 14 and Figure 15 shows that improved labour market outcomes are observed as age increases – the unemployment rate declined, while the absorption rate and the labour force participation rate increased. Over the period Q2: 2008 and Q2: 2016, increases in youth unemployment rate was recorded together with decreases in absorption rate and labour force participation rate. The unemployment rate for youth (15 to 34 years) increased from 32,1% in Q2: 2008 to 37,5% in Q2: 2016.

Figure 16: Distribution of employed youth by industry, Q2: 2008 and Q2: 2016

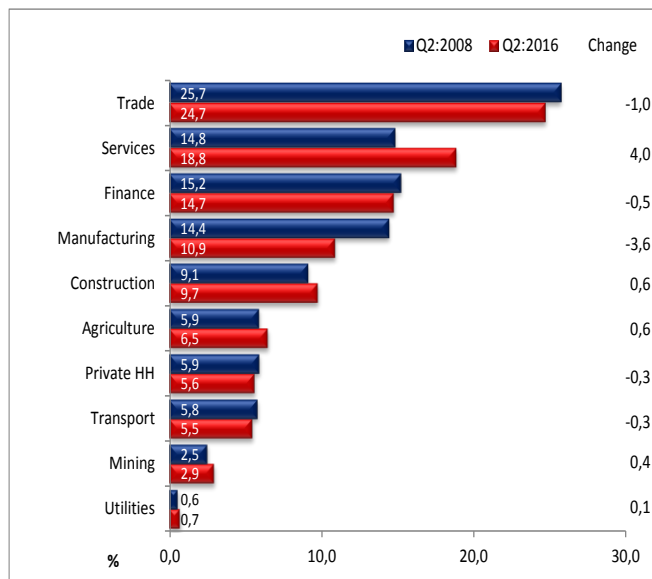
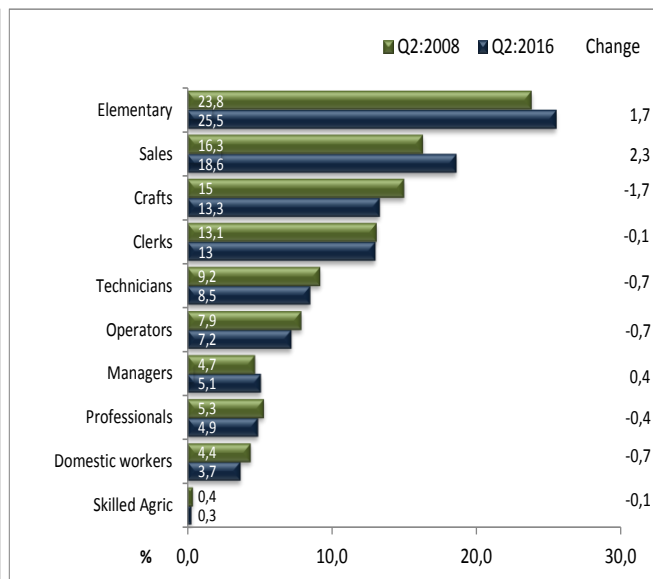
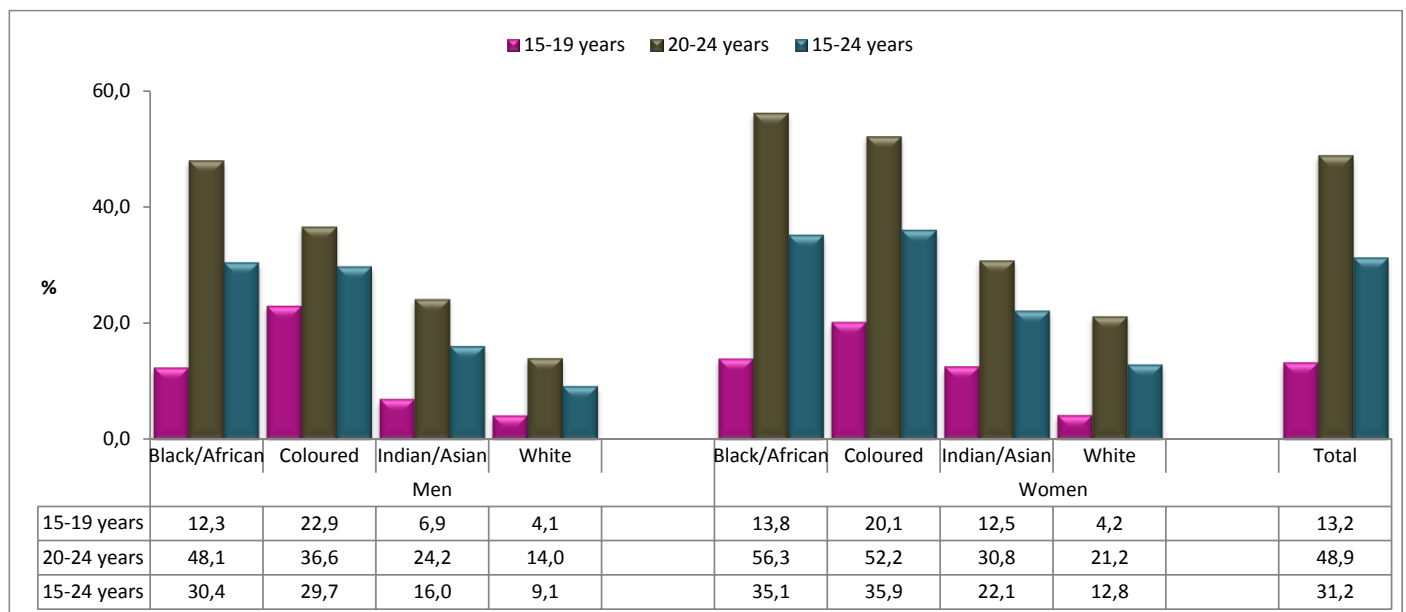


Figure 17: Distribution of employed youth by occupation, Q2: 2008 and Q2: 2016



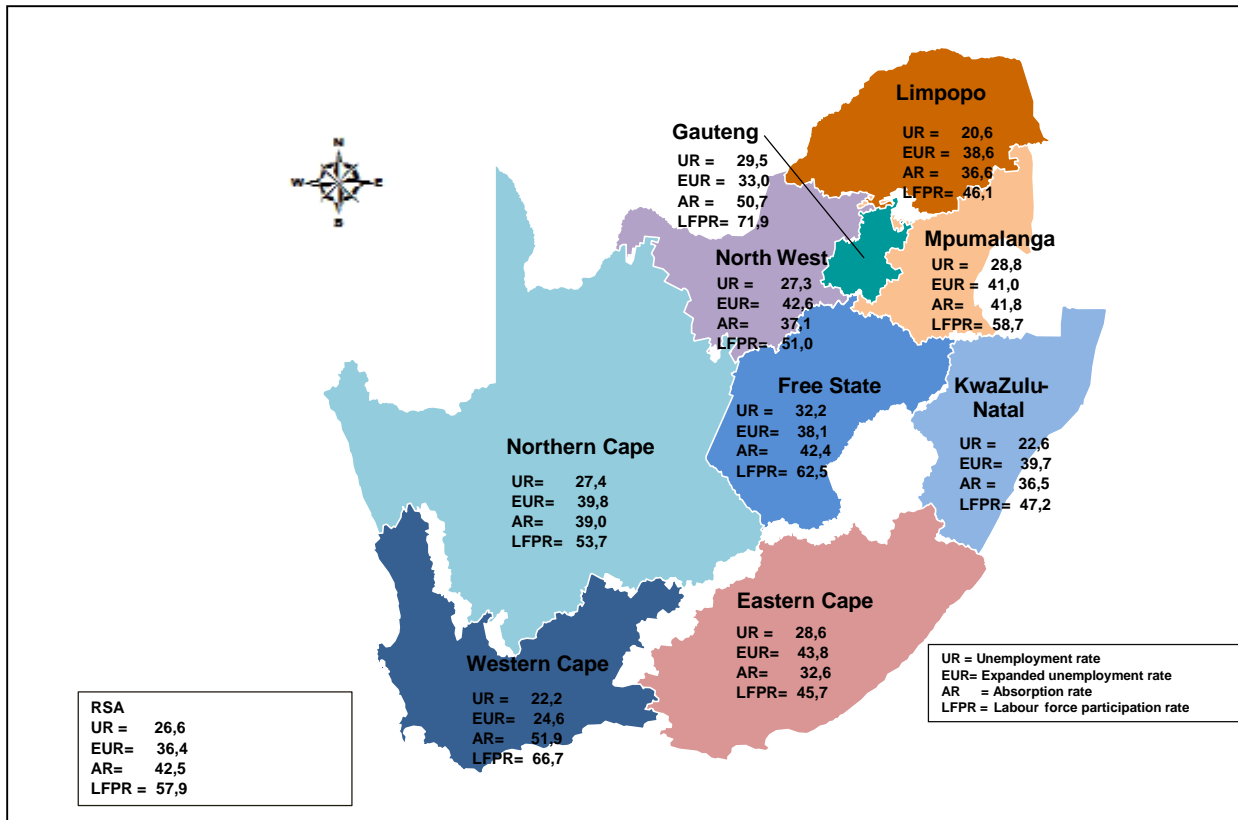
Of all employed youth in Q2: 2016, 24,7% were employed in Trade which is the largest, followed by Community & social services (18,8%) and Finance & other business services (14,7%) industries. The youth were mainly employed in Elementary occupations. In Q2: 2016, 25,5% of the employed youth were in the Elementary occupations.

Figure 18: NEET rates for youth aged 15-24 years by sex, age group and population group, Q2: 2016



In Q2: 2016, 31,2% of the youth 15-24 years were not in employment, education or training (NEET). The NEET rates were highest among coloured women at 35,9% and black African women at 35,1%.

6. Summary of labour market measures at a glance, Q2: 2016



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Statistician-General: Statistics South Africa

7. Other labour market trends

Figure 19: Year-on-year changes in total employment, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016

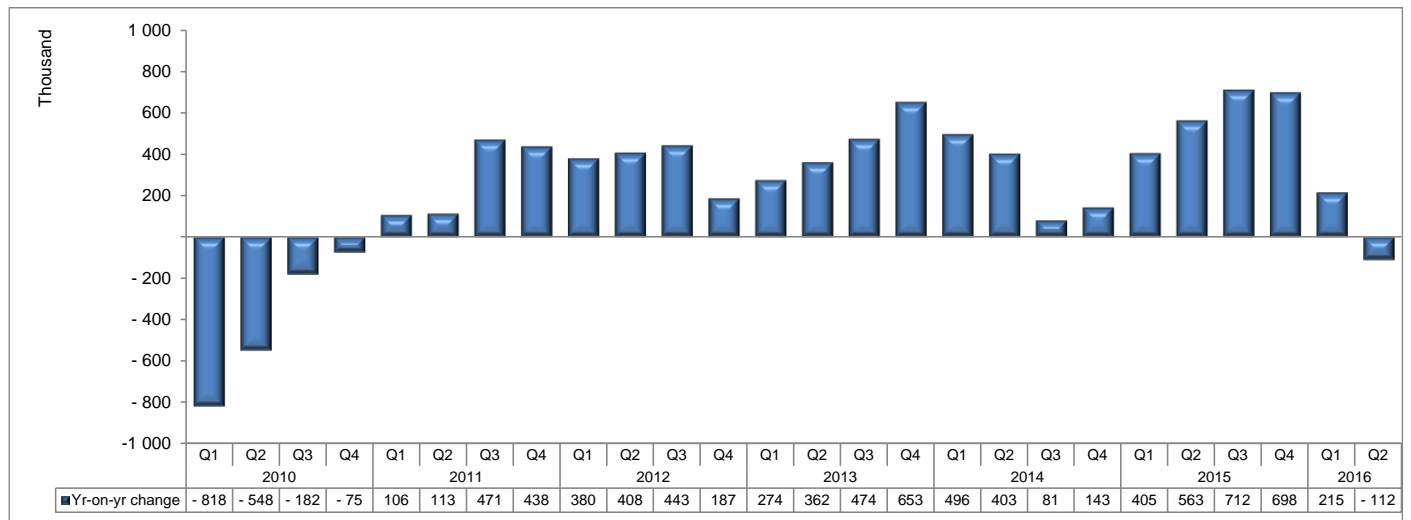


Figure 20: Year-on-year changes in formal-sector employment, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016

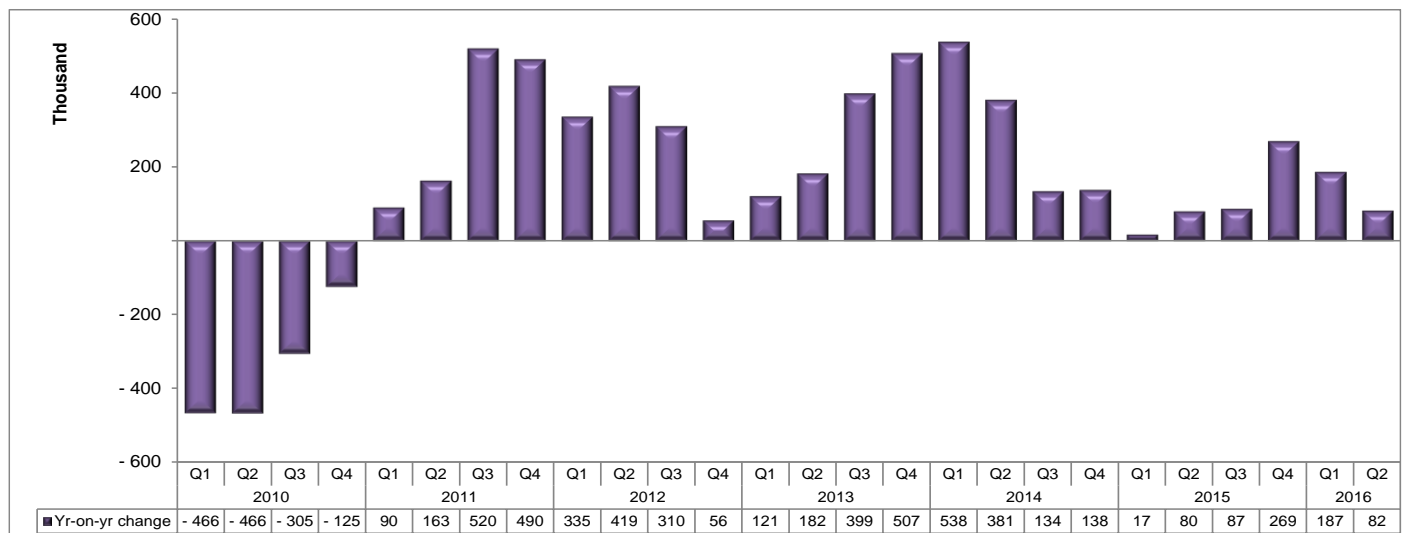


Figure 21: Year-on-year changes in informal-sector employment, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016

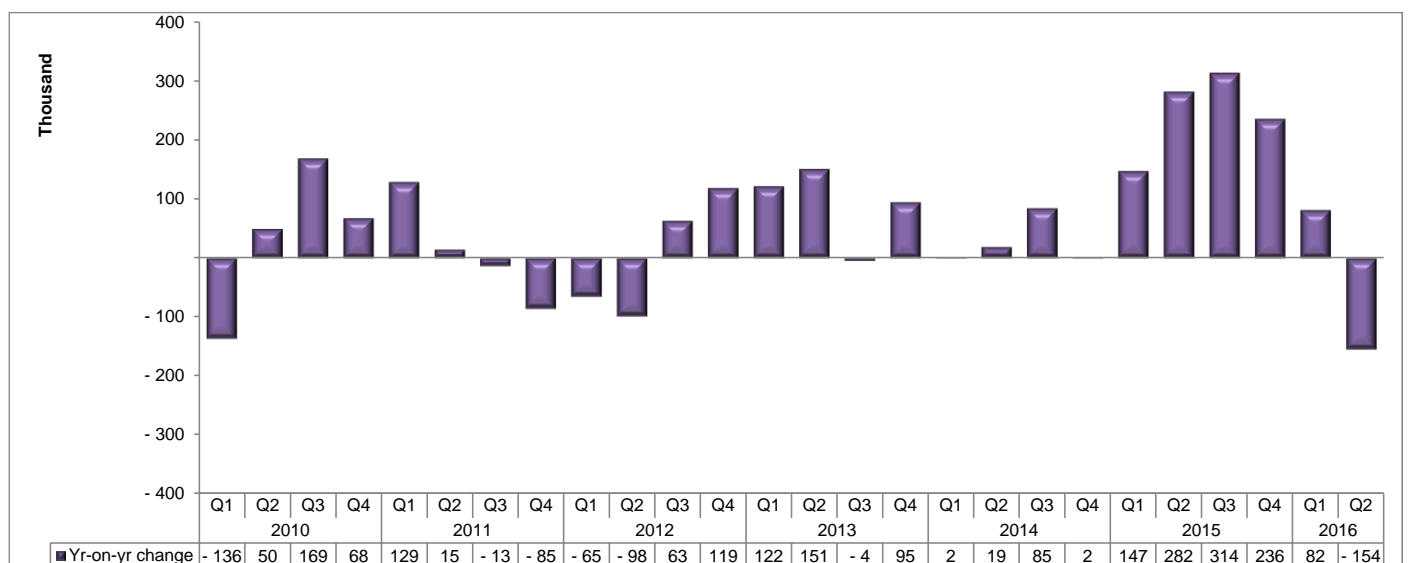
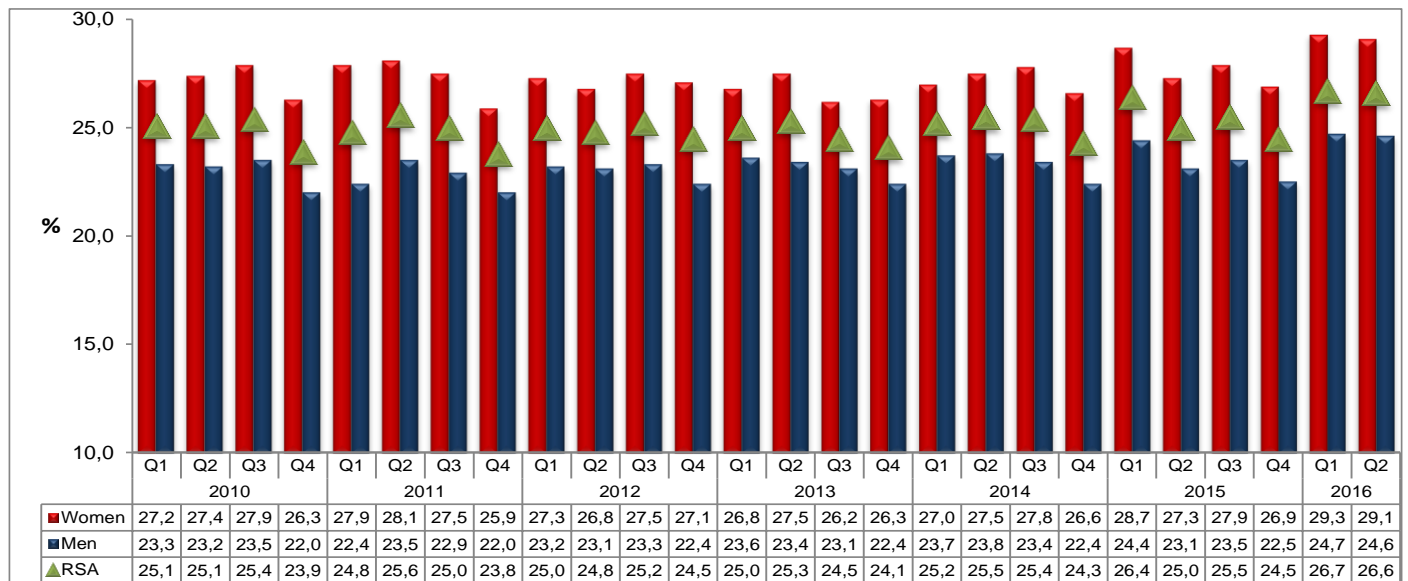


Figure 22: Unemployment rate by sex, Quarter 1: 2010 to Quarter 2: 2016

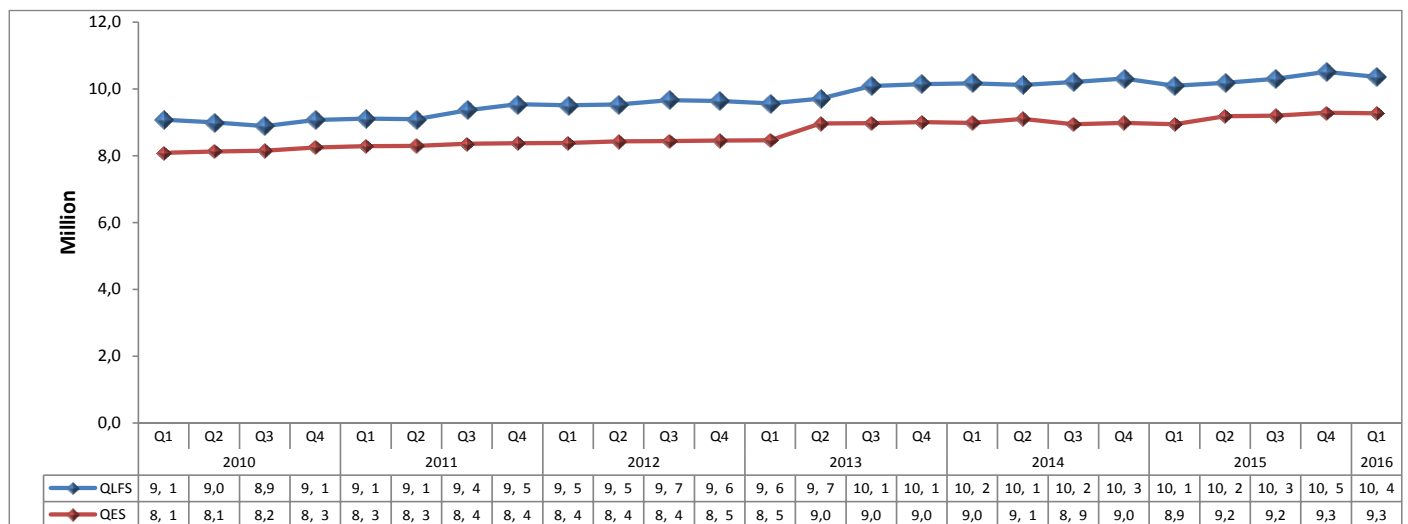


8. Comparison of the QLFS and the QES

Table I: Key differences between the QLFS and the QES

	QLFS	QES
Coverage	Private households and workers' hostels Non-institutional population (15 years and older) Total employment (including informal sector, Private households, Agriculture and small businesses)	Payroll of VAT-registered businesses Employees only Formal sector excluding Agriculture
Sample size	Quarterly sample of approximately 30 000 dwellings in which households reside	Quarterly sample of 20 000 non-agricultural formal-sector businesses
Reference period	One week prior to the interview	Payroll on the last day of the quarter
Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)	All industries	Excluding Agriculture and Private households
Formal sector definition (excluding Agriculture and Private households)	Employers and own-account workers registered for VAT or income tax Employees paying income tax and those not paying tax but working in firms with five or more workers	Employees on payroll of VAT-registered businesses

Figure 23: Formal sector trends in QLFS and QES



9. Technical notes

9.1 Response details

Table J: Response rates by province and metropolitan area

Province / Metropolitan Area	Apr–Jun 2016
	Per cent
South Africa	88,0
Western Cape	88,0
Non-Metro	88,7
City of Cape Town	87,7
Eastern Cape	93,1
Non-Metro	95,3
Buffalo City	83,6
Nelson Mandela Bay	92,0
Northern Cape	90,6
Free State	95,4
Non-Metro	96,5
Mangaung	92,7
KwaZulu-Natal	93,9
Non-Metro	92,2
eThekweni	96,7
North West	92,8
Gauteng	73,9
Non-Metro	78,4
Ekurhuleni	69,4
City of Johannesburg	71,6
City of Tshwane	80,1
Mpumalanga	95,9
Limpopo	97,4

9.2 Survey requirements and design

The Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS) uses the Master Sample frame which has been developed as a general-purpose household survey frame that can be used by all other Stats SA household based surveys having design requirements that are reasonably compatible with the QLFS. The 2013 Master Sample is based on information collected during the 2011 Census conducted by Stats SA. In preparation for Census 2011, the country was divided into 103 576 enumeration areas (EAs). The census EAs, together with the auxiliary information for the EAs, were used as the frame units or building blocks for the formation of primary sampling units (PSUs) for the Master Sample, since they covered the entire country and had other information that is crucial for stratification and creation of PSUs. There are 3 324 primary sampling units (PSUs) in the Master Sample with an expected sample of approximately 33 000 dwelling units (DUs). The number of PSUs in the current Master Sample (3 324) reflects an 8,0% increase in the size of the Master Sample compared to the previous (2008) Master Sample (which had 3 080 PSUs). The larger Master Sample of PSUs was selected to improve the precision (smaller coefficients of variation, known as CVs) of the QLFS estimates.

The Master Sample is designed to be representative at provincial level and within provinces at metro/non-metro levels. Within the metros, the sample is further distributed by geographical type. The three geography types are Urban, Tribal and Farms. This implies, for example, that within a metropolitan area, the sample is representative of the different geography types that may exist within that metro.

It is divided equally into four sub-groups or panels called rotation groups. The rotation groups are designed in such a way that each of these groups has the same distribution pattern as that which is observed in the whole sample. They

are numbered from one (1) to four (4) and these numbers also correspond to the quarters of the year in which the sample will be rotated for the particular group.

The sample for the QLFS is based on a stratified two-stage design with probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling of PSUs in the first stage, and sampling of dwelling units (DUs) with systematic sampling in the second stage.

9.3 Sample rotation

For each quarter of the QLFS, a $\frac{1}{4}$ of the sampled dwellings are rotated out of the sample. These dwellings are replaced by new dwellings from the same PSU or the next PSU on the list. Thus, sampled dwellings are expected to remain in the sample for four consecutive quarters. It should be noted that the sampling unit is the dwelling, and the unit of observation is the household. Therefore, if a household moves out of a dwelling after being in the sample for, say two quarters (as an example) and a new household moves in, the new household will be enumerated for the next two quarters. If no household moves into the sampled dwelling, the dwelling will be classified as vacant (or unoccupied).

9.4 Weighting

The sample weights were constructed in order to account for the following: the original selection probabilities (design weights), adjustments for PSUs that were sub-sampled or segmented, excluded population from the sampling frame, non-response, weight trimming, and benchmarking to known population estimates from the Demographic Analysis Division within Stats SA.

9.5 Non-response adjustment

In general, imputation is used for item non-response (i.e. blanks within the questionnaire) and edit failures (i.e. invalid or inconsistent responses). The eligible households in the sampled dwellings can be divided into two response categories: respondents and non-respondents. Weight adjustment is applied to account for the non-respondent households (e.g. refusal, no contact, etc.). The adjustment for total non-response was computed at two levels of non-response: PSU non-response and household non-response.

9.6 Final survey weights

In the final step of constructing the sample weights, all individuals within a household are assigned the same adjusted base weight. The adjusted base weights are calibrated such that the aggregate totals will match with independently derived (by Stats SA Demography division) population estimates (from the Demographic Analysis Division) for various age, race and gender groups at national level and individual metropolitan and non-metropolitan area levels within the provinces. The calibrated weights are constructed using the constraint that each person within the same household should have the same calibrated weight, with a lower bound on the calibrated weights set at 50.

9.7 Estimation

The final survey weights are used to obtain the estimates for various domains of interest, e.g. number of persons employed in Agriculture in Western Cape, number of females employed in Manufacturing, etc.

9.8 Reliability of the survey estimates

Since estimates are based on sample data, they differ from figures that would have been obtained from complete enumeration of the population using the same instrument. Results are subject to both sampling and non-sampling errors. Non-sampling errors include biases from inaccurate reporting, processing, and tabulation, etc., as well as errors from non-responses and incomplete reporting. These types of errors cannot be measured readily. However, to some extent, non-sampling errors can be minimised through the procedures used for data collection, editing, quality control, and non-response adjustment. The variances of the survey estimates are used to measure sampling errors.

(i) Variance estimation

The most commonly used methods for estimating variances of survey estimates from complex surveys such as the QLFS, are the Taylor-series Linearization, Jack-knife Replication, Balanced Repeated Replication (BRR), and Bootstrap methods (Wolter, 2007)¹. The Fay's BRR method has been used for variance estimation in the QLFS because of its simplicity.

(ii) Coefficient of variation

It is more useful in many situations to assess the size of the standard error relative to the magnitude of the characteristic being measured (the standard error is defined as the square root of the variance). The **coefficient of variation** (cv) provides such a measure. It is the **ratio of the standard error of the survey estimate to the value of the estimate itself expressed as a percentage**. It is very useful in comparing the precision of several different survey estimates, where their sizes or scale differ from one another.

(iii) P-value of an estimate of change

The p-value corresponding to an estimate of change is the probability of observing a value larger than the particular observed value under the hypothesis that there is no real change. If p-value < 0,01, the difference is highly significant; if p-value is between 0,01 and 0,05; then the difference is significant; and if p-value > 0,05, the difference is not significant.

10. Definitions

Discouraged work-seeker is a person who was not employed during the reference period, wanted to work, was available to work/start a business but did not take active steps to find work during the last four weeks, provided that the main reason given for not seeking work was any of the following: no jobs available in the area; unable to find work requiring his/her skills; lost hope of finding any kind of work.

Economic activities are those that contribute to the production of goods and services in the country. There are two types of economic activities, namely: (1) Market production activities (work done for others and usually associated with pay or profit); and (2) Non-market production activities (work done for the benefit of the household, e.g. subsistence farming).

Employed persons are those aged 15–64 years who, during the reference week, did any work for at least one hour, or had a job or business but were not at work (i.e. were temporarily absent).

Employment-to-population ratio (labour absorption rate) is the proportion of the working-age population that is employed.

Informal employment identifies persons who are in precarious employment situations irrespective of whether or not the entity for which they work is in the formal or informal sector. Persons in informal employment therefore comprise all persons in the informal sector, employees in the formal sector, and persons working in private households who are not entitled to basic benefits such as pension or medical aid contributions from their employer, and who do not have a written contract of employment.

Informal sector: The informal sector has the following two components:

- i) Employees working in establishments that employ fewer than five employees, who do not deduct income tax from their salaries/wages; and
- ii) Employers, own-account workers and persons helping unpaid in their household business who are not registered for either income tax or value-added tax.

The **labour force** comprises all persons who are employed plus all persons who are unemployed.

Labour force participation rate is the proportion of the working-age population that is either employed or unemployed.

¹Wolter, K.M. 2007. *Introduction to Variance Estimation, 2nd Edition*. New York: Springer-Verlag.

Long-term unemployment: Persons in long-term unemployment are those individuals among the unemployed who were without work and trying to find a job or start a business for one year or more.

Not economically active: Persons aged 15–64 years who are neither employed nor unemployed in the reference week.

Persons in **underemployment (time-related)** are employed persons who were willing and available to work additional hours, whose total number of hours actually worked during the reference period were below 35 hours per week.

Underutilised labour comprises three groups that are defined as follows: persons who are underemployed, persons who are unemployed, and persons who are discouraged.

Unemployed persons are those (aged 15–64 years) who:

- a) Were not employed in the reference week; **and**
- b) Actively looked for work or tried to start a business in the four weeks preceding the survey interview; **and**
- c) Were available for work, i.e. would have been able to start work or a business in the reference week; **or**
- d) Had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a job or business to start at a definite date in the future and were available.

Unemployment rate is the proportion of the labour force that is unemployed.

The **working-age population** comprises all persons aged 15–64 years.

Appendix 1

Table 1: Population of working age (15–64 years)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Women	18 236	18 309	18 383	18 456	18 530	74	294	0,4	1,6
Men	17 719	17 804	17 889	17 975	18 061	86	342	0,5	1,9
Population groups	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Black African	28 573	28 726	28 879	29 033	29 187	155	614	0,5	2,1
Coloured	3 325	3 336	3 346	3 356	3 366	10	41	0,3	1,2
Indian/Asian	974	977	980	983	985	3	11	0,3	1,2
White	3 082	3 074	3 067	3 059	3 052	-8	-31	-0,2	-1,0
South Africa	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Western Cape	4 269	4 293	4 317	4 341	4 365	24	95	0,6	2,2
Eastern Cape	4 106	4 115	4 124	4 133	4 142	9	36	0,2	0,9
Northern Cape	766	768	771	773	775	2	9	0,3	1,2
Free State	1 869	1 872	1 875	1 879	1 882	3	13	0,2	0,7
KwaZulu-Natal	6 690	6 715	6 739	6 764	6 789	25	99	0,4	1,5
North West	2 422	2 434	2 445	2 456	2 468	11	45	0,5	1,9
Gauteng	9 524	9 580	9 636	9 692	9 748	56	223	0,6	2,3
Mpumalanga	2 750	2 763	2 776	2 789	2 802	13	53	0,5	1,9
Limpopo	3 558	3 574	3 589	3 604	3 619	15	61	0,4	1,7

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 2: Labour force characteristics by sex – All population groups									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to- Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	20 887	21 246	21 211	21 398	21 179	-219	292	-1,0	1,4
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	10 835	10 930	11 180	10 983	10 917	-66	82	-0,6	0,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2 661	2 721	2 684	2 565	2 507	-58	-154	-2,3	-5,8
Agriculture	869	897	860	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Private households	1 292	1 280	1 294	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Discouraged work-seekers	2 434	2 226	2 279	2 434	2 526	92	92	3,8	3,8
Other (not economically active)	12 633	12 641	12 782	12 599	12 886	287	253	2,3	2,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,0	25,5	24,5	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	58,1	58,8	58,5	58,7	57,9	-0,8	-0,2		
Women									
Population 15–64 yrs	18 236	18 309	18 383	18 456	18 530	74	294	0,4	1,6
Labour force	9 438	9 592	9 567	9 672	9 524	-148	86	-1,5	0,9
Employed	6 858	6 912	6 995	6 840	6 754	-86	-104	-1,3	-1,5
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4 546	4 563	4 665	4 641	4 583	-58	36	-1,3	0,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	1 026	1 035	1 019	966	960	-6	-65	-0,6	-6,4
Agriculture	286	308	288	271	235	-36	-51	-13,2	-17,7
Private households	1 000	1 006	1 023	961	976	14	-25	1,5	-2,5
Unemployed	2 580	2 680	2 572	2 832	2 770	-62	190	-2,2	7,4
Not economically active	8 798	8 717	8 816	8 784	9 006	222	208	2,5	2,4
Discouraged work-seekers	1 368	1 236	1 294	1 306	1 369	63	1	4,8	0,0
Other (not economically active)	7 430	7 482	7 522	7 479	7 637	158	207	2,1	2,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	27,3	27,9	26,9	29,3	29,1	-0,2	1,8		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	37,6	37,8	38,1	37,1	36,4	-0,7	-1,2		
Labour force participation rate	51,8	52,4	52,0	52,4	51,4	-1,0	-0,4		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2: Labour force characteristics by sex – All population groups (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Men									
Population 15–64 yrs	17 719	17 804	17 889	17 975	18 061	86	342	0,5	1,9
Labour force	11 449	11 655	11 644	11 726	11 655	-71	206	-0,6	1,8
Employed	8 799	8 916	9 023	8 835	8 792	-43	-7	-0,5	-0,1
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6 289	6 367	6 515	6 342	6 335	-8	46	-0,1	0,7
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	1 635	1 686	1 665	1 599	1 546	-52	-89	-3,3	-5,4
Agriculture	584	589	572	598	590	-8	7	-1,3	1,1
Private households	291	274	270	296	320	25	29	8,3	9,9
Unemployed	2 650	2 738	2 621	2 891	2 864	-28	213	-1,0	8,0
Not economically active	6 269	6 150	6 245	6 249	6 406	157	137	2,5	2,2
Discouraged work-seekers	1 066	991	985	1 128	1 157	29	91	2,6	8,5
Other (not economically active)	5 203	5 159	5 260	5 120	5 249	128	45	2,5	0,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	23,1	23,5	22,5	24,7	24,6	-0,1	1,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	49,7	50,1	50,4	49,2	48,7	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	64,6	65,5	65,1	65,2	64,5	-0,7	-0,1		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.
 Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.1: Labour force characteristics by population group									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
South Africa									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	20 887	21 246	21 211	21 398	21 179	-219	292	-1,0	1,4
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,0	25,5	24,5	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	58,1	58,8	58,5	58,7	57,9	-0,8	-0,2		
Black African									
Population 15–64 yrs	28 573	28 726	28 879	29 033	29 187	155	614	0,5	2,1
Labour force	16 113	16 442	16 382	16 569	16 452	-117	339	-0,7	2,1
Employed	11 625	11 704	11 860	11 576	11 506	-70	-119	-0,6	-1,0
Unemployed	4 488	4 738	4 522	4 993	4 946	-47	458	-0,9	10,2
Not economically active	12 460	12 285	12 497	12 464	12 736	272	276	2,2	2,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	27,9	28,8	27,6	30,1	30,1	0,0	2,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	40,7	40,7	41,1	39,9	39,4	-0,5	-1,3		
Labour force participation rate	56,4	57,2	56,7	57,1	56,4	-0,7	0,0		
Coloured									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 325	3 336	3 346	3 356	3 366	10	41	0,3	1,2
Labour force	2 135	2 122	2 130	2 166	2 094	-72	-41	-3,3	-1,9
Employed	1 613	1 638	1 670	1 655	1 609	-46	-4	-2,8	-0,3
Unemployed	522	484	460	511	485	-26	-37	-5,0	-7,0
Not economically active	1 190	1 214	1 216	1 191	1 273	82	82	6,9	6,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,4	22,8	21,6	23,6	23,2	-0,4	-1,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	48,5	49,1	49,9	49,3	47,8	-1,5	-0,7		
Labour force participation rate	64,2	63,6	63,6	64,5	62,2	-2,3	-2,0		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.1: Labour force characteristics by population group (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Indian/Asian									
Population 15–64 yrs	974	977	980	983	985	3	11	0,3	1,2
Labour force	564	576	587	569	572	3	8	0,5	1,4
Employed	488	504	524	499	505	6	17	1,2	3,4
Unemployed	75	72	64	70	67	-3	-9	-4,5	-11,6
Not economically active	410	401	392	414	414	0	4	0,0	0,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	13,4	12,5	10,9	12,3	11,7	-0,6	-1,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	50,1	51,6	53,4	50,8	51,2	0,4	1,1		
Labour force participation rate	57,9	59,0	59,9	57,9	58,0	0,1	0,1		
White									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 082	3 074	3 067	3 059	3 052	-8	-31	-0,2	-1,0
Labour force	2 075	2 107	2 112	2 095	2 062	-33	-13	-1,6	-0,6
Employed	1 930	1 983	1 965	1 945	1 926	-19	-5	-1,0	-0,2
Unemployed	145	124	147	150	136	-14	-9	-9,3	-6,0
Not economically active	1 007	968	955	964	990	25	-17	2,6	-1,7
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	7,0	5,9	6,9	7,2	6,6	-0,6	-0,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	62,6	64,5	64,1	63,6	63,1	-0,5	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	67,3	68,5	68,9	68,5	67,6	-0,9	0,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by age group									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
15–64 years									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	20 887	21 246	21 211	21 398	21 179	-219	292	-1,0	1,4
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,0	25,5	24,5	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	58,1	58,8	58,5	58,7	57,9	-0,8	-0,2		
15–24 years									
Population 15–24 yrs	10 289	10 295	10 300	10 305	10 309	5	20	0,0	0,2
Labour force	2 696	2 762	2 654	2 761	2 657	-105	-40	-3,8	-1,5
Employed	1 350	1 383	1 317	1 256	1 229	-27	-121	-2,2	-9,0
Unemployed	1 346	1 379	1 337	1 506	1 428	-78	82	-5,2	6,1
Not economically active	7 593	7 533	7 646	7 543	7 653	109	60	1,5	0,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	49,9	49,9	50,4	54,5	53,7	-0,8	3,8		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	13,1	13,4	12,8	12,2	11,9	-0,3	-1,2		
Labour force participation rate	26,2	26,8	25,8	26,8	25,8	-1,0	-0,4		
25–34 years									
Population 25–34 yrs	9 466	9 506	9 546	9 586	9 627	40	161	0,4	1,7
Labour force	7 045	7 127	7 130	7 182	7 033	-149	-12	-2,1	-0,2
Employed	4 936	4 969	5 054	4 939	4 824	-115	-112	-2,3	-2,3
Unemployed	2 109	2 158	2 075	2 242	2 208	-34	99	-1,5	4,7
Not economically active	2 421	2 379	2 416	2 405	2 594	189	173	7,9	7,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,9	30,3	29,1	31,2	31,4	0,2	1,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,1	52,3	52,9	51,5	50,1	-1,4	-2,0		
Labour force participation rate	74,4	75,0	74,7	74,9	73,1	-1,8	-1,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.2: Labour force characteristics by age group (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
35–44 years									
Population 35–44 yrs	7 596	7 642	7 687	7 732	7 778	45	182	0,6	2,4
Labour force	6 018	6 099	6 095	6 106	6 123	18	105	0,3	1,8
Employed	4 874	4 897	4 935	4 868	4 815	-53	-59	-1,1	-1,2
Unemployed	1 144	1 202	1 159	1 238	1 308	71	164	5,7	14,3
Not economically active	1 578	1 543	1 592	1 627	1 654	27	77	1,7	4,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	19,0	19,7	19,0	20,3	21,4	1,1	2,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	64,2	64,1	64,2	63,0	61,9	-1,1	-2,3		
Labour force participation rate	79,2	79,8	79,3	79,0	78,7	-0,3	-0,5		
45–54 years									
Population 45–54 yrs	5 132	5 168	5 207	5 247	5 287	40	155	0,8	3,0
Labour force	3 626	3 708	3 784	3 811	3 820	9	194	0,2	5,4
Employed	3 115	3 186	3 287	3 220	3 279	59	164	1,8	5,3
Unemployed	512	522	497	591	541	-50	30	-8,4	5,8
Not economically active	1 506	1 460	1 423	1 436	1 467	31	-39	2,2	-2,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	14,1	14,1	13,1	15,5	14,2	-1,3	0,1		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	60,7	61,7	63,1	61,4	62,0	0,6	1,3		
Labour force participation rate	70,7	71,7	72,7	72,6	72,3	-0,3	1,6		
55–64 years									
Population 55–64 yrs	3 472	3 502	3 531	3 561	3 590	30	118	0,8	3,4
Labour force	1 502	1 551	1 548	1 538	1 546	8	44	0,5	3,0
Employed	1 382	1 393	1 424	1 391	1 398	7	16	0,5	1,2
Unemployed	120	157	125	147	148	1	28	0,9	23,8
Not economically active	1 971	1 951	1 983	2 023	2 044	22	74	1,1	3,7
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	8,0	10,1	8,0	9,5	9,6	0,1	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	39,8	39,8	40,3	39,1	38,9	-0,2	-0,9		
Labour force participation rate	43,2	44,3	43,8	43,2	43,1	-0,1	-0,1		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
South Africa									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	20 887	21 246	21 211	21 398	21 179	-219	292	-1,0	1,4
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Discouraged work-seekers	2 434	2 226	2 279	2 434	2 526	92	92	3,8	3,8
Other	12 633	12 641	12 782	12 599	12 886	287	253	2,3	2,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,0	25,5	24,5	26,7	26,6	-0,1	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	58,1	58,8	58,5	58,7	57,9	-0,8	-0,2		
Western Cape									
Population 15–64 yrs	4 269	4 293	4 317	4 341	4 365	24	95	0,6	2,2
Labour force	2 884	2 920	2 951	2 978	2 912	-65	28	-2,2	1,0
Employed	2 257	2 317	2 380	2 356	2 266	-90	9	-3,8	0,4
Unemployed	627	603	571	622	646	24	19	3,9	3,0
Not economically active	1 385	1 373	1 366	1 363	1 453	89	68	6,6	4,9
Discouraged work-seekers	51	51	58	41	51	10	0	23,5	0,2
Other	1 334	1 321	1 308	1 322	1 402	80	68	6,0	5,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	21,7	20,6	19,4	20,9	22,2	1,3	0,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,9	54,0	55,1	54,3	51,9	-2,4	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	67,6	68,0	68,4	68,6	66,7	-1,9	-0,9		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Western Cape – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 540	1 550	1 559	1 569	1 579	10	39	0,6	2,5
Labour force	1 044	1 038	1 050	1 056	1 007	-49	-37	-4,7	-3,6
Employed	833	846	869	839	798	-41	-35	-4,9	-4,2
Unemployed	211	192	181	217	208	-9	-3	-4,0	-1,2
Not economically active	496	512	510	513	572	59	76	11,6	15,4
Discouraged work-seekers	39	35	49	36	43	6	4	17,0	9,7
Other	457	477	461	477	530	53	73	11,1	15,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	20,2	18,5	17,2	20,5	20,7	0,2	0,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	54,1	54,6	55,7	53,5	50,6	-2,9	-3,5		
Labour force participation rate	67,8	67,0	67,3	67,3	63,8	-3,5	-4,0		
Western Cape – City of Cape Town									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 730	2 744	2 758	2 772	2 786	14	56	0,5	2,1
Labour force	1 841	1 882	1 901	1 921	1 905	-16	65	-0,8	3,5
Employed	1 425	1 471	1 511	1 516	1 468	-49	43	-3,2	3,0
Unemployed	416	411	390	405	438	33	22	8,1	5,2
Not economically active	889	861	856	850	880	30	-9	3,5	-1,0
Discouraged work-seekers	12	17	9	5	8	3	-4	75,0	-31,5
Other	877	844	847	846	872	27	-5	3,2	-0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	22,6	21,9	20,5	21,1	23,0	1,9	0,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,2	53,6	54,8	54,7	52,7	-2,0	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	67,4	68,6	68,9	69,3	68,4	-0,9	1,0		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)

	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Eastern Cape									
Population 15–64 yrs	4 106	4 115	4 124	4 133	4 142	9	36	0,2	0,9
Labour force	1 927	1 937	1 945	1 914	1 892	-22	-35	-1,2	-1,8
Employed	1 366	1 372	1 411	1 366	1 350	-16	-16	-1,2	-1,2
Unemployed	561	565	534	548	542	-6	-19	-1,1	-3,4
Not economically active	2 179	2 177	2 179	2 219	2 251	32	71	1,4	3,3
Discouraged work-seekers	419	426	376	510	476	-35	57	-6,8	13,6
Other	1 761	1 751	1 803	1 709	1 775	66	15	3,9	0,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,1	29,2	27,4	28,6	28,6	0,0	-0,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	33,3	33,3	34,2	33,1	32,6	-0,5	-0,7		
Labour force participation rate	46,9	47,1	47,2	46,3	45,7	-0,6	-1,2		
Eastern Cape – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 823	2 829	2 836	2 843	2 850	7	27	0,2	1,0
Labour force	1 077	1 078	1 127	1 088	1 085	-4	8	-0,3	0,7
Employed	784	781	822	787	794	7	10	0,9	1,3
Unemployed	293	298	305	301	291	-10	-3	-3,5	-0,9
Not economically active	1 746	1 751	1 709	1 754	1 765	11	19	0,6	1,1
Discouraged work-seekers	407	423	363	479	465	-14	57	-3,0	14,1
Other	1 338	1 328	1 346	1 275	1 300	25	-38	1,9	-2,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	27,2	27,6	27,1	27,6	26,8	-0,8	-0,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	27,8	27,6	29,0	27,7	27,9	0,2	0,1		
Labour force participation rate	38,2	38,1	39,7	38,3	38,1	-0,2	-0,1		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City									
Population 15–64 yrs	499	500	501	501	502	1	3	0,1	0,5
Labour force	327	340	322	305	327	22	0	7,2	0,1
Employed	233	250	245	232	230	-2	-3	-0,9	-1,4
Unemployed	94	90	77	74	98	24	3	32,4	3,7
Not economically active	172	160	179	196	175	-21	3	-10,8	1,5
Discouraged work-seekers	11	3	13	31	5	-26	-6	-83,2	-54,1
Other	161	157	166	165	170	5	9	3,0	5,4
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	28,8	26,4	23,8	24,1	29,8	5,7	1,0		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	46,6	50,1	49,0	46,2	45,7	-0,5	-0,9		
Labour force participation rate	65,5	68,0	64,3	60,9	65,2	4,3	-0,3		
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay									
Population 15–64 yrs	784	785	787	789	791	2	7	0,2	0,9
Labour force	522	519	497	520	480	-41	-43	-7,8	-8,2
Employed	349	341	344	347	326	-21	-23	-6,1	-6,6
Unemployed	173	178	152	173	154	-19	-20	-11,2	-11,4
Not economically active	261	267	291	269	311	42	50	15,7	19,0
Discouraged work-seekers					6	6	6		
Other	261	267	291	269	305	37	44	13,7	16,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	33,2	34,3	30,6	33,3	32,0	-1,3	-1,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	44,5	43,4	43,8	44,0	41,2	-2,8	-3,3		
Labour force participation rate	66,7	66,1	63,1	65,9	60,7	-5,2	-6,0		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Northern Cape									
Population 15–64 yrs	766	768	771	773	775	2	9	0,3	1,2
Labour force	441	464	420	433	417	-17	-24	-3,9	-5,5
Employed	297	302	312	313	303	-10	6	-3,2	2,0
Unemployed	144	161	108	121	114	-7	-30	-5,5	-20,8
Not economically active	325	305	351	340	359	19	33	5,6	10,2
Discouraged work-seekers	40	45	59	53	67	14	27	27,3	67,1
Other	285	260	292	287	291	5	6	1,6	2,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	32,7	34,8	25,8	27,8	27,4	-0,4	-5,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	38,7	39,4	40,4	40,5	39,0	-1,5	0,3		
Labour force participation rate	57,5	60,3	54,5	56,1	53,7	-2,4	-3,8		
Free State									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 869	1 872	1 875	1 879	1 882	3	13	0,2	0,7
Labour force	1 165	1 161	1 176	1 196	1 176	-20	11	-1,6	1,0
Employed	798	795	825	790	797	7	-1	0,9	-0,2
Unemployed	366	366	351	405	379	-26	13	-6,5	3,4
Not economically active	704	711	700	683	706	23	2	3,4	0,3
Discouraged work-seekers	93	69	71	66	81	14	-13	21,6	-13,6
Other	610	642	629	617	625	9	15	1,4	2,4
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	31,4	31,5	29,8	33,9	32,2	-1,7	0,8		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	42,7	42,5	44,0	42,1	42,4	0,3	-0,3		
Labour force participation rate	62,3	62,0	62,7	63,6	62,5	-1,1	0,2		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Free State – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 349	1 349	1 351	1 352	1 353	1	4	0,1	0,3
Labour force	840	822	831	846	825	-21	-15	-2,5	-1,8
Employed	568	552	559	540	547	8	-21	1,4	-3,6
Unemployed	272	269	272	307	278	-29	6	-9,3	2,2
Not economically active	509	527	520	506	528	22	19	4,4	3,7
Discouraged work-seekers	62	53	47	43	56	13	-6	29,5	-10,0
Other	447	474	472	463	472	9	25	2,0	5,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	32,4	32,8	32,7	36,2	33,7	-2,5	1,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	42,1	40,9	41,4	39,9	40,4	0,5	-1,7		
Labour force participation rate	62,3	60,9	61,5	62,6	61,0	-1,6	-1,3		
Free State – Mangaung									
Population 15–64 yrs	520	523	524	527	529	2	9	0,4	1,8
Labour force	325	339	344	349	351	1	26	0,4	8,0
Employed	231	243	266	251	250	-1	19	-0,3	8,4
Unemployed	94	97	79	99	101	2	7	2,2	7,0
Not economically active	195	184	180	177	178	1	-17	0,5	-8,6
Discouraged work-seekers	31	16	23	23	25	2	-6	7,0	-20,7
Other	163	167	157	154	153	-1	-10	-0,5	-6,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,0	28,5	22,8	28,2	28,8	0,6	-0,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	44,4	46,4	50,7	47,6	47,3	-0,3	2,9		
Labour force participation rate	62,5	64,9	65,7	66,3	66,3	0,0	3,8		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
KwaZulu-Natal									
Population 15–64 yrs	6 690	6 715	6 739	6 764	6 789	25	99	0,4	1,5
Labour force	3 209	3 237	3 181	3 272	3 204	-67	-5	-2,1	-0,1
Employed	2 556	2 573	2 529	2 515	2 479	-36	-77	-1,4	-3,0
Unemployed	653	664	652	757	726	-31	72	-4,1	11,1
Not economically active	3 481	3 478	3 558	3 493	3 585	92	104	2,6	3,0
Discouraged work-seekers	598	567	608	623	639	16	41	2,5	6,8
Other	2 883	2 911	2 950	2 869	2 946	77	63	2,7	2,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	20,4	20,5	20,5	23,1	22,6	-0,5	2,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	38,2	38,3	37,5	37,2	36,5	-0,7	-1,7		
Labour force participation rate	48,0	48,2	47,2	48,4	47,2	-1,2	-0,8		
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	4 341	4 360	4 379	4 398	4 417	19	76	0,4	1,7
Labour force	1 891	1 904	1 845	1 913	1 803	-110	-88	-5,8	-4,7
Employed	1 455	1 450	1 406	1 413	1 353	-60	-102	-4,3	-7,0
Unemployed	436	454	439	500	450	-50	13	-10,0	3,1
Not economically active	2 450	2 455	2 533	2 485	2 614	129	164	5,2	6,7
Discouraged work-seekers	471	443	489	496	517	21	47	4,2	9,9
Other	1 979	2 013	2 045	1 988	2 097	108	117	5,5	5,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	23,1	23,9	23,8	26,1	25,0	-1,1	1,9		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	33,5	33,3	32,1	32,1	30,6	-1,5	-2,9		
Labour force participation rate	43,6	43,7	42,1	43,5	40,8	-2,7	-2,8		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 349	2 355	2 361	2 367	2 372	6	23	0,2	1,0
Labour force	1 318	1 333	1 336	1 359	1 401	43	84	3,2	6,3
Employed	1 101	1 123	1 124	1 102	1 126	24	25	2,2	2,2
Unemployed	217	210	213	257	276	19	59	7,4	27,1
Not economically active	1 031	1 022	1 025	1 008	971	-37	-60	-3,7	-5,9
Discouraged work-seekers	127	124	119	127	122	-5	-6	-4,1	-4,4
Other	904	898	905	881	849	-32	-55	-3,6	-6,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	16,5	15,7	15,9	18,9	19,7	0,8	3,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	46,9	47,7	47,6	46,6	47,4	0,8	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	56,1	56,6	56,6	57,4	59,1	1,7	3,0		
North West									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 422	2 434	2 445	2 456	2 468	11	45	0,5	1,9
Labour force	1 256	1 235	1 273	1 284	1 259	-26	2	-2,0	0,2
Employed	940	921	969	924	915	-9	-25	-1,0	-2,7
Unemployed	316	314	304	360	344	-16	28	-4,5	8,8
Not economically active	1 166	1 198	1 172	1 172	1 209	37	43	3,2	3,7
Discouraged work-seekers	231	243	241	251	259	8	28	3,1	12,2
Other	935	956	931	920	950	29	15	3,2	1,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	25,2	25,4	23,9	28,1	27,3	-0,8	2,1		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	38,8	37,9	39,6	37,6	37,1	-0,5	-1,7		
Labour force participation rate	51,9	50,8	52,1	52,3	51,0	-1,3	-0,9		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Gauteng									
Population 15–64 yrs	9 524	9 580	9 636	9 692	9 748	56	223	0,6	2,3
Labour force	6 788	7 023	7 026	7 011	7 008	-3	220	0,0	3,2
Employed	4 969	5 011	5 090	4 895	4 942	46	-28	0,9	-0,6
Unemployed	1 819	2 012	1 936	2 115	2 066	-49	248	-2,3	13,6
Not economically active	2 736	2 558	2 610	2 681	2 740	59	4	2,2	0,1
Discouraged work-seekers	356	200	197	216	293	77	-63	35,6	-17,8
Other	2 381	2 358	2 414	2 465	2 448	-18	67	-0,7	2,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	26,8	28,6	27,6	30,2	29,5	-0,7	2,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,2	52,3	52,8	50,5	50,7	0,2	-1,5		
Labour force participation rate	71,3	73,3	72,9	72,3	71,9	-0,4	0,6		
Gauteng – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 298	1 302	1 307	1 311	1 315	4	18	0,3	1,4
Labour force	851	850	859	853	848	-5	-3	-0,6	-0,4
Employed	617	602	623	594	587	-7	-31	-1,3	-5,0
Unemployed	233	248	236	259	261	2	28	0,9	11,8
Not economically active	447	453	448	458	468	10	21	2,1	4,6
Discouraged work-seekers	104	73	59	70	86	16	-18	23,2	-17,2
Other	344	380	388	389	382	-7	38	-1,7	11,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	27,4	29,2	27,5	30,3	30,8	0,5	3,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	47,5	46,2	47,6	45,3	44,6	-0,7	-2,9		
Labour force participation rate	65,5	65,2	65,7	65,0	64,4	-0,6	-1,1		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 423	2 435	2 447	2 459	2 471	12	48	0,5	2,0
Labour force	1 687	1 830	1 816	1 748	1 775	28	89	1,6	5,3
Employed	1 190	1 275	1 256	1 145	1 161	16	-29	1,4	-2,5
Unemployed	496	555	559	603	615	11	118	1,9	23,8
Not economically active	737	605	632	711	696	-16	-41	-2,2	-5,5
Discouraged work-seekers	85	43	42	61	84	23	-1	38,7	-0,9
Other	652	562	590	651	612	-39	-40	-6,0	-6,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,4	30,3	30,8	34,5	34,6	0,1	5,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	49,1	52,4	51,3	46,5	47,0	0,5	-2,1		
Labour force participation rate	69,6	75,1	74,2	71,1	71,8	0,7	2,2		
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 483	3 508	3 532	3 556	3 580	24	97	0,7	2,8
Labour force	2 655	2 702	2 704	2 746	2 741	-5	86	-0,2	3,2
Employed	1 959	1 898	1 950	1 926	1 963	37	4	1,9	0,2
Unemployed	695	803	755	820	777	-43	82	-5,2	11,8
Not economically active	829	806	827	810	840	30	11	3,7	1,3
Discouraged work-seekers	75	16	26	21	44	24	-31	114,5	-41,2
Other	753	790	801	789	795	6	42	0,8	5,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	26,2	29,7	27,9	29,9	28,4	-1,5	2,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	56,2	54,1	55,2	54,2	54,8	0,6	-1,4		
Labour force participation rate	76,2	77,0	76,6	77,2	76,5	-0,7	0,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Gauteng – City of Tshwane									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 320	2 335	2 350	2 365	2 381	15	61	0,6	2,6
Labour force	1 596	1 642	1 647	1 664	1 644	-20	48	-1,2	3,0
Employed	1 203	1 236	1 261	1 231	1 231	0	28	0,0	2,3
Unemployed	393	406	386	433	413	-20	20	-4,7	5,0
Not economically active	724	693	704	701	737	36	13	5,1	1,8
Discouraged work-seekers	92	69	69	65	78	14	-14	21,0	-14,9
Other	632	625	634	636	658	22	27	3,4	4,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,6	24,7	23,4	26,0	25,1	-0,9	0,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	51,8	52,9	53,6	52,0	51,7	-0,3	-0,1		
Labour force participation rate	68,8	70,3	70,1	70,4	69,1	-1,3	0,3		
Mpumalanga									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 750	2 763	2 776	2 789	2 802	13	53	0,5	1,9
Labour force	1 622	1 604	1 604	1 653	1 645	-8	23	-0,5	1,4
Employed	1 180	1 184	1 191	1 160	1 171	10	-9	0,9	-0,8
Unemployed	442	420	413	492	474	-18	32	-3,7	7,3
Not economically active	1 127	1 159	1 172	1 136	1 157	21	30	1,8	2,7
Discouraged work-seekers	223	245	266	230	258	29	35	12,5	15,8
Other	904	914	906	907	899	-8	-5	-0,8	-0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	27,2	26,2	25,7	29,8	28,8	-1,0	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	42,9	42,9	42,9	41,6	41,8	0,2	-1,1		
Labour force participation rate	59,0	58,1	57,8	59,3	58,7	-0,6	-0,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.3: Labour force characteristics by province and metro (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Limpopo									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 558	3 574	3 589	3 604	3 619	15	61	0,4	1,7
Labour force	1 595	1 665	1 635	1 658	1 667	9	72	0,6	4,5
Employed	1 293	1 353	1 311	1 355	1 324	-31	31	-2,3	2,4
Unemployed	302	312	324	303	343	40	41	13,2	13,6
Not economically active	1 963	1 909	1 954	1 946	1 952	6	-11	0,3	-0,5
Discouraged work-seekers	423	380	403	443	403	-40	-21	-9,1	-4,9
Other	1 540	1 529	1 550	1 503	1 550	47	10	3,1	0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	18,9	18,8	19,8	18,3	20,6	2,3	1,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	36,3	37,9	36,5	37,6	36,6	-1,0	0,3		
Labour force participation rate	44,8	46,6	45,6	46,0	46,1	0,1	1,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.4: Labour force characteristics by sex – Expanded definition of unemployment									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	24 035	24 133	24 205	24 591	24 425	-166	390	-0,7	1,6
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	10 835	10 930	11 180	10 983	10 917	-66	82	-0,6	0,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2 661	2 721	2 684	2 565	2 507	-58	-154	-2,3	-5,8
Agriculture	869	897	860	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Private households	1 292	1 280	1 294	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3
Unemployed	8 378	8 304	8 187	8 916	8 880	-37	502	-0,4	6,0
Not economically active	11 920	11 981	12 067	11 840	12 166	326	246	2,8	2,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	34,9	34,4	33,8	36,3	36,4	0,1	1,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	66,8	66,8	66,7	67,5	66,8	-0,7	0,0		
Women									
Population 15–64 yrs	18 236	18 309	18 383	18 456	18 530	74	294	0,4	1,6
Labour force	11 259	11 235	11 288	11 426	11 328	-98	70	-0,9	0,6
Employed	6 858	6 912	6 995	6 840	6 754	-86	-104	-1,3	-1,5
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4 546	4 563	4 665	4 641	4 583	-58	36	-1,3	0,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	1 026	1 035	1 019	966	960	-6	-65	-0,6	-6,4
Agriculture	286	308	288	271	235	-36	-51	-13,2	-17,7
Private households	1 000	1 006	1 023	961	976	14	-25	1,5	-2,5
Unemployed	4 401	4 323	4 293	4 587	4 575	-12	174	-0,3	4,0
Not economically active	6 977	7 075	7 095	7 029	7 201	172	224	2,4	3,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,1	38,5	38,0	40,1	40,4	0,3	1,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	37,6	37,8	38,1	37,1	36,4	-0,7	-1,2		
Labour force participation rate	61,7	61,4	61,4	61,9	61,1	-0,8	-0,6		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.4: Labour force characteristics by sex – Expanded definition of unemployment (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Men									
Population 15–64 yrs	17 719	17 804	17 889	17 975	18 061	86	342	0,5	1,9
Labour force	12 776	12 898	12 917	13 164	13 097	-68	320	-0,5	2,5
Employed	8 799	8 916	9 023	8 835	8 792	-43	-7	-0,5	-0,1
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6 289	6 367	6 515	6 342	6 335	-8	46	-0,1	0,7
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	1 635	1 686	1 665	1 599	1 546	-52	-89	-3,3	-5,4
Agriculture	584	589	572	598	590	-8	7	-1,3	1,1
Private households	291	274	270	296	320	25	29	8,3	9,9
Unemployed	3 977	3 982	3 894	4 329	4 305	-24	328	-0,6	8,2
Not economically active	4 942	4 906	4 972	4 810	4 964	154	22	3,2	0,4
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	31,1	30,9	30,1	32,9	32,9	0,0	1,8		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	49,7	50,1	50,4	49,2	48,7	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	72,1	72,4	72,2	73,2	72,5	-0,7	0,4		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.5: Labour force characteristics by population group – Expanded definition of unemployment									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
South Africa									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	24 035	24 133	24 205	24 591	24 425	-166	390	-0,7	1,6
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Unemployed	8 378	8 304	8 187	8 916	8 880	-37	502	-0,4	6,0
Not economically active	11 920	11 981	12 067	11 840	12 166	326	246	2,8	2,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	34,9	34,4	33,8	36,3	36,4	0,1	1,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	66,8	66,8	66,7	67,5	66,8	-0,7	0,0		
Black African									
Population 15–64 yrs	28 573	28 726	28 879	29 033	29 187	155	614	0,5	2,1
Labour force	19 065	19 124	19 179	19 566	19 477	-89	413	-0,5	2,2
Employed	11 625	11 704	11 860	11 576	11 506	-70	-119	-0,6	-1,0
Unemployed	7 440	7 420	7 319	7 990	7 971	-19	532	-0,2	7,1
Not economically active	9 509	9 603	9 700	9 467	9 710	244	202	2,6	2,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,0	38,8	38,2	40,8	40,9	0,1	1,9		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	40,7	40,7	41,1	39,9	39,4	-0,5	-1,3		
Labour force participation rate	66,7	66,6	66,4	67,4	66,7	-0,7	0,0		
Coloured									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 325	3 336	3 346	3 356	3 366	10	41	0,3	1,2
Labour force	2 261	2 264	2 268	2 287	2 235	-52	-26	-2,3	-1,1
Employed	1 613	1 638	1 670	1 655	1 609	-46	-4	-2,8	-0,3
Unemployed	648	626	599	632	626	-6	-21	-0,9	-3,3
Not economically active	1 064	1 072	1 078	1 069	1 131	62	67	5,8	6,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	28,6	27,7	26,4	27,6	28,0	0,4	-0,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	48,5	49,1	49,9	49,3	47,8	-1,5	-0,7		
Labour force participation rate	68,0	67,9	67,8	68,1	66,4	-1,7	-1,6		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.5: Labour force characteristics by population group – Expanded definition of unemployment (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Indian/Asian									
Population 15–64 yrs	974	977	980	983	985	3	11	0,3	1,2
Labour force	605	606	612	598	605	7	0	1,2	0,1
Employed	488	504	524	499	505	6	17	1,2	3,4
Unemployed	117	102	89	99	100	1	-16	1,0	-13,9
Not economically active	369	371	368	384	380	-4	11	-1,1	3,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	19,3	16,9	14,5	16,6	16,6	0,0	-2,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	50,1	51,6	53,4	50,8	51,2	0,4	1,1		
Labour force participation rate	62,1	62,1	62,5	60,9	61,4	0,5	-0,7		
White									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 082	3 074	3 067	3 059	3 052	-8	-31	-0,2	-1,0
Labour force	2 104	2 139	2 145	2 139	2 107	-32	3	-1,5	0,2
Employed	1 930	1 983	1 965	1 945	1 926	-19	-5	-1,0	-0,2
Unemployed	174	156	180	194	182	-13	8	-6,5	4,5
Not economically active	978	936	921	920	944	24	-34	2,6	-3,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	8,3	7,3	8,4	9,1	8,6	-0,5	0,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	62,6	64,5	64,1	63,6	63,1	-0,5	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	68,3	69,6	70,0	69,9	69,1	-0,8	0,8		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.6: Labour force characteristics by age group – Expanded definition of unemployment									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
15–64 years									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	24 035	24 133	24 205	24 591	24 425	-166	390	-0,7	1,6
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Unemployed	8 378	8 304	8 187	8 916	8 880	-37	502	-0,4	6,0
Not economically active	11 920	11 981	12 067	11 840	12 166	326	246	2,8	2,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	34,9	34,4	33,8	36,3	36,4	0,1	1,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	66,8	66,8	66,7	67,5	66,8	-0,7	0,0		
15–24 years									
Population 15–24 yrs	10 289	10 295	10 300	10 305	10 309	5	20	0,0	0,2
Labour force	3 656	3 645	3 569	3 833	3 644	-189	-12	-4,9	-0,3
Employed	1 350	1 383	1 317	1 256	1 229	-27	-121	-2,2	-9,0
Unemployed	2 306	2 262	2 252	2 577	2 415	-162	109	-6,3	4,7
Not economically active	6 633	6 651	6 731	6 471	6 665	194	32	3,0	0,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	63,1	62,1	63,1	67,2	66,3	-0,9	3,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	13,1	13,4	12,8	12,2	11,9	-0,3	-1,2		
Labour force participation rate	35,5	35,4	34,7	37,2	35,4	-1,8	-0,1		
25–34 years									
Population 25–34 yrs	9 466	9 506	9 546	9 586	9 627	40	161	0,4	1,7
Labour force	8 147	8 148	8 206	8 267	8 181	-86	34	-1,0	0,4
Employed	4 936	4 969	5 054	4 939	4 824	-115	-112	-2,3	-2,3
Unemployed	3 211	3 180	3 152	3 328	3 357	29	146	0,9	4,5
Not economically active	1 318	1 358	1 340	1 319	1 445	126	127	9,6	9,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,4	39,0	38,4	40,3	41,0	0,7	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,1	52,3	52,9	51,5	50,1	-1,4	-2,0		
Labour force participation rate	86,1	85,7	86,0	86,2	85,0	-1,2	-1,1		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.6: Labour force characteristics by age group – Expanded definition of unemployment (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
35–44 years									
Population 35–44 yrs	7 596	7 642	7 687	7 732	7 778	45	182	0,6	2,4
Labour force	6 618	6 657	6 683	6 699	6 739	40	120	0,6	1,8
Employed	4 874	4 897	4 935	4 868	4 815	-53	-59	-1,1	-1,2
Unemployed	1 744	1 759	1 748	1 831	1 923	93	179	5,1	10,3
Not economically active	977	986	1 004	1 033	1 039	6	62	0,6	6,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	26,4	26,4	26,2	27,3	28,5	1,2	2,1		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	64,2	64,1	64,2	63,0	61,9	-1,1	-2,3		
Labour force participation rate	87,1	87,1	86,9	86,6	86,6	0,0	-0,5		
45–54 years									
Population 45–54 yrs	5 132	5 168	5 207	5 247	5 287	40	155	0,8	3,0
Labour force	3 979	4 031	4 082	4 132	4 181	49	202	1,2	5,1
Employed	3 115	3 186	3 287	3 220	3 279	59	164	1,8	5,3
Unemployed	864	845	795	912	902	-10	38	-1,0	4,4
Not economically active	1 153	1 137	1 125	1 115	1 106	-9	-47	-0,8	-4,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	21,7	21,0	19,5	22,1	21,6	-0,5	-0,1		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	60,7	61,7	63,1	61,4	62,0	0,6	1,3		
Labour force participation rate	77,5	78,0	78,4	78,7	79,1	0,4	1,6		
55–64 years									
Population 55–64 yrs	3 472	3 502	3 531	3 561	3 590	30	118	0,8	3,4
Labour force	1 634	1 651	1 663	1 659	1 680	20	46	1,2	2,8
Employed	1 382	1 393	1 424	1 391	1 398	7	16	0,5	1,2
Unemployed	252	258	240	268	282	14	30	5,1	11,9
Not economically active	1 839	1 850	1 868	1 901	1 911	10	72	0,5	3,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	15,4	15,6	14,4	16,2	16,8	0,6	1,4	3,7	9,1
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	39,8	39,8	40,3	39,1	38,9	-0,2	-0,9	-0,5	-2,3
Labour force participation rate	47,1	47,2	47,1	46,6	46,8	0,2	-0,3	0,4	-0,6

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province and metro – Expanded definition of unemployment

	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
South Africa									
Population 15–64 yrs	35 955	36 114	36 272	36 431	36 591	160	636	0,4	1,8
Labour force	24 035	24 133	24 205	24 591	24 425	-166	390	-0,7	1,6
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Unemployed	8 378	8 304	8 187	8 916	8 880	-37	502	-0,4	6,0
Not economically active	11 920	11 981	12 067	11 840	12 166	326	246	2,8	2,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	34,9	34,4	33,8	36,3	36,4	0,1	1,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	43,5	43,8	44,2	43,0	42,5	-0,5	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	66,8	66,8	66,7	67,5	66,8	-0,7	0,0		
Western Cape									
Population 15–64 yrs	4 269	4 293	4 317	4 341	4 365	24	95	0,6	2,2
Labour force	2 973	3 014	3 052	3 059	3 005	-53	32	-1,7	1,1
Employed	2 257	2 317	2 380	2 356	2 266	-90	9	-3,8	0,4
Unemployed	716	697	673	703	739	36	24	5,1	3,3
Not economically active	1 296	1 279	1 265	1 282	1 360	77	63	6,0	4,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,1	23,1	22,0	23,0	24,6	1,6	0,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,9	54,0	55,1	54,3	51,9	-2,4	-1,0		
Labour force participation rate	69,6	70,2	70,7	70,5	68,9	-1,6	-0,7		
Western Cape – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 540	1 550	1 559	1 569	1 579	10	39	0,6	2,5
Labour force	1 101	1 098	1 119	1 121	1 075	-46	-26	-4,1	-2,4
Employed	833	846	869	839	798	-41	-35	-4,9	-4,2
Unemployed	268	252	251	282	277	-5	9	-1,7	3,2
Not economically active	439	451	440	448	504	55	65	12,4	14,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	24,4	23,0	22,4	25,1	25,8	0,7	1,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	54,1	54,6	55,7	53,5	50,6	-2,9	-3,5		
Labour force participation rate	71,5	70,9	71,8	71,4	68,1	-3,3	-3,4		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province and metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Western Cape – City of Cape Town									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 730	2 744	2 758	2 772	2 786	14	56	0,5	2,1
Labour force	1 872	1 916	1 933	1 938	1 930	-8	58	-0,4	3,1
Employed	1 425	1 471	1 511	1 516	1 468	-49	43	-3,2	3,0
Unemployed	447	445	422	422	462	41	15	9,7	3,4
Not economically active	858	828	825	834	856	22	-2	2,6	-0,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	23,9	23,2	21,8	21,8	24,0	2,2	0,1		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,2	53,6	54,8	54,7	52,7	-2,0	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	68,6	69,8	70,1	69,9	69,3	-0,6	0,7		
Eastern Cape									
Population 15–64 yrs	4 106	4 115	4 124	4 133	4 142	9	36	0,2	0,9
Labour force	2 377	2 387	2 364	2 465	2 403	-62	26	-2,5	1,1
Employed	1 366	1 372	1 411	1 366	1 350	-16	-16	-1,2	-1,2
Unemployed	1 011	1 015	953	1 099	1 054	-45	42	-4,1	4,2
Not economically active	1 729	1 728	1 759	1 668	1 739	71	10	4,3	0,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	42,5	42,5	40,3	44,6	43,8	-0,8	1,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	33,3	33,3	34,2	33,1	32,6	-0,5	-0,7		
Labour force participation rate	57,9	58,0	57,3	59,6	58,0	-1,6	0,1		
Eastern Cape – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 823	2 829	2 836	2 843	2 850	7	27	0,2	1,0
Labour force	1 506	1 521	1 531	1 605	1 577	-28	71	-1,7	4,7
Employed	784	781	822	787	794	7	10	0,9	1,3
Unemployed	722	741	709	818	783	-35	61	-4,2	8,4
Not economically active	1 317	1 308	1 305	1 237	1 272	35	-44	2,8	-3,4
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	48,0	48,7	46,3	50,9	49,6	-1,3	1,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	27,8	27,6	29,0	27,7	27,9	0,2	0,1		
Labour force participation rate	53,4	53,8	54,0	56,5	55,4	-1,1	2,0		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province and metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City									
Population 15–64 yrs	499	500	501	501	502	1	3	0,1	0,5
Labour force	349	346	337	339	340	1	-9	0,2	-2,5
Employed	233	250	245	232	230	-2	-3	-0,9	-1,4
Unemployed	116	96	92	108	110	3	-5	2,4	-4,7
Not economically active	151	154	164	162	162	0	11	0,1	7,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	33,2	27,6	27,3	31,8	32,5	0,7	-0,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	46,6	50,1	49,0	46,2	45,7	-0,5	-0,9		
Labour force participation rate	69,8	69,2	67,3	67,7	67,7	0,0	-2,1		
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay									
Population 15–64 yrs	784	785	787	789	791	2	7	0,2	0,9
Labour force	522	520	497	520	486	-34	-36	-6,6	-7,0
Employed	349	341	344	347	326	-21	-23	-6,1	-6,6
Unemployed	173	179	152	173	160	-13	-13	-7,5	-7,7
Not economically active	261	266	291	269	305	36	43	13,4	16,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	33,2	34,4	30,6	33,3	32,9	-0,4	-0,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	44,5	43,4	43,8	44,0	41,2	-2,8	-3,3		
Labour force participation rate	66,7	66,1	63,1	65,9	61,5	-4,4	-5,2		
Northern Cape									
Population 15–64 yrs	766	768	771	773	775	2	9	0,3	1,2
Labour force	504	525	510	510	502	-8	-2	-1,5	-0,3
Employed	297	302	312	313	303	-10	6	-3,2	2,0
Unemployed	207	223	198	198	200	2	-7	1,1	-3,6
Not economically active	262	243	261	263	273	10	11	3,9	4,1
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	41,1	42,4	38,9	38,7	39,8	1,1	-1,3		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	38,7	39,4	40,4	40,5	39,0	-1,5	0,3		
Labour force participation rate	65,8	68,3	66,2	66,0	64,8	-1,2	-1,0		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province and metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Free State									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 869	1 872	1 875	1 879	1 882	3	13	0,2	0,7
Labour force	1 307	1 276	1 295	1 305	1 287	-17	-19	-1,3	-1,5
Employed	798	795	825	790	797	7	-1	0,9	-0,2
Unemployed	508	482	470	514	490	-24	-18	-4,6	-3,5
Not economically active	562	595	580	574	595	20	33	3,6	5,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	38,9	37,7	36,3	39,4	38,1	-1,3	-0,8		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	42,7	42,5	44,0	42,1	42,4	0,3	-0,3		
Labour force participation rate	69,9	68,2	69,1	69,4	68,4	-1,0	-1,5		
Free State – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 349	1 349	1 351	1 352	1 353	1	4	0,1	0,3
Labour force	942	912	920	927	908	-19	-34	-2,1	-3,7
Employed	568	552	559	540	547	8	-21	1,4	-3,6
Unemployed	374	360	361	388	361	-27	-14	-6,9	-3,7
Not economically active	406	437	431	425	445	20	39	4,8	9,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,7	39,4	39,2	41,8	39,7	-2,1	0,0		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	42,1	40,9	41,4	39,9	40,4	0,5	-1,7		
Labour force participation rate	69,9	67,6	68,1	68,6	67,1	-1,5	-2,8		
Free State – Mangaung									
Population 15–64 yrs	520	523	524	527	529	2	9	0,4	1,8
Labour force	364	365	375	377	379	2	15	0,6	4,2
Employed	231	243	266	251	250	-1	19	-0,3	8,4
Unemployed	134	122	110	127	130	3	-4	2,4	-3,0
Not economically active	156	158	149	149	149	0	-6	0,0	-4,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	36,7	33,4	29,2	33,5	34,1	0,6	-2,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	44,4	46,4	50,7	47,6	47,3	-0,3	2,9		
Labour force participation rate	70,1	69,7	71,6	71,6	71,8	0,2	1,7		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
KwaZulu-Natal									
Population 15–64 yrs	6 690	6 715	6 739	6 764	6 789	25	99	0,4	1,5
Labour force	4 014	3 997	4 003	4 112	4 112	0	98	0,0	2,4
Employed	2 556	2 573	2 529	2 515	2 479	-36	-77	-1,4	-3,0
Unemployed	1 458	1 424	1 473	1 597	1 633	36	175	2,2	12,0
Not economically active	2 676	2 718	2 737	2 652	2 677	25	1	1,0	0,0
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	36,3	35,6	36,8	38,8	39,7	0,9	3,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	38,2	38,3	37,5	37,2	36,5	-0,7	-1,7		
Labour force participation rate	60,0	59,5	59,4	60,8	60,6	-0,2	0,6		
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	4 341	4 360	4 379	4 398	4 417	19	76	0,4	1,7
Labour force	2 519	2 502	2 517	2 597	2 549	-48	30	-1,9	1,2
Employed	1 455	1 450	1 406	1 413	1 353	-60	-102	-4,3	-7,0
Unemployed	1 065	1 052	1 112	1 184	1 196	12	131	1,0	12,3
Not economically active	1 822	1 858	1 861	1 800	1 868	67	46	3,7	2,5
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	42,3	42,0	44,2	45,6	46,9	1,3	4,6		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	33,5	33,3	32,1	32,1	30,6	-1,5	-2,9		
Labour force participation rate	58,0	57,4	57,5	59,1	57,7	-1,4	-0,3		
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 349	2 355	2 361	2 367	2 372	6	23	0,2	1,0
Labour force	1 495	1 495	1 485	1 515	1 563	48	68	3,2	4,6
Employed	1 101	1 123	1 124	1 102	1 126	24	25	2,2	2,2
Unemployed	394	372	361	413	437	24	44	5,8	11,1
Not economically active	855	860	876	852	809	-42	-45	-4,9	-5,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	26,3	24,9	24,3	27,3	28,0	0,7	1,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	46,9	47,7	47,6	46,6	47,4	0,8	0,5		
Labour force participation rate	63,6	63,5	62,9	64,0	65,9	1,9	2,3		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
North West									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 422	2 434	2 445	2 456	2 468	11	45	0,5	1,9
Labour force	1 568	1 554	1 587	1 623	1 594	-28	26	-1,7	1,7
Employed	940	921	969	924	915	-9	-25	-1,0	-2,7
Unemployed	628	632	618	699	680	-19	52	-2,7	8,2
Not economically active	855	880	857	834	874	40	19	4,8	2,2
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	40,1	40,7	38,9	43,1	42,6	-0,5	2,5		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	38,8	37,9	39,6	37,6	37,1	-0,5	-1,7		
Labour force participation rate	64,7	63,8	64,9	66,1	64,6	-1,5	-0,1		
Gauteng									
Population 15–64 yrs	9 524	9 580	9 636	9 692	9 748	56	223	0,6	2,3
Labour force	7 233	7 307	7 294	7 342	7 380	37	147	0,5	2,0
Employed	4 969	5 011	5 090	4 895	4 942	46	-28	0,9	-0,6
Unemployed	2 263	2 296	2 205	2 447	2 438	-9	175	-0,4	7,7
Not economically active	2 292	2 274	2 342	2 349	2 368	19	77	0,8	3,3
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	31,3	31,4	30,2	33,3	33,0	-0,3	1,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	52,2	52,3	52,8	50,5	50,7	0,2	-1,5		
Labour force participation rate	75,9	76,3	75,7	75,8	75,7	-0,1	-0,2		
Gauteng – Non-metro									
Population 15–64 yrs	1 298	1 302	1 307	1 311	1 315	4	18	0,3	1,4
Labour force	962	936	928	966	967	1	4	0,1	0,5
Employed	617	602	623	594	587	-7	-31	-1,3	-5,0
Unemployed	345	334	306	372	380	8	35	2,3	10,1
Not economically active	335	366	378	345	349	3	13	1,0	3,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	35,9	35,7	32,9	38,5	39,3	0,8	3,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	47,5	46,2	47,6	45,3	44,6	-0,7	-2,9		
Labour force participation rate	74,2	71,9	71,0	73,7	73,5	-0,2	-0,7		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 423	2 435	2 447	2 459	2 471	12	48	0,5	2,0
Labour force	1 815	1 895	1 876	1 830	1 879	49	64	2,7	3,5
Employed	1 190	1 275	1 256	1 145	1 161	16	-29	1,4	-2,5
Unemployed	625	620	619	685	718	33	93	4,8	14,9
Not economically active	608	541	571	629	592	-37	-16	-5,9	-2,6
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	34,4	32,7	33,0	37,4	38,2	0,8	3,8		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	49,1	52,4	51,3	46,5	47,0	0,5	-2,1		
Labour force participation rate	74,9	77,8	76,7	74,4	76,0	1,6	1,1		
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 483	3 508	3 532	3 556	3 580	24	97	0,7	2,8
Labour force	2 748	2 739	2 752	2 798	2 802	4	54	0,1	2,0
Employed	1 959	1 898	1 950	1 926	1 963	37	4	1,9	0,2
Unemployed	788	841	803	872	838	-33	50	-3,8	6,4
Not economically active	736	769	779	758	779	20	43	2,7	5,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	28,7	30,7	29,2	31,2	29,9	-1,3	1,2		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	56,2	54,1	55,2	54,2	54,8	0,6	-1,4		
Labour force participation rate	78,9	78,1	77,9	78,7	78,3	-0,4	-0,6		
Gauteng – City of Tshwane									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 320	2 335	2 350	2 365	2 381	15	61	0,6	2,6
Labour force	1 708	1 737	1 738	1 749	1 732	-17	24	-1,0	1,4
Employed	1 203	1 236	1 261	1 231	1 231	0	28	0,0	2,3
Unemployed	505	501	477	518	501	-17	-4	-3,3	-0,7
Not economically active	612	598	612	616	649	32	36	5,2	5,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	29,6	28,8	27,4	29,6	28,9	-0,7	-0,7		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	51,8	52,9	53,6	52,0	51,7	-0,3	-0,1		
Labour force participation rate	73,6	74,4	73,9	73,9	72,8	-1,1	-0,8		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 2.7: Labour force characteristics by province metro – Expanded definition of unemployment (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Mpumalanga									
Population 15–64 yrs	2 750	2 763	2 776	2 789	2 802	13	53	0,5	1,9
Labour force	1 938	1 940	1 965	1 974	1 983	10	46	0,5	2,4
Employed	1 180	1 184	1 191	1 160	1 171	10	-9	0,9	-0,8
Unemployed	757	756	774	813	813	-1	55	-0,1	7,3
Not economically active	812	822	811	815	819	4	7	0,5	0,9
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,1	39,0	39,4	41,2	41,0	-0,2	1,9		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	42,9	42,9	42,9	41,6	41,8	0,2	-1,1		
Labour force participation rate	70,5	70,2	70,8	70,8	70,8	0,0	0,3		
Limpopo									
Population 15–64 yrs	3 558	3 574	3 589	3 604	3 619	15	61	0,4	1,7
Labour force	2 122	2 133	2 133	2 201	2 158	-44	36	-2,0	1,7
Employed	1 293	1 353	1 311	1 355	1 324	-31	31	-2,3	2,4
Unemployed	829	780	822	846	833	-13	5	-1,5	0,6
Not economically active	1 436	1 441	1 456	1 403	1 462	59	25	4,2	1,8
Rates (%)									
Unemployment rate	39,0	36,6	38,6	38,5	38,6	0,1	-0,4		
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	36,3	37,9	36,5	37,6	36,6	-1,0	0,3		
Labour force participation rate	59,6	59,7	59,4	61,1	59,6	-1,5	0,0		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Note: 'Employment' refers to market production activities.

Table 3.1: Employed by industry and sex – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Agriculture	869	897	860	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Mining	446	446	483	471	447	-24	1	-5,1	0,3
Manufacturing	1 756	1 774	1 738	1 645	1 712	67	-45	4,1	-2,5
Utilities	136	127	123	110	111	1	-25	0,6	-18,4
Construction	1 401	1 460	1 438	1 362	1 388	25	-13	1,9	-0,9
Trade	3 119	3 200	3 280	3 158	3 136	-22	18	-0,7	0,6
Transport	922	898	900	901	862	-39	-60	-4,4	-6,5
Finance	2 164	2 160	2 273	2 227	2 220	-6	56	-0,3	2,6
Community and social services	3 548	3 582	3 624	3 671	3 544	-127	-4	-3,5	-0,1
Private households	1 292	1 280	1 294	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3
Other	4	4	4	4	4	1	0	17,5	13,2
Women	6 858	6 912	6 995	6 840	6 754	-86	-104	-1,3	-1,5
Agriculture	286	308	288	271	235	-36	-51	-13,2	-17,7
Mining	52	59	67	65	58	-7	6	-11,2	11,3
Manufacturing	558	598	576	560	580	20	23	3,6	4,1
Utilities	17	25	36	35	27	-8	10	-21,5	59,8
Construction	156	153	139	157	142	-15	-13	-9,3	-8,5
Trade	1 528	1 504	1 565	1 468	1 490	22	-38	1,5	-2,5
Transport	193	184	165	167	155	-12	-38	-7,2	-19,5
Finance	882	899	945	938	919	-19	36	-2,0	4,1
Community and social services	2 184	2 174	2 189	2 214	2 167	-47	-16	-2,1	-0,8
Private households	1 000	1 006	1 023	961	976	14	-25	1,5	-2,5
Other	2	3	3	2	3	1	0	24,9	17,1
Men	8 799	8 916	9 023	8 835	8 792	-43	-7	-0,5	-0,1
Agriculture	584	589	572	598	590	-8	7	-1,3	1,1
Mining	394	387	416	406	389	-17	-5	-4,1	-1,2
Manufacturing	1 198	1 177	1 162	1 085	1 131	47	-67	4,3	-5,6
Utilities	119	102	88	75	84	8	-35	10,8	-29,7
Construction	1 245	1 306	1 300	1 205	1 245	40	0	3,3	0,0
Trade	1 591	1 696	1 715	1 690	1 646	-44	55	-2,6	3,5
Transport	729	715	735	734	707	-27	-23	-3,7	-3,1
Finance	1 282	1 261	1 328	1 289	1 302	13	19	1,0	1,5
Community and social services	1 364	1 408	1 435	1 456	1 376	-80	12	-5,5	0,9
Private households	291	274	270	296	320	25	29	8,3	9,9
Other	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	4,1	5,5

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Agriculture	869	897	860	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Western Cape	215	245	214	228	186	-42	-29	-18,4	-13,5
Eastern Cape	84	88	89	95	99	5	16	5,2	19,1
Northern Cape	27	34	43	40	42	2	16	5,8	58,6
Free State	74	65	64	72	66	-6	-9	-8,3	-11,6
KwaZulu-Natal	150	134	141	131	122	-9	-27	-6,8	-18,2
North West	54	55	57	54	37	-17	-18	-31,9	-32,3
Gauteng	32	33	34	37	44	7	12	19,2	36,0
Mpumalanga	88	96	92	95	106	11	17	11,3	19,6
Limpopo	145	145	126	118	123	5	-22	4,3	-15,2
Mining	446	446	483	471	447	-24	1	-5,1	0,3
Western Cape	3	3	3	2	1	-2	-2	-61,7	-68,9
Eastern Cape	0	2	1	4	2	-2	2	-49,2	704,8
Northern Cape	25	22	22	21	19	-1	-6	-7,1	-24,1
Free State	34	30	35	35	35	0	1	-0,2	2,2
KwaZulu-Natal	8	7	8	7	5	-2	-3	-27,8	-34,6
North West	154	154	172	157	140	-17	-14	-11,1	-9,0
Gauteng	83	92	105	95	113	19	30	19,5	36,1
Mpumalanga	58	58	61	65	57	-8	-1	-11,8	-1,4
Limpopo	81	78	76	85	75	-10	-6	-12,0	-7,2
Manufacturing	1 756	1 774	1 738	1 645	1 712	67	-45	4,1	-2,5
Western Cape	275	283	324	286	320	33	44	11,7	16,1
Eastern Cape	138	134	119	121	134	13	-4	11,0	-3,0
Northern Cape	13	10	13	13	11	-3	-2	-20,0	-15,9
Free State	72	59	69	59	66	7	-6	11,9	-8,1
KwaZulu-Natal	360	349	310	316	329	13	-31	4,2	-8,5
North West	64	76	80	64	70	6	6	9,1	9,0
Gauteng	650	671	653	619	624	5	-26	0,8	-4,0
Mpumalanga	110	115	97	86	90	4	-20	4,8	-18,4
Limpopo	73	78	73	80	67	-12	-5	-15,3	-7,5

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
Utilities	136	127	123	110	111	1	-25	0,6	-18,4
Western Cape	16	18	15	11	9	-1	-7	-13,7	-42,3
Eastern Cape	3	6	7	7	8	1	5	15,8	142,7
Northern Cape	4	3	3	2	1	-1	-4	-69,0	-86,3
Free State	12	11	9	10	9	-1	-3	-10,7	-25,6
KwaZulu-Natal	20	18	10	8	12	4	-8	47,6	-40,2
North West	5	3	2	2	4	3	-1	151,1	-16,3
Gauteng	34	26	34	29	19	-10	-15	-34,1	-43,3
Mpumalanga	30	27	27	29	29	1	0	2,6	-1,0
Limpopo	12	15	16	14	20	6	8	46,1	62,5
Construction	1 401	1 460	1 438	1 362	1 388	25	-13	1,9	-0,9
Western Cape	206	196	216	204	211	7	5	3,3	2,3
Eastern Cape	170	175	166	142	150	8	-20	5,4	-11,9
Northern Cape	30	36	33	28	34	6	4	22,6	12,8
Free State	53	61	53	57	56	-1	3	-1,5	6,1
KwaZulu-Natal	260	283	240	240	218	-23	-42	-9,5	-16,2
North West	62	63	69	59	77	18	15	29,7	23,6
Gauteng	371	391	408	374	383	9	13	2,4	3,4
Mpumalanga	92	104	123	99	111	13	19	12,8	20,6
Limpopo	156	151	131	158	148	-11	-9	-6,8	-5,6
Trade	3 119	3 200	3 280	3 158	3 136	-22	18	-0,7	0,6
Western Cape	467	484	460	457	433	-23	-34	-5,1	-7,3
Eastern Cape	297	269	306	292	265	-27	-33	-9,3	-11,0
Northern Cape	54	53	46	49	46	-3	-8	-5,4	-14,6
Free State	169	165	187	166	155	-11	-14	-6,6	-8,2
KwaZulu-Natal	493	518	531	550	526	-23	33	-4,3	6,7
North West	171	176	168	163	193	30	23	18,3	13,3
Gauteng	960	1001	1054	937	972	35	12	3,8	1,3
Mpumalanga	240	237	242	245	236	-8	-4	-3,4	-1,6
Limpopo	267	296	287	300	309	9	42	3,1	15,7

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
Transport	922	898	900	901	862	-39	-60	-4,4	-6,5
Western Cape	117	119	125	121	112	-9	-5	-7,5	-4,2
Eastern Cape	62	58	67	70	68	-2	6	-2,5	9,4
Northern Cape	8	10	10	14	13	-1	5	-7,8	63,6
Free State	36	33	38	34	36	3	0	7,5	0,1
KwaZulu-Natal	174	155	155	166	164	-2	-10	-1,0	-5,6
North West	25	37	46	44	33	-10	8	-24,0	30,7
Gauteng	381	366	342	342	332	-11	-50	-3,2	-13,0
Mpumalanga	62	59	61	61	62	1	-1	1,9	-1,0
Limpopo	56	60	55	50	42	-8	-14	-16,1	-24,8
Finance	2 164	2 160	2 273	2 227	2 220	-6	56	-0,3	2,6
Western Cape	346	352	407	418	386	-32	41	-7,7	11,7
Eastern Cape	123	133	134	111	117	6	-6	5,7	-5,1
Northern Cape	17	17	19	28	19	-9	1	-33,1	8,5
Free State	62	60	65	57	59	2	-3	4,3	-4,3
KwaZulu-Natal	251	255	280	266	271	5	19	1,8	7,6
North West	110	92	94	99	83	-16	-27	-16,0	-24,6
Gauteng	1 013	1 026	1 041	1 038	1 057	20	44	1,9	4,4
Mpumalanga	142	129	130	115	129	13	-14	11,6	-9,7
Limpopo	100	96	103	96	100	4	0	4,3	0,5
Community and social services	3 548	3 582	3 624	3 671	3 544	-127	-4	-3,5	-0,1
Western Cape	453	464	461	471	445	-25	-8	-5,4	-1,7
Eastern Cape	386	392	384	403	389	-14	3	-3,4	0,9
Northern Cape	93	92	96	89	84	-5	-8	-5,1	-9,1
Free State	206	216	213	201	214	12	8	6,2	3,8
KwaZulu-Natal	624	643	648	617	600	-17	-25	-2,8	-3,9
North West	212	183	200	207	201	-6	-11	-2,8	-5,2
Gauteng	1 043	1 024	1 036	1 077	1 040	-37	-3	-3,4	-0,3
Mpumalanga	249	257	259	266	244	-22	-5	-8,3	-1,8
Limpopo	282	311	329	340	326	-14	44	-4,0	15,6

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.2: Employed by industry and province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
Private households	1 292	1 280	1 294	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3
Western Cape	159	154	155	156	161	5	3	3,5	1,6
Eastern Cape	102	115	138	122	117	-5	16	-4,0	15,6
Northern Cape	26	25	26	30	34	4	8	13,4	31,6
Free State	80	94	93	100	101	1	21	1,4	26,2
KwaZulu-Natal	216	210	208	214	232	18	16	8,4	7,5
North West	83	81	81	75	77	1	-6	1,9	-7,0
Gauteng	398	377	378	345	354	9	-45	2,5	-11,2
Mpumalanga	108	103	99	101	106	6	-1	5,7	-1,3
Limpopo	121	122	116	114	114	-1	-8	-0,6	-6,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.3: Employed by sector and industry – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Total employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Formal and informal sector (non-agricultural)	13 496	13 651	13 864	13 548	13 424	-124	-72	-0,9	-0,5
Mining	446	446	483	471	447	-24	1	-5,1	0,3
Manufacturing	1 756	1 774	1 738	1 645	1 712	67	-45	4,1	-2,5
Utilities	136	127	123	110	111	1	-25	0,6	-18,4
Construction	1 401	1 460	1 438	1 362	1 388	25	-13	1,9	-0,9
Trade	3 119	3 200	3 280	3 158	3 136	-22	18	-0,7	0,6
Transport	922	898	900	901	862	-39	-60	-4,4	-6,5
Finance	2 164	2 160	2 273	2 227	2 220	-6	56	-0,3	2,6
Community and social services	3 548	3 582	3 624	3 671	3 544	-127	-4	-3,5	-0,1
Other	4	4	4	4	4	1	0	17,5	13,2
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	10 835	10 930	11 180	10 983	10 917	-66	82	-0,6	0,8
Mining	441	443	480	466	440	-26	-1	-5,6	-0,2
Manufacturing	1 519	1 550	1 529	1 456	1 510	54	-9	3,7	-0,6
Utilities	128	122	118	105	106	1	-22	0,8	-16,9
Construction	947	1 005	1 004	918	966	48	19	5,2	2,0
Trade	2 052	2 100	2 175	2 134	2 121	-13	69	-0,6	3,4
Transport	663	658	660	676	633	-43	-30	-6,4	-4,5
Finance	1 952	1 928	2 035	2 017	2 016	0	64	0,0	3,3
Community and social services	3 129	3 120	3 175	3 207	3 122	-85	-7	-2,6	-0,2
Other	4	4	4	4	2	-1	-1	-34,4	-36,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2 661	2 721	2 684	2 565	2 507	-58	-154	-2,3	-5,8
Mining	5	3	3	5	7	2	2	42,4	37,4
Manufacturing	237	224	209	188	201	13	-35	7,0	-14,8
Utilities	8	5	5	5	5	0	-3	-3,0	-40,6
Construction	454	455	434	444	422	-22	-32	-5,0	-7,1
Trade	1 067	1 100	1 105	1 024	1 015	-9	-52	-0,9	-4,8
Transport	259	241	240	225	229	4	-30	1,7	-11,6
Finance	212	232	238	210	204	-6	-8	-2,9	-3,9
Community and social services	419	462	450	464	422	-42	3	-9,1	0,7
Other					2				
Agriculture	869	897	860	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Private households	1 292	1 280	1 294	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
South Africa	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	10 835	10 930	11 180	10 983	10 917	-66	82	-0,6	0,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2 661	2 721	2 684	2 565	2 507	-58	-154	-2,3	-5,8
Agriculture	869	897	860	869	825	-44	-44	-5,0	-5,0
Private households	1 292	1 280	1 294	1 257	1 296	39	4	3,1	0,3
Western Cape	2 257	2 317	2 380	2 356	2 266	-90	9	-3,8	0,4
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1 651	1 657	1 747	1 728	1 698	-30	47	-1,7	2,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	233	261	264	244	221	-23	-12	-9,5	-5,0
Agriculture	215	245	214	228	186	-42	-29	-18,4	-13,5
Private households	159	154	155	156	161	5	3	3,5	1,6
Western Cape – Non-metro	833	846	869	839	798	-41	-35	-4,9	-4,2
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	499	476	516	492	478	-13	-20	-2,7	-4,0
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	72	90	89	73	75	1	3	1,9	3,8
Agriculture	192	222	196	212	175	-38	-17	-17,7	-8,9
Private households	71	58	68	62	70	8	0	13,7	-0,5
Western Cape – City of Cape Town	1 425	1 471	1 511	1 516	1 468	-49	43	-3,2	3,0
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1 152	1 181	1 231	1 236	1 219	-17	67	-1,4	5,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	161	171	175	171	146	-25	-14	-14,4	-9,0
Agriculture	24	23	18	16	11	-4	-12	-27,0	-51,4
Private households	88	96	88	94	91	-3	3	-3,3	3,3
Eastern Cape	1 366	1 372	1 411	1 366	1 350	-16	-16	-1,2	-1,2
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	851	874	892	861	856	-5	5	-0,6	0,6
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	329	294	292	288	277	-11	-53	-3,9	-16,0
Agriculture	84	88	89	95	99	5	16	5,2	19,1
Private households	102	115	138	122	117	-5	16	-4,0	15,6

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Eastern Cape – Non-metro	784	781	822	787	794	7	10	0,9	1,3
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	418	434	442	414	439	25	21	6,1	4,9
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	234	200	222	227	205	-23	-29	-10,0	-12,4
Agriculture	75	80	84	85	86	2	11	1,8	14,7
Private households	57	67	73	62	64	3	8	4,2	13,8
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City	233	250	245	232	230	-2	-3	-0,9	-1,4
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	161	183	185	178	177	-1	16	-0,6	10,2
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	48	45	29	27	26	0	-22	-1,5	-45,7
Agriculture	7	6	3	4	8	4	1	85,6	15,6
Private households	17	17	29	23	19	-4	1	-17,9	8,7
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay	349	341	344	347	326	-21	-23	-6,1	-6,6
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	272	258	265	270	241	-29	-32	-10,8	-11,7
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	47	50	42	34	46	12	-2	34,7	-3,6
Agriculture	2	2	2	6	6	0	4	-3,6	230,4
Private households	28	31	35	38	34	-3	7	-9,2	23,7
Northern Cape	297	302	312	313	303	-10	6	-3,2	2,0
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	209	203	200	206	187	-18	-22	-9,0	-10,5
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	35	39	42	37	39	2	4	5,2	11,5
Agriculture	27	34	43	40	42	2	16	5,8	58,6
Private households	26	25	26	30	34	4	8	13,4	31,6
Free State	798	795	825	790	797	7	-1	0,9	-0,2
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	520	496	524	483	506	23	-14	4,9	-2,7
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	124	140	144	136	124	-12	0	-8,8	0,3
Agriculture	74	65	64	72	66	-6	-9	-8,3	-11,6
Private households	80	94	93	100	101	1	21	1,4	26,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Free State – Non-metro	568	552	559	540	547	8	-21	1,4	-3,6
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	354	330	338	303	323	20	-31	6,7	-8,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	83	92	92	97	85	-12	1	-12,7	1,7
Agriculture	73	64	61	68	65	-3	-8	-4,9	-10,4
Private households	58	67	68	71	74	3	17	4,0	28,7
Free State – Mangaung	231	243	266	251	250	-1	19	-0,3	8,4
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	166	166	186	180	183	3	17	1,7	10,3
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	41	48	52	39	40	0	-1	0,9	-2,6
Agriculture	2	1	3	3	1	-3	-1	-79,1	-60,6
Private households	22	27	25	28	27	-2	4	-5,3	19,8
KwaZulu-Natal	2 556	2 573	2 529	2 515	2 479	-36	-77	-1,4	-3,0
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1 693	1 715	1 700	1 696	1 686	-10	-7	-0,6	-0,4
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	497	514	481	473	438	-35	-59	-7,4	-11,8
Agriculture	150	134	141	131	122	-9	-27	-6,8	-18,2
Private households	216	210	208	214	232	18	16	8,4	7,5
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro	1 455	1 450	1 406	1 413	1 353	-60	-102	-4,3	-7,0
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	879	897	856	850	823	-27	-56	-3,2	-6,4
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	329	327	314	326	288	-38	-41	-11,6	-12,6
Agriculture	147	127	133	121	119	-2	-28	-1,6	-19,3
Private households	99	98	103	116	123	7	24	5,6	24,5
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni	1 101	1 123	1 124	1 102	1 126	24	25	2,2	2,2
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	814	818	844	846	863	17	48	2,0	5,9
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	168	186	167	148	151	3	-17	1,9	-10,2
Agriculture	2	7	8	10	3	-7	1	-66,7	60,6
Private households	117	112	104	97	109	12	-8	11,8	-6,8

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
North West	940	921	969	924	915	-9	-25	-1,0	-2,7
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	659	649	715	672	671	-2	12	-0,2	1,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	144	136	117	122	130	8	-14	6,5	-9,6
Agriculture	54	55	57	54	37	-17	-18	-31,9	-32,3
Private households	83	81	81	75	77	1	-6	1,9	-7,0
Gauteng	4 969	5 011	5 090	4 895	4 942	46	-28	0,9	-0,6
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3 836	3 889	3 951	3 863	3 857	-6	21	-0,1	0,5
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	703	711	726	651	687	36	-16	5,6	-2,2
Agriculture	32	33	34	37	44	7	12	19,2	36,0
Private households	398	377	378	345	354	9	-45	2,5	-11,2
Gauteng – Non-metro	617	602	623	594	587	-7	-31	-1,3	-5,0
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	452	456	465	452	440	-13	-13	-2,8	-2,8
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	100	82	98	87	84	-3	-16	-3,5	-16,1
Agriculture	17	13	17	14	19	6	2	40,7	14,7
Private households	48	50	42	41	44	3	-4	6,8	-8,7
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni	1 190	1 275	1 256	1 145	1 161	16	-29	1,4	-2,5
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	917	996	988	941	896	-46	-21	-4,9	-2,3
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	173	178	173	127	177	50	3	39,7	1,9
Agriculture	9	11	8	8	10	2	1	20,9	12,2
Private households	91	90	87	68	78	10	-12	14,6	-13,7
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg	1 959	1 898	1 950	1 926	1 963	37	4	1,9	0,2
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1 490	1 427	1 485	1 461	1 543	82	53	5,6	3,5
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	298	320	309	310	273	-37	-24	-11,8	-8,2
Agriculture	2	2	3	6	5	-1	3	-22,8	175,7
Private households	170	150	153	150	143	-7	-27	-4,6	-16,0

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.4: Employed by province and sector (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Gauteng – City of Tshwane	1 203	1 236	1 261	1 231	1 231	0	28	0,0	2,3
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	976	1 010	1 012	1 008	979	-29	2	-2,9	0,2
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	131	131	146	127	153	26	22	20,3	16,5
Agriculture	5	8	6	9	10	1	5	12,6	103,2
Private households	90	87	97	86	89	3	-1	3,1	-1,1
Mpumalanga	1 180	1 184	1 191	1 160	1 171	10	-9	0,9	-0,8
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	736	732	758	717	720	3	-15	0,5	-2,1
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	249	253	242	248	238	-9	-10	-3,8	-4,1
Agriculture	88	96	92	95	106	11	17	11,3	19,6
Private households	108	103	99	101	106	6	-1	5,7	-1,3
Limpopo	1 293	1 353	1 311	1 355	1 324	-31	31	-2,3	2,4
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	680	714	694	758	736	-22	56	-2,9	8,2
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	347	372	375	365	352	-13	4	-3,7	1,2
Agriculture	145	145	126	118	123	5	-22	4,3	-15,2
Private households	121	122	116	114	114	-1	-8	-0,6	-6,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.5: Employed by sex and occupation – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Manager	1 246	1 284	1 314	1 337	1 314	-23	68	-1,7	5,5
Professional	750	800	772	880	857	-23	107	-2,6	14,3
Technician	1 479	1 471	1 455	1 439	1 495	56	16	3,9	1,1
Clerk	1 638	1 669	1 708	1 616	1 621	4	-17	0,3	-1,0
Sales and services	2 469	2 406	2 529	2 530	2 437	-93	-31	-3,7	-1,3
Skilled agriculture	99	99	102	68	66	-2	-33	-2,4	-33,2
Craft and related trade	1 921	2 001	1 989	1 896	1 890	-6	-30	-0,3	-1,6
Plant and machine operator	1 370	1 275	1 278	1 288	1 218	-70	-153	-5,4	-11,2
Elementary	3 679	3 797	3 842	3 631	3 634	3	-45	0,1	-1,2
Domestic worker	1 006	1 025	1 029	989	1 013	24	7	2,4	0,7
Women	6 858	6 912	6 995	6 840	6 754	-86	-104	-1,3	-1,5
Manager	383	400	413	444	406	-38	23	-8,6	5,9
Professional	386	396	390	452	450	-3	63	-0,6	16,4
Technician	785	843	838	800	798	-1	13	-0,2	1,6
Clerk	1 214	1 235	1 251	1 173	1 170	-2	-44	-0,2	-3,6
Sales and services	1 200	1 134	1 190	1 199	1 175	-23	-25	-1,9	-2,0
Skilled agriculture	25	29	29	15	14	-1	-11	-9,0	-45,3
Craft and related trade	190	206	185	215	203	-12	13	-5,5	7,0
Plant and machine operator	182	184	149	161	153	-7	-28	-4,6	-15,5
Elementary	1 521	1 498	1 558	1 446	1 431	-15	-90	-1,0	-5,9
Domestic worker	971	986	993	936	953	18	-18	1,9	-1,8
Men	8 799	8 916	9 023	8 835	8 792	-43	-7	-0,5	-0,1
Manager	863	884	902	893	908	15	45	1,7	5,3
Professional	364	404	382	428	408	-20	44	-4,6	12,2
Technician	694	629	617	640	697	57	3	9,0	0,4
Clerk	423	434	457	444	450	7	27	1,5	6,3
Sales and services	1 269	1 271	1 340	1 331	1 262	-69	-7	-5,2	-0,5
Skilled agriculture	74	70	72	53	52	0	-21	-0,5	-29,0
Craft and related trade	1 731	1 795	1 804	1 681	1 687	6	-44	0,4	-2,5
Plant and machine operator	1 189	1 092	1 129	1 127	1 064	-63	-125	-5,6	-10,5
Elementary	2 157	2 299	2 284	2 185	2 203	18	46	0,8	2,1
Domestic work	35	39	36	54	59	6	24	10,7	69,1

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.6: Employed by sex and status in employment – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Employee	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Employer	767	811	840	813	855	42	89	5,2	11,6
Own-account worker	1 407	1 352	1 358	1 328	1 395	68	-12	5,1	-0,9
Unpaid household member	100	71	81	76	72	-4	-28	-5,6	-28,2
Women	6 858	6 912	6 995	6 840	6 754	-86	-104	-1,3	-1,5
Employee	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Employer	150	156	153	176	186	10	36	5,9	23,8
Own-account worker	635	594	605	570	583	13	-52	2,3	-8,1
Unpaid household member	60	41	55	50	49	-1	-11	-1,1	-18,5
Men	8 799	8 916	9 023	8 835	8 792	-43	-7	-0,5	-0,1
Employee	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Employer	616	656	688	637	669	32	53	5,0	8,6
Own-account worker	772	758	753	757	812	54	40	7,2	5,1
Unpaid household member	39	29	26	26	22	-4	-17	-14,3	-43,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.7: Employed by sex and usual hours of work – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Working less than 15 hours per week	352	347	318	307	334	27	-18	9,0	-5,1
Working 15–29 hours per week	1 049	1 054	996	1 018	1 053	36	4	3,5	0,4
Working 30–39 hours per week	1 050	1 070	1 092	1 093	1 089	-5	39	-0,4	3,7
Working 40–45 hours per week	8 659	8 809	8 868	8 516	8 319	-197	-339	-2,3	-3,9
Working more than 45 hours per week	4 547	4 548	4 744	4 741	4 750	10	203	0,2	4,5
Women	6 858	6 912	6 995	6 840	6 754	-86	-104	-1,3	-1,5
Working less than 15 hours per week	228	218	207	198	199	1	-28	0,5	-12,5
Working 15–29 hours per week	667	700	664	677	699	22	32	3,3	4,8
Working 30–39 hours per week	654	645	651	657	670	13	16	2,0	2,4
Working 40–45 hours per week	3 766	3 827	3 876	3 753	3 589	-164	-177	-4,4	-4,7
Working more than 45 hours per week	1 543	1 523	1 596	1 555	1 597	42	54	2,7	3,5
Men	8 799	8 916	9 023	8 835	8 792	-43	-7	-0,5	-0,1
Working less than 15 hours per week	124	130	111	108	135	27	11	24,5	8,5
Working 15–29 hours per week	382	355	332	341	354	13	-28	3,9	-7,3
Working 30–39 hours per week	396	425	441	437	419	-18	23	-4,1	5,7
Working 40–45 hours per week	4 893	4 982	4 992	4 763	4 730	-33	-162	-0,7	-3,3
Working more than 45 hours per week	3 004	3 024	3 147	3 186	3 154	-32	149	-1,0	5,0

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Pension/retirement fund contribution									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	6 269	6 208	6 328	6 364	6 155	-209	-114	-3,3	-1,8
No	6 858	7 141	7 142	6 881	6 828	-53	-30	-0,8	-0,4
Don't know	257	245	268	213	241	28	-16	13,2	-6,1
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	2 649	2 636	2 674	2 690	2 595	-95	-54	-3,5	-2,0
No	3 261	3 391	3 404	3 261	3 243	-18	-18	-0,6	-0,6
Don't know	102	94	105	92	97	5	-5	4,9	-5,0
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	3 620	3 572	3 655	3 674	3 560	-114	-60	-3,1	-1,7
No	3 597	3 750	3 738	3 620	3 585	-35	-12	-1,0	-0,3
Don't know	155	151	163	120	144	24	-11	19,6	-6,8
Entitled to any paid leave									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	8 489	8 516	8 820	8 805	8 683	-122	194	-1,4	2,3
No	4 728	4 911	4 751	4 521	4 394	-128	-334	-2,8	-7,1
Don't know	166	167	168	131	147	15	-20	11,5	-11,7
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	3 721	3 737	3 885	3 823	3 805	-18	85	-0,5	2,3
No	2 234	2 314	2 240	2 166	2 078	-89	-156	-4,1	-7,0
Don't know	57	69	56	55	52	-3	-6	-5,2	-9,8
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	4 769	4 779	4 935	4 983	4 878	-105	109	-2,1	2,3
No	2 494	2 597	2 510	2 355	2 316	-39	-178	-1,7	-7,1
Don't know	109	97	111	77	95	18	-14	23,4	-12,8

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment – South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Entitled to paid sick leave									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	9 062	9 320	9 520	9 425	9 288	-137	226	-1,5	2,5
No	4 321	4 275	4 218	4 033	3 936	-98	-386	-2,4	-8,9
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	3 994	4 092	4 208	4 131	4 100	-32	105	-0,8	2,6
No	2 017	2 029	1 974	1 912	1 835	-77	-182	-4,0	-9,0
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	5 067	5 228	5 313	5 293	5 188	-105	120	-2,0	2,4
No	2 304	2 246	2 244	2 121	2 101	-20	-203	-1,0	-8,8
Entitled to maternity/paternity leave									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	7 145	7 196	7 546	7 475	7 409	-67	264	-0,9	3,7
No	6 238	6 398	6 192	5 983	5 814	-168	-424	-2,8	-6,8
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	3 306	3 338	3 487	3 437	3 426	-11	120	-0,3	3,6
No	2 705	2 783	2 696	2 607	2 509	-98	-197	-3,8	-7,3
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	3 839	3 858	4 060	4 038	3 983	-56	144	-1,4	3,7
No	3 533	3 616	3 497	3 376	3 306	-70	-227	-2,1	-6,4

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment – South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
UIF contribution									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	7 999	8 109	8 266	8 122	8 013	-109	14	-1,3	0,2
No	5 135	5 242	5 198	5 105	4 970	-135	-165	-2,6	-3,2
Don't know	249	243	275	231	240	9	-8	4,1	-3,4
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	3 323	3 388	3 438	3 342	3 304	-38	-19	-1,1	-0,6
No	2 581	2 632	2 633	2 598	2 520	-78	-61	-3,0	-2,4
Don't know	108	101	112	104	111	7	3	7,2	3,1
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	4 676	4 722	4 828	4 780	4 709	-71	33	-1,5	0,7
No	2 554	2 609	2 565	2 507	2 450	-57	-104	-2,3	-4,1
Don't know	141	142	163	127	129	2	-12	1,5	-8,3
Medical aid benefits									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	4 015	4 044	4 025	4 063	3 941	-122	-74	-3,0	-1,8
No	9 221	9 411	9 553	9 282	9 136	-146	-85	-1,6	-0,9
Don't know	147	140	160	113	146	33	-1	29,1	-0,6
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	1 728	1 765	1 758	1 775	1 744	-30	16	-1,7	0,9
No	4 213	4 302	4 359	4 221	4 141	-80	-72	-1,9	-1,7
Don't know	71	54	65	49	50	1	-21	2,7	-29,7
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	2 287	2 279	2 267	2 289	2 197	-91	-90	-4,0	-3,9
No	5 009	5 108	5 194	5 061	4 995	-66	-13	-1,3	-0,3
Don't know	76	86	95	64	96	32	20	49,0	26,7

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment – South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Income tax (PAYE/SITE) deduction									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	7 141	7 240	7 362	7 342	7 153	-189	12	-2,6	0,2
No	5 994	6 108	6 104	5 899	5 809	-89	-185	-1,5	-3,1
Don't know	248	246	273	217	261	44	13	20,3	5,4
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	2 990	3 070	3 127	3 120	3 048	-72	58	-2,3	1,9
No	2 910	2 950	2 949	2 836	2 789	-47	-120	-1,6	-4,1
Don't know	112	100	106	87	98	10	-14	11,6	-12,9
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	4 151	4 170	4 234	4 222	4 105	-117	-46	-2,8	-1,1
No	3 084	3 158	3 155	3 063	3 020	-43	-64	-1,4	-2,1
Don't know	136	146	167	130	164	34	28	26,1	20,4
Conditions of employment									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Written contract	10 615	10 744	10 942	10 781	10 572	-209	-43	-1,9	-0,4
Verbal agreement	2 768	2 851	2 797	2 677	2 651	-26	-117	-1,0	-4,2
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Written contract	4 725	4 822	4 894	4 813	4 719	-93	-6	-1,9	-0,1
Verbal agreement	1 287	1 299	1 288	1 231	1 216	-15	-71	-1,3	-5,5
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Written contract	5 890	5 922	6 048	5 968	5 853	-115	-37	-1,9	-0,6
Verbal agreement	1 481	1 551	1 508	1 446	1 436	-10	-46	-0,7	-3,1

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment – South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Nature of contract/agreement									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Limited duration	1 983	1 963	1 959	1 859	1 775	-84	-208	-4,5	-10,5
Permanent nature	8 181	8 204	8 408	8 380	8 168	-212	-13	-2,5	-0,2
Unspecified duration	3 219	3 427	3 371	3 219	3 281	62	62	1,9	1,9
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Limited duration	960	967	914	909	879	-30	-81	-3,3	-8,4
Permanent nature	3 570	3 579	3 716	3 644	3 556	-88	-14	-2,4	-0,4
Unspecified duration	1 482	1 574	1 552	1 491	1 501	10	19	0,7	1,3
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Limited duration	1 023	995	1 045	950	896	-54	-127	-5,7	-12,4
Permanent nature	4 612	4 625	4 692	4 736	4 612	-124	0	-2,6	0,0
Unspecified duration	1 737	1 853	1 820	1 728	1 780	52	43	3,0	2,5
Trade union membership									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Yes	3 701	3 667	3 835	3 788	3 716	-72	15	-1,9	0,4
No	9 275	9 563	9 559	9 299	9 117	-182	-158	-2,0	-1,7
Don't know	407	365	345	371	390	19	-17	5,1	-4,2
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Yes	1 521	1 500	1 604	1 575	1 587	12	66	0,8	4,3
No	4 312	4 484	4 442	4 321	4 191	-130	-121	-3,0	-2,8
Don't know	179	137	137	148	158	10	-21	6,8	-11,7
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Yes	2 180	2 167	2 232	2 213	2 129	-84	-51	-3,8	-2,3
No	4 963	5 078	5 117	4 978	4 927	-51	-36	-1,0	-0,7
Don't know	228	228	207	223	232	9	4	4,0	1,8

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.8: Conditions of employment – South Africa (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
How annual salary increment is negotiated									
Both sexes	13 383	13 594	13 739	13 458	13 223	-235	-160	-1,7	-1,2
Individual and employer	1 396	1 293	1 236	1 137	1 124	-13	-272	-1,1	-19,5
Union and employer	2 889	2 803	2 955	2 966	2 945	-21	56	-0,7	1,9
Bargaining council	1 084	1 103	1 133	1 058	1 054	-4	-30	-0,4	-2,8
Employer only	7 183	7 620	7 691	7 561	7 359	-202	176	-2,7	2,5
No regular increment	766	720	683	684	694	10	-72	1,5	-9,4
Other	65	55	41	51	49	-2	-16	-3,9	-24,6
Women	6 012	6 121	6 182	6 044	5 935	-109	-77	-1,8	-1,3
Individual and employer	603	575	529	472	506	34	-97	7,2	-16,1
Union and employer	1 120	1 095	1 167	1 169	1 188	19	68	1,6	6,1
Bargaining council	556	543	583	556	547	-9	-9	-1,6	-1,6
Employer only	3 345	3 563	3 578	3 528	3 341	-187	-4	-5,3	-0,1
No regular increment	361	320	313	298	333	35	-28	11,7	-7,8
Other	26	24	14	20	20	0	-6	0,0	-23,1
Men	7 371	7 473	7 556	7 414	7 288	-126	-83	-1,7	-1,1
Individual and employer	793	718	707	665	618	-47	-175	-7,1	-22,1
Union and employer	1 770	1 709	1 789	1 797	1 757	-40	-13	-2,2	-0,7
Bargaining council	527	560	550	502	507	5	-20	1,0	-3,8
Employer only	3 838	4 057	4 113	4 033	4 018	-15	180	-0,4	4,7
No regular increment	405	399	370	386	361	-25	-44	-6,5	-10,9
Other	39	30	28	31	28	-3	-11	-9,7	-28,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 3.9: Time-related underemployment – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	716	744	692	656	753	97	37	14,8	5,2
Women	438	462	401	388	451	63	13	16,2	3,0
Men	279	282	290	268	303	34	24	12,8	8,6
As percentage of the labour force (both sexes)	3,4	3,5	3,3	3,1	3,6	0,5	0,2		
Women	4,6	4,8	4,2	4,0	4,7	0,7	0,1		
Men	2,4	2,4	2,5	2,3	2,6	0,3	0,2		
As percentage of total employment (both sexes)	4,6	4,7	4,3	4,2	4,8	0,6	0,2		
Women	6,4	6,7	5,7	5,7	6,7	1,0	0,3		
Men	3,2	3,2	3,2	3,0	3,4	0,4	0,2		
Industry	716	744	692	656	753	97	37	14,8	5,2
Agriculture	18	23	17	22	31	9	12	41,1	66,7
Mining		1	1	1	0	-1		-54,4	
Manufacturing	27	37	35	33	25	-7	-2	-22,9	-7,3
Utilities		2		1	3	2		126,7	
Construction	76	83	73	79	90	11	14	13,9	18,2
Trade	117	127	115	98	122	24	5	24,0	4,1
Transport	19	24	13	13	11	-2	-8	-16,7	-42,7
Finance	41	47	39	47	47	0	6	-0,2	14,2
Community and social services	161	170	174	149	170	21	9	14,4	5,5
Private households	256	231	224	213	254	41	-2	19,2	-0,6
Occupation	716	744	692	656	753	97	37	14,8	5,2
Manager	12	11	8	7	14	7	2	95,2	16,7
Professional	4	7	3	5	3	-3	-1	-46,4	-32,8
Technician	36	34	38	27	38	12	3	42,8	7,1
Clerk	16	23	22	16	26	10	10	62,9	61,3
Sales and services	77	79	76	72	80	8	3	11,7	3,7
Skilled agriculture	8	5	7	1	4	3	-4	217,2	-51,3
Craft and related trade	73	73	81	73	85	12	11	15,9	15,5
Plant and machine operator	19	23	8	16	14	-2	-5	-11,0	-25,0
Elementary	286	315	302	280	307	27	20	9,7	7,2
Domestic worker	184	173	147	159	182	23	-2	14,6	-0,9

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 4: Characteristics of the unemployed – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Job losers	1 878	1 781	1 664	1 805	1 786	-19	-92	-1,1	-4,9
Job leavers	362	360	302	353	277	-75	-84	-21,3	-23,3
New entrants	1 954	2 147	2 125	2 293	2 306	13	351	0,6	18,0
Re-entrants	206	246	220	282	304	22	98	7,9	47,8
Other	831	884	881	991	960	-31	130	-3,1	15,6
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Long-term unemployment (1 year and more)	3 344	3 591	3 473	3 713	3 768	55	424	1,5	12,7
Short-term unemployment (less than 1 year)	1 886	1 827	1 720	2 011	1 866	-145	-20	-7,2	-1,1
Long-term unemployment (%)									
Proportion of the labour force	16,0	16,9	16,4	17,4	17,8	0,4	1,8		
Proportion of the unemployed	63,9	66,3	66,9	64,9	66,9	2,0	3,0		
Those who have worked in the past 5 years									
Previous occupation	2 445	2 387	2 186	2 440	2 367	-72	-78	-3,0	-3,2
Manager	48	61	40	53	39	-14	-9	-27,0	-19,3
Professional	58	44	50	55	48	-7	-10	-11,9	-16,7
Technician	115	119	121	141	123	-18	9	-12,5	7,5
Clerk	265	246	257	267	276	9	10	3,2	3,9
Sales and services	382	372	343	393	377	-16	-6	-4,0	-1,5
Skilled agriculture	16	17	13	8	4	-4	-12	-49,7	-74,0
Craft and related trade	384	381	382	400	394	-6	10	-1,6	2,5
Plant and machine operator	188	195	170	200	208	8	20	4,1	10,5
Elementary	809	765	650	751	730	-21	-78	-2,8	-9,7
Domestic worker	179	187	161	172	168	-3	-11	-2,0	-6,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 4: Characteristics of the unemployed – South Africa (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Previous industry	2 445	2 387	2 186	2 440	2 367	-72	-78	-3,0	-3,2
Agriculture	144	133	117	126	143	17	-1	13,5	-0,6
Mining	39	53	42	61	55	-6	16	-10,1	40,6
Manufacturing	287	295	259	295	304	9	17	3,0	5,8
Utilities	17	21	16	13	11	-1	-6	-11,3	-34,0
Construction	388	374	355	415	375	-40	-13	-9,6	-3,3
Trade	553	515	518	537	527	-10	-26	-1,8	-4,8
Transport	115	115	98	109	116	7	1	6,6	0,6
Finance	350	305	262	314	296	-18	-53	-5,7	-15,2
Community and social services	316	333	302	332	314	-19	-3	-5,6	-0,8
Private households	236	240	216	236	227	-10	-9	-4,1	-4,0
Other				2					

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 5: Characteristics of the not economically active – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Student	6 245	6 268	6 359	6 072	6 353	281	108	4,6	1,7
Homemaker	2 673	2 632	2 593	2 673	2 781	108	108	4,1	4,0
Illness/disability	1 686	1 653	1 717	1 685	1 630	-54	-56	-3,2	-3,3
Too old/young to work	1 289	1 311	1 309	1 320	1 369	48	79	3,7	6,2
Discouraged work-seekers	2 434	2 226	2 279	2 434	2 526	92	92	3,8	3,8
Other	740	778	805	850	753	-97	13	-11,4	1,8
Inactivity rate by age (both sexes)	41,9	41,2	41,5	41,3	42,1	0,8	0,2		
15–24 yrs	73,8	73,2	74,2	73,2	74,2	1,0	0,4		
25–54 yrs	24,8	24,1	24,2	24,2	25,2	1,0	0,4		
55–64 yrs	56,8	55,7	56,2	56,8	56,9	0,1	0,1		
Inactivity rate by age (women)	48,2	47,6	48,0	47,6	48,6	1,0	0,4		
15–24 yrs	76,7	76,3	76,7	76,0	77,1	1,1	0,4		
25–54 yrs	32,5	31,7	32,2	31,7	33,0	1,3	0,5		
55–64 yrs	64,3	64,3	63,9	65,4	64,8	-0,6	0,5		
Inactivity rate by age (men)	35,4	34,5	34,9	34,8	35,5	0,7	0,1		
15–24 yrs	70,9	70,0	71,8	70,4	71,4	1,0	0,5		
25–54 yrs	16,9	16,4	16,1	16,6	17,2	0,6	0,3		
55–64 yrs	47,6	45,3	46,8	46,4	47,4	1,0	-0,2		

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Sociodemographic characteristics – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Age group of the employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
15–24 yrs	1 350	1 383	1 317	1 256	1 229	-27	-121	-2,2	-9,0
25–34 yrs	4 936	4 969	5 054	4 939	4 824	-115	-112	-2,3	-2,3
35–44 yrs	4 874	4 897	4 935	4 868	4 815	-53	-59	-1,1	-1,2
45–54 yrs	3 115	3 186	3 287	3 220	3 279	59	164	1,8	5,3
55–64 yrs	1 382	1 393	1 424	1 391	1 398	7	16	0,5	1,2
Age group of the unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
15–24 yrs	1 346	1 379	1 337	1 506	1 428	-78	82	-5,2	6,1
25–34 yrs	2 109	2 158	2 075	2 242	2 208	-34	99	-1,5	4,7
35–44 yrs	1 144	1 202	1 159	1 238	1 308	71	164	5,7	14,3
45–54 yrs	512	522	497	591	541	-50	30	-8,4	5,8
55–64 yrs	120	157	125	147	148	1	28	0,9	23,8
Age group of the not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
15–24 yrs	7 593	7 533	7 646	7 543	7 653	109	60	1,5	0,8
25–34 yrs	2 421	2 379	2 416	2 405	2 594	189	173	7,9	7,2
35–44 yrs	1 578	1 543	1 592	1 627	1 654	27	77	1,7	4,9
45–54 yrs	1 506	1 460	1 423	1 436	1 467	31	-39	2,2	-2,6
55–64 yrs	1 971	1 951	1 983	2 023	2 044	22	74	1,1	3,7
Highest level of education of the employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
No schooling	390	384	386	341	337	-4	-52	-1,3	-13,5
Less than primary completed	1 189	1 226	1 139	1 121	1 150	28	-40	2,5	-3,3
Primary completed	649	700	643	652	655	2	5	0,4	0,8
Secondary not completed	5 213	5 197	5 359	5 196	5 161	-36	-52	-0,7	-1,0
Secondary completed	4 889	4 933	5 140	5 071	4 994	-77	104	-1,5	2,1
Tertiary	3 131	3 202	3 162	3 122	3 063	-59	-68	-1,9	-2,2
Other	196	186	190	170	186	16	-10	9,4	-5,0

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Sociodemographic characteristics – South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Highest level of education of the unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
No schooling	80	90	65	83	74	-9	-6	-11,2	-8,1
Less than primary completed	333	310	343	363	352	-10	20	-2,8	5,9
Primary completed	227	240	215	250	213	-37	-15	-14,9	-6,4
Secondary not completed	2 476	2 506	2 369	2 619	2 648	30	173	1,1	7,0
Secondary completed	1 679	1 842	1 764	1 933	1 871	-61	192	-3,2	11,4
Tertiary	405	408	405	435	426	-8	22	-1,9	5,3
Other	31	22	32	42	49	7	19	16,8	60,3
Highest level of education of the not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
No schooling	706	695	699	675	696	21	-10	3,1	-1,5
Less than primary completed	1 698	1 730	1 757	1 640	1 662	21	-37	1,3	-2,2
Primary completed	938	982	995	902	950	48	12	5,3	1,2
Secondary not completed	8 048	7 976	8 190	7 974	8 230	256	182	3,2	2,3
Secondary completed	2 994	2 794	2 770	3 144	3 156	12	161	0,4	5,4
Tertiary	545	569	525	561	563	2	18	0,4	3,3
Other	138	122	124	137	156	19	18	13,6	13,1
Employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Attending educational institution	416	409	370	367	356	-11	-60	-2,9	-14,4
Not attending educational institution	15 241	15 419	15 648	15 308	15 189	-118	-52	-0,8	-0,3
Unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Attending educational institution	108	137	120	120	103	-18	-6	-14,7	-5,2
Not attending educational institution	5 122	5 281	5 073	5 603	5 531	-72	409	-1,3	8,0
Not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Attending educational institution	6 097	6 166	6 261	5 919	6 191	272	94	4,6	1,5
Not attending educational institution	8 971	8 701	8 800	9 114	9 221	107	250	1,2	2,8

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Sociodemographic characteristics – South Africa (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Employed and attending by type of educational institution	416	409	370	367	356	-11	-60	-2,9	-14,4
Ordinary school	30	47	31	31	27	-4	-2	-13,7	-8,4
Special school	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	136,5
Further education and training college (FET)	33	34	25	44	31	-13	-2	-29,9	-7,2
Other college	55	51	55	51	57	6	2	11,5	4,1
Higher education institution	279	264	243	230	228	-2	-51	-0,8	-18,1
Adult basic education and training centre (ABET Centre)	13	10	10	9	8	-1	-5	-7,8	-38,1
Literacy classes (e.g. KHA RI GUDE, SANLI)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Home-based education or home schooling	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-
Unemployed and attending by type of educational institution	108	137	120	120	103	-18	-6	-14,7	-5,2
Ordinary school	28	40	38	48	30	-17	2	-36,3	7,2
Special school	1	4	-	1	1	1	1	78,6	66,9
Further education and training college (FET)	16	35	25	20	22	2	6	11,2	34,6
Other college	15	14	20	20	16	-4	1	-22,1	6,1
Higher education institution	36	39	26	24	25	2	-11	6,7	-31,0
Adult basic education and training centre (ABET CENTRE)	8	6	7	7	7	0	-1	-3,8	-13,2
Literacy classes (e.g. KHA RI GUDE, SANLI)	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Home based education or home schooling	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not economically active and attending by type of educational institution	6 097	6 166	6 261	5 919	6 191	272	94	4,6	1,5
Ordinary school	4 752	4 863	5 050	4 564	4 775	211	23	4,6	0,5
Special school	45	45	35	49	44	-5	-1	-10,5	-2,8
Further education and training college (FET)	454	440	390	432	423	-9	-31	-2,0	-6,8
Other college	227	167	166	206	235	29	8	14,0	3,4
Higher education institution	550	590	570	636	656	21	107	3,3	19,4
Adult basic education and training centre (ABET Centre)	29	36	26	31	52	21	23	67,4	78,6
Literacy classes (e.g. KHA RI GUDE, SANLI)	1	0	3	-	1	-	0	-	-28,7
Home-based education or home schooling	2	5	2	0	2	2	0	624,5	-3,8

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.
Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 6: Sociodemographic characteristics – South Africa (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Current marital status of the employed	15 657	15 828	16 018	15 675	15 545	-129	-112	-0,8	-0,7
Married	6 273	6 283	6 306	6 185	6 111	-74	-162	-1,2	-2,6
Living together like husband and wife	1 829	1 883	1 978	1 922	1 972	50	143	2,6	7,8
Widow/widower	475	449	459	459	463	4	-12	0,8	-2,6
Divorced or separated	516	506	513	485	475	-10	-40	-2,0	-7,8
Never married	6 564	6 708	6 762	6 623	6 524	-99	-39	-1,5	-0,6
Current marital status of the unemployed	5 230	5 418	5 193	5 723	5 634	-90	403	-1,6	7,7
Married	922	962	899	945	878	-67	-45	-7,1	-4,9
Living together like husband and wife	594	638	578	642	682	40	89	6,3	15,0
Widow/widower	53	70	58	82	85	3	32	4,1	60,6
Divorced or separated	95	88	100	109	99	-10	3	-9,1	3,5
Never married	3 565	3 659	3 557	3 945	3 889	-56	324	-1,4	9,1
Current marital status of the not economically active	15 068	14 867	15 061	15 033	15 412	379	344	2,5	2,3
Married	2 911	2 779	2 750	2 815	2 846	32	-65	1,1	-2,2
Living together like husband and wife	797	795	794	791	854	64	58	8,0	7,2
Widow/widower	608	625	629	605	599	-6	-9	-1,0	-1,5
Divorced or separated	232	243	265	263	279	16	47	6,0	20,2
Never married	10 519	10 426	10 624	10 559	10 833	274	314	2,6	3,0

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 7: Profile of those not in education and not in employment – South Africa									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Both sexes	14 093	13 981	13 873	14 717	14 752	35	659	0,2	4,7
Women	8 243	8 201	8 186	8 569	8 587	18	344	0,2	4,2
Men	5 850	5 780	5 687	6 148	6 165	17	315	0,3	5,4
Age group	14 093	13 981	13 873	14 717	14 752	35	659	0,2	4,7
15–24 yrs	3 136	3 044	2 997	3 398	3 217	-180	82	-5,3	2,6
25–34 yrs	4 200	4 175	4 157	4 317	4 427	110	227	2,6	5,4
35–44 yrs	2 671	2 695	2 698	2 821	2 913	92	242	3,3	9,0
45–54 yrs	2 002	1 966	1 914	2 015	2 002	-13	0	-0,7	0,0
55–64 yrs	2 084	2 102	2 106	2 166	2 192	26	108	1,2	5,2
Population groups	14 093	13 981	13 873	14 717	14 752	35	659	0,2	4,7
Black African	11 673	11 681	11 616	12 353	12 379	26	706	0,2	6,0
Coloured	1 309	1 275	1 239	1 298	1 343	45	33	3,4	2,5
Indian/Asian	361	347	336	360	344	-16	-18	-4,6	-4,9
White	749	679	682	706	686	-19	-63	-2,7	-8,4
South Africa	14 093	13 981	13 873	14 717	14 752	35	659	0,2	4,7
Western Cape	1 468	1 407	1 368	1 455	1 528	73	60	5,0	4,1
Eastern Cape	1 852	1 848	1 846	1 955	1 913	-41	61	-2,1	3,3
Northern Cape	360	359	336	342	361	18	1	5,4	0,3
Free State	777	766	735	782	763	-18	-14	-2,3	-1,8
KwaZulu-Natal	2 808	2 775	2 781	2 951	2 900	-51	92	-1,7	3,3
North West	1 076	1 102	1 085	1 147	1 169	22	93	1,9	8,6
Gauteng	3 296	3 290	3 235	3 513	3 497	-16	201	-0,5	6,1
Mpumalanga	1 069	1 068	1 075	1 135	1 135	0	66	0,0	6,2
Limpopo	1 387	1 366	1 412	1 438	1 486	48	99	3,3	7,1

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
South Africa									
Subsistence farming	1 533	1 397	1 604	1 647	1 637	-10	103	-0,6	6,7
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	4 614	4 663	4 710	4 552	4 822	270	208	5,9	4,5
Produce other goods for household use	142	174	124	106	107	1	-35	0,8	-24,7
Construction or major repairs to own or household	260	317	369	659	485	-174	225	-26,4	86,5
Hunting or fishing for household use	37	34	25	31	40	9	3	30,2	8,6
Involvement in at least one activity	5 592	5 558	5 976	5 975	6 057	83	465	1,4	8,3
Employed	1 561	1 530	1 707	1 756	1 659	-97	98	-5,5	6,3
Unemployed	736	751	765	864	847	-18	111	-2,0	15,0
Not economically active	3 295	3 277	3 505	3 354	3 551	198	257	5,9	7,8
Western Cape									
Subsistence farming	23	10	14	10	5	-5	-18	-48,3	-77,0
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	34	32	22	29	20	-8	-13	-28,3	-39,6
Produce other goods for household use	1	1			1		0		12,5
Construction or major repairs to own or household	4	2	1	1					
Hunting or fishing for household use			3	1					
Involvement in at least one activity	62	43	36	39	27	-13	-36	-32,5	-57,2
Employed	36	20	24	23	12	-10	-24	-45,6	-66,3
Unemployed	6	3	7	6	7	1	1	24,1	17,4
Not economically active	20	19	5	11	7	-4	-12	-34,6	-62,8
Eastern Cape									
Subsistence farming	487	479	413	424	363	-60	-124	-14,2	-25,4
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	1 145	1 149	1 153	989	1 136	148	-9	14,9	-0,8
Produce other goods for household use	7	21	10	5	8	3	0	54,9	6,1
Construction or major repairs to own or household	104	88	17	77	89	11	-15	14,9	-14,9
Hunting or fishing for household use	7	7	3	1	4	3	-3	281,7	-39,6
Involvement in at least one activity	1 413	1 410	1 432	1 270	1 348	78	-65	6,2	-4,6
Employed	314	328	365	303	298	-5	-17	-1,7	-5,3
Unemployed	166	175	173	135	148	13	-18	9,7	-10,8
Not economically active	933	907	893	833	903	70	-30	8,4	-3,2

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Northern Cape									
Subsistence farming	15	17	18	15	28	13	13	85,1	87,4
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	76	87	91	97	112	14	35	14,8	46,5
Produce other goods for household use	1	1	2	4	4	0	3	-5,3	410,0
Construction or major repairs to own or household	1		1	1	3	2	3	263,5	553,3
Hunting or fishing for household use	1	1	1	2	1	-1	0	-42,5	49,2
Involvement in at least one activity	88	100	106	110	128	18	40	16,2	44,8
Employed	20	32	29	23	28	4	8	18,6	38,5
Unemployed	32	28	31	32	34	2	2	7,3	6,1
Not economically active	36	40	46	55	66	11	30	20,3	82,4
Free State									
Subsistence farming	73	35	96	92	137	45	64	49,1	88,1
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	27	50	31	64	85	21	58	33,2	211,8
Produce other goods for household use	1		2	4	1	-3	0	-77,9	-34,0
Construction or major repairs to own or household	2	1		2	1	-1	-1	-51,9	-65,3
Hunting or fishing for household use	4	1	3	3	3	0	0	6,2	-11,0
Involvement in at least one activity	100	83	124	139	199	60	99	43,5	98,7
Employed	41	39	56	62	79	17	39	28,3	95,4
Unemployed	18	13	18	23	30	6	12	27,8	67,2
Not economically active	42	31	50	54	91	37	48	67,7	115,2
KwaZulu-Natal									
Subsistence farming	477	498	657	714	738	24	261	3,3	54,6
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	1 318	1 283	1 373	1 322	1 316	-6	-1	-0,4	-0,1
Produce other goods for household use	83	111	77	68	71	3	-12	4,7	-14,1
Construction or major repairs to own or household	92	120	103	87	80	-6	-12	-7,1	-12,9
Hunting or fishing for household use	17	17	7	11	18	7	1	70,2	3,9
Involvement in at least one activity	1 586	1 585	1 801	1 700	1 756	56	170	3,3	10,7
Employed	422	395	459	461	470	9	48	2,0	11,4
Unemployed	180	182	165	197	178	-19	-2	-9,6	-1,2
Not economically active	984	1 008	1 177	1 043	1 108	65	124	6,3	12,6

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province (continued)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on-year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
North West									
Subsistence farming	37	26	25	33	41	9	5	26,4	13,4
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	399	421	432	448	433	-15	34	-3,4	8,5
Produce other goods for household use	6	8	3	4	2	-1	-3	-37,3	-55,4
Construction or major repairs to own or household	1	1	15	9	17	7	15	76,0	1032,9
Hunting or fishing for household use					1				
Involvement in at least one activity	430	442	457	480	471	-9	41	-1,9	9,6
Employed	125	112	116	115	131	16	6	13,9	5,1
Unemployed	79	85	78	97	59	-38	-19	-38,8	-24,7
Not economically active	226	245	263	269	281	12	55	4,6	24,1
Gauteng									
Subsistence farming	101	42	44	24	25	2	-76	7,2	-75,0
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	172	157	161	141	120	-21	-52	-15,0	-30,1
Produce other goods for household use	13	4	5	2	4	2	-9	80,2	-66,5
Construction or major repairs to own or household	18	61	188	423	235	-188	217	-44,5	1181,9
Hunting or fishing for household use	3	4	4	7	5	-2	2	-22,6	59,4
Involvement in at least one activity	279	250	390	587	353	-234	74	-39,9	26,5
Employed	152	148	212	322	167	-155	15	-48,1	9,9
Unemployed	71	74	111	166	141	-25	70	-14,9	97,7
Not economically active	55	28	67	99	44	-54	-11	-55,1	-19,7
Mpumalanga									
Subsistence farming	109	103	142	149	118	-31	9	-20,8	8,2
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	443	448	423	430	571	140	128	32,6	28,8
Produce other goods for household use	30	24	24	19	15	-4	-15	-21,3	-49,9
Construction or major repairs to own or household	11	14	18	24	20	-4	9	-15,4	79,0
Hunting or fishing for household use	2	1	2	4					
Involvement in at least one activity	526	512	517	532	646	113	120	21,3	22,7
Employed	157	151	147	133	173	40	16	29,9	10,5
Unemployed	89	86	81	113	122	9	33	8,1	37,6
Not economically active	281	275	289	286	351	64	70	22,5	24,9

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Table 8: Involvement in non-market activities and labour market status by province (concluded)									
	Apr-Jun 2015	Jul-Sep 2015	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Apr-Jun 2016	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change	Qtr-to-Qtr change	Year-on- year change
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Per cent	Per cent
Limpopo									
Subsistence farming	212	186	195	186	181	-6	-31	-3,0	-14,6
Fetching water or collecting wood/dung	1 001	1 036	1 024	1 032	1 029	-4	28	-0,4	2,8
Produce other goods for household use	1	3	2		1		0		-10,3
Construction or major repairs to own or household	25	31	26	35	40	5	15	13,4	57,4
Hunting or fishing for household use	3	3	4	1	7	6	4	425,2	126,9
Involvement in at least one activity	1 107	1 133	1 113	1 116	1 129	13	22	1,2	2,0
Employed	294	304	298	315	300	-14	6	-4,5	2,1
Unemployed	96	106	99	97	128	31	32	32,1	33,5
Not economically active	717	723	715	705	701	-4	-17	-0,6	-2,3

For all values of 10 000 or lower, the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Due to rounding, numbers do not necessarily add up to totals.

Appendix 2

Table 2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	-219	-404	-33	0,02
Employed	0,6	0,6	-129	-303	45	0,15
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	0,9	0,9	-66	-244	112	0,47
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	2,3	2,3	-58	-170	54	0,31
Agriculture	4,6	5,4	-44	-113	25	0,21
Private households	2,8	2,7	39	-23	101	0,22
Unemployed	1,6	1,7	-90	-261	81	0,30
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	379	194	564	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	3,4	3,4	92	-58	242	0,23
Other (not economically active)	0,7	0,8	287	110	463	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,5	-0,1	-0,9	0,6	0,68
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,6	0,6	-0,5	-1,0	-0,1	0,03
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,8	-1,4	-0,4	0,00
Women						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,7	0,8	-148	-285	-11	0,04
Employed	0,9	0,9	-86	-206	35	0,16
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	1,4	1,4	-58	-186	69	0,37
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	3,2	3,7	-6	-66	54	0,84
Agriculture	7,0	7,6	-36	-69	-3	0,03
Private households	2,8	2,8	14	-36	65	0,58
Unemployed	2,1	2,1	-62	-169	45	0,25
Not economically active	0,8	0,8	222	85	359	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	3,9	3,8	63	-32	158	0,19
Other (not economically active)	0,9	1,0	158	24	293	0,02
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,8	1,8	-0,2	-1,2	0,8	0,69
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,9	0,9	-0,7	-1,3	0,0	0,07
Labour force participation rate	0,7	0,8	-1,0	-1,8	-0,3	0,01

Table 2A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Men						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	-71	-180	38	0,20
Employed	0,8	0,8	-43	-170	83	0,50
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	1,0	1,1	-8	-131	116	0,90
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	2,8	2,7	-52	-145	40	0,27
Agriculture	5,8	6,5	-8	-64	48	0,78
Private households	6,6	6,2	25	-11	60	0,17
Unemployed	1,9	2,1	-28	-144	89	0,64
Not economically active	0,9	1,0	157	48	266	0,01
Discouraged work-seekers	4,2	4,1	29	-59	117	0,52
Other (not economically active)	1,0	1,0	128	34	222	0,01
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,8	2,0	-0,1	-1,0	0,9	0,85
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,8	0,8	-0,5	-1,2	0,2	0,19
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,7	-1,3	-0,1	0,02

Table 2.1A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	-219	-404	-33	0,02
Employed	0,6	0,6	-129	-303	45	0,15
Unemployed	1,6	1,7	-90	-261	81	0,30
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	379	194	564	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,5	-0,1	-0,9	0,6	0,68
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,6	0,6	-0,5	-1,0	-0,1	0,03
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,8	-1,4	-0,4	0,00
Black/African						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,6	0,6	-117	-281	47	0,16
Employed	0,8	0,8	-70	-226	86	0,38
Unemployed	1,7	1,9	-47	-210	116	0,57
Not economically active	0,8	0,7	272	108	435	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,5	1,6	-0,0	-0,9	0,8	0,87
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,8	0,8	-0,5	-1,0	0,1	0,10
Labour force participation rate	0,6	0,6	-0,7	-1,3	-0,1	0,01
Coloured						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,2	1,6	-72	-126	-17	0,01
Employed	1,7	1,9	-46	-95	3	0,06
Unemployed	4,7	3,8	-26	-73	21	0,28
Not economically active	2,1	2,7	82	27	137	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,4	3,4	-0,4	-2,3	1,5	0,67
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,7	1,9	-1,5	-3,0	-0,1	0,04
Labour force participation rate	1,2	1,6	-2,3	-4,0	-0,7	0,01

Table 2.1A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Indian/Asian						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,7	3,4	3	-19	25	0,80
Employed	2,8	2,5	6	-15	27	0,58
Unemployed	11,4	18,1	-3	-20	14	0,72
Not economically active	3,7	4,7	0	-22	22	1,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	10,6	15,6	-0,6	-3,5	2,3	0,68
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,8	2,5	0,4	-1,7	2,6	0,68
Labour force participation rate	2,7	3,4	0,1	-2,1	2,4	0,92
White						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,2	1,8	-33	-92	27	0,28
Employed	1,3	1,9	-19	-82	44	0,55
Unemployed	10,8	12,6	-14	-50	22	0,45
Not economically active	2,6	3,7	25	-34	85	0,40
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	10,5	12,2	-0,6	-2,3	1,2	0,52
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,3	1,9	-0,5	-2,5	1,6	0,66
Labour force participation rate	1,2	1,8	-0,9	-2,9	1,0	0,36

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	-219	-404	-33	0,02
Employed	0,6	0,6	-129	-303	45	0,15
Unemployed	1,6	1,7	-90	-261	81	0,30
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	379	194	564	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	3,4	3,4	92	-58	242	0,23
Other (not economically active)	0,7	0,8	287	110	463	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,5	-0,1	-0,9	0,6	0,68
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,6	0,6	-0,5	-1,0	-0,1	0,03
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,8	-1,4	-0,4	0,00
Western Cape						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,0	1,3	-65	-127	-4	0,04
Employed	1,6	1,7	-90	-145	-34	0,00
Unemployed	4,6	3,6	24	-31	79	0,39
Not economically active	2,3	2,6	89	28	151	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	20,1	21,0	10	-8	28	0,29
Other (not economically active)	2,1	2,6	80	18	141	0,01
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,5	3,5	1,3	-0,4	3,0	0,12
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,6	1,7	-2,4	-3,6	-1,1	0,00
Labour force participation rate	1,0	1,3	-1,9	-3,3	-0,5	0,01

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Western Cape – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,5	1,5	-49	-76	-23	0,00
Employed	2,1	1,7	-41	-84	3	0,07
Unemployed	9,2	6,1	-9	-48	30	0,67
Not economically active	3,1	2,6	59	33	86	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	21,5	24,3	6	-11	23	0,47
Other (not economically active)	2,6	1,7	53	29	78	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	8,5	5,4	0,2	-3,5	3,8	0,93
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,1	1,7	-2,9	-5,7	-0,2	0,04
Labour force participation rate	1,5	1,5	-3,5	-5,2	-1,9	0,00
Western Cape – City of Cape Town						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,4	1,8	-16	-73	41	0,58
Employed	2,2	2,4	-49	-85	-12	0,01
Unemployed	5,1	4,5	33	-7	72	0,11
Not economically active	3,3	3,9	30	-26	87	0,30
Discouraged work-seekers	51,5	28,7	3	-3	10	0,28
Other (not economically active)	3,2	4,0	27	-31	85	0,36
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,1	4,5	1,9	0,3	3,5	0,02
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,2	2,4	-2,0	-3,3	-0,7	0,00
Labour force participation rate	1,4	1,8	-0,9	-3,0	1,1	0,37

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,3	1,7	-22	-97	52	0,56
Employed	3,2	2,2	-16	-85	53	0,64
Unemployed	5,0	3,7	-6	-64	53	0,84
Not economically active	2,0	1,4	32	-43	106	0,40
Discouraged work-seekers	7,3	7,1	-35	-106	37	0,34
Other (not economically active)	2,0	2,1	66	3	130	0,04
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,9	3,3	0,0	-2,7	2,7	0,99
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,2	2,2	-0,5	-2,1	1,2	0,58
Labour force participation rate	2,3	1,7	-0,6	-2,5	1,2	0,48
Eastern Cape – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	3,8	2,6	-4	-69	62	0,91
Employed	5,1	3,1	7	-59	72	0,84
Unemployed	8,7	5,5	-10	-64	43	0,70
Not economically active	2,4	1,6	11	-55	76	0,75
Discouraged work-seekers	7,6	7,2	-14	-85	56	0,69
Other (not economically active)	2,4	2,6	25	-28	77	0,35
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	8,2	4,8	-0,8	-5,4	3,7	0,71
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	5,1	3,1	0,2	-2,1	2,5	0,89
Labour force participation rate	3,8	2,6	-0,2	-2,5	2,1	0,85

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,6	2,1	22	5	39	0,01
Employed	5,6	3,6	-2	-13	9	0,73
Unemployed	7,3	10,6	24	11	37	0,00
Not economically active	4,1	3,9	-21	-38	-4	0,02
Discouraged work-seekers	20,9	36,1	-26	-39	-13	0,00
Other (not economically active)	2,3	4,4	5	-11	21	0,54
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	9,6	9,5	5,7	2,7	8,6	0,00
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	5,6	3,6	-0,5	-2,7	1,8	0,69
Labour force participation rate	2,6	2,1	4,3	0,9	7,7	0,01
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,4	2,8	-41	-73	-8	0,01
Employed	3,7	4,1	-21	-40	-3	0,03
Unemployed	3,0	4,2	-19	-38	-1	0,04
Not economically active	4,6	4,3	42	10	75	0,01
Discouraged work-seekers	.	45,2	6	1	10	0,03
Other (not economically active)	4,6	4,2	37	3	70	0,03
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,6	4,5	-1,3	-3,5	1,0	0,28
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,7	4,1	-2,8	-5,1	-0,4	0,02
Labour force participation rate	2,4	2,8	-5,2	-9,4	-1,2	0,01

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Northern Cape						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	3,4	4,1	-17	-41	8	0,18
Employed	3,7	4,5	-10	-37	17	0,47
Unemployed	10,0	6,9	-7	-22	8	0,39
Not economically active	4,4	4,7	19	-6	44	0,13
Discouraged work-seekers	11,4	15,1	14	2	27	0,03
Other (not economically active)	3,6	4,9	5	-19	28	0,71
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	8,2	5,5	-0,4	-4,1	3,2	0,80
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,7	4,5	-1,5	-5,0	2,1	0,43
Labour force participation rate	3,4	4,1	-2,4	-5,5	0,9	0,15
Free State						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,1	2,2	-20	-56	17	0,30
Employed	3,2	3,4	7	-31	45	0,72
Unemployed	4,6	6,2	-26	-73	20	0,26
Not economically active	3,7	3,6	23	-14	60	0,22
Discouraged work-seekers	12,1	10,6	14	-2	31	0,08
Other (not economically active)	3,7	3,8	9	-24	41	0,60
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,3	5,8	-1,7	-5,1	1,7	0,33
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,2	3,4	0,3	-1,7	2,3	0,78
Labour force participation rate	2,1	2,2	-1,1	-3,1	0,8	0,25

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Free State – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,6	2,6	-21	-49	7	0,14
Employed	3,6	3,9	8	-30	45	0,69
Unemployed	5,9	7,2	-29	-68	11	0,16
Not economically active	4,4	4,1	22	-5	50	0,12
Discouraged work-seekers	17,9	9,7	13	1	24	0,04
Other (not economically active)	4,4	4,7	9	-18	36	0,49
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,9	6,4	-2,5	-6,9	1,8	0,25
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,6	3,9	0,5	-2,2	3,3	0,71
Labour force participation rate	2,6	2,6	-1,6	-3,6	0,4	0,12
Free State – Mangaung						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	3,4	4,0	1	-23	25	0,91
Employed	6,5	7,1	-1	-9	7	0,86
Unemployed	5,6	11,9	2	-22	26	0,86
Not economically active	6,8	7,9	1	-23	25	0,94
Discouraged work-seekers	9,3	26,5	2	-10	13	0,78
Other (not economically active)	7,0	5,5	-1	-18	17	0,93
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	8,3	12,3	0,6	-4,5	5,5	0,84
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	6,5	7,1	-0,3	-1,8	1,2	0,65
Labour force participation rate	3,4	4,0	0,0	-4,6	4,5	1,00

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
KwaZulu-Natal						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,8	1,5	-67	-156	21	0,14
Employed	1,7	1,6	-36	-105	32	0,30
Unemployed	6,7	5,0	-31	-100	38	0,37
Not economically active	1,6	1,3	92	4	181	0,04
Discouraged work-seekers	7,5	6,7	16	-73	104	0,73
Other (not economically active)	1,9	1,9	77	-17	170	0,11
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,7	4,4	-0,5	-2,3	1,3	0,59
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,7	1,6	-0,7	-1,7	0,3	0,19
Labour force participation rate	1,8	1,5	-1,2	-2,5	0,1	0,08
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,5	2,3	-110	-185	-36	0,00
Employed	2,7	2,8	-60	-121	0	0,05
Unemployed	8,2	6,5	-50	-110	10	0,10
Not economically active	1,9	1,6	129	55	204	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	8,9	7,9	21	-58	100	0,60
Other (not economically active)	2,4	2,2	108	24	192	0,01
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	7,0	5,9	-1,1	-3,9	1,5	0,39
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,7	2,8	-1,5	-2,9	-0,1	0,03
Labour force participation rate	2,5	2,3	-2,7	-4,4	-1,0	0,00

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,5	1,8	43	-5	90	0,08
Employed	1,8	1,2	24	-6	54	0,12
Unemployed	11,8	8,1	19	-14	52	0,26
Not economically active	3,3	2,6	-37	-85	10	0,13
Discouraged work-seekers	11,8	10,6	-5	-45	35	0,80
Other (not economically active)	3,2	4,0	-32	-72	8	0,12
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	9,9	6,6	0,8	-1,2	2,8	0,44
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,8	1,2	0,8	-0,4	2,2	0,17
Labour force participation rate	2,5	1,8	1,7	-0,3	3,7	0,10
North West						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,5	3,6	-26	-89	37	0,42
Employed	1,8	2,7	-9	-58	39	0,70
Unemployed	7,7	11,8	-16	-65	32	0,51
Not economically active	2,7	3,7	37	-26	100	0,25
Discouraged work-seekers	12,2	11,8	8	-31	47	0,69
Other (not economically active)	3,1	3,7	29	-36	94	0,37
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,7	9,0	-0,8	-3,9	2,4	0,65
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,8	2,7	-0,5	-2,5	1,4	0,58
Labour force participation rate	2,5	3,6	-1,3	-3,8	1,3	0,32

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,7	0,9	-3	-100	94	0,95
Employed	1,2	1,3	46	-63	155	0,41
Unemployed	2,2	2,9	-49	-154	55	0,35
Not economically active	1,8	2,2	59	-38	156	0,23
Discouraged work-seekers	11,4	10,8	77	23	131	0,01
Other (not economically active)	1,9	2,1	-18	-100	65	0,68
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,1	2,7	-0,7	-2,1	0,7	0,32
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,2	1,3	0,2	-0,9	1,3	0,75
Labour force participation rate	0,7	0,9	-0,4	-1,5	0,6	0,38
Gauteng – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,7	2,1	-5	-51	41	0,83
Employed	4,7	3,0	-7	-50	35	0,73
Unemployed	10,0	9,2	2	-22	27	0,85
Not economically active	5,1	3,8	10	-37	56	0,69
Discouraged work-seekers	23,2	10,4	16	-5	38	0,14
Other (not economically active)	4,5	3,8	-7	-47	34	0,75
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	9,3	8,0	0,5	-2,2	3,1	0,73
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	4,7	3,0	-0,7	-4,0	2,5	0,66
Labour force participation rate	2,7	2,1	-0,6	-4,1	2,9	0,73

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,1	1,9	28	-28	84	0,33
Employed	2,9	4,0	16	-69	101	0,71
Unemployed	5,5	6,4	11	-70	93	0,78
Not economically active	2,7	4,9	-16	-72	41	0,58
Discouraged work-seekers	20,6	27,0	23	-6	52	0,11
Other (not economically active)	3,3	4,5	-39	-87	9	0,11
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,3	6,3	0,1	-4,3	4,5	0,96
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,9	4,0	0,5	-3,0	3,9	0,81
Labour force participation rate	1,1	1,9	0,7	-1,5	3,1	0,50
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,9	1,5	-5	-65	54	0,86
Employed	1,4	1,5	37	2	73	0,04
Unemployed	2,3	3,7	-43	-100	15	0,14
Not economically active	3,0	4,9	30	-30	89	0,33
Discouraged work-seekers	23,2	29,8	24	-7	54	0,13
Other (not economically active)	2,8	4,8	6	-42	54	0,80
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,3	2,8	-1,5	-3,1	0,1	0,07
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,4	1,5	0,6	-0,3	1,7	0,19
Labour force participation rate	0,9	1,5	-0,7	-2,3	1,0	0,42

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng – City of Tshwane						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,7	1,6	-20	-54	13	0,24
Employed	2,3	2,7	0	-46	46	1,00
Unemployed	4,2	7,1	-20	-54	13	0,23
Not economically active	4,1	3,6	36	2	69	0,04
Discouraged work-seekers	19,9	19,8	14	-12	39	0,30
Other (not economically active)	4,9	3,4	22	-12	56	0,20
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,9	6,8	-0,9	-3,0	1,2	0,39
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,3	2,7	-0,3	-2,3	1,6	0,74
Labour force participation rate	1,7	1,6	-1,3	-2,7	0,1	0,07
Mpumalanga						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,5	1,9	-8	-58	42	0,76
Employed	2,2	3,3	10	-45	66	0,71
Unemployed	4,6	5,6	-18	-53	17	0,31
Not economically active	2,1	2,7	21	-29	71	0,41
Discouraged work-seekers	10,4	9,1	29	-9	66	0,13
Other (not economically active)	2,4	3,7	-8	-59	44	0,77
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,2	5,6	-1,0	-3,1	1,2	0,38
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,2	3,3	0,2	-1,8	2,2	0,86
Labour force participation rate	1,5	1,9	-0,6	-2,3	1,2	0,54

Table 2.3A: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Limpopo						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,2	2,8	9	-48	66	0,75
Employed	2,3	2,7	-31	-80	18	0,22
Unemployed	7,9	10,4	40	-12	92	0,13
Not economically active	1,9	2,4	6	-51	63	0,83
Discouraged work-seekers	7,1	9,9	-40	-98	17	0,17
Other (not economically active)	2,6	2,7	47	-21	114	0,17
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	6,9	8,7	2,3	-0,5	5,0	0,10
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,3	2,7	-1,0	-2,4	0,4	0,15
Labour force participation rate	2,2	2,8	0,1	-1,5	1,6	0,94

Table 3.1A: Sampling variability for the employed by industry and sex						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes	0,6	0,6	-129	-303	45	0,15
Agriculture	4,6	5,4	-44	-113	25	0,21
Mining	5,9	7,1	-24	-62	15	0,22
Manufacturing	2,7	2,9	67	-18	152	0,12
Utilities	12,1	11,8	1	-21	22	0,95
Construction	3,1	3,0	25	-55	106	0,54
Trade	1,8	1,9	-22	-141	98	0,72
Transport	3,6	4,3	-39	-95	17	0,17
Finance	2,0	2,3	-6	-106	93	0,90
Community and social services	1,7	1,7	-127	-239	-15	0,03
Private household	2,8	2,7	39	-23	101	0,22
Women	0,9	0,9	-86	-206	35	0,16
Agriculture	7,0	7,6	-36	-69	-3	0,03
Mining	16,5	14,0	-7	-28	14	0,49
Manufacturing	4,3	4,5	20	-23	64	0,36
Utilities	17,7	18,2	-8	-17	2	0,12
Construction	8,5	8,4	-15	-39	10	0,25
Trade	2,6	2,4	22	-53	97	0,57
Transport	8,7	8,0	-12	-44	20	0,47
Finance	3,2	3,0	-19	-74	35	0,49
Community and social services	2,0	2,0	-47	-127	33	0,25
Private household	2,8	2,8	14	-36	65	0,58
Men	0,8	0,8	-43	-170	83	0,50
Agriculture	5,8	6,5	-8	-64	48	0,78
Mining	5,9	7,0	-17	-53	20	0,38
Manufacturing	3,2	3,5	47	-20	113	0,17
Utilities	13,8	13,8	8	-11	28	0,41
Construction	3,3	3,2	40	-38	118	0,32
Trade	2,5	2,6	-44	-138	50	0,36
Transport	3,9	4,4	-27	-75	20	0,26
Finance	2,6	2,9	13	-64	90	0,74
Community and social services	2,5	2,8	-80	-142	-18	0,01
Private household	6,6	6,2	25	-11	60	0,17

Table 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa	0,6	0,6	-129	-303	45	0,15
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	0,9	0,9	-66	-244	112	0,47
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2,3	2,3	-58	-170	54	0,31
Agriculture	4,6	5,4	-44	-113	25	0,21
Private households	2,8	2,7	39	-23	101	0,22
Western Cape	1,6	1,7	-90	-145	-34	0,00
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,8	2,5	-30	-78	18	0,22
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,5	7,1	-23	-62	15	0,24
Agriculture	10,8	10,5	-42	-70	-14	0,00
Private households	8,3	8,8	5	-12	23	0,54
Western Cape – Non-metro	2,1	1,7	-41	-84	3	0,07
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6,4	5,2	-13	-47	21	0,45
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	17,7	13,7	1	-28	30	0,93
Agriculture	11,4	11,1	-38	-65	-10	0,01
Private households	12,9	12,8	8	-4	21	0,18
Western Cape – City of Cape Town	2,2	2,4	-49	-85	-12	0,01
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,9	2,9	-17	-50	16	0,32
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,5	8,4	-25	-49	-1	0,05
Agriculture	18,7	31,9	-4	-9	1	0,09
Private households	10,7	12,6	-3	-15	9	0,62
Eastern Cape	3,2	2,2	-16	-85	53	0,64
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,2	3,2	-5	-71	61	0,88
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	6,3	6,4	-11	-45	22	0,51
Agriculture	12,9	14,5	5	-16	26	0,65
Private households	7,9	8,5	-5	-25	16	0,64
Eastern Cape – Non-metro	5,1	3,1	7	-59	72	0,84
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	7,7	5,6	25	-36	86	0,42
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,6	7,4	-23	-53	7	0,14
Agriculture	13,6	15,8	2	-18	21	0,88
Private households	13,3	12,2	3	-9	14	0,66

Table 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City	5,6	3,6	-2	-13	9	0,73
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6,9	4,0	-1	-15	13	0,87
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	12,6	18,4	0	-7	6	0,90
Agriculture	59,4	56,9	4	-4	11	0,33
Private households	17,6	7,6	-4	-13	5	0,36
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay	3,7	4,1	-21	-40	-3	0,03
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,8	3,7	-29	-50	-8	0,01
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	11,4	17,0	12	-2	26	0,11
Agriculture	57,6	36,1	0	-3	3	0,90
Private households	7,4	17,3	-3	-18	11	0,64
Northern Cape	3,7	4,5	-10	-37	17	0,47
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,6	6,7	-18	-42	5	0,13
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	18,3	17,7	2	-9	13	0,72
Agriculture	30,8	14,9	2	-13	17	0,76
Private households	14,0	15,3	4	-1	10	0,15
Free State	3,2	3,4	7	-31	45	0,72
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	5,0	5,1	23	-13	60	0,21
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	9,3	11,3	-12	-44	20	0,46
Agriculture	12,2	19,7	-6	-36	24	0,70
Private households	11,8	11,2	1	-18	21	0,89
Free State – Non-metro	3,6	3,9	8	-30	45	0,69
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6,0	5,5	20	-7	48	0,15
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	11,5	12,7	-12	-32	7	0,22
Agriculture	12,4	19,9	-3	-33	26	0,83
Private households	11,8	14,5	3	-11	16	0,68
Free State – Mangaung	6,5	7,1	-1	-9	7	0,86
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	8,9	10,4	3	-22	28	0,81
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	15,5	23,1	0	-25	25	0,98
Agriculture	66,9	97,3	-3	-6	1	0,11
Private households	29,0	12,7	-2	-16	13	0,83

Table 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (continued)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
KwaZulu-Natal	1,7	1,6	-36	-105	32	0,30
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,3	2,4	-10	-71	50	0,74
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	6,7	6,3	-35	-85	14	0,16
Agriculture	8,9	9,0	-9	-28	10	0,37
Private households	6,6	5,6	18	-10	46	0,21
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro	2,7	2,8	-60	-121	0	0,05
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,9	4,1	-27	-79	24	0,30
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,0	8,4	-38	-80	5	0,08
Agriculture	8,9	9,2	-2	-19	15	0,83
Private households	8,1	8,0	7	-15	28	0,56
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni	1,8	1,2	24	-6	54	0,12
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,4	2,3	17	-13	46	0,27
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	12,4	8,6	3	-23	29	0,84
Agriculture	40,1	37,1	-7	-16	2	0,11
Private households	10,7	7,7	12	-6	29	0,20
North West	1,8	2,7	-9	-58	39	0,70
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,5	3,3	-2	-46	43	0,95
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,5	6,9	8	-9	25	0,37
Agriculture	19,1	20,0	-17	-25	-10	0,00
Private households	10,7	11,1	1	-17	20	0,88
Gauteng	1,2	1,3	46	-63	155	0,41
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1,5	1,6	-6	-128	117	0,93
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	4,1	4,5	36	-27	100	0,26
Agriculture	20,8	31,1	7	-9	23	0,39
Private households	5,3	4,7	9	-26	43	0,62
Gauteng – Non-metro	4,7	3,0	-7	-50	35	0,73
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6,5	4,8	-13	-60	34	0,59
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	13,9	17,4	-3	-26	20	0,79
Agriculture	42,2	64,1	6	-8	19	0,42
Private households	17,5	19,0	3	-6	12	0,54

Table 3.4A: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (concluded)						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni	2,9	4,0	16	-69	101	0,71
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,3	5,0	-46	-127	36	0,27
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	11,2	8,2	50	26	74	0,00
Agriculture	47,9	43,8	2	-4	7	0,54
Private households	12,6	6,9	10	-9	29	0,30
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg	1,4	1,5	37	2	73	0,04
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1,8	2,4	82	17	147	0,01
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	4,8	5,8	-37	-75	2	0,06
Agriculture	40,3	58,6	-1	-7	5	0,65
Private households	7,0	8,1	-7	-27	13	0,51
Gauteng – City of Tshwane	2,3	2,7	0	-46	46	1,00
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,7	2,6	-29	-83	24	0,28
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,7	10,8	26	-12	64	0,18
Agriculture	19,4	28,1	1	-2	4	0,47
Private households	11,5	7,4	3	-16	21	0,78
Mpumalanga	2,2	3,3	10	-45	66	0,71
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,3	4,8	3	-39	45	0,88
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	4,7	8,3	-9	-46	27	0,61
Agriculture	11,0	22,9	11	-28	50	0,59
Private households	7,3	8,1	6	-7	19	0,38
Limpopo	2,3	2,7	-31	-80	18	0,22
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,7	4,8	-22	-80	36	0,46
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	6,5	4,5	-13	-43	17	0,38
Agriculture	12,0	14,4	5	-11	21	0,54
Private households	10,3	10,1	-1	-20	19	0,95

Table 3.5A: Sampling variability for the employed by sex and occupation						
	Jan-Mar 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes	0,6	0,6	-129	-303	45	0,15
Manager	2,8	3,3	-23	-95	49	0,53
Professional	3,7	4,0	-23	-88	43	0,50
Technician	2,8	3,0	56	-27	139	0,18
Clerk	2,6	2,7	4	-75	83	0,92
Sales and services	2,2	2,3	-93	-199	13	0,09
Skilled agriculture	11,1	12,6	-2	-19	16	0,85
Craft and related trade	2,4	2,3	-6	-95	84	0,90
Plant and machine operator	2,9	3,1	-70	-142	2	0,06
Elementary	1,8	1,8	3	-122	127	0,97
Domestic worker	2,8	2,9	24	-32	79	0,41
Women	0,9	0,9	-86	-206	35	0,16
Manager	5,5	5,8	-38	-80	4	0,08
Professional	5,0	5,4	-3	-48	42	0,90
Technician	3,6	3,6	-1	-54	52	0,96
Clerk	3,0	3,1	-2	-67	62	0,94
Sales and services	2,9	3,0	-23	-91	44	0,50
Skilled agriculture	22,5	26,9	-1	-10	7	0,76
Craft and related trade	7,3	6,9	-12	-44	21	0,47
Plant and machine operator	8,2	8,5	-7	-31	16	0,54
Elementary	2,6	2,6	-15	-86	56	0,68
Domestic worker	2,8	2,9	18	-35	70	0,51
Men	0,8	0,8	-43	-170	83	0,50
Manager	3,4	3,6	15	-47	77	0,63
Professional	5,1	5,0	-20	-62	22	0,36
Technician	4,1	4,4	57	-1	116	0,05
Clerk	4,5	4,8	7	-39	52	0,78
Sales and services	3,1	2,9	-69	-140	2	0,06
Skilled agriculture	12,8	14,0	0	-16	16	0,97
Craft and related trade	2,5	2,5	6	-77	90	0,88
Plant and machine operator	3,1	3,3	-63	-128	2	0,06
Elementary	2,3	2,4	18	-79	114	0,72
Domestic worker	14,6	16,2	6	-12	23	0,52

Table 2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	292	26	557	0,03
Employed	0,6	0,6	-112	-364	141	0,38
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	0,8	0,9	82	-174	338	0,53
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	2,1	2,3	-154	-303	-5	0,04
Agriculture	4,7	5,4	-44	-137	49	0,36
Private households	2,7	2,7	4	-88	96	0,93
Unemployed	1,5	1,7	403	175	631	0,00
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	344	79	610	0,01
Discouraged work-seekers	3,3	3,4	92	-108	291	0,37
Other (not economically active)	0,7	0,8	253	4	501	0,05
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,5	1,6	0,6	2,5	0,00
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,6	0,6	-1,0	-1,8	-0,4	0,00
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,2	-0,9	0,5	0,57
Women						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,7	0,8	86	-103	275	0,37
Employed	0,9	0,9	-104	-286	78	0,26
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	1,3	1,4	36	-133	205	0,67
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	3,0	3,7	-65	-160	29	0,17
Agriculture	5,3	7,6	-51	-89	-12	0,01
Private households	2,7	2,8	-25	-96	47	0,50
Unemployed	1,9	2,1	190	45	335	0,01
Not economically active	0,7	0,8	208	19	396	0,03
Discouraged work-seekers	3,4	3,8	1	-114	115	0,99
Other (not economically active)	0,8	1,0	207	29	385	0,02
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,8	1,8	1,8	0,4	3,1	0,01
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,9	0,9	-1,2	-2,2	-0,2	0,02
Labour force participation rate	0,7	0,8	-0,4	-1,4	0,7	0,50

Table 2B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by sex (concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Men						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	206	56	356	0,01
Employed	0,7	0,8	-7	-180	165	0,93
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	1,0	1,1	46	-135	227	0,62
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	2,6	2,7	-89	-199	21	0,11
Agriculture	5,8	6,5	7	-70	83	0,86
Private households	6,2	6,2	29	-21	79	0,26
Unemployed	1,9	2,1	213	69	358	0,00
Not economically active	1,0	1,0	137	-13	286	0,07
Discouraged work-seekers	4,2	4,1	91	-29	211	0,14
Other (not economically active)	1,1	1,0	45	-91	182	0,51
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,8	2,0	1,5	0,2	2,6	0,02
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,7	0,8	-1,0	-2,0	0,0	0,05
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,1	-0,9	0,8	0,84

Table 2.1B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	292	26	557	0,03
Employed	0,6	0,6	-112	-364	141	0,38
Unemployed	1,5	1,7	403	175	631	0,00
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	344	79	610	0,01
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,5	1,6	0,6	2,5	0,00
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,6	0,6	-1,0	-1,8	-0,4	0,00
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,2	-0,9	0,5	0,57
Black/African						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,6	0,6	339	101	576	0,01
Employed	0,7	0,8	-119	-335	97	0,28
Unemployed	1,6	1,9	458	244	671	0,00
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	276	38	513	0,02
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,6	2,2	1,1	3,3	0,00
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,7	0,8	-1,3	-2,0	-0,5	0,00
Labour force participation rate	0,6	0,6	0,0	-0,9	0,8	0,95
Coloured						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,7	1,6	-41	-101	19	0,18
Employed	1,7	1,9	-4	-77	68	0,91
Unemployed	4,5	3,8	-37	-96	23	0,23
Not economically active	1,3	2,7	82	22	142	0,01
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,5	3,4	-1,2	-4,0	1,4	0,35
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,7	1,9	-0,7	-2,9	1,4	0,51
Labour force participation rate	0,7	1,6	-2,0	-3,8	-0,2	0,03

Table 2.1B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by population group (concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Indian/Asian						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,7	3,4	8	-23	39	0,62
Employed	3,2	2,5	17	-22	55	0,40
Unemployed	22,7	18,1	-9	-28	11	0,38
Not economically active	3,7	4,7	4	-27	35	0,82
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	21,3	15,6	-1,7	-5,3	1,9	0,35
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,2	2,5	1,1	-2,9	5,1	0,59
Labour force participation rate	2,7	3,4	0,1	-3,0	3,3	0,94
White						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,5	1,8	-13	-112	86	0,79
Employed	1,5	1,9	-5	-102	93	0,93
Unemployed	10,8	12,6	-9	-58	41	0,73
Not economically active	3,1	3,7	-17	-116	82	0,73
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	10,3	12,2	-0,4	-2,7	1,9	0,75
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,5	1,9	0,5	-2,7	3,7	0,77
Labour force participation rate	1,5	1,8	0,3	-3,0	3,5	0,89

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,5	0,5	292	26	557	0,03
Employed	0,6	0,6	-112	-364	141	0,38
Unemployed	1,5	1,7	403	175	631	0,00
Not economically active	0,7	0,7	344	79	610	0,01
Discouraged work-seekers	3,3	3,4	92	-108	291	0,37
Other (not economically active)	0,7	0,8	253	4	501	0,05
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	1,4	1,5	1,6	0,6	2,5	0,00
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	0,6	0,6	-1,0	-1,8	-0,4	0,00
Labour force participation rate	0,5	0,5	-0,2	-0,9	0,5	0,57
Western Cape						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,9	1,3	28	-56	111	0,51
Employed	1,4	1,7	9	-76	93	0,84
Unemployed	4,3	3,6	19	-53	91	0,60
Not economically active	1,8	2,6	68	-16	151	0,11
Discouraged work-seekers	24,4	21,0	0	-22	22	0,99
Other (not economically active)	1,8	2,6	68	-12	148	0,10
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,2	3,5	0,5	-1,9	2,8	0,70
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,4	1,7	-1,0	-2,9	1,0	0,33
Labour force participation rate	0,9	1,3	-0,9	-2,8	1,1	0,39

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Western Cape – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,1	1,5	-37	-88	14	0,15
Employed	2,9	1,7	-35	-91	22	0,23
Unemployed	8,8	6,1	-3	-54	49	0,92
Not economically active	4,3	2,6	76	25	127	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	30,2	24,3	4	-17	24	0,72
Other (not economically active)	4,4	1,7	73	25	120	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	8,5	5,4	0,5	-4,2	5,2	0,84
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,9	1,7	-3,5	-7,2	0,1	0,06
Labour force participation rate	2,1	1,5	-4,0	-7,3	-0,8	0,02
Western Cape – City of Cape Town						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,9	1,8	65	-5	134	0,07
Employed	1,6	2,4	43	-24	111	0,21
Unemployed	4,5	4,5	22	-28	71	0,39
Not economically active	1,8	3,9	-9	-78	61	0,81
Discouraged work-seekers	31,5	28,7	-4	-11	3	0,31
Other (not economically active)	1,8	4,0	-5	-74	64	0,89
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,4	4,5	0,4	-2,1	2,8	0,77
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,6	2,4	0,5	-1,9	2,9	0,69
Labour force participation rate	0,9	1,8	1,0	-1,5	3,5	0,45

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,7	1,7	-35	-117	47	0,40
Employed	2,6	2,2	-16	-111	79	0,74
Unemployed	4,5	3,7	-19	-85	47	0,57
Not economically active	1,5	1,4	71	-11	154	0,09
Discouraged work-seekers	8,5	7,1	57	-53	166	0,31
Other (not economically active)	2,3	2,1	15	-95	124	0,79
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,3	3,3	-0,5	-3,9	3,0	0,79
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,6	2,2	-0,7	-3,0	1,6	0,56
Labour force participation rate	1,7	1,7	-1,2	-3,3	0,7	0,22
Eastern Cape – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,8	2,6	8	-70	85	0,85
Employed	4,0	3,1	10	-73	94	0,81
Unemployed	6,7	5,5	-3	-55	50	0,92
Not economically active	1,7	1,6	19	-58	97	0,63
Discouraged work-seekers	8,6	7,2	57	-51	166	0,30
Other (not economically active)	2,8	2,6	-38	-144	67	0,48
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	6,6	4,8	-0,4	-5,3	4,4	0,86
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	4,0	3,1	0,1	-2,8	3,0	0,95
Labour force participation rate	2,8	2,6	-0,1	-2,8	2,6	0,95

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,4	2,1	0	-16	17	0,98
Employed	4,8	3,6	-3	-25	19	0,77
Unemployed	6,1	10,6	3	-20	27	0,77
Not economically active	4,5	3,9	3	-14	19	0,76
Discouraged work-seekers	41,8	36,1	-6	-18	5	0,29
Other (not economically active)	4,6	4,4	9	-13	31	0,44
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	7,3	9,5	1,0	-5,5	7,6	0,76
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	4,8	3,6	-0,9	-5,3	3,5	0,69
Labour force participation rate	2,4	2,1	-0,3	-3,6	3,0	0,85
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,4	2,8	-43	-66	-20	0,00
Employed	4,1	4,1	-23	-63	17	0,26
Unemployed	8,3	4,2	-20	-52	13	0,23
Not economically active	4,9	4,3	50	27	72	0,00
Discouraged work-seekers	.	45,2	6	1	10	0,03
Other (not economically active)	4,9	4,2	44	21	68	0,00
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	7,6	4,5	-1,2	-7,7	5,4	0,73
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	4,1	4,1	-3,3	-8,4	1,8	0,20
Labour force participation rate	2,4	2,8	-6,0	-8,9	-3,1	0,00

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Northern Cape						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	3,3	4,1	-24	-50	2	0,07
Employed	3,9	4,5	6	-23	34	0,68
Unemployed	4,0	6,9	-30	-43	-17	0,00
Not economically active	4,4	4,7	33	8	59	0,01
Discouraged work-seekers	11,8	15,1	27	11	43	0,00
Other (not economically active)	4,3	4,9	6	-27	40	0,72
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,2	5,5	-5,3	-8,9	-1,7	0,00
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,9	4,5	0,3	-3,4	4,0	0,87
Labour force participation rate	3,3	4,1	-3,8	-7,1	-0,5	0,03
Free State						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,3	2,2	11	-44	67	0,69
Employed	3,0	3,4	-1	-64	62	0,97
Unemployed	5,1	6,2	13	-56	81	0,72
Not economically active	2,2	3,6	2	-53	58	0,94
Discouraged work-seekers	15,6	10,6	-13	-41	15	0,37
Other (not economically active)	2,8	3,8	15	-33	63	0,54
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,3	5,8	0,8	-4,5	6,0	0,77
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,0	3,4	-0,3	-3,7	3,0	0,83
Labour force participation rate	1,3	2,2	0,2	-2,8	3,1	0,92

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Free State – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,6	2,6	-15	-57	27	0,49
Employed	4,1	3,9	-21	-70	29	0,41
Unemployed	6,5	7,2	6	-58	69	0,85
Not economically active	2,7	4,1	19	-23	61	0,38
Discouraged work-seekers	22,5	9,7	-6	-34	21	0,66
Other (not economically active)	3,3	4,7	25	-11	61	0,17
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	6,9	6,4	1,3	-5,4	8,0	0,70
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	4,1	3,9	-1,7	-5,3	2,0	0,37
Labour force participation rate	1,6	2,6	-1,3	-4,4	1,8	0,42
Free State – Mangaung						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,1	4,0	26	-11	63	0,17
Employed	3,1	7,1	19	-20	59	0,34
Unemployed	5,6	11,9	7	-19	32	0,61
Not economically active	3,5	7,9	-17	-54	20	0,37
Discouraged work-seekers	13,5	26,5	-6	-12	-1	0,02
Other (not economically active)	5,4	5,5	-10	-43	22	0,53
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,3	12,3	-0,2	-7,5	7,0	0,94
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,1	7,1	2,9	-4,7	10,4	0,45
Labour force participation rate	2,1	4,0	3,8	-3,2	10,8	0,28

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
KwaZulu-Natal						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,8	1,5	-5	-148	139	0,95
Employed	1,6	1,6	-77	-188	34	0,17
Unemployed	5,2	5,0	72	-10	154	0,09
Not economically active	1,6	1,3	104	-40	247	0,16
Discouraged work-seekers	7,0	6,7	41	-59	141	0,42
Other (not economically active)	1,8	1,9	63	-76	201	0,37
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,1	4,4	2,2	0,2	4,4	0,03
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,6	1,6	-1,7	-3,3	0,0	0,04
Labour force participation rate	1,8	1,5	-0,8	-2,9	1,4	0,48
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,5	2,3	-88	-209	33	0,15
Employed	2,3	2,8	-102	-202	-1	0,05
Unemployed	6,6	6,5	13	-52	79	0,69
Not economically active	1,9	1,6	164	43	285	0,01
Discouraged work-seekers	7,6	7,9	47	-38	131	0,28
Other (not economically active)	2,2	2,2	117	14	221	0,03
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,2	5,9	1,9	-1,1	4,9	0,22
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,3	2,8	-2,9	-5,2	-0,6	0,01
Labour force participation rate	2,5	2,3	-2,8	-5,5	0,0	0,05

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,3	1,8	84	7	160	0,03
Employed	2,1	1,2	25	-21	70	0,29
Unemployed	7,7	8,1	59	9	108	0,02
Not economically active	3,0	2,6	-60	-137	16	0,12
Discouraged work-seekers	17,7	10,6	-6	-59	48	0,84
Other (not economically active)	3,2	4,0	-55	-146	36	0,24
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	6,4	6,6	3,2	0,4	6,1	0,03
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,1	1,2	0,5	-1,4	2,5	0,55
Labour force participation rate	2,3	1,8	3,0	-0,3	6,2	0,07
North West						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,6	3,6	2	-86	91	0,96
Employed	2,7	2,7	-25	-73	22	0,30
Unemployed	5,3	11,8	28	-41	96	0,43
Not economically active	2,8	3,7	43	-45	131	0,34
Discouraged work-seekers	11,4	11,8	28	-23	80	0,28
Other (not economically active)	2,4	3,7	15	-60	90	0,70
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,2	9,0	2,1	-1,8	6,1	0,28
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,7	2,7	-1,7	-3,7	0,2	0,08
Labour force participation rate	2,6	3,6	-0,9	-4,5	2,7	0,64

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,7	0,9	220	75	365	0,00
Employed	1,1	1,3	-28	-187	132	0,73
Unemployed	2,2	2,9	248	107	388	0,00
Not economically active	1,9	2,2	4	-141	149	0,96
Discouraged work-seekers	7,5	10,8	-63	-144	17	0,12
Other (not economically active)	2,1	2,1	67	-63	198	0,31
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	2,1	2,7	2,7	0,8	4,6	0,01
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,1	1,3	-1,5	-3,1	0,2	0,08
Labour force participation rate	0,7	0,9	0,6	-0,9	2,1	0,42
Gauteng – Non-metro						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	3,4	2,1	-3	-60	54	0,92
Employed	2,9	3,0	-31	-68	7	0,11
Unemployed	6,6	9,2	28	-36	92	0,40
Not economically active	6,5	3,8	21	-37	78	0,48
Discouraged work-seekers	13,0	10,4	-18	-53	18	0,32
Other (not economically active)	7,3	3,8	38	-10	87	0,12
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,0	8,0	3,4	-2,7	9,4	0,28
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,9	3,0	-2,9	-5,8	-0,1	0,04
Labour force participation rate	3,4	2,1	-1,1	-5,5	3,3	0,62

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,5	1,9	89	2	176	0,04
Employed	2,1	4,0	-29	-134	75	0,58
Unemployed	3,6	6,4	118	35	201	0,01
Not economically active	3,5	4,9	-41	-127	46	0,36
Discouraged work-seekers	9,7	27,0	-1	-42	40	0,97
Other (not economically active)	3,9	4,5	-40	-111	31	0,27
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	3,3	6,3	5,2	0,6	9,8	0,03
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,1	4,0	-2,1	-6,4	2,1	0,32
Labour force participation rate	1,5	1,9	2,2	-1,3	5,8	0,21
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	0,9	1,5	86	-2	174	0,06
Employed	2,0	1,5	4	-94	102	0,94
Unemployed	3,8	3,7	82	7	157	0,03
Not economically active	3,0	4,9	11	-77	99	0,81
Discouraged work-seekers	25,0	29,8	-31	-72	10	0,13
Other (not economically active)	3,8	4,8	42	-49	133	0,37
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,0	2,8	2,2	-0,5	4,8	0,11
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,0	1,5	-1,4	-4,2	1,4	0,32
Labour force participation rate	0,9	1,5	0,3	-2,2	2,8	0,79

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng – City of Tshwane						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,5	1,6	48	-10	106	0,11
Employed	2,0	2,7	28	-42	98	0,43
Unemployed	4,5	7,1	20	-39	78	0,51
Not economically active	3,3	3,6	13	-45	71	0,66
Discouraged work-seekers	11,9	19,8	-14	-58	31	0,54
Other (not economically active)	4,3	3,4	27	-22	75	0,28
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	4,2	6,8	0,5	-3,0	3,9	0,78
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	2,0	2,7	-0,1	-3,1	2,8	0,93
Labour force participation rate	1,5	1,6	0,3	-2,2	2,7	0,84
Mpumalanga						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	1,8	1,9	23	-43	89	0,50
Employed	3,1	3,3	-9	-85	66	0,81
Unemployed	7,9	5,6	32	-42	107	0,40
Not economically active	2,5	2,7	30	-36	96	0,37
Discouraged work-seekers	6,0	9,1	35	-6	76	0,09
Other (not economically active)	2,9	3,7	-5	-76	66	0,89
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	7,5	5,6	1,6	-2,7	5,8	0,46
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	3,1	3,3	-1,1	-3,9	1,6	0,41
Labour force participation rate	1,8	1,9	-0,3	-2,7	2,1	0,80

Table 2.3B: Sampling variability for labour force characteristics by province (concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Limpopo						
Population 15–64 yrs						
Labour force	2,3	2,8	72	-27	171	0,16
Employed	1,9	2,7	31	-57	118	0,49
Unemployed	6,6	10,4	41	-15	97	0,15
Not economically active	1,9	2,4	-11	-110	88	0,83
Discouraged work-seekers	9,2	9,9	-21	-100	59	0,61
Other (not economically active)	2,6	2,7	10	-67	87	0,80
Rates (%)						
Unemployment rate	5,0	8,7	1,7	-1,3	4,6	0,27
Employed/population ratio (absorption)	1,9	2,7	0,3	-2,2	2,7	0,85
Labour force participation rate	2,3	2,8	1,3	-1,5	4,0	0,38

Table 3.1B: Sampling variability for the employed by industry and sex						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes	0,6	0,6	-112	-364	141	0,38
Agriculture	4,7	5,4	-44	-137	49	0,36
Mining	4,4	7,1	1	-68	70	0,97
Manufacturing	2,4	2,9	-45	-169	80	0,48
Utilities	9,9	11,8	-25	-58	8	0,13
Construction	2,8	3,0	-13	-124	98	0,82
Trade	1,8	1,9	18	-138	173	0,82
Transport	3,4	4,3	-60	-157	36	0,22
Finance	2,6	2,3	56	-100	211	0,48
Community and social services	1,6	1,7	-4	-162	154	0,96
Private household	2,7	2,7	4	-88	96	0,93
Women	0,9	0,9	-104	-286	78	0,26
Agriculture	5,3	7,6	-51	-89	-12	0,01
Mining	13,6	14,0	6	-17	28	0,61
Manufacturing	3,8	4,5	23	-42	88	0,49
Utilities	23,5	18,2	10	-3	24	0,13
Construction	7,1	8,4	-13	-44	18	0,40
Trade	2,4	2,4	-38	-131	55	0,43
Transport	8,2	8,0	-38	-79	4	0,08
Finance	3,6	3,0	36	-58	130	0,45
Community and social services	1,9	2,0	-16	-138	105	0,79
Private household	2,7	2,8	-25	-96	47	0,50
Men	0,7	0,8	-7	-180	165	0,93
Agriculture	5,8	6,5	7	-70	83	0,86
Mining	4,3	7,0	-5	-65	56	0,88
Manufacturing	3,0	3,5	-67	-168	34	0,19
Utilities	11,2	13,8	-35	-65	-6	0,02
Construction	3,0	3,2	0	-108	109	1,00
Trade	2,4	2,6	55	-54	164	0,32
Transport	3,5	4,4	-23	-102	57	0,57
Finance	2,8	2,9	19	-84	123	0,71
Community and social services	2,6	2,8	12	-89	113	0,81
Private household	6,2	6,2	29	-21	79	0,26

Table 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
South Africa	0,6	0,6	-112	-364	141	0,38
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	0,8	0,9	82	-174	338	0,53
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2,1	2,3	-154	-303	-5	0,04
Agriculture	4,7	5,4	-44	-137	49	0,36
Private households	2,7	2,7	4	-88	96	0,93
Western Cape	1,4	1,7	9	-76	93	0,84
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,3	2,5	47	-38	132	0,28
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	6,7	7,1	-12	-50	27	0,55
Agriculture	14,4	10,5	-29	-65	6	0,11
Private households	5,9	8,8	3	-30	36	0,88
Western Cape – Non-metro	2,9	1,7	-35	-91	22	0,23
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6,7	5,2	-20	-81	41	0,52
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,6	13,7	3	-19	25	0,81
Agriculture	15,7	11,1	-17	-50	16	0,31
Private households	10,1	12,8	0	-22	21	0,98
Western Cape – City of Cape Town	1,6	2,4	43	-24	111	0,21
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1,8	2,9	67	8	126	0,03
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,9	8,4	-14	-46	17	0,37
Agriculture	26,7	31,9	-12	-25	0	0,06
Private households	6,9	12,6	3	-23	29	0,83
Eastern Cape	2,6	2,2	-16	-111	79	0,74
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,2	3,2	5	-68	78	0,89
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,3	6,4	-53	-119	14	0,12
Agriculture	20,3	14,5	16	-13	45	0,29
Private households	8,6	8,5	16	-6	38	0,16
Eastern Cape – Non-metro	4,0	3,1	10	-73	94	0,81
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	5,8	5,6	21	-46	87	0,54
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	9,5	7,4	-29	-88	30	0,33
Agriculture	22,2	15,8	11	-16	38	0,43
Private households	13,5	12,2	8	-10	26	0,39

Table 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Eastern Cape – Buffalo City	4,8	3,6	-3	-25	19	0,77
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	6,8	4,0	16	-3	35	0,09
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,6	18,4	-22	-30	-14	0,00
Agriculture	43,0	56,9	1	-9	11	0,83
Private households	10,3	7,6	1	-4	7	0,62
Eastern Cape – Nelson Mandela Bay	4,1	4,1	-23	-63	17	0,26
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,9	3,7	-32	-53	-11	0,00
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	19,6	17,0	-2	-33	30	0,92
Agriculture	73,8	36,1	4	-1	8	0,10
Private households	14,2	17,3	7	-5	18	0,26
Northern Cape	3,9	4,5	6	-23	34	0,68
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,9	6,7	-22	-43	-1	0,04
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	13,1	17,7	4	-9	17	0,54
Agriculture	13,0	14,9	16	5	27	0,01
Private households	8,4	15,3	8	0	16	0,04
Free State	3,0	3,4	-1	-64	62	0,97
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,5	5,1	-14	-69	41	0,62
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,7	11,3	0	-25	26	0,98
Agriculture	6,8	19,7	-9	-32	14	0,46
Private households	7,7	11,2	21	-8	50	0,16
Free State – Non-metro	4,1	3,9	-21	-70	29	0,41
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	4,9	5,5	-31	-70	7	0,11
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	12,9	12,7	1	-16	19	0,88
Agriculture	6,7	19,9	-8	-31	15	0,52
Private households	10,2	14,5	17	-12	45	0,26
Free State – Mangaung	3,1	7,1	19	-20	59	0,34
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,5	10,4	17	-22	56	0,39
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	2,8	23,1	-1	-20	18	0,91
Agriculture	73,1	97,3	-1	-3	1	0,21
Private households	8,4	12,7	4	-2	11	0,19

Table 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (continued)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
KwaZulu-Natal	1,6	1,6	-77	-188	34	0,17
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,3	2,4	-7	-122	107	0,90
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	4,5	6,3	-59	-130	13	0,11
Agriculture	8,4	9,0	-27	-68	14	0,19
Private households	5,4	5,6	16	-11	44	0,25
KwaZulu-Natal – Non-metro	2,3	2,8	-102	-202	-1	0,05
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,0	4,1	-56	-135	23	0,17
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	5,1	8,4	-41	-99	16	0,15
Agriculture	8,5	9,2	-28	-69	12	0,17
Private households	10,4	8,0	24	7	41	0,01
KwaZulu-Natal – eThekweni	2,1	1,2	25	-21	70	0,29
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,7	2,3	48	-34	130	0,25
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	9,0	8,6	-17	-61	26	0,44
Agriculture	20,0	37,1	1	-1	3	0,20
Private households	4,8	7,7	-8	-30	14	0,48
North West	2,7	2,7	-25	-73	22	0,30
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,9	3,3	12	-44	68	0,67
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	8,5	6,9	-14	-39	11	0,28
Agriculture	15,9	20,0	-18	-35	0	0,05
Private households	10,6	11,1	-6	-35	24	0,70
Gauteng	1,1	1,3	-28	-187	132	0,73
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1,2	1,6	21	-142	184	0,80
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	3,5	4,5	-16	-95	63	0,70
Agriculture	15,3	31,1	12	-10	34	0,30
Private households	5,8	4,7	-45	-95	6	0,08
Gauteng – Non-metro	2,9	3,0	-31	-68	7	0,11
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,6	4,8	-13	-39	13	0,33
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,8	17,4	-16	-51	19	0,36
Agriculture	25,1	64,1	2	-15	20	0,78
Private households	18,4	19,0	-4	-23	14	0,66

Table 3.4B: Sampling variability for the employed by province and sector (concluded)						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Gauteng – Ekurhuleni	2,1	4,0	-29	-134	75	0,58
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	1,9	5,0	-21	-115	72	0,65
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,0	8,2	3	-37	43	0,87
Agriculture	24,5	43,8	1	-10	12	0,84
Private households	7,5	6,9	-12	-33	8	0,24
Gauteng – City of Johannesburg	2,0	1,5	4	-94	102	0,94
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,5	2,4	53	-64	169	0,37
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	5,4	5,8	-24	-65	16	0,24
Agriculture	72,5	58,6	3	-3	9	0,33
Private households	8,6	8,1	-27	-60	5	0,10
Gauteng – City of Tshwane	2,0	2,7	28	-42	98	0,43
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	2,1	2,6	2	-66	70	0,95
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	9,0	10,8	22	-20	63	0,31
Agriculture	11,1	28,1	5	-1	11	0,09
Private households	16,0	7,4	-1	-28	26	0,94
Mpumalanga	3,1	3,3	-9	-85	66	0,81
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,9	4,8	-15	-79	48	0,64
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	7,4	8,3	-10	-57	36	0,67
Agriculture	8,7	22,9	17	-26	61	0,43
Private households	11,7	8,1	-1	-35	32	0,93
Limpopo	1,9	2,7	31	-57	118	0,49
Formal sector (non-agricultural)	3,3	4,8	56	-37	149	0,24
Informal sector (non-agricultural)	6,1	4,5	4	-36	44	0,83
Agriculture	5,6	14,4	-22	-64	20	0,30
Private households	9,5	10,1	-8	-36	21	0,60

Table 3.5B: Sampling variability for the employed by sex and occupation						
	Apr-Jun 2015 CV	Apr-Jun 2016 CV	Estimate	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	P-value
Both sexes	0,6	0,6	-112	-364	141	0,38
Manager	3,2	3,3	68	-34	170	0,19
Professional	4,3	4,0	107	11	204	0,03
Technician	2,5	3,0	16	-92	124	0,77
Clerk	2,4	2,7	-17	-141	107	0,79
Sales and services	2,1	2,3	-31	-183	120	0,69
Skilled agriculture	12,4	12,6	-33	-60	-5	0,02
Craft and related trade	2,2	2,3	-30	-152	91	0,62
Plant and machine operator	2,7	3,1	-153	-260	-46	0,01
Elementary	2,0	1,8	-45	-206	117	0,59
Domestic worker	2,8	2,9	7	-70	83	0,86
Women	0,9	0,9	-104	-286	78	0,26
Manager	6,1	5,8	23	-40	85	0,48
Professional	5,1	5,4	63	0	126	0,05
Technician	3,5	3,6	13	-61	87	0,73
Clerk	2,6	3,1	-44	-146	58	0,40
Sales and services	2,8	3,0	-25	-122	73	0,62
Skilled agriculture	19,4	26,9	-11	-24	1	0,08
Craft and related trade	6,5	6,9	13	-24	51	0,49
Plant and machine operator	7,2	8,5	-28	-63	7	0,12
Elementary	2,4	2,6	-90	-182	1	0,05
Domestic worker	2,8	2,9	-18	-91	56	0,64
Men	0,7	0,8	-7	-180	165	0,93
Manager	3,1	3,6	45	-28	119	0,23
Professional	5,6	5,0	44	-13	102	0,13
Technician	3,9	4,4	3	-76	82	0,94
Clerk	4,8	4,8	27	-36	89	0,40
Sales and services	2,8	2,9	-7	-107	93	0,89
Skilled agriculture	13,8	14,0	-21	-46	3	0,08
Craft and related trade	2,4	2,5	-44	-160	73	0,46
Plant and machine operator	3,0	3,3	-125	-225	-25	0,02
Elementary	2,7	2,4	46	-84	176	0,49
Domestic worker	15,7	16,2	24	3	46	0,03